Listing 1: Uebung 06/src/HigherOrderFunctions.java

```
import java.util.*;
   import java.util.function.Function;
   {\bf import} \ \ {\bf java.util.function.Predicate} \ ;
   import java.util.stream.Collectors;
    public class HigherOrderFunctions {
        public static <E> List<E> filterNull(List<E> list) {
             return list.stream().filter(Objects::nonNull).collect(Collectors.toList());
10
        public static <E> int count(List<E> list) {
             return list.stream().reduce(0, (subtotal, element) -> subtotal + 1,
                 Integer::sum);
        }
15
        {\color{red}\textbf{public static}} \mathrel{<\!\!E} \mathrel{\textbf{extends}} \mathrel{\textbf{Comparable}<\!\!?} \mathrel{\textbf{super}} \mathrel{\textbf{E}\!\!>\!\!>} \mathsf{Optional}\mathrel{<\!\!E\!\!>} \min(\texttt{List}\mathrel{<\!\!E\!\!>} \texttt{list}) \enspace \{
             return list.stream().reduce((x, y) \rightarrow x.compareTo(y) < 0 ? x : y);
        public static <E> List<E> takeWhile(List<E> list , Predicate<? super E> predicate) {
20
             List < E > result = new ArrayList <>();
             for (E item : list) {
                  if (!predicate.test(item)) break;
                  result.add(item);
25
             return result;
        }
        public static <E> List<E> skipWhile(List<E> list , Predicate<? super E> predicate) {
30
             boolean keep = false;
             List < E > result = new ArrayList <>();
             for (E item : list) {
                  if (!keep && !predicate.test(item)) {
                       keep = true;
35
                  if (keep) result.add(item);
             return result;
        }
40
        public static <E, K> Map<K, List <E>> group(List <E> list, Function <? super E, ?
             extends K> groupingFn) {
             return list.stream().collect(Collectors.groupingBy(groupingFn));
        static class House implements Comparable<House> {
45
             private String address;
             private String city;
             private double price;
             public String getAddress() {
50
                  return address;
             public String getCity() {
55
                  return city;
             public double getPrice() {
                  return price;
60
```

```
public void setAddress(String address) {
                   this.address = address;
 65
              public void setCity(String city) {
                   this. city = city;
 70
              public void setPrice(double price) {
                   this.price = price;
              public House(String address, String city, double price) {
 75
                   this.address = address;
                   this. city = city;
                   this.price = price;
 80
              @Override
              public int compareTo(House other) {
                   return Double.compare(this.price, other.price);
 85
              @Override
              public String toString() {
                   return address + "" + String.format("%.2f?", price);
         }
 90
         // Existing higher-order functions...
         public static void main(String[] args) {
              List < House > houses = List.of(
                       \mathbf{new}\ \operatorname{House}("\mathtt{Hummerstraße}_{\sqcup}12",\ "\mathtt{Linz"}\,,\ 340000)\,,
95
                       new House ("Meixnergasse \square 1a", "Wels", 480000),
                       \mathbf{new}\ \operatorname{House}(\,{\tt "Flammweg}_{\sqcup}2\,{\tt "}\,,\ {\tt "Wels"}\,,\ 800000)\,,
                       \mathbf{new}\ \ \mathbf{House} \, \big(\,\texttt{"Maria-Hilfer-Straße}\, \mathsf{\sqcup}\, 17\,\texttt{"}\,\,,\,\,\, \texttt{"Wien"}\,\,,\,\,\, 5700345\big)\,\,,
                       100
              );
               // 1. House with the lowest sale price
              System.out.println("House\_with\_the\_lowest\_price:\_" + min(houses).orElse(null));
105
               // 2. Take houses until the price exceeds 1,000,000?
              List < House> expensive Houses = take While (houses, house -> house.price <=
                  1000000);
              System.out.println("Housesuuntilupriceu>u1,000,000?:u" + expensiveHouses);
110
              // 3. Skip houses until one is in Linz
              List < House > remaining Houses = skip While (houses, house ->
                  ! house.city.equals("Linz"));
              System.out.println("Houses_lafter_lfirst_lin_Linz:_l" + remainingHouses);
115
              // 4. Group houses by city
              Map<String , List<House>> groupedHouses = group(houses , house -> house.city);
              System.out.println("Houses grouped by city:");
              \tt groupedHouses.forEach((city\ ,\ cityHouses)\ -\!>\ \{
                   System.out.println(city + "_{\sqcup}->_{\sqcup}" + cityHouses);
120
              });
         }
```