



# Statistics 11 Monthly Test

(Chapter 6 – Probability)

27 September 2024

Allowed Time: 40 minutes

Total Marks: 30

**Name** \_\_\_\_\_

**(Section I – Objective)**

**Question 1. Select the correct option.**

**(1 x 13 = 13)**

- What is the range of the probability?  
(a)  $0 \leq \text{Probability} < 1$       (b)  $0 \leq \text{Probability} \leq 1$   
(c)  $0 < \text{Probability} \leq 1$       (d)  $0 < \text{Probability} < 1$
- What is the probability of sample space?  
(a) 0      (b) 0.5      (c) 1      (d) 1.5
- Which of the following is NOT a random experiment?  
(a) Preparation of Hydrochloric Acid in a laboratory      (b) Throwing three coins  
(c) Rolling two dices      (d) Drawing a card from a deck
- According to the set theory, sample space is equivalent to which of the following?  
(a) Subset      (b) Complement of a Set      (c) Universal Set      (d) All of these

5. Subset of a sample space is known as:

- (a) Sample Point      (b) Event      (c) Random Experiment      (d) Outcome

6. All possible arrangements of objects when order matters

- (a) Permutation      (b) Combination      (c) Factorial      (d) Sample Space

7. All possible arrangements of objects when order doesn't matter

- (a) Permutation      (b) Combination      (c) Factorial      (d) Sample Space

8. All possible outcomes of a random experiment is known as:

- (a) Permutation      (b) Combination      (c) Factorial      (d) Sample Space

9. A and B are two mutually exclusive events, which formula is correct?

- (a)  $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) + P(A \cap B)$       (b)  $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$   
(c)  $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B)$       (d)  $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cup B)$

10. If A and B are two independent events, which formula is correct?

- (a)  $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \times P(B)$       (b)  $P(A \cap B) = P(A/B) \times P(B)$   
(c)  $P(A \cap B) = P(B/A) \times P(A)$       (d) Both (b) and (c)

11. A dice is rolled, and the sample space is  $S = \{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ , let A be the event that dice shows up even numbers and let B be the event that dice shows up odd numbers, then event A and B are what kind of event(s)?

- (a) Equally likely      (b) Exhaustive      (c) Mutually Exclusive      (d) All of these

12. Conditional probability deals with what kind of events?

- (a) Independent      (b) Dependent      (c) Mutually Exclusive      (d) Not Mutually Exclusive

13. The probability of an impossible event is:

- (a)  $1/2$       (b) 1      (c) 0      (d) Undefined

**(Section II – Subjective)**

**Question 2.** Three coins are tossed. **(5)**

- (i) Make sample space (1)
- (ii) How many sample points are there in the sample space? (1)
- (iii) Let R be the event that all coins showed up tail, then how many sample points are there in the event R? (1)
- (iv) Find the probability that all coins are tail. (2)

**Question 3.** Two dices are rolled. **(8)**

- (i) Make sample space (1)
- (ii) How many possible sample points are there in the sample space when two dices are rolled? (1)
- (iii) Let X be the event that sum of dots on the rolled dices is more than 9.  
Find the probability of event X. (3)
- (iv) Let Y be the event that sum of dots on the rolled dices is an even number.  
Find the probability of event Y. (3)

**Question 4.** A bag containing three red, four pink and two white balls, two balls are drawn at random from the bag, what is the probability that the drawn balls are pink? **(4)**