

# Finite State Machines

## Transducers

### Chapter 5

## Deterministic Finite State Transducers

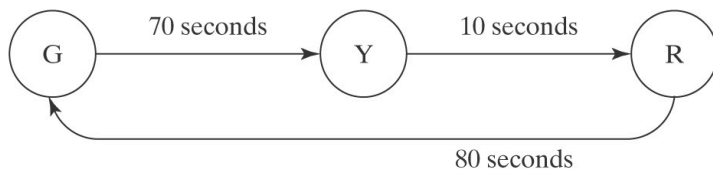
A **Moore machine**  $M = (K, \Sigma, O, \delta, D, s, A)$ , where:

- $K$  is a finite set of states
- $\Sigma$  is an input alphabet
- $O$  is an output alphabet
- $s \in K$  is the initial state
- $A \subseteq K$  is the set of accepting states,
- $\delta$  is the transition function from  $K \times \Sigma$  to  $K$ ,
- $D$  is the output function from  $K$  to  $O^*$ .

**$M$  outputs each time it lands in a state.**

A Moore machine  $M$  computes a function  $f(w)$  iff, when it reads the input string  $w$ , its output sequence is  $f(w)$ .

## A Simple US Traffic Light Controller



## Deterministic Finite State Transducers

A **Mealy machine**  $M = (K, \Sigma, O, \delta, s, A)$ , where:

- $K$  is a finite set of states
- $\Sigma$  is an input alphabet
- $O$  is an output alphabet
- $s \in K$  is the initial state
- $A \subseteq K$  is the set of accepting states
- $\delta$  is the transition function from  $K \times \Sigma$  to  $K \times O^*$

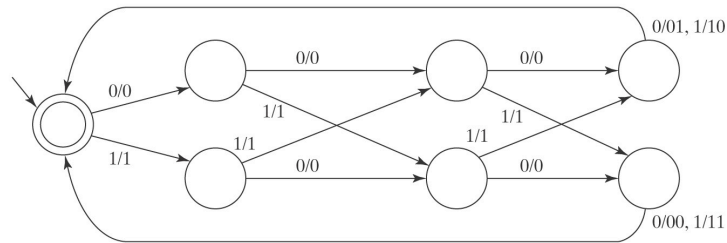
**$M$  outputs each time it takes a transition.**

A Mealy machine  $M$  computes a function  $f(w)$  iff, when it reads the input string  $w$ , its output sequence is  $f(w)$ .

## An Odd Parity Generator

After every four bits, output a fifth bit such that each group of four bits has odd parity.

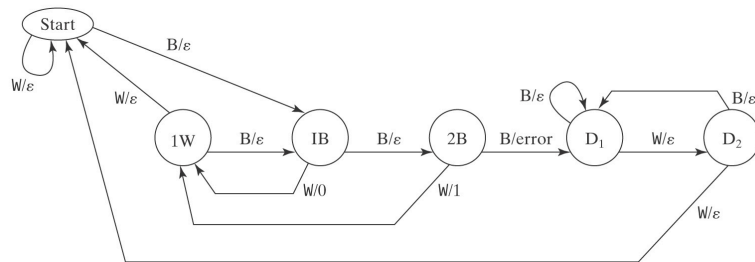
0 0 1 0   1 1 0 0   0 0 0 0   1 1 1 1



## A Bar Code Scanner



## A Bar Code Scanner



## English Morphology

