

□ Data Modeling for Analytics – Interview-Ready Notes □ Purpose of Data Modeling To design structured data systems that support analytical needs, especially for OLAP use cases like dashboards, KPIs, trend analysis, and ML features. □ OLAP Concepts: Fact & Dimension Tables □ Fact Table - Contains measurable, numeric data (KPIs, events) - Primary table in a star/snowflake schema - Examples: sales, trips, payments, logins - Characteristics: - Stores metrics (e.g. amount, distance, duration) - Has foreign keys linking to dimension tables - Grows rapidly and gets frequent inserts - Often partitioned by date for performance □ Dimension Table - Describes attributes related to fact table - Examples: drivers, riders, cities, time, vehicle_types - Characteristics: - Changes slowly (hence, Slow Changing Dimensions) - Typically small in size compared to fact tables - Joins via primary → foreign key to fact tables □ Star Schema - 1 central fact table - Surrounding denormalized dimension tables - Fast for querying, simpler design *□ Snowflake Schema - Dimensions are normalized (split into sub-dimensions) - Slightly more complex joins - Better for storage efficiency, data integrity □ Galaxy Schema - Multiple fact tables share dimension tables - Used in multi-business models or shared context □ SCD – Slow Changing Dimensions

SCD Type	Description	Keeps History?	Example
SCD 0	Fixed – never changes	Yes	Countries, ISO standards
SCD 1	Overwrite old data	No	Update driver rating directly
SCD 2	Add new row + version	Yes	Change in driver's address, rating
SCD 3	Add new column	Partial	Keep old & new pricing tiers
SCD 4	Two tables: current + history	Yes	Active vs Archived offers
Hybrid Mix of SCD1 + SCD2	Contact update (SCD1), Rating history (SCD2)	Yes	

□ Tips for Interviews - Use real-world analogies: Uber, Amazon, Flipkart - Explain why modeling matters: scalable analytics, change tracking (SCD), performance - Mention terms like: dimensional modeling, grain, primary keys, joins, aggregation

□ Star Schema

driver_dim

city_dim



rider_dim

time_dim

region_dim

* Snowflake Schema

driver_dim

city_dim



rider_dim

time_dim