

University of Dhaka

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

CSE-3212: Numerical Methods Lab
3rd Year 2nd Semester
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Name of the assignment: Bracketing Method

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problem statement:**Problem 1:**

Consider the following function

$$J_n(x) = \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^n \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{x^2}{4}\right)^k}{k!(n+k)!}$$

In this case, first, you need to draw three graphs as following.

In graph 1: for $n=0$, and $x = 0$ to $x = 10$; increase x by 0.1 with value k starts from 1.

In graph 2: for $n=1$, and $x = 0$ to $x = 10$; increase x by 0.1 with value k starts from 1.

In graph 3: for $n=2$, and $x = 0$ to $x = 10$; increase x by 0.1 with value k starts from 1.

Secondly,

Using the series expansion for $J_n(x)$, find its root for $J_0(x)$ to an accuracy of four decimal places

by using bisection method. Consider the initial guesses as 1 and 3. The desired level of accuracy is 0.00001.

At first, print the value of x and $J_0(x)$ from 1 to 3, increasing by 0.1. Then, ask the user for upper

bound and lower bound. If the root finding is possible, print the solution, otherwise print no root

is possible. You also need to print the following table in your console view.

iteration

Upper value	Lower value	X_m	$f(X_m)$	Relative approximate error
-------------	-------------	-------	----------	----------------------------

Lastly,

Draw two graphs from above solution.

In graph 1: the graph of x and relative approximation error.

In graph 2: the graph of no of iteration and relative approximation error.

Problem 2:

Conservation of mass can be used to re-formulate the equilibrium relationship as

$$K = \frac{(c_{c,0} + x)}{(c_{a,0} - 2x)^2 (c_{b,0} - x)}$$

where the subscript 0 designates the initial concentration of each constituent. If $K = 0.016$, $c_{a,0} = 42$, $c_{b,0} = 28$, and $c_{c,0} = 4$, determine the value of x .

- (a) Obtain the solution graphically by plotting the value 0 from 20, with increment of 1.
(b) On the basis of (a), solve for the root with initial guesses of $x_l = 0$ and $x_u = 20$ with desired accuracy level of 0.00001. Choose false position to obtain your solution.

Ask

the user for upper bound and lower bound. Justify your solution if it is not possible.

- (c) Compare the relative approximate error between the bisection method and false position method. You need to use the previous problem (Problem 1) solution partially. For comparison,

you need to draw the graph of number of iteration and relative approximation error.

Talking with your classmates may result in deduction of evaluation points.

Solution:

source code of solution:

part1:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define loop(i,n) for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
double fact[33];
void facto() {
    fact[0] = 1.0;
    loop(i,32) {
        fact[i] = fact[i-1] * (i*1.0);
    }
}
double doublepower(double base, int x) {
    double ret = 1.0;
    loop(i,x) ret *= base;
    return ret;
}
void setup()
{
    for(int i=0;i<33;i++)
    {
        fact[i]=0;
    }
}
double func(int n, double x) {
    double temp1=0.0
    ,sum = 0.0
    ,temp = doublepower(x/2.0, n);
    loop(k,10) {
        temp1= doublepower(-1.0, k);
        temp1*= doublepower((x*x)/4.0, k);
        temp1/= (fact[k] * fact[n + k]);
```

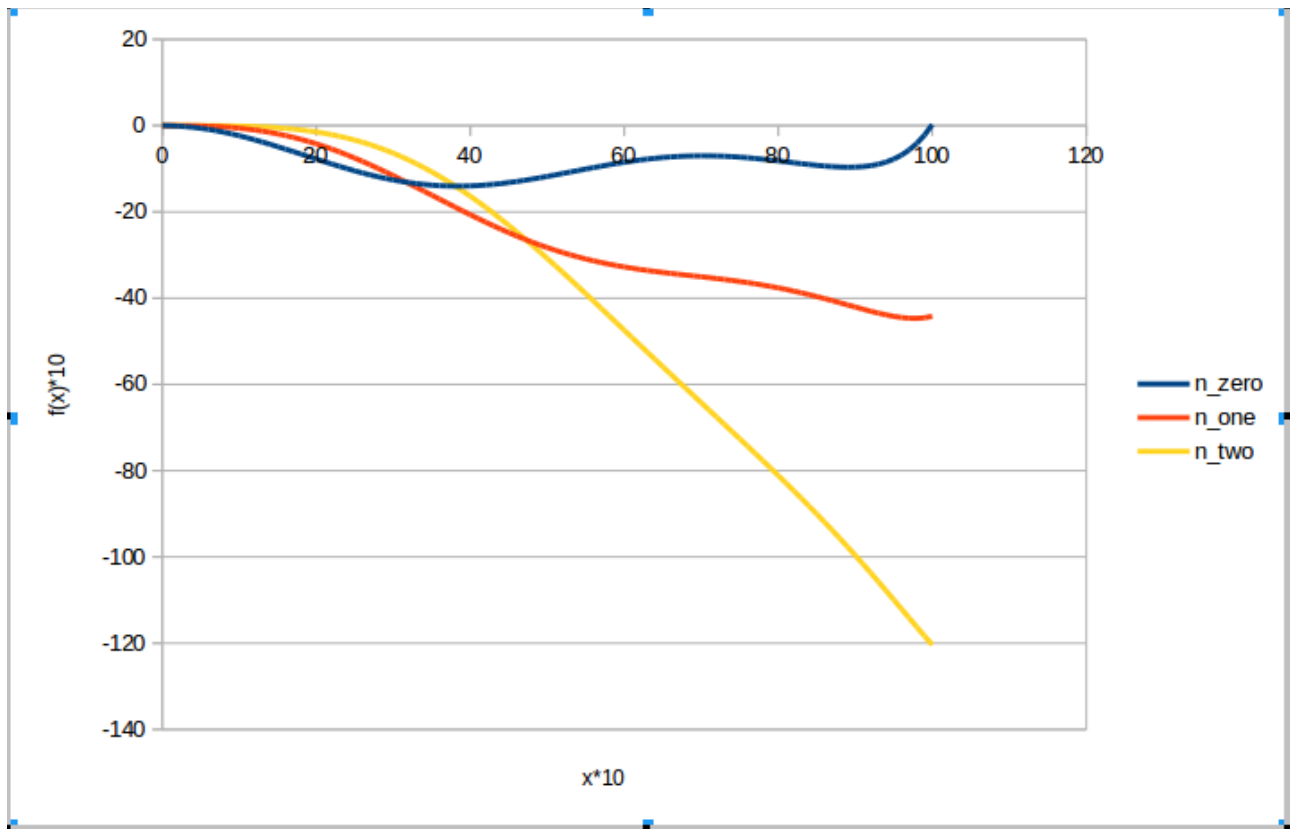
```

        sum += temp1;
    }
    return temp*sum;
}

void bisection(int n,double a,double b)
{
    if(func(n,a)*func(n,b)>=0)
    {
        cout<<"you have to assumed right a and b"<<endl;
    }
    double c;
    int it=1;
    while((b-a)>=0.0001)
    {
        c=(a+b)/2;
        if(func(n,c)==0.0)
            break;
        else if(func(n,c)*func(n,a)<0)
            b=c;
        else
            a=c;
        cout<<"iteration "<<it<<" a "<<a<<" b "<<b<<endl;
        it++;
    }
    cout<<"the value of root is : "<<c<<endl;
}

int main() {
    freopen("output1.csv", "w", stdout);
    facto();
    for(double x = 0.0; x<=10.0; x+=0.1) {
        double res1 = func(0, x);
        double res2= func(1,x);
        double res3= func(2,x);
        cout<<x*10<<" , "<<res1*10<<" , "<<res2*10<<" , "<<res3*10<<endl;
    }
    return 0;
}

```



x	j0(x)	j1(x)	j2(x)
0	0	0	0
1	-0.0249844	-0.00062474	-1.04134e-05
2	-0.0997503	-0.00499167	-0.000166458
3	-0.223738	-0.0168118	-0.000841381
4	-0.396018	-0.0397342	-0.00265337
5	-0.615302	-0.0773154	-0.00645977
6	-0.879951	-0.13299	-0.013349
7	-1.18799	-0.210043	-0.0246306
8	-1.53713	-0.31158	-0.0418224
9	-1.92476	-0.440505	-0.066637
10	-2.34802	-0.599494	-0.100965
11	-2.80378	-0.790976	-0.146858
12	-3.28867	-1.01711	-0.20651
13	-3.79914	-1.27977	-0.282233
14	-4.33145	-1.58052	-0.376441
15	-4.88172	-1.92063	-0.491623
16	-5.44598	-2.30104	-0.630322
17	-6.02015	-2.72235	-0.795111
18	-6.60014	-3.18483	-0.988565
19	-7.18181	-3.68843	-1.21324
20	-7.76109	-4.23275	-1.47166
21	-8.33393	-4.81708	-1.76626
22	-8.89638	-5.44037	-2.09941
23	-9.4446	-6.10127	-2.47335
24	-9.97492	-6.79815	-2.8902
25	-10.4838	-7.52906	-3.35191
26	-10.968	-8.29182	-3.86027
27	-11.4245	-9.08399	-4.41688
28	-11.8504	-9.90291	-5.02315
29	-12.2431	-10.7457	-5.68023
30	-12.6005	-11.6094	-6.38909
31	-12.9206	-12.4908	-7.15043
32	-13.2019	-13.3866	-7.96472

part2:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define loop(i,n) for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
double fact[33];
void facto() {
    fact[0] = 1.0;
    loop(i,32) {
        fact[i] = fact[i-1] * (i*1.0);
    }
}
double doublepower(double base, int x) {
    double ret = 1.0;
    loop(i,x) ret *= base;
    return ret;
}
void setup()
{
    for(int i=0;i<33;i++)
    {
        fact[i]=0;
    }
}
double func(int n, double x) {
    double temp1= 0.0,
    sum = 0.0,
    temp = doublepower(x/2.0, n);
    loop(k,10) {
        temp1= doublepower(-1.0, k);
        temp1*= doublepower((x*x)/4.0, k);
        temp1/= (fact[k] * fact[n + k]);
        sum += temp1;
    }
    return temp*sum;
}
void bisection(int n,double a,double b)
{
    if(func(n,a)*func(n,b)>=0)
    {
        cout<<"you have to assumed right a and b"<<endl;
    }
    double c;
    int it=1;
    while((b-a)>=0.0001)
```

```

{
    c=(a+b)/2;
    if(func(n,c)==0.0)
        break;
    else if(func(n,c)*func(n,a)<0)
        b=c;
    else
        a=c;
    cout<<"iteration "<<it<<" a "<<a<<" b "<<b<<endl;
    it++;
}
cout<<"the value of root is : "<<c<<endl;
}
void bisect(double lo ,double hi)
{
    double px,acceptederror;
    int cnt, iteration = 0;
    while(true) {
        double mid = (hi + lo) / 2.0;
        double relativeerror = 0.0;

        if(iteration>1) {
            relativeerror = fabs(mid - px) / mid;
            if(relativeerror <= acceptederror) break;
        }
        cout<<fixed<<setprecision(6)<<iteration<<" , "<<hi<<" , "<<lo<<" ,
"<<mid<<" , "<<func(0,mid)<<" , "<<relativeerror<<endl;
        if(func(0,mid) > 0.0) lo = mid;
        else hi = mid;
        px = mid;
        iteration++;
    }
}
int main() {
    facto();
    double px, lo, hi, acceptederror;
    int cnt, iteration = 0;

    cin>>lo>>hi>>acceptederror;

    freopen("bisection.csv", "w", stdout);
    bisect(lo,hi);
    return 0;
}

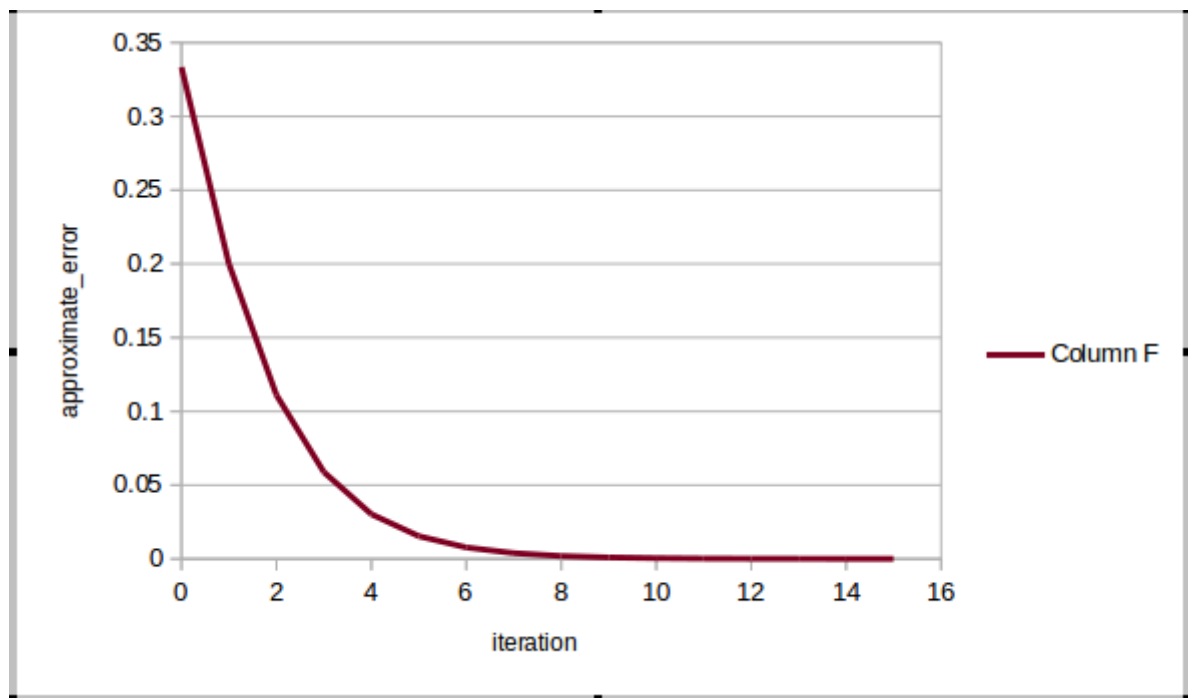
```

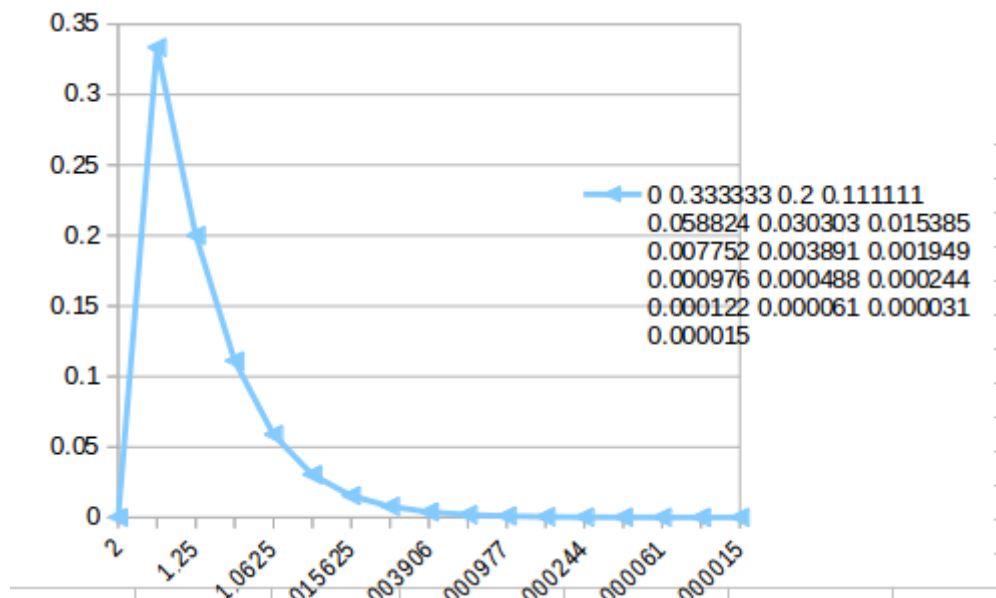
```

1 3 0.00001
iteration      hi      lo      xr      function(xr)      approximateError
-----
1      3.000000      1.000000      2.000000      -0.776109      0.000000
2      2.000000      1.000000      1.500000      -0.488172      0.333333
3      1.500000      1.000000      1.250000      -0.354094      0.200000
4      1.250000      1.000000      1.125000      -0.292241      0.111111
5      1.125000      1.000000      1.062500      -0.262927      0.058824
6      1.062500      1.000000      1.031250      -0.248711      0.030303
7      1.031250      1.000000      1.015625      -0.241718      0.015385
8      1.015625      1.000000      1.007812      -0.238250      0.007752
9      1.007812      1.000000      1.003906      -0.236524      0.003891
10     1.003906      1.000000      1.001953      -0.235662      0.001949
11     1.001953      1.000000      1.000977      -0.235232      0.000976
12     1.000977      1.000000      1.000488      -0.235017      0.000488
13     1.000488      1.000000      1.000244      -0.234910      0.000244
14     1.000244      1.000000      1.000122      -0.234856      0.000122
15     1.000122      1.000000      1.000061      -0.234829      0.000061
16     1.000061      1.000000      1.000031      -0.234816      0.000031
17     1.000031      1.000000      1.000015      -0.234809      0.000015

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 5.987 s
Press ENTER to continue.

```





Problem 2:

part1:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
typedef long long ll;
```

```
double fact[33];
```

```
double doublepower(double base, int x) {
```

```
    double ret = 1.0;
```

```
    for(int i=1; i<=x; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        ret *= base;
```

```
    }
```

```
    return ret;
```

```
}
```

```
double _function(double x) {
```

```
    double ret = 0.0;
```

```
    double ca0 = 42.0, cb0 = 28.0, cc0 = 4.0;
```

```
    double k = 0.016;
```

```
    ret = cc0 + x;
```

```
    ret /= ((ca0-2.0*x)*(ca0-2.0*x)*(cb0 - x));
```

```
    return ret-k;
```

```
}
```

```
void falseMethod(double xl,double xu)
```

```
{
```

```
    int it=1,e=1000;
```

```
    double xm,fu,fl,fm;
```

```
    do
```

```

{
    fu=func(xu);
    fl=func(xl);
    if(fu*fl>0)
    {
        cout<<"x1 and x2 doesn't bracket the root"<<endl;
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        xm=xu-fu*(xu-xl)/(fu-fl);
        fm=func(xm);
        cout<<"xl "<<xl<<" xu "<<xu<<" f(xl) "<<fl<<" f(xu) "<<fu<<" xm "<<xm<<"
f(xm) "<<fm<<endl;
        e=fabs((xu-xl)/xu);
        if(fl*fm<0)
            xu=xm;
        else
            xl=xm;
    }
    it++;
}
while(e>=0.0001&&fl!=0&&it!=100);
cout<<"the root of the equation is : "<<xm<<endl;

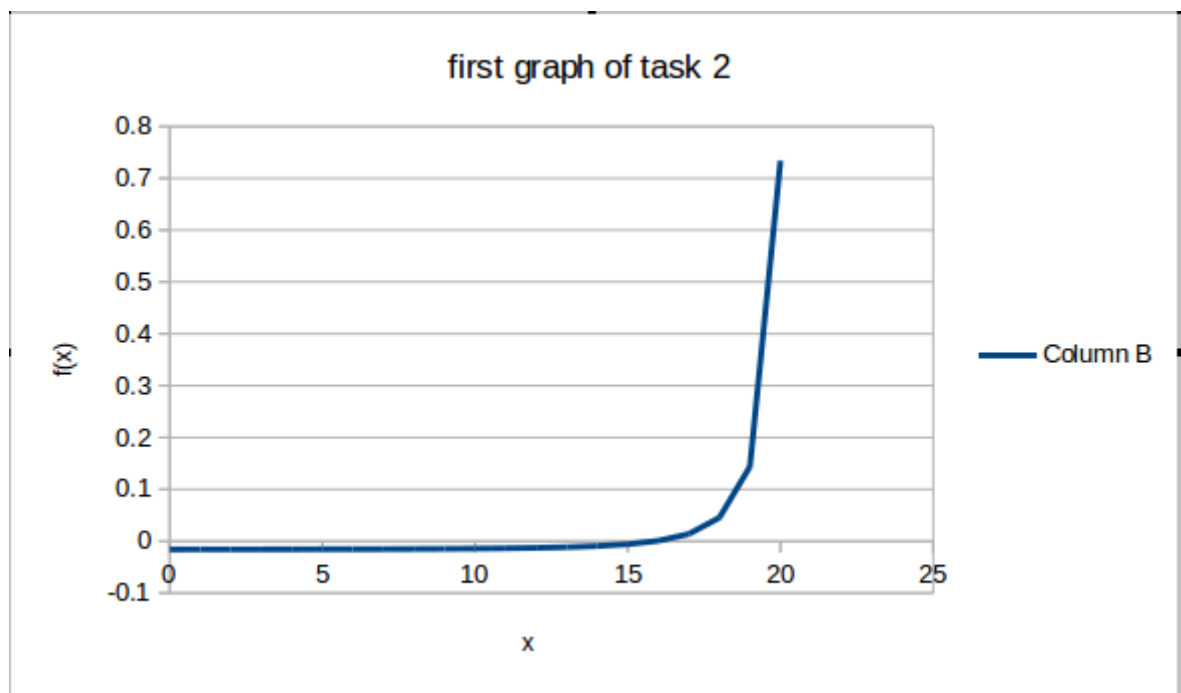
}
int main() {
    freopen("out21.csv", "w", stdout);
    for(int x = 0; x<=20; x++) {
        cout<<x<<" , "<<_function(x)<<endl;
    }
    return 0;
}

```

output:

```
x          k(x)
-----
0          -0.015919
1          -0.0158843
2          -0.0158402
3          -0.015784
4          -0.0157116
5          -0.0156179
6          -0.0154949
7          -0.0153319
8          -0.0151124
9          -0.0148121
10         -0.014393
11         -0.0137941
12         -0.0129136
13         -0.0115729
14         -0.00944023
15         -0.00585043
16         0.000666667
17         0.0138295
18         0.0451111
19         0.143722
20         0.734

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 0.004 s
Press ENTER to continue.
```



part 2:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

typedef long long ll;

const int maxi = 311111;

double _function(double x) {
    double ret = 0.0;
    double ca0 = 42.0, cb0 = 28.0, cc0 = 4.0;
    double k = 0.016;
    ret = cc0 + x;
    ret /= ((ca0-2.0*x)*(ca0-2.0*x)*(cb0 - x));
    return ret-k;
}

double xm(double x0, double x1) {
    double num = _function(x0) * (x0 - x1);
    double den = _function(x0) - _function(x1);
    double ret = num / den;
    return ((-1.0 * ret) + x0);
}

void falseMethod(double xl,double xu)
{
    int it=1,e=1000;
    double xm,fu,fl,fm;
    do
    {
        fu=func(xu);
        fl=func(xl);
        if(fu*fl>0)
        {
            cout<<"x1 and x2 doesn't bracket the root"<<endl;
            return;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        xm=xu-fu*(xu-xl)/(fu-fl);
        fm=func(xm);
        cout<<"xl "<<xl<<" xu "<<xu<<" f(xl) "<<fl<<" f(xu) "<<fu<<" xm "<<xm<<"
f(xm) "<<fm<<endl;
        e=fabs((xu-xl)/xu);
        if(fl*fm<0)
            xu=xm;
```

```

        else
            xl=xm;
        }
        it++;
    }
    while(e>=0.0001&&fl!=0&&it!=100);
    cout<<"the root of the equation is : "<<xm<<endl;

}

int main() {

    freopen("out22.csv", "w", stdout);

    double prevx, lo, hi, accpErr;
    double inix0, inix1;
    int cnt, caseno = 1;

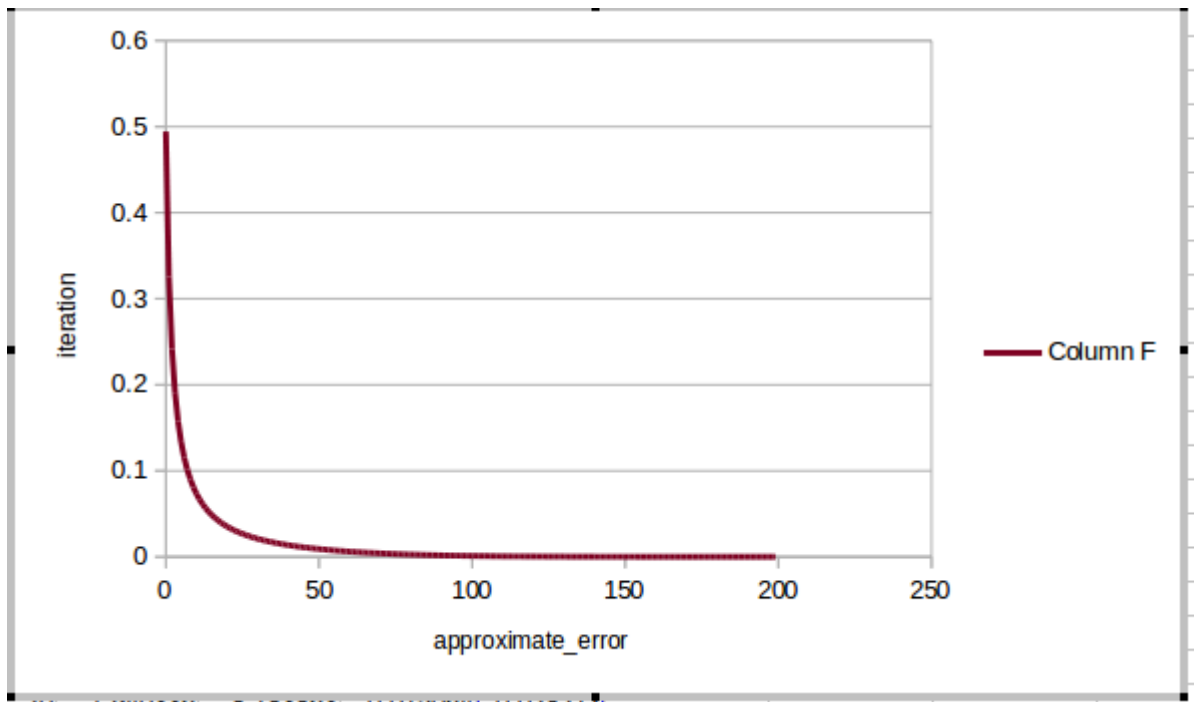
    cin>>lo>>hi>>accpErr;
    cnt = 3;
    falseMethod(lo,high);
    return 0;
}

```

output:

9 20 0.00001

iteration		hi	lo	xr	f(xr)	approximateerror
1	20.000000	0.000000	0.424553	-0.015905	0.000000	
2	20.000000	0.424553	0.839742	-0.015890	0.494424	
3	20.000000	0.839742	1.245753	-0.015874	0.325916	
4	20.000000	1.245753	1.642769	-0.015857	0.241675	
5	20.000000	1.642769	2.030968	-0.015839	0.191140	
6	20.000000	2.030968	2.410523	-0.015819	0.157458	
7	20.000000	2.410523	2.781605	-0.015797	0.133406	
8	20.000000	2.781605	3.144378	-0.015775	0.115372	
9	20.000000	3.144378	3.499006	-0.015750	0.101351	
10	20.000000	3.499006	3.845646	-0.015724	0.090138	
11	20.000000	3.845646	4.184453	-0.015696	0.080968	
12	20.000000	4.184453	4.515579	-0.015666	0.073330	
13	20.000000	4.515579	4.839169	-0.015635	0.066869	
14	20.000000	4.839169	5.155370	-0.015601	0.061334	
15	20.000000	5.155370	5.464321	-0.015565	0.056540	
16	20.000000	5.464321	5.766159	-0.015527	0.052347	
17	20.000000	5.766159	6.061020	-0.015486	0.048649	
18	20.000000	6.061020	6.349035	-0.015443	0.045364	
19	20.000000	6.349035	6.630331	-0.015398	0.042426	
20	20.000000	6.630331	6.905035	-0.015349	0.039783	
21	20.000000	6.905035	7.173269	-0.015298	0.037394	
22	20.000000	7.173269	7.435153	-0.015245	0.035222	
23	20.000000	7.435153	7.690804	-0.015188	0.033241	
24	20.000000	7.690804	7.940336	-0.015127	0.031426	
25	20.000000	7.940336	8.183863	-0.015064	0.029757	
26	20.000000	8.183863	8.421493	-0.014998	0.028217	
27	20.000000	8.421493	8.653335	-0.014927	0.026792	
28	20.000000	8.653335	8.879493	-0.014854	0.025470	
29	20.000000	8.879493	9.100071	-0.014776	0.024239	
30	20.000000	9.100071	9.315170	-0.014695	0.023091	
31	20.000000	9.315170	9.524889	-0.014610	0.022018	
32	20.000000	9.524889	9.729325	-0.014521	0.021012	
33	20.000000	9.729325	9.928573	-0.014428	0.020068	
34	20.000000	9.928573	10.122728	-0.014331	0.019180	
35	20.000000	10.122728	10.311881	-0.014229	0.018343	
36	20.000000	10.311881	10.496122	-0.014123	0.017553	
37	20.000000	10.496122	10.675541	-0.014013	0.016807	
38	20.000000	10.675541	10.850225	-0.013899	0.016100	
39	20.000000	10.850225	11.020261	-0.013780	0.015429	
40	20.000000	11.020261	11.185733	-0.013656	0.014793	



part 3:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

const int maxi = 311111;

double _function(double x) {
    double ret = 0.0;
    double ca0 = 42.0, cb0 = 28.0, cc0 = 4.0;
    double k = 0.016;
    ret = cc0 + x;
    ret /= ((ca0-2.0*x)*(ca0-2.0*x)*(cb0 - x));
    return ret-k;
}

double xm(double x0, double x1) {
    double num = _function(x0) * (x0 - x1);
    double den = _function(x0) - _function(x1);
    double ret = num / den;
    return ((-1.0 * ret) + x0);
}

int main()
{
    double prevx, lo, hi, accpErr;
    int cnt, caseno = 1;
```

```

        cin>>lo>>hi>>accpErr;
//freopen("bisection2.csv", "w", stdout);
//swap(lo, hi);
//printf("iteration      hi      lo      xr      function(xr)      approximateError\n");

//printf("-----\n");
while(true) {
    double mid = (hi + lo) / 2.0;
    double relErr = 0.0;
    double temp;
    if(caseno>1) {
        if(mid==0.0) break;
        relErr = fabs(mid - prevx);
        double temp=relErr/mid;
        cout<<mid<<" "<<prevx<<" "<<temp<<endl;
        if(temp <= accpErr) break;
    }

    cout<<fixed<<setprecision(6)<<caseno<<"  ", " "<<hi<<"  ", " "<<lo<<"  ",
"<<mid<<"  ", " "<<_function(mid)<<"  ", " "<<temp<<endl;

    if(_function(mid) > 0.0) lo = mid;
    else hi = mid;
    prevx = mid;
    caseno++;
}
return 0;
}

```

