

# PROJECT PROPOSAL

**Project Title:** Reverse Tic-Tac-Toe

**Course:** Artificial Intelligence

**Instructor:** Ms. Almas

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## **Project Topic:**

A variation of Tic-Tac-Toe where the goal is **to avoid making three in a row** instead of achieving it. Players take turns placing Xs and Os on a 3×3 board, but the first player to complete a line **loses** the game.

## **Objective:**

Develop an AI that can strategically place pieces to **force the opponent into losing** while avoiding a losing move itself. The AI will use **Minimax with Alpha-Beta Pruning** for optimal strategy.

## **Game Description**

### **Original Game Background:**

Tic-Tac-Toe is a two-player game played on a 3x3 grid where players take turns marking Xs and Os. The first player to align three of their marks (horizontally, vertically, or diagonally) wins.

### **Innovations Introduced:**

- **Objective Change:** Instead of aiming to win by forming a line, players now try to avoid forming one.
- **AI Strategy Complexity:** Unlike standard Tic-Tac-Toe, where forced wins are easy to compute, avoiding a loss requires deeper lookahead and opponent modeling.

## **3. AI Approach and Methodology**

### **AI Techniques to be Used:**

- **Minimax Algorithm:** Modified to minimize the chances of forming a three-in-a-row.

- **Alpha-Beta Pruning:** Optimizes the Minimax search by pruning unnecessary branches.
- **Reinforcement Learning (Optional):** AI can be trained via self-play to refine strategies over time.

### Heuristic Design:

- Assign negative scores to potential three-in-a-row formations.
- Evaluate threats based on opponent's potential forced moves.
- Consider alternative board sizes where forced losses are harder to calculate.

### Complexity Analysis:

- A standard 3x3 board results in  **$O(b^d)$  complexity**, where **b = branching factor** and **d = depth of search**.

## 4. Game Rules and Mechanics

### **Modified Rules:**

- Players take turns placing marks (X or O) on a 3x3 grid.
- The first player to form three of their marks in a row (horizontally, vertically, or diagonally) loses.
- If the board fills up without a three-in-a-row, the game is a draw.

### **Winning Conditions:**

- A player **loses** if they are forced to make a move that results in three marks in a row.
- If the board is filled and neither player has lost, the game is a draw.

## **Turn Sequence:**

- Player 1 (X) moves first.
- Player 2 (O) moves next.
- Turns continue until a player forms a three-in-a-row and loses.

## **5. Implementation Plan**

### **Programming Language:**

- Python

### **Libraries and Tools:**

- **Pygame:** For graphical user interface (GUI)
- **NumPy:** For efficient game state representation
- **Minimax Algorithm with Alpha-Beta Pruning** (Implemented in Python)

### **Milestones and Timeline:**

- **Week 1-2:** Finalize game design, rules, and board variations.
- **Week 3-4:** Implement Minimax with Alpha-Beta Pruning.
- **Week 5-6:** Develop GUI and integrate AI.
- **Week 7:** Perform extensive testing and fine-tune AI heuristics.
- **Week 8:** Final testing and documentation preparation.

## **6. References**

- [Alpha-Beta Pruning](#)