

Forms in HTML

An HTML form is used to collect user input. The user input is most often sent to a server for processing. Here are the mostly used forms elements

```
<input type="text">
```

<label for="lastName">



<select> and <option>

<textarea>



<input> types

- <input type="button">
- <input type="checkbox">
- <input type="color">
- <input type="date">
- <input type="datetime-local">
- <input type="email">
- <input type="file">
- <input type="hidden">
- <input type="image">
- <input type="month">
- <input type="number">

- <input type="password">
- <input type="radio">
- <input type="range">
- <input type="reset">
- <input type="search">
- <input type="submit">
- <input type="tel">
- <input type="text">
- <input type="time">
- <input type="url">
- <input type="week">



<label> element

The <label> tag defines a label for many form elements. The **for** attribute of the <label> tag should be equal to the **id** attribute of the <input> element to bind them together.

The label> element also help users who have difficulty clicking on very small regions (such as radio buttons or checkboxes) - because when the user clicks the text within the label> element, it toggles the radio button/checkbox.



<select> and <option>

The <select> element defines a drop-down list:

```
Choose a car: Volvo Submit

Choos Choose a car: Volvo Submit

Saab

Fiat

Audi
```



<textarea> element

The <textarea> element defines a multi-line input field (a text area):

The **rows** attribute specifies the visible number of lines in a text area. The **cols** attribute specifies the visible width of a text area.

