Name:

Practice Quiz — Programming & Electronics — Spring 2016

Full and partial credit will only be awarded with all work shown. Help me understand your thought process! Good luck.

Processing & Programming

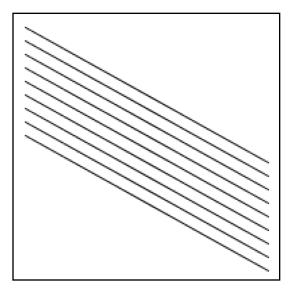
- 1. Describe, in your own words, the role of the **void setup()** function in Processing and Arduino.
- 2. Describe, in your own words, the role of the void draw() function in Processing.

3. In the following code, what is printed for the final value of the variable z, after all the code runs?

```
int z = 0;
while (z < 25) {
   z = z + 3;
}
println(z);</pre>
```

4. Write code that produces the following canvas.

Canvas (200 x 200)



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waiio.		

5. Trace the following code.

For each new variable or variable change, update the computer memory at the bottom of the page. Show the result of each drawing command on the canvas at the bottom of the page.

Feel free to add notes to the code if you feel they will help me understand your thought process. (Hint: remember that | | means "or" in the if condition below.)

```
size(200, 200);
background(255);

stroke(0);

int offset = height/5;

for (int y = 10; y < height; y = y + 10) {
   if (y < 2 * offset || y > 3 * offset) {
      line(10, y, offset, y);
      line(width - offset, y, width - 10, y);
   } else {
    line(10, y, width - 10, y);
}
```

Computer Memory

Name	Value

Canvas	width:	height:
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6. Analyze the code below to answer the following questions.

```
int[] lines = new int[50];
int pointer = 0;
void setup() {
  size(500, 500);
  background(0);
  stroke(255);
  strokeWeight(3);
  frameRate(10);
}
void draw() {
  background(0);
  for (int i = 0; i < lines.length; i++) {</pre>
    line(i*10, lines[i], i*10, height);
  }
  lines[pointer] = mouseY;
  pointer += 1;
  if (pointer >= lines.length) {
    pointer = 0;
  }
}
```

- a. How many times does the line function get called each frame by the code above?
- b. In 100 seconds, for how many frames is the value of pointer initially 0?

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Arduino & Electronics

7. Match the following inputs and outputs to the best command to interact with each:

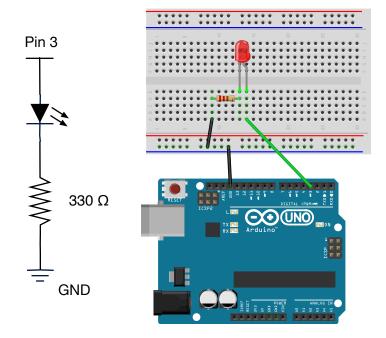
Set the brightness of two LEDs digitalWrite

Turn on or off an LED digitalRead

Read a value from a light-dependent resistor analogWrite

Determine if an input is HIGH or LOW analogRead

8. Write an Arduino program that blinks the LED in this circuit 10 times per second.



9. Draw lines from the legs of the components below to where on the breadboard you would place those components to build the schematic below. Also draw lines representing wires on the Arduino and breadboard below that correspond to the connections in the schematic.

