# Write a function which accepts the reg_no and print the total marks. The student table has the fields: reg_no, name, physics_mark, chemistry_mark and maths_mark.

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE fstudent(reg_no INT PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(30), physics_mark I
NT, chemistry_mark INT, maths_mark INT);

Table created.
```

**Function:**

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION tmark(rno NUMBER)

RETURN NUMBER AS

   t number;

   i fstudent%rowtype;

BEGIN

   SELECT physics_mark, chemistry_mark, maths_mark INTO i.physics_mark, i.chemistry_mark, i.maths_mark FROM fstudent WHERE reg_no=rno;

   t:=i.physics_mark+i.chemistry_mark+i.maths_mark;

   return t;

END;

**Function call:**

DECLARE

   rollno number;

   t number;

BEGIN

   rollno:=&rollno;

   t:=tmark(rollno);

   dbms_output.put_line('Total mark is: '||t);

END;

**Output:**

```
SQL> /
Enter value for rollno: 70
old   5:        rollno:=&rollno;
new   5:        rollno:=70;
Total mark is: 112

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```