## **QB** Metrics Documentation

## 1. System Metrics

- (a) Number of electrons  $\eta$
- (b) Number of natural orbitals  $N_{\text{nao}}$
- (c) Number of qubits n
- (d) Log FCI Size  $\log_{10} \left( \binom{N}{N_{\uparrow}} \binom{N}{N_{\downarrow}} \right)$
- 2. One-norm

$$\lambda(H) = \sum_{ij} |h_{ij}^{(1)}| + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\ell=1}^{L} |\lambda_{\ell}| \left( \sum_{pq} |g_{pq}^{(\ell)}| \right)^2$$
 (1)

## 3. Double Factorization Metrics

- (a) Rank L
- (b) Eigenvalues  $\{\lambda_\ell\}_{\ell=1}^L$
- 4. Hypergraph Metrics

Let  $G_{Interaction}(H)=(V,E)$  where V=[n] for an n-qubit Hamiltonian H where the edge set contains hyperedges  $e_i=(i_1,...,i_{k(i)})\in E$  where  $i_1,...,i_{k(i)}\in \{X,Y,Z\}$  are all those non-identity Pauli string terms. The graph has edge weights  $w(e)=h_e$  where  $h_e$  is the coefficient of Pauli string  $e\in E$  where  $H=\sum_{e\in E}h_eP_e$ . We take statistics (max, min, mean, std. dev.) on edge order (Pauli weight), vertex degree, and edge weights.

(a) Number of Pauli Strings

$$|E| = \left| \left\{ P : |h_P| > 0, H = \sum_P h_P P \right\} \right|$$
 (2)

(b) Edge Order

$$\operatorname{ord}(e_i) = k(i) \tag{3}$$

(c) Vertex Degree

$$\deg(v) = |\{v \in e : e \in E\}| \tag{4}$$

## 5. Other Graphs

- (a) Frustration Graph  $G_{\text{frus}}$
- (b) Fermionic Graph  $G_F = (V = [N], E = E_F)$  comes from which terms appear in the one-body terms of the Hamiltonian  $\sum_{ij} h_{ij}^{(1)} \hat{a}_i^{\dagger} \hat{a}_j$ , two orbital are connected by an edge  $e = (i, j) \in E_F$  if  $|h_{ij}^{(1)}| > 0$