

SW Engineering CSC 648/848-05 Fall 2022

The Virtual Farmer's Market

Team 3

Milestone 4 12/1/2022

Name	Role
Seth Pavlicek spavlicek@sfsu.edu	Team Leader
Alexander Bjeldanes	Database
Armando Partida	Backend
Michael Abolencia	
Angel Antunez	Github Master
Igor Tsygankov	Frontend

History

Version	Date
Milestone 1 Version 1	9/22/2022
Milestone 1 Version 2	10/7/2022
Milestone 2 Version 1	10/21/2022
Milestone 2 Version 2	10/31/2022
Milestone 3 Version 1	11/10/2022
Milestone 3 Version 2	12/1/2022

Milestone 4 Version 1	12/1/2022
Milestone 4 Version 2	12/14/2022

Index

1. Product Summary	3-6
2. Usability Test plan	7-11
3. QA test plan	12-18
4. Code Review	19-35
5. Best Practices for Security	36
6. Original Non-Functional Specs	37-38
7. Detailed List of Contributions	39-40

Product Summary

Name: The Virtual Farmers

Priority 1:

1. Registration:

1.1 A general user shall be able to enter their data and sign up for our services.

2. Registered Customer Account:

2.1 A general user shall be able to set up a registered customer account.

2.2 A registered customer shall only purchase items.

3. Registered Vendor Account:

3.1 A general user shall be able to set up a registered vendor account.

3.2 A registered vendor account shall only sell items.

4. Search:

4.1 A general user or registered customer shall be able to search for items.

4.2 A general user or registered customer shall be able to search for registered vendor accounts.

5. Filtering:

5.1 A general user or registered customer shall be able to use filters when searching to narrow down their selection of items.

7. Purchase:

7.1 A general user or a registered customer account shall be able to purchase items from registered vendor accounts.

9. Recurring Deliveries:

9.1 A registered customer account shall be able to create a recurring delivery in order to receive items at given time intervals.

9.2 A registered customer account shall be able to cancel their recurring delivery.

10. Revising an Order:

10.1 A general user or a registered customer shall be able to change an order within a certain time frame.

11. Contacting Vendors:

11.1 A general user or registered customer shall be able to access a registered vendor's contact information to ask about their items.

13. Nutrition Information:

13.1 A general user or a registered customer shall be able to view the nutrition information of an item.

15. Price Comparison:

15.1 A general user or a registered customer shall be able to compare the prices of the same item sold by different registered vendors.

16. Vendor Proximity:

16.1 A general user or a registered customer shall be able to search for registered vendors closest to a given address

17. Vendor Pricing:

17.1 A registered vendor shall be able to set the price for the items they are selling.

19. Previous Purchases:

19.1 A registered customer shall be able to view their purchase history.

20. Alternatives:

20.1 A general user or a registered customer shall be able to pick a different registered vendor if their first choice ran out of stock.

23. Editing Customer Information:

23.1 A registered customer shall be able to edit their information.

24. Total Price:

24.1 A general user or a registered customer shall be able to see the total price of all the items in their shopping cart before finalizing the transaction.

26. Sort:

26.1 A general user or a registered customer shall be able to sort their search results based on given criteria.

27. Tracking ID:

27.1 A registered customer shall be given a tracking ID for their orders.

33. Cart:

33.1 A general user or a registered customer shall be able to see items they added to their cart.

33.2 A general user or a registered customer shall be able to add and remove items or change the quantity of an item in their cart.

35. Delivery/Pickup:

35.1 A general user or a registered customer shall be able to pick up or have their items delivered to them.

38. Item Description:

38.1 A general user or a registered customer shall be able to read a clear description of an item.

41. Login/Logout:

41.1 A general user shall be able to login and logout of their registered customer and registered vendor accounts.

42. Editing Vendor Information:

42.1 A registered vendor shall be able to edit their business contact information.

43. Selecting a Vendor:

43.1 A general user or a registered customer shall be able to select a registered vendor that they will solely buy items from.

Unique about the product:

Our Product differs from competing products in a few ways. First and foremost we strived for a product that was simple to navigate in order to prevent any clients from being overwhelmed looking for any of our services. Everything that a client would need access to in order to use our site will not take more than a few seconds of searching nor will said components be hidden in unintuitive places. Everything is clearly labeled with nothing obscuring a user's visibility. One advantage of our product is that we allow customers the option to filter out our content based on dietary restrictions and personal tastes which results in a faster, and safer time searching for the desired products hosted to our site. Adding on to this, clients can either search by a product's name, or they can search by using an address in order to help them locate nearby vendors. These filters will always be present during the search so that customers can access them at any point during their search. All searches will be conducted using the same search bar in

order to prevent any unnecessary confusion. On the other hand, we made sure that joining our site as a vendor is as simple as joining as a customer. Vendors will be able to add and sell their products on our site. All users will be able to make informed decisions about their purchases by viewing an item's description. In addition, vendor contact information will be readily accessible for our users should they wish to make inquiries about vendor stocks and products.

Link to product: <http://ec2-13-52-221-26.us-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com/>

Usability test plan

Order food

This is testing how easy it is to order food from vendors from our website. We are testing this because it is one of the main functions of our website. This should test many components such as the cart and the search bar.

This is intended for anyone who wants to purchase food from their home.

The tester should start from the home page. The user may decide to register and login but that is unnecessary. With or without logging in, the tester should start searching for food they want to eat. Then they should add food to their cart. When they decide that they have found enough food they should go to their cart and checkout their food.

<http://ec2-13-52-221-26.us-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com/>

This test is going to measure the effectiveness and efficiency of the cart and checkout processes. The search bar will be tested more thoroughly in the search test.

Search

This test is to ensure that anyone is able to search for anything that is related to the site. This is to include unregistered users, customers and vendors. The things related to the site that can be searched for will include products, customers, vendors, and certain pages from the site. Anyone should be able to search on any page and be redirected to the physical search page on the site and the page will display everything that is related with what was searched, if it is in the system. If nothing is found, it will notify the user with a message that nothing was found and will give suggestions related to what was searched.

Add Item (Vendor)

This test is meant to show us how much effort it takes a vendor to add an item to our system. Since our product is an online commerce platform, it is important for vendors to be able to add their products otherwise there will be nothing for customers to purchase. This is intended for vendors that would like to see their products on our website. From the Homepage, A vendor will login to their account. If they do not have one, then they will register and sign in. Once they are signed in, then the vendor will navigate to their settings page and add an item to their inventory.

Revise Order

Testing 'revising an order' is important since customers should be able to add products to the cart and should be able to view what they have in it, in case they want to remove what they do not want or if they want more of that product. This test is simple, the user should be able to see the products he/she added, also the quantity of the product, and the price before going to the checkout page. We are testing this because it is really important since if the customer is currently in this part of the process to buy our products, she/he should be assured of what they are buying.

Objectives: Ensure that customers can view the items that they are going to order or what they ordered.

Setup: When they are in the checkout, the customer should be able to see the items they are going to order. The database should save the order of the customer when they make the purchase so when they want to check their order, the system can retrieve the order.

The intended users would be anyone who wants to buy from our webpage, it can be an adult, student, etc.

Change Personal Information:

Testing the change personal information function is very important for this project since customers and vendors should be able to easily change their information if needed. This function being fully implemented and working will make sure that purchases and deliveries are made to the right people. The testing for this function is very simple, once a customer or vendor is logged in, they should be able to navigate to the settings page where they will have the option to edit account information. We want to test this because account information is a big part of this project, if fully working will show that our page is able to process new information and update accordingly.

Effectiveness table:

Number	Test case	Description	Errors	Comments
1	Order food	The user is able to order food.	No errors.	No confirmation of order.
2	Search	The user is able to search for food	Picture did not load.	Picture did not load correctly, a few items. No dollar sign.
3	Add Item (Vendor)	The user is able to add items for sale	Page not linked correctly	Not clear how to add items for sale.
4	Revise Order	The user is able to change their order before submitting	No errors	Cart removes items.
5	Change Personal Information	The user is able to change their personal information	Page not linked.	Cannot go to settings.

Efficiency table:

Number	Test case	Description	Time completed
1	Order food	How quickly was the user able to order food	~10 seconds
2	Search	How quickly the user was able to search for food.	~5 seconds
3	Add Item (Vendor)	How quickly the user was able to add an item for sale	N/A
4	Revise Order	How quickly the user was able to revise their order	~1 second
5	Change Personal Information	How quickly the user was able to change their personal information	N/A

User satisfaction:

Fill in the box that most closely describes how you felt regarding each statement.

	Strongly Disagree				Strongly Agree
I would use this site over other websites that serve similar services.	1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	3	4	5
It was simple to navigate the website.	1	2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	4	5
It was easy to find the products I was looking for.	1	2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	4	5
The website was consistent between different pages.	1	2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	4	5
I would recommend this website to other people wanting food deliveries.	1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	3	4	5
It was easy to filter out certain products I did not want.	1	2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	4	5
It was easy to find a vendor's contact information.	1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	3	4	5
It was easy to modify my order before purchasing it.	1	2	3	4	5 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
It was easy to see my previous orders.	1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	3	4	5
It was simple and quick to create a new account.	1	2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	4	5

QA test plan

Home Page shall load in at most 500 ms

The time that it takes to load the webpage is critical since it is our first step to hook the user to the page. We want to make sure that when we open the page, it does not take too long to open since the customer can leave the page. We need to focus on this because we can lose a lot of customers. The test is just simple, open the page and measure the time it takes to load and improve that load time.

Objectives: Make sure the home page is optimized so it can open in the shortest possible time.

Setup: look at the processes the page is doing at the time the user is loading the web page and ensure that it does not use more processes than needed to load the page.

The intended users would be anyone who wants to buy from our webpage, it can be an adult, student, etc.

User satisfaction:

QA test plan

Number	Description	Test Input	Expected Output	Pass/Fail
1	The web page should load in at most 500 ms	http://ec2-13-52-221-26.us-w	The home page of our website should load in at most 500 ms	pass

		est-1.compute. amazonaws.co m/		
--	--	--	--	--

User's Password shall be encrypted

Objectives: Ensure that passwords stored in the database are encrypted

Setup: Register a user by directly contacting the backend through postman or by using the frontend. Then connect to the database and look at the passwords for the newly registered user. If the password was encrypted it should not look the same as the entered password.

Tested Feature: Password Encryption

QA Test Plan:

Number	Description	Test Input	Expected Output	Pass/Fail
1	Password encryption test for: ""	""	d41d8cd98f00b204e9800998ecf8427e	pass
2	Password encryption test for: "short"	"short"	4f09daa9d95bcb166a302407a0e0babe	pass
3	Password encryption test for: "wHat)_an awesomePasswOrd"	"wHat)_an awesomePasswOrd"	b997419ac83d8299fc2426d97eb62f6f	pass

System will lock the user out after a specific number of login attempts.

Test objectives: To ensure that the system will react to excessive login attempts by a given user.

Setup: The user will be on the login/out page for this test. The user will interact with the frontend and will interact with the backend to process the request. The backend will interact with the database and check if the given username and password are in the database. If they aren't, then the login attempt has failed. If there is a match, then the system will begin processing the login.

Number	Test case	Description	Errors	Comments
1	User locked out of login	The website should disable after a certain amount of logins	None	Website correctly locked user out
2	User can login on first attempt	The website allows the user to login on first attempt	None	Website allowed user to login on first attempt with correct credentials
3	Credentials are correct/incorrect	The website should allow the user to know if their credentials are correct/incorrect	None	Website correctly informed the user of credential status.

Features to be tested: Login attempt limit

QA Test plan:

Number	Description	Test Input	Expected Output	Pass/Fail
--------	-------------	------------	-----------------	-----------

1	System shall lock the user's account after 3 attempts.	Incorrect login credentials into the login page.	Will not allow the user to attempt another login.	Pass
2	System shall not lock the user out after the first login attempt.	Correct login credentials into the login page.	Login successful	Pass
3	Users shall know if their credentials are incorrect.	Incorrect login credentials into the login page.	Login attempt failed, please try again.	Pass

Current and previous version of Google Chrome

This test will check if the web page can be run in any versions of google so the customer will not have to worry to get the correct version of google to use or web page.

Objectives: Ensure that customers can view the web page in different google versions.

Setup: We will open the web page in the current version of google and record if it loads correctly and then we will open the web page in the previous version of google and record if it loads without problems.

The intended users would be anyone who wants to buy from our webpage, it can be an adult, student, etc.

Number	Test case	Description	Errors	Comments
1	Google current version	The website opens in the current version of google	None	The website loads as expected.
2	Google previous version	The website opens in the previous version of google	The website may not load correctly or may have display errors.	Users may need to update their browser before viewing the website properly.
3	Other browser	The website opens	The website	If not fully

	current version	in the current version of the other browser	may not load correctly or may have display errors.	compatible, users should switch to google chrome.
--	-----------------	---	--	---

User satisfaction:

QA test plan:

Number	Description	Steps	Expected Output	Status
1	The web page should load in the current version of google	Revise if the current version of google is installed. Open the web page.	The web page should load the home page without problems	Pass
2	The web page should load in the previous version of google	Revise if the previous version of google is installed. Open the web page.	The web page should load the home page without problems	Pass
3	The web page should load in other browsers	Open the web page using another browser	The web page should load the home page without problems	Pass

User's personal information to be kept confidential and not distributed

This test is very important since we will save the credentials of the people and we want to have them confidential. The test is simple, we are going to receive the credentials of a user, in this case an email and a password, and we are going to hash them so in the database they will not be recognizable to the user.

Objectives: Ensure that the customers credentials are secured in the database.

Setup: When a user is registering to our web page we want to send the credentials to a hashing function and return an unrecognizable string before storing those strings in the database.

The intended users would be anyone who wants to buy from our webpage, it can be an adult, student, etc.

Number	Description	Steps	Expected Output	Status
1	Hash the user email	Send the user's email to the hashing function.	Return an unrecognizable string	Pass
2	Hash the user password	Send the user's password to the hashing function.	Return an unrecognizable string	Pass
3	Store the unrecognizable string in the database	Send the string to the database with the corresponding user information	In the database, you should see the string of the hash function	Pass

Code Review for TvfmAPI.java

Overall Comments

The code looks good overall. The variable names are meaningful and the code is organized properly. Additionally, the various sections of the code are easy to understand. The readability of the code is also good, I see functions being reused. However, there are some minor issues related to code commenting, exception handling, removing unwanted code, etc. See below for a detailed review

Detailed Review

```
1  package com.Team03.TVFM.api;
2
3
4  import com.Team03.TVFM.model.*;
5  import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
6  import org.springframework.util.Assert;
7  import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
8  import org.springframework.web.servlet.view.RedirectView;
9
10 import java.util.LinkedList;
11 import java.util.List;
12 import java.util.Random;
13 import java.time.format.DateTimeFormatter;
14 import java.util.Date;
15
16 import java.security.MessageDigest;
17 import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
18 import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
19
20 import javax.persistence.Query;
21 import javax.transaction.Transactional;
22
```

It's great that you have separated imports from the package definition. One improvement that can be made here is to sort the imports.

```

22
23 @RestController
24 @RequestMapping("/")
25 public class TvfmAPI {
26
27     @Autowired
28     private CustomerRepo CustomerRepo;
29     @Autowired
30     private VendorRepository VendorRepository;
31     @Autowired
32     private ItemsRepo ItemsRepo;
33     @Autowired
34     private PurchasesRepo PurchasesRepo;
35
36     private List<Customer> isCustomer;
37     private List<Vendor> isVendor;
38     Vendor loginVendor = new Vendor();
39     Customer loginCustomer = new Customer();
40

```

No major concerns about this. I am assuming the properties defined from line 36 to 39 are for test purposes only - it's usually not a good idea to have data shared among endpoints.

```

42      //-----Simple password hashing-----//
43
44      public String passwordHashing(String password){
45          String passwordToHash = password;
46          String generatedPassword = null;
47
48          try {
49              MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("MD5");
50              md.update(passwordToHash.getBytes());
51              byte[] bytes = md.digest();
52
53              StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
54              for (int i = 0; i < bytes.length; i++) {
55                  sb.append(Integer.toString((bytes[i] & 0xff) + 0x100, 16)
56                      .substring(1));
57
58                  generatedPassword = sb.toString();
59              } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e) {
60                  e.printStackTrace();
61              }
62              //System.out.println(generatedPassword);
63
64              return generatedPassword;
65          }

```

You can remove the commented-out code. Instead of printing the stack trace, it's usually better to raise the exception and handle it in the endpoint code returning a proper response from the server.

```

69     @PostMapping(value = "/registration")
70     public String registration(@RequestBody Registration user){
71         String status = "registration failed";
72
73         String newPassword = passwordHashing(user.getPassword());
74         String hashEmail = passwordHashing(user.getEmail());
75
76         if(user.getVendor() == 0){
77             Customer customer = new Customer();
78
79             customer.setId(user.getId());
80             customer.setEmail(hashEmail);
81             customer.setPassword(newPassword);
82             customer.setName(user.getName());
83             customer.setLastname(user.getLastname());
84
85             CustomerRepo.save(customer);
86             status = "registered as a customer";
87         }

```

It's usually better to have your constants defined in a special module or at the top of the file.

```

105     @Transactional
106     @GetMapping(value = "/search")
107     public List<Items> searchItem(@RequestBody Items item){
108         List<Items> itemRepoHolder;
109
110         if(item.getId() instanceof Long){
111             itemRepoHolder = ItemsRepo.findItembyID(item.getId()); //to
                look with an id
112         }
113         else if(item.getName() instanceof String){
114             itemRepoHolder = ItemsRepo.findItem(item.getName()); //to
                look with a name, description, nutrition
115         }
116         else{
117             System.out.println("Item not found");
118             itemRepoHolder = null;
119         }
120
121         //for a recommendation, may have to change it later
122         if(itemRepoHolder.isEmpty()){
123             Random rand = new Random();
124             int num = rand.nextInt((ItemsRepo.maxID() - 1) + 1) + 1;
125
126             itemRepoHolder = ItemsRepo.findItembyID(num);
127         }

```

On line 124, it would be better to have a comment that explains this seemingly weird computation.


```

135     @PostMapping(value = "/login")
136     public String login(@RequestBody Registration user){
137         String status;
138
139         String getPassword = passwordHashing(user.getPassword());
140         String hashEmail = passwordHashing(user.getEmail());
141
142         isCustomer = CustomerRepo.findCustomer(hashEmail, getPassword);
143         isVendor = VendorRepository.findVendor(hashEmail, getPassword);
144
145         if(!(isCustomer.isEmpty())) {
146             status = "login as a customer succesful";
147             loginCustomer.setEmail(user.getEmail());
148         }
149         else if(!(isVendor.isEmpty())){
150             status = "login as a vendor succesful";
151             loginVendor.setEmail(user.getEmail());
152         }
153         else {
154             status = "login failed";
155         }
156
157         return status;
158     }

```

Probably a detailed reason for login failure would be helpful.

```

251     @DeleteMapping(value = "/admin/deleteCustomer/{id}")
252     public String deleteCustomer(@PathVariable long id) {
253         Customer customer = CustomerRepo.findById(id).get();
254         CustomerRepo.delete(customer);
255         return "deleted";
256     }

```

This will raise an exception if a customer with this ID is not found. Shouldn't you handle this case properly? I am seeing this behavior in a number of other places as well.

Code Review for SearchPage.java

Overall Comments

The code is readable. The code is styled properly, variable names are meaningful and indentation is properly followed. Additionally, the various sections of the code are easy to understand. However, there is some room for improvement. Error scenarios can be handled in a better way. There are some React practices that are not being followed properly like assigning a unique key to each element in the list.

Detailed Review

```
1 import React from "react";
2 import Header from "../header";
3 // import {Link} from 'react-router-dom';
4 import '../css/searchPage.css';
5 import { useState } from "react";
6
7 import Footer from "../footer.js";
8 import { json } from "react-router-dom";
9 import VendorSignUp from "../VendorSignUp";
10
11
12
13
14
15 const SearchPage=(search)=>{
```

You can remove the unused import. The line spacing can be fixed. There is too much space wasted, this can be cleaned out.

```

15 ▾ const SearchPage=(search)=>{
16
17     const [items, setItems] = useState(false);
18
19
20 ▾     const getItems = event => {
21 ▾         const body = {
22             name : search.name
23         }
24 ▾         const settings = {
25             method : "post",
26             body : JSON.stringify(body)
27         }
28         fetch('/search', settings).then(data => setItems(data))
29     }
30

```

What if the API fails to respond? I think the failure scenarios need to be handled.

```

31 ▾     return(
32         <div>
33             <Header/>
34             <h2>Search Page will be fully implemented in the future</h2>
35             <div className="search-page">
36                 <div className="filter">
37                     <div className="filter-price">
38                         <h4>Price</h4>
39                         <div className="price-box">
40                             <input type="text" placeholder="min"></input>
41                         </div>
42                         <div className="price-box">
43                             <input type="text" placeholder="max"></input>
44                         </div>
45                     </div>
46                     <div>
47                         <h4>Exclude</h4>
48                     </div>
49                     <div className="filter-exclude">
50                         <div className="filter-nuts">

```

I like the code indentation. It's easy to understand the hierarchy of components.

```

100         <label htmlFor="1">☆</label>
101     </div>
102 </div>
103 <div className="search-page-container">
104     {items.map (item => {
105         return (
106             <div>
107                 <p>{item.name}</p>
108                 <p>Price: {item.price}</p>
109                 <p>Description: {item.description}</p>
110             </div>
111         )
112     })}
113 </div>
114 </div>
115 <Footer/>
116 </div>
117 );
118 };
119

```

In React, you should set a key property in each element of a list. This helps React in optimizing the page re-renders.

Overall, this file (TvfmAPI.java) needs more comments for each path describing what the path needs and does. Also, it is missing a header. The naming scheme is ok. It might want to be modified a little. For instance, in the update items path, the item should just be called item. The sub-headers are very descriptive and help to differentiate the different paths.

```

package com.Team03.TVFM.api;
import com.Team03.TVFM.model.*;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.http.HttpHeaders;
import org.springframework.util.Assert;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;

```

```

import org.springframework.web.servlet.view.RedirectView;
import java.util.*;
import java.time.format.DateTimeFormatter;
import java.security.MessageDigest;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.util.concurrent.ConcurrentHashMap;
import java.util.regex.Matcher;
import java.util.regex.Pattern;
import javax.persistence.Query;
import javax.transaction.Transactional;
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/")
public class TvfmAPI {
    @Autowired
    private CustomerRepo CustomerRepo;
    @Autowired
    private VendorRepository VendorRepository;
    @Autowired
    private ItemsRepo ItemsRepo;
    @Autowired
    private PurchasesRepo PurchasesRepo;
    private List<Customer> isCustomer;
    private List<Vendor> isVendor;
    Vendor loginVendor = new Vendor();
    Customer loginCustomer = new Customer();

```

```

//-----Utility Functions-----//
// Checks if the email is a valid email (does not look for
conflicts in the db)
    public static boolean emailValidation(String email) {
        Pattern emailReg =
Pattern.compile("/^[\\w-\\.]+@([\\w-]+\\.){2,4}$/");
        Matcher emailMatch = emailReg.matcher(email);
        return emailMatch.find();
    }
// Checks if the password is at least 8 long has a capital
number and letter
    public static boolean passwordValidation(String password) {
        Pattern numReg = Pattern.compile("[0-9]+");
        Pattern capReg = Pattern.compile("[A-Z]+");
        Matcher numMatch = numReg.matcher(password);
        Matcher capMatch = capReg.matcher(password);
        if(password.length() >= 8 &&
            numMatch.find() &&
            capMatch.find()) {

```

```

        return true;
    }
    return false;
}

public String passwordHashing(String password){
    String passwordToHash = password;
    String generatedPassword = null;
    try {
        MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("MD5");
        md.update(passwordToHash.getBytes());
        byte[] bytes = md.digest();
        StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
        for (int i = 0; i < bytes.length; i++) {
            sb.append(Integer.toString((bytes[i] & 0xff) +
0x100, 16).substring(1));
        }
        generatedPassword = sb.toString();
    } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
    //System.out.println(generatedPassword);
    return generatedPassword;
}

//-----Registration path-----/
@PostMapping(value = "/registration")
public String registration(@RequestBody Registration user){
    String status = "registration failed";
    if (passwordValidation(user.getPassword()) == false) {
        return status;
    }
    String newPassword = passwordHashing(user.getPassword());
    String hashEmail = passwordHashing(user.getEmail());
    if(user.getVendor() == 0){
        Customer customer = new Customer();
        customer.setId(user.getId());
        customer.setEmail(hashEmail);
        customer.setPassword(newPassword);
        customer.setName(user.getName());
        customer.setLastname(user.getLastname());
        CustomerRepo.save(customer);
        status = "registered as a customer";
    }
    else{
        Vendor vendor = new Vendor();
        vendor.setId(user.getId());
        vendor.setEmail(hashEmail);
        vendor.setPassword(newPassword);
    }
}

```

```

        vendor.setName(user.getName());
        vendor.setLastname(user.getLastname());
        VendorRepository.save(vendor);
        status = "registered as vendor";
    }
    return status;
}
//-----Search-----//
@Transactional
@PostMapping(value = "/search")
@CrossOrigin
public List<Items> searchItem(@RequestBody Items item){
    List<Items> itemRepoHolder;
    if(item.getId() instanceof Long){
        itemRepoHolder =
ItemsRepo.findById(item.getId()); //to look with an id
    }
    else if(item.getName() instanceof String){
        itemRepoHolder = ItemsRepo.findItem(item.getName());
//to look with a name, description, nutrition
    }
    else{
        System.out.println("Item not found");
        itemRepoHolder = null;
    }
    //for a recommendation, may have to change it later
    if(itemRepoHolder.isEmpty()){
        Random rand = new Random();
        int num = rand.nextInt((ItemsRepo.maxID() - 1) + 1) +
1;
        itemRepoHolder = ItemsRepo.findById(num);
    }
    return itemRepoHolder;
}
//-----Login-----//
Map<String, Integer> loginMap = new ConcurrentHashMap<>();
@PostMapping(value = "/login")
@CrossOrigin()
public String login(@RequestBody Registration user,
@RequestHeader("User-Agent") String header){
    String status = "login failed";
    if(loginMap.get(header) >= 3) {
        return status;
    }
    isCustomer = CustomerRepo.findCustomer(user.getEmail(),
user.getPassword());

```

```

        isVendor = VendorRepository.findVendor(user.getEmail(),
user.getPassword());
        if(!isCustomer.isEmpty()) {
            status = "customer";
//            loginCustomer.setEmail(user.getEmail());
            loginCustomer = isCustomer.get(0);
        }
        else if(!isVendor.isEmpty()) {
            status = "vendor";
            loginVendor.setEmail(user.getEmail());
        }
        else {
            //insert the person in the map or increment their
number of failed logins
            loginMap.merge(header, 1, Integer::sum);
            status = "login failed";
        }
        return status;
    }
//still testing
    public RedirectView vendorPage() {
        return new RedirectView("https://www.google.com/");
    }
//-----previous purchases-----//
    @PostMapping(value = "{limit}/purchases")
    public List<Purchases> getPurchases(@PathVariable long limit,
@RequestBody Customer customer) {
        // get all the purchases
        List<Purchases> retval =
PurchasesRepo.findPurchasesByCustomerID(customer.getId(),
limit);
        // start looking for the items in the purchases
        for(Purchases purchase : retval) {
            // get the id of the items
            List<Integer> itemIDs =
PurchasesRepo.findItemIDInPurchase(purchase.getId());
            List<Items> items = new LinkedList<>();
            for (Integer id: itemIDs) {
                items.addAll(ItemsRepo.findItembyID(id));
            }
            // add all the items to the purchase
            purchase.setItems(items);
        }
        return retval;
    }
//-----get vendor info-----//
    @GetMapping(value = "/vendorInfo/{id}")

```



```

    public String getVendorInfo(@PathVariable long id) {
        String info = ItemsRepo.findVendord(id);
        return "This email of the vendor: " + info + "\n Name: "
+
        VendorRepository.vendorName(info) + " Lastname: " +
VendorRepository.vendorLastname(info);
    }
    //-----place an order-----//
    //Still working on this
    @PostMapping(value = "/cart/placeOrder")
    public String placeOrder(@RequestBody Items items) {
        Purchases makeOrder = new Purchases();
        String status;
        SimpleDateFormat formatter = new
SimpleDateFormat("dd/MM/yyyy");
        Date date = new Date();
        if(!isCustomer.isEmpty()){
            if(PurchasesRepo.maxID() == 0){
                makeOrder.setId(PurchasesRepo.maxID());
            }
            else{
                makeOrder.setId(PurchasesRepo.maxID() + 1);
            }
            makeOrder.setOrder_date(formatter.format(date));
            long id =
CustomerRepo.findCustomerID(loginCustomer.getEmail());
            makeOrder.setCustomer_id(id);
            makeOrder.setStatus("Order Placed");
            makeOrder.setItem(items);
            status = "Order Placed";
            PurchasesRepo.save(makeOrder);
        }
        else{
            status = "you need to login to use this function";
        }
        return status;
    }
    //-----current orders-----//
    @GetMapping(name = "/admin/orders")
    public List<Purchases> allOrders() {
        return PurchasesRepo.findAll();
    }
    //-----Admin permissions-----//
    @GetMapping(value = "/admin/allCustomers")
    public List<Customer> getAllCustomers() {
        return CustomerRepo.findAll();
    }

```

```

@GetMapping(value = "/admin/allVendors")
public List<Vendor> getAllVendors() {
    return VendorRepository.findAll();
}

@DeleteMapping(value = "/admin/deleteCustomer/{id}")
public String deleteCustomer(@PathVariable long id) {
    Customer customer = CustomerRepo.findById(id).get();
    CustomerRepo.delete(customer);
    return "deleted";
}

@PutMapping(value = "/admin/updateVendor/{id}")
public String updateVendor(@PathVariable Long id,
@RequestBody Vendor vendor) {
    Vendor updateVendor =
VendorRepository.findById(id).get();
    updateVendor.setEmail(vendor.getEmail());
    updateVendor.setPassword(vendor.getPassword());
    VendorRepository.save(updateVendor);
    return "updated";
}

@DeleteMapping(value = "/admin/deleteVendor/{id}")
public String deleteVendor(@PathVariable long id) {
    Vendor vendor = VendorRepository.findById(id).get();
    VendorRepository.delete(vendor);
    return "deleted";
}

@GetMapping(value = "/admin/allItems")
public List<Items> getAllItems() {
    return ItemsRepo.findAll();
}

@PostMapping(value = "/admin/addItems")
public String addItems(@RequestBody Items item) {
    String status = "no items added";
    if(!(isVendor.isEmpty())){
        item.setVendor(loginVendor.getEmail());
        ItemsRepo.save(item);
        status = "Saved";
    }
    else{
        status = "you need to login to use this function";
    }
    return status;
}

@DeleteMapping(value = "/admin/removeItem/{id}")
public String removeItem(@PathVariable long id){
    Items item = ItemsRepo.findById(id).get();
    ItemsRepo.delete(item);
}

```

```

        return "deleted";
    }

    @PutMapping(value = "/admin/updateItem/{id}")
    public String updateItem(@PathVariable Long id, @RequestBody
Items item) {
        Items updateItem = ItemsRepo.findById(id).get();
        updateItem.setName(item.getName());
        updateItem.setQuantity(item.getQuantity());
        updateItem.setPrice(item.getPrice());
        updateItem.setDescription(item.getDescription());
        updateItem.setNutrition(item.getNutrition());
        ItemsRepo.save(updateItem);
        return "updated";
    }

    //-----Vendor paths-----//
    @PostMapping(value = "/vendor/addItems")
    public String addItemsVendor(@RequestBody Items item) {
        ItemsRepo.save(item);
        return "Saved";
    }

    @DeleteMapping(value = "/vendor/removeItem/{id}")
    public String removeItemVendor(@PathVariable long id) {
        Items item = ItemsRepo.findById(id).get();
        ItemsRepo.delete(item);
        return "deleted";
    }

    @PutMapping(value = "/vendor/updateItem/{id}")
    public String updateItemVendor(@PathVariable Long id,
@RequestBody Items item) {
        Items updateItem = ItemsRepo.findById(id).get();
        updateItem.setName(item.getName());
        updateItem.setQuantity(item.getQuantity());
        updateItem.setPrice(item.getPrice());
        updateItem.setDescription(item.getDescription());
        updateItem.setNutrition(item.getNutrition());
        ItemsRepo.save(updateItem);
        return "updated";
    }

    @GetMapping(value = "/vendor/allItems")
    public List<Items> getAllItemsVendor() {
        return ItemsRepo.findAll();
    }

    //----- testing paths -----//

    @GetMapping(value = "test")
    public String test() {
        return "Test is working";
    }

```

```

    }
    @PostMapping(value = "/add/customer")
    public String addCustomer(@RequestBody Customer customer) {
        CustomerRepo.save(customer);
        return "Saved";
    }
    @PostMapping(value = "/add/vendor")
    public String addVendors(@RequestBody Vendor vendor) {
        VendorRepository.save(vendor);
        return "Saved";
    }
    @GetMapping(value = "/customer")
    @CrossOrigin
    public Customer getCustomer() {
        return loginCustomer;
    }
    @GetMapping(value = "/logout")
    @CrossOrigin
    void logoutUser() {
        loginCustomer = null;
    }
}

```

Self-Check on best practices for security

Major assets that are protected

- Customer's password
- Vendor's password

18 • `SELECT * FROM dbmodel.customer;`

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export/Import:

	id	name	lastname	email	password
	19	Jacob	Barns	22b7a95b8fdcf41aa3464da3a0cd5be9	94e8cde4...
	20	Jimmy	Brown	6812b3df0afbdae36ef3aa5a115e8c9	7adad95...
	21	York	Blake	a88f873a621b501a514679949bd2a4e3	9fa5adf3...
	22	Johnathan	Lively	74088342311ee9a4d557c443f112fb01	60167ad...
	23	Lil	Wayne	ebe7b324764c1bf376efd915c2314a28	f946d8b1...
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

15 • `SELECT * FROM dbmodel.vendor;`

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export/Import:

	id	name	lastname	email	password
	9	Masion	Gibson	a829547725b60...	94e8cde4612b3fd390677d42e7b22002
	10	James	Hill	895613f33bdfa3...	ff4cac7d4874299d83f8be280d1cbb77
	11	Lily	Ryan	9592cba3a8341...	af65872d9bdcc4e0071f11cb5ebadb2f
	12	Sierra	Tang	61c9ccbf8199bc...	cfe3b870f18dec98de461639bbe8da08
	13	Hungry	Lion	e5c01b825a950...	8b1a7220fac6825195becf17ebf92174
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Confirm Input data validation (list what is being validated and what code you used) – we request you validate search bar input;

Self-Check adherence to original non-functional specs

Coding Standards:

1. All variables shall use camelCase. On Track
2. Space between 'if' and the condition i.e if (condition). On Track
3. Space between parentheses and the curly brace i.e () {}. On track
4. Space before and after "=". On Track
5. Comment above each function describing its purpose. On Track

Performance:

1. The home page shall load in at least 500 ms. Done

Compatibility:

1. Current and previous version of Google Chrome. Done
2. Current and previous version of Mozilla FireFox. On Track
3. Current and previous version of Microsoft Bing. On Track
4. Current and previous version of Safari by Apple. On Track

Scalability:

1. Application will be able to accommodate multiple users. On Track
2. Application will be able to scale up and down depending on device. On Track

Portability:

1. Website will function properly on different devices. On Track

Reliability:

1. Application will consistently perform without failure. On Track

Security:

1. User's personal information to be kept confidential and not distributed. Done
2. User's passwords to be encrypted. Done

3. Users may not be granted access till a strong password is created. Done
4. System will lock the user out after a specific number of login attempts. On Track

Usability:

1. Interface is easy to use, user-friendly. On Track

Availability:

1. Support during business hours. Issue
2. Common question solutions will be available for non-business hours On Track

Regulatory:

1. Application will comply with all regulations and laws. On Track

Data Integrity:

1. System shall have backups of all updates to the database for every transaction. On Track

Cost:

1. Developmental costs will be kept at a min by using free services provided online. On Track

Manageability:

Testability:

1. Application will have a suitable testing approach for each feature. On Track

Organization:

1. Company name and logo on the top-left corner of each web page. Done
2. Files and folders will be easily accessible and not confusing. On Track

Detailed list of contributions

Seth Pavlicek:

- Password Validation Backend
- Email Validation Backend
- Login Lockout Backend
- Code Review for other team
- Code Review within team
- Password Hashing QA Test Plan

Alex Bjeldanes: 7/10

- Database Updates
- CSS Rework
- Code Review for other team

Armando Partida: 8/10

- Password Hashing
- Revise Order Usability Test Plan
- Backend Paths

Angel Antunez: 9/10

- Password Validation Frontend
- Changing Personal Info Test Plan
- QA Test plans

Igor Tsygankov: 10/10

- AWS Updates
- Header change on login
- Search Usability Test Plan
- Login Lockout Frontend

Michael Abolencia: 9/10

- Search Page Integration

- Order Submission Page
- Add Item Usability Test Plan