Analysis on Airbnb Dataset

Group2

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R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com.

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

```
#Install Package
install.packages("readxl")
install.packages("tidyverse")
install.packages("leaflet")
install.packages("corrplot")

#Load libraries
library(readxl)
library(tidyverse) # This includes dplyr, ggplot2, and tidyr
library(tidyr) # Explicitly load tidyr for pivot_longer
library(leaflet) # Load leaflet for mapping
library(corrplot) # Load corrplot for correlation visualization
```

Load data into datframe

```
# Read the Excel file
airbnb <- readxl::read_xlsx("data/AirbnbLA_2023.xlsx")</pre>
# View the data
head(airbnb) #use head for a sample
## # A tibble: 6 x 32
##
        Id `Host Id` `Host Name`
                                     `Host Is Superhost` `Host Acceptance Rate`
##
     <dbl>
               <dbl> <chr>
                                     <1g1>
                                                          <chr>
       109
                 521 Paolo
                                     FALSE
                                                         50%
## 1
## 2 2708
                                                         100%
                3008 Chas.
                                     TRUE
## 3 2732
                3041 Yoga Priestess FALSE
                                                         42%
## 4 63416
              309512 Vincenzo
                                     TRUE
                                                         96%
## 5 67089
              210344 Brenna
                                     TRUE
                                                         95%
## 6 5728
                9171 Sanni
                                     FALSE
                                                         79%
## # i 27 more variables: `Host Response Rate` <chr>, `Host Response Time` <chr>,
      `Host Since` <dttm>, `Neighbourhood Group` <chr>, Neighbourhood <chr>,
      Latitude <dbl>, Longitude <dbl>, `Room Type` <chr>, Accommodates <dbl>,
       Beds <dbl>, Price <dbl>, `Instant Bookable` <lgl>, `First Review` <dttm>,
       `Last Review` <dttm>, License <chr>, `Reviews Per Month` <dbl>,
```

```
## # `Minimum Nights` <dbl>, `Number Of Reviews` <dbl>,
## # `Number Of Reviews L30D` <dbl>, `Number Of Reviews Ltm` <dbl>, ...
```

Perform Data Cleaning

```
# Initial data cleaning and renaming columns
airbnb_cleaned <- airbnb %>%
  rename('id' = 'Id',
         'host_id' = 'Host Id',
         'host name' = 'Host Name',
         'host is superhost' = 'Host Is Superhost',
         'host_acceptance_rate' = 'Host Acceptance Rate',
         'host_response_rate' = 'Host Response Rate',
         'host response time' = 'Host Response Time',
         'host_since' = 'Host Since',
         'neighbourhood_group' = 'Neighbourhood Group',
         'neighbourhood' = 'Neighbourhood',
         'latitude' = 'Latitude',
         'longitude' = 'Longitude',
         'room_type' = 'Room Type',
         'accommodates' = 'Accommodates',
         'beds' = 'Beds',
         'price' = 'Price',
         'instant_bookable' = 'Instant Bookable',
         'first_review' = 'First Review',
         'last_review' = 'Last Review',
         'license' = 'License',
         'reviews_per_month' = 'Reviews Per Month',
         'minimum nights' = 'Minimum Nights',
         'number of reviews' = 'Number Of Reviews',
         'number_of_reviews_130d' = 'Number Of Reviews L30D',
         'number_of_reviews_ltm' = 'Number Of Reviews Ltm',
         'review_scores_rating' = 'Review Scores Rating',
         'review_scores_accuracy' = 'Review Scores Accuracy',
         'review_scores_checkin' = 'Review Scores Checkin',
         'review_scores_cleanliness' = 'Review Scores Cleanliness',
         'review_scores_communication' = 'Review Scores Communication',
         'review_scores_location' = 'Review Scores Location',
         'review_scores_value' = 'Review Scores Value'
  )
#drop licence column
airbnb_cleaned <- select(airbnb_cleaned, -license)</pre>
# Convert "N/A" values to NA
airbnb cleaned <- airbnb cleaned %>%
  mutate(
   host_acceptance_rate = if_else(host_acceptance_rate == "N/A", NA, host_acceptance_rate),
   host_response_rate = if_else(host_response_rate == "N/A", NA, host_response_rate),
   host_response_time = if_else(host_response_time == "N/A", NA, host_response_time)
  )
# Impute missing review scores with the mean value of each column
airbnb_cleaned <- airbnb_cleaned %>%
```

```
mutate(
    review_scores_accuracy = if_else(is.na(review_scores_accuracy), mean(review_scores_accuracy, na.rm
    review_scores_checkin = if_else(is.na(review_scores_checkin), mean(review_scores_checkin, na.rm = T
    review_scores_cleanliness = if_else(is.na(review_scores_cleanliness), mean(review_scores_cleanlines
    review_scores_communication = if_else(is.na(review_scores_communication), mean(review_scores_commun
    review_scores_location = if_else(is.na(review_scores_location), mean(review_scores_location, na.rm
    review_scores_value = if_else(is.na(review_scores_value), mean(review_scores_value, na.rm = TRUE),
 )
# Check for missing values again
colSums(is.na(airbnb_cleaned))
##
                             id
                                                     host_id
##
                              0
##
                     host name
                                          host_is_superhost
##
##
          host_acceptance_rate
                                         host_response_rate
##
                           4903
                                                        6076
##
            host_response_time
                                                  host_since
##
                           6076
                                                           0
##
           neighbourhood_group
                                              neighbourhood
##
##
                      latitude
                                                   longitude
##
                              0
                                                           0
##
                      room_type
                                                accommodates
##
                              0
                                                           0
##
                          beds
                                                       price
##
                              0
                                                           0
##
              instant_bookable
                                                first review
##
                                                           0
                              0
##
                   last_review
                                          reviews_per_month
##
                              0
##
                minimum nights
                                          number of reviews
##
##
        number_of_reviews_130d
                                      number_of_reviews_ltm
##
                                                           0
##
                                     review_scores_accuracy
          review_scores_rating
##
                                                           0
##
         review_scores_checkin
                                  review_scores_cleanliness
##
##
   review_scores_communication
                                     review_scores_location
##
##
           review_scores_value
##
sum(is.na(airbnb_cleaned))
```

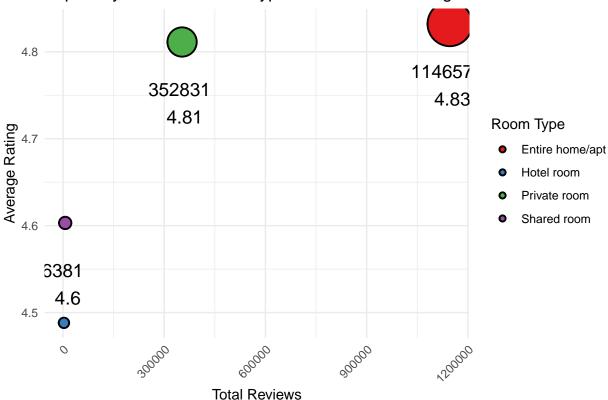
[1] 17055

Question 1: Which type of Airbnb properties garner the most reviews, indicating popularity?

```
#Summarise the total review, avg rating, no. of reviews across room type
```

```
airbnb_popularity <- airbnb_cleaned %>%
  group_by(room_type) %>%
  summarise(total_reviews = sum(number_of_reviews),
            avg_rating = sum(review_scores_rating * number_of_reviews) / sum(number_of_reviews))
# Bubble chart for total reviews and avg rating
ggplot(airbnb_popularity, aes(x = total_reviews, y = avg_rating, size = total_reviews, fill = room_type
  geom_point(shape = 21, color = "black", stroke = 1) +
  geom_text(aes(label = paste(total_reviews, "\n", round(avg_rating, 2))),
            vjust = 2, color = "black", size = 5) +
  scale_size(range = c(3, 15), guide = "none") +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Set1") +
  labs(title = "Popularity of Airbnb Room Types: Reviews vs. Ratings",
       x = "Total Reviews",
       y = "Average Rating",
      fill = "Room Type") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))
```

Popularity of Airbnb Room Types: Reviews vs. Ratings



Question 2: How does the distribution of listing types vary across different neighborhoods or regions?

```
airbnb_summary <- airbnb_cleaned %>%
group_by(neighbourhood_group, room_type) %>%
summarise(count = n(), .groups='drop') %>%
```

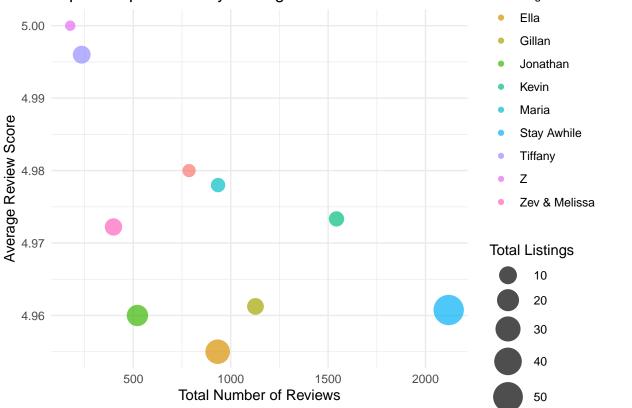
Distribution of Listing Types by Neighbourhood



Question 3: Who are the top 10 Super hosts based on listings, review scores, and number of reviews? How do their listing and review score distributions vary?

```
# Combine the ranks (e.g., by summing them up for an overall rank)
filtered_data <- airbnb_groupby_unique_host %>%
  mutate(overall_rank = rank_review_score + rank_number_of_reviews + rank_number_of_listings) %>%
  arrange(overall_rank) # Sort by the combined rank
# Select the top 10 super hosts
top_10_hosts <- filtered_data %>%
  slice_head(n = 10) %>%
  select(host_id, host_name, avg_review_score, total_reviews, total_listing, overall_rank)
#Visualize top 10 Super hosts based on listings, review scores, and number of reviews
ggplot(top_10_hosts, aes(x = total_reviews, y = avg_review_score, color = host_name, size=total_listing
  geom_point(alpha = 0.7) +
  scale_size_continuous(range = c(3, 10)) +
  labs(title = "Top 10 Super Hosts by Average Review Score and Total Reviews",
       x = "Total Number of Reviews",
      y = "Average Review Score",
       size = "Total Listings",
       color = "Super Host Name") +
  theme_minimal()
```

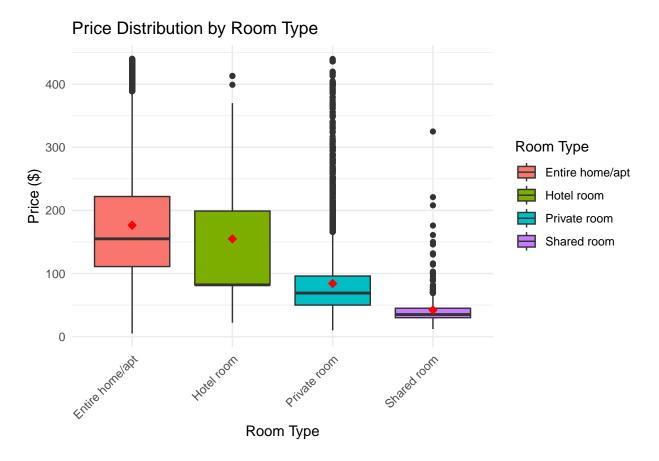
Top 10 Super Hosts by Average Review Score and Total Reviewsa



Question 4: What is the overall price trend for different room types on Airbnb?

```
# Calculate summary statistics for room types and see for price outliers
summary_stats_by_roomType <- airbnb_cleaned %>%
  group_by(room_type) %>%
  summarise(
    Average_Price = mean(price, na.rm = TRUE),
    Median_Price = median(price, na.rm = TRUE),
    Min_Price = min(price, na.rm = TRUE),
    Max_Price = max(price, na.rm = TRUE),
    SD_Price = sd(price, na.rm = TRUE)
  )
print(summary_stats_by_roomType)
## # A tibble: 4 x 6
                     Average_Price Median_Price Min_Price Max_Price SD_Price
##
     room_type
##
     <chr>
                              <dbl>
                                           <dbl>
                                                      <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
## 1 Entire home/apt
                              268.
                                            170
                                                         5
                                                                99999
                                                                         777.
## 2 Hotel room
                              798.
                                            100.
                                                         22
                                                                 9999
                                                                         2439.
## 3 Private room
                              118.
                                             69
                                                         10
                                                                99999
                                                                         1204.
## 4 Shared room
                                             35
                                                         12
                                                                 1200
                                                                           95.3
                              53.7
# Data Cleaning: Remove outliers in price using the IQR method
remove_price_outliers <- function(data) {</pre>
 Q1 <- quantile(data$price, 0.25, na.rm = TRUE)
  Q3 <- quantile(data$price, 0.75, na.rm = TRUE)
  IQR_value <- Q3 - Q1</pre>
  lower bound <- Q1 - 1.5 * IQR value
  upper_bound <- Q3 + 1.5 * IQR_value
  data %>% filter(price >= lower_bound & price <= upper_bound)</pre>
airbnb_filtered <- remove_price_outliers(airbnb_cleaned)</pre>
```

Plot Analysis Question4



Question 5: How does the average price of Airbnb listings vary across different neighborhoods in Los Angeles?

```
# Group the data by neighborhood and calculate average price

df_grouped <- airbnb_filtered %>%
    group_by(neighbourhood) %>%
    summarise(
    Avg_Price = mean(price, na.rm = TRUE),
    latitude = first(latitude),
    longitude = first(longitude),
    .groups = 'drop'
)
print(df_grouped)
```

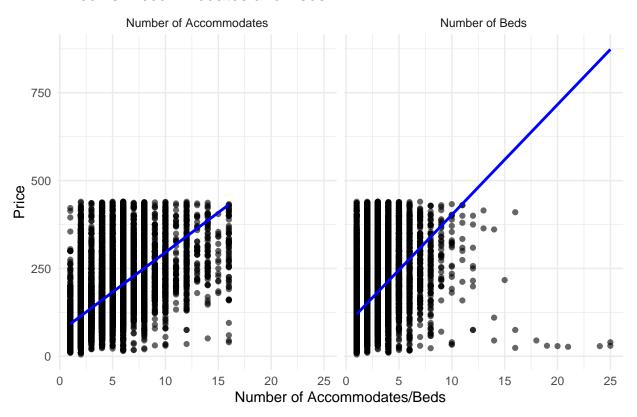
```
## # A tibble: 265 x 4
##
      neighbourhood
                      Avg_Price latitude longitude
      <chr>
##
                           <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
                                              <dbl>
##
   1 Acton
                           171.
                                     34.5
                                              -118.
    2 Adams-Normandie
                           90.5
                                     34.0
                                              -118.
##
    3 Agoura Hills
                           174.
                                     34.2
                                              -119.
##
  4 Agua Dulce
                                     34.5
##
                          158.
                                              -118.
## 5 Alhambra
                          128.
                                     34.1
                                              -118.
##
  6 Alondra Park
                           178.
                                     33.9
                                              -118.
##
   7 Altadena
                           155.
                                     34.2
                                              -118.
  8 Angeles Crest
                                     34.4
                                              -118.
                          168.
```

```
## 9 Arcadia
                          123.
                                    34.1
                                              -118.
## 10 Arleta
                          100
                                    34.2
                                              -118.
## # i 255 more rows
# Create a color palette based on average prices
pal <- colorNumeric(palette = "viridis", domain = df_grouped$Avg_Price)</pre>
# Create the interactive map with color tones
leaflet(df_grouped) %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addCircleMarkers(
   lng = ~longitude,
   lat = ~latitude,
   radius = ~Avg_Price / 50,
   popup = ~paste(neighbourhood, ": $", round(Avg_Price, 2)),
   color = ~pal(Avg_Price),
   fillOpacity = 0.7
  ) %>%
  setView(lng = mean(df_grouped$longitude), lat = mean(df_grouped$latitude), zoom = 11) %>%
  addLegend("bottomright", pal = pal, values = ~Avg_Price,
            title = "Average Price",
            opacity = 0.7)
```

Data Modeling Visulaization

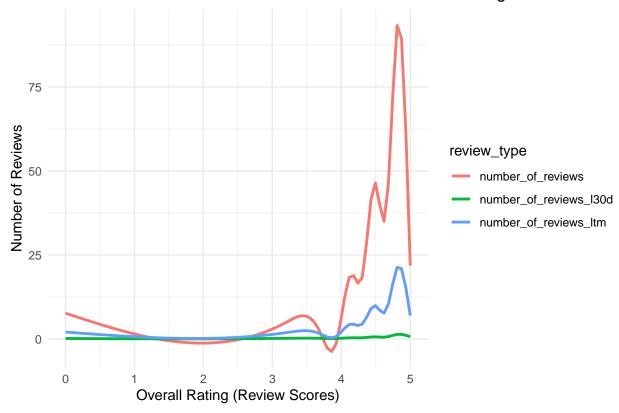
```
# Impact of Beds and Accommodates on Price of Room Types
# Checking which has more impact: Accommodates or Beds
correlation_matrix <- airbnb_filtered %>%
  select(price, accommodates, beds) %>%
  cor()
print(correlation matrix)
##
                   price accommodates
                1.0000000
                          0.6022625 0.4964012
## price
## accommodates 0.6022625
                             1.0000000 0.8219663
## beds
               0.4964012
                             0.8219663 1.0000000
# Reshape the data for combined plotting
airbnb_long <- airbnb_filtered %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = c(beds, accommodates), names_to = "Type", values_to = "Value")
# Create a single graph for Price vs. Beds and Price vs. Accommodates
ggplot(airbnb_long, aes(x = Value, y = price)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.6) + # Adjust transparency for better visibility
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, color = "blue") + # Add linear regression line
  labs(title = "Price vs. Accommodates and Beds",
       x = "Number of Accommodates/Beds",
      y = "Price") +
  facet_wrap(~ Type, labeller = as_labeller(c(beds = "Number of Beds", accommodates = "Number of Accomm
  theme_minimal()
```

Price vs. Accommodates and Beds



Question 6: Is there a correlation between the number of reviews and overall ratings? Do hosts with more reviews tend to have better ratings?

Correlation between Number of Reviews and Overall Rating



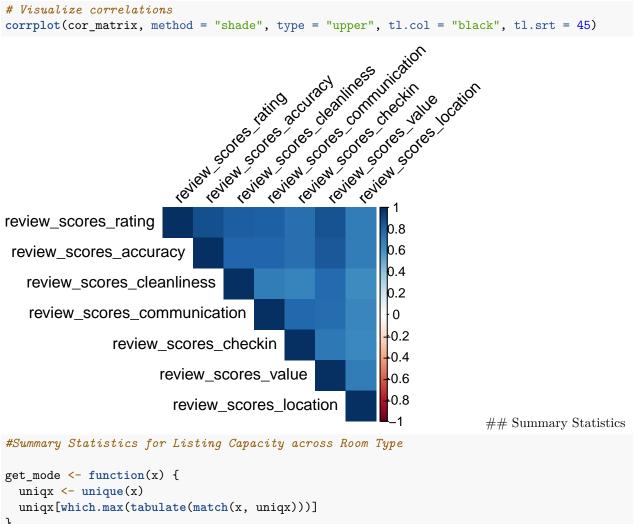
Question 7: Which factors, such as the check-in process, cleanliness, accuracy of listing descriptions, etc., most significantly impact review ratings?

[1] "Correlation matrix of factors impacting review ratings:"

```
print(cor_matrix)
```

```
##
                               review_scores_rating review_scores_accuracy
## review_scores_rating
                                           1.0000000
                                                                  0.8731444
## review_scores_accuracy
                                          0.8731444
                                                                  1.0000000
## review scores cleanliness
                                           0.8281561
                                                                  0.7925776
                                                                  0.7936822
## review_scores_communication
                                           0.8103266
## review_scores_checkin
                                           0.7569332
                                                                  0.7532662
## review_scores_value
                                           0.8691172
                                                                  0.8431411
## review_scores_location
                                           0.6952753
                                                                  0.6936656
##
                               review_scores_cleanliness
## review_scores_rating
                                                0.8281561
## review_scores_accuracy
                                               0.7925776
## review_scores_cleanliness
                                                1.0000000
```

```
## review_scores_communication
                                                0.6999623
## review_scores_checkin
                                                0.6647535
## review scores value
                                                0.7751937
## review_scores_location
                                                0.6201472
                               review_scores_communication review_scores_checkin
## review_scores_rating
                                                  0.8103266
                                                                        0.7569332
## review scores accuracy
                                                  0.7936822
                                                                        0.7532662
## review_scores_cleanliness
                                                                        0.6647535
                                                  0.6999623
## review_scores_communication
                                                  1.0000000
                                                                        0.7836596
## review_scores_checkin
                                                  0.7836596
                                                                        1.0000000
## review_scores_value
                                                  0.7681240
                                                                        0.7180183
## review_scores_location
                                                  0.6556051
                                                                        0.6442605
                               review_scores_value review_scores_location
## review_scores_rating
                                          0.8691172
                                                                 0.6952753
## review_scores_accuracy
                                          0.8431411
                                                                 0.6936656
## review_scores_cleanliness
                                          0.7751937
                                                                 0.6201472
## review_scores_communication
                                          0.7681240
                                                                 0.6556051
## review scores checkin
                                          0.7180183
                                                                 0.6442605
## review_scores_value
                                          1.0000000
                                                                 0.6993991
## review scores location
                                          0.6993991
                                                                 1.000000
# Visualize correlations
corrplot(cor_matrix, method = "shade", type = "upper", tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 45)
```



```
summary_stats_accommodates <- airbnb_cleaned %>%
group_by(room_type) %>%
summarize(
    mean = mean(accommodates, na.rm = TRUE),
    median = median(accommodates, na.rm = TRUE),
    min = min(accommodates, na.rm = TRUE),
    max = max(accommodates, na.rm = TRUE),
    sd = sd(accommodates, na.rm = TRUE),
    mode = get_mode(accommodates),
    Inter_quertile = IQR(accommodates, na.rm=TRUE),
    count = n())
summary_stats_accommodates
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 9
    room_type
                      mean median
                                    min
                                           max
                                                  sd mode Inter_quertile count
                                                                     <dbl> <int>
##
     <chr>>
                     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
## 1 Entire home/apt 4.66
                                4
                                      1
                                            16 2.81
                                                         2
                                                                        4 24493
## 2 Hotel room
                      2.34
                                2
                                            6 0.922
                                                         2
                                                                        0
                                                                              62
                                       1
## 3 Private room
                      1.99
                                2
                                       1
                                            16 1.11
                                                                        1
                                                                           7530
## 4 Shared room
                      2.24
                                            16 2.33
                                                         1
                                                                             364
                                1
                                       1
                                                                        1
```

Note that the echo = FALSE parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.