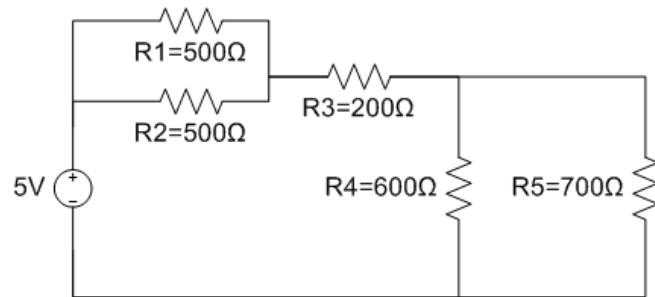


1. Given the circuit below. Compute the total resistance, total current and voltage drop across V_{R4R5} , V_{R3} , and V_{R1R2} . Compare it against the voltage measured multimeters and using Arduino (TinkerCAD). Please show solution and screen shot the circuit which includes the multimeter's readings and Arduino readings on both voltage drops and total current. Screen shots for the following

- V_{R4R5}
- ΣV_{R4R5} , V_{R3}
- ΣV_{R4R5} , V_{R3} , V_{R1R2}



Computing for the Total Resistance:

Given: $R1 = 500 \Omega$; $R2 = 500 \Omega$; $R3 = 200 \Omega$; $R4 = 600 \Omega$; $R5 = 700 \Omega$

$$R4 \parallel R5 = (600 \Omega * 700 \Omega) / 600 \Omega + 700 \Omega$$

$$R4 \parallel R5 = 420000 \Omega / 1300 \Omega$$

$$R4 \parallel R5 = 420000 \Omega / 1300 \Omega$$

$$\mathbf{R4 \parallel R5 = 323.08 \Omega}$$

$$R3 + (R4 \parallel R5) = R3 + 323.08 \Omega$$

$$R3 + (R4 \parallel R5) = 200 \Omega + 323.08 \Omega = \mathbf{523.08 \Omega}$$

$$R3 + (R4 \parallel R5) = \mathbf{523.08 \Omega}$$

$$R1 \parallel R2 = (500 \Omega * 500 \Omega) / (500 \Omega + 500 \Omega)$$

$$R1 \parallel R2 = 250000 \Omega / 1000 \Omega$$

$$R1 \parallel R2 = 250000 \Omega / 1000 \Omega$$

$$\mathbf{R1 \parallel R2 = 250 \Omega}$$

$$(R1 \parallel R2) + R3 + (R4 \parallel R5) = 250 \Omega + 523.08 \Omega$$

$$\mathbf{R_T = 773.08 \Omega}$$
 (Total Resistance)

Computing for the Total Current:

Given: $V_T = 5V$; $R_T = 773.08 \Omega$

$$V = IR$$

$$I_T = V_T / R_T$$

$$I_T = 5V / 773.08 \Omega$$

$$\mathbf{I_T = 0.00646 A}$$

Computing for Voltage drop of V_{R1R2} :

Given: $R1 \parallel R2 = 250 \Omega$; $I = 0.00646 A$

$$V_{R1R2} = I(R1 \parallel R2)$$

$$V_{R1R2} = (0.00646 A)(250 \Omega)$$

$$\mathbf{V_{R1R2} = 1.615 V}$$

Computing for Voltage drop of V_{R3} :

Given: $R3 = 200 \Omega$; $I = 0.00646 A$

$$V_{R3} = IR3$$

$$V_{R3} = (0.00646 A)(200 \Omega)$$

$$\mathbf{V_{R3} = 1.292 V}$$

Computing for Voltage drop of V_{R4R5} :

Given: $R3 = 200 \Omega$; $I = 0.00646 A$

$$V_{R4R5} = I(R4 \parallel R5)$$

$$V_{R4R5} = (0.00646 A)(323.08 \Omega)$$

$$\mathbf{V_{R4R5} = 2.087 V}$$

Computing for ΣV_{R3} , V_{R4R5} :

Given: $V_{R3} = 1.292 V$; $V_{R4R5} = 2.087 V$

$$\Sigma V_{R3}, V_{R4R5} = (V_{R3}) + (V_{R4R5})$$

$$\Sigma V_{R3}, V_{R4R5} = 1.292 V + 2.087 V$$

$$\mathbf{\Sigma V_{R3}, V_{R4R5} = 3.379 V}$$

Computing for Total Voltage Drop:

Given: $V_{R1R2} = 1.615 V$; $V_{R3} = 1.292 V$; $V_{R4R5} = 2.087 V$

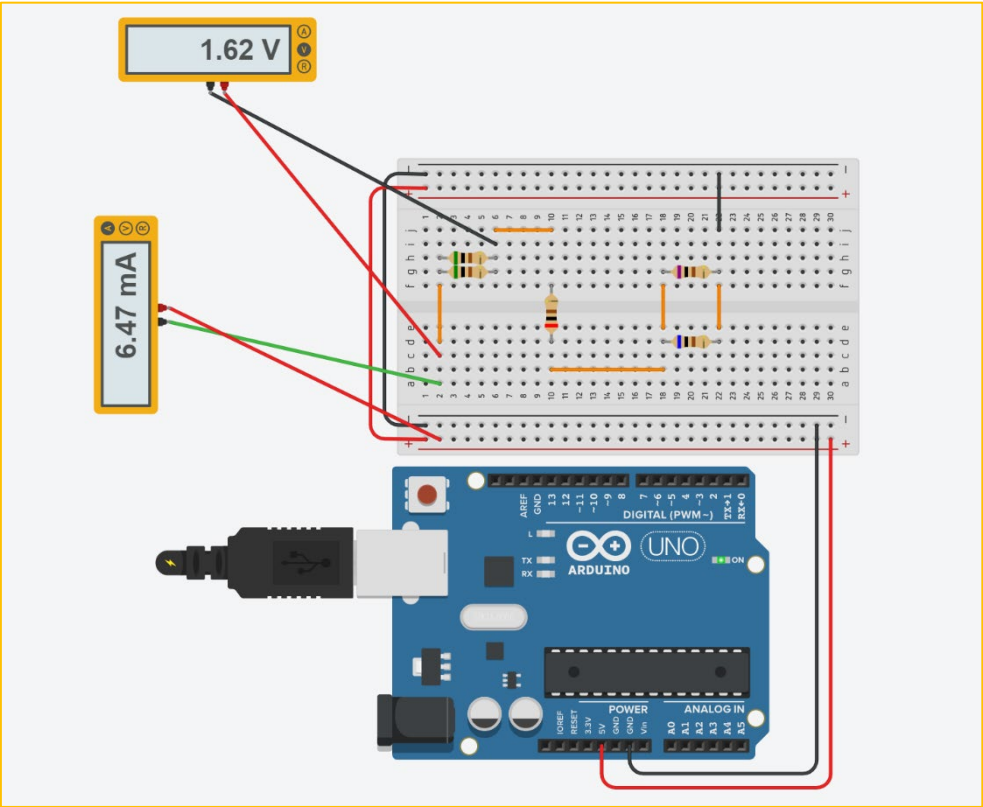
$$\Sigma V_{R3}, V_{R4R5}, V_{R1R2} = (V_{R1R2}) + (V_{R3}) + (V_{R4R5})$$

$$\Sigma V_{R3}, V_{R4R5}, V_{R1R2} = 1.615 V + 1.292 V + 2.087 V$$

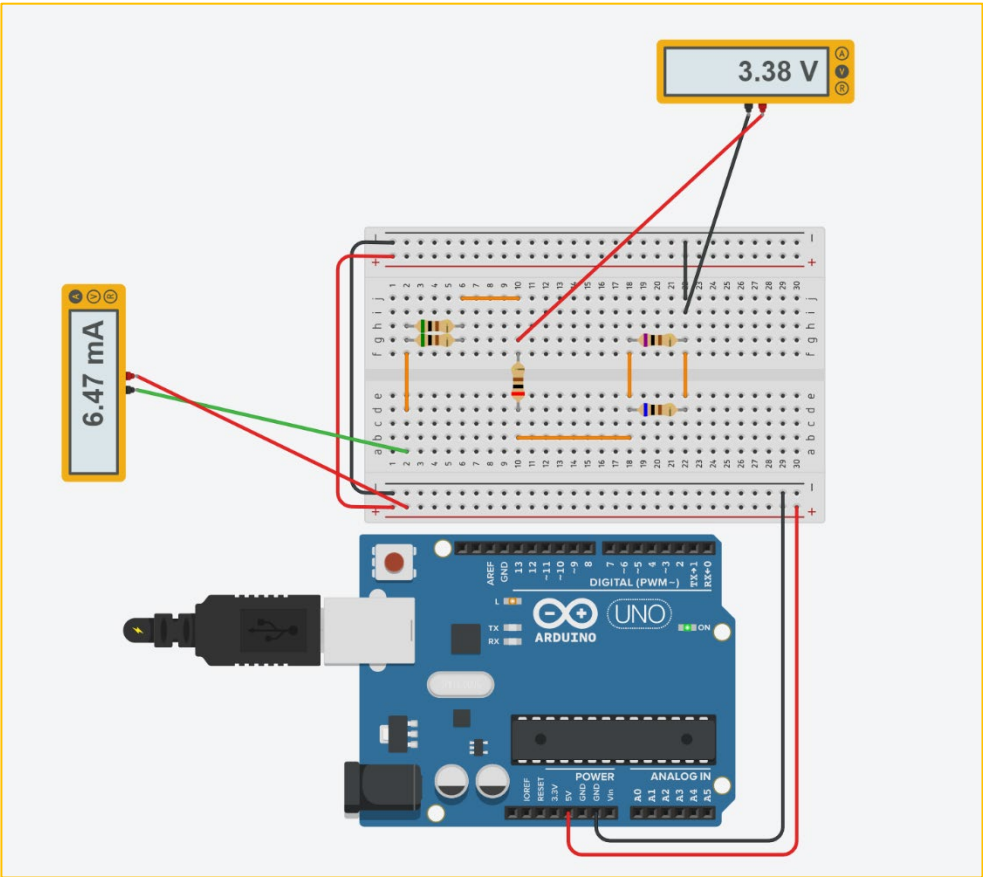
$$\mathbf{\Sigma V_{R3}, V_{R4R5}, V_{R1R2} = 4.995 V (~5V)}$$

Item 1 Screenshot:

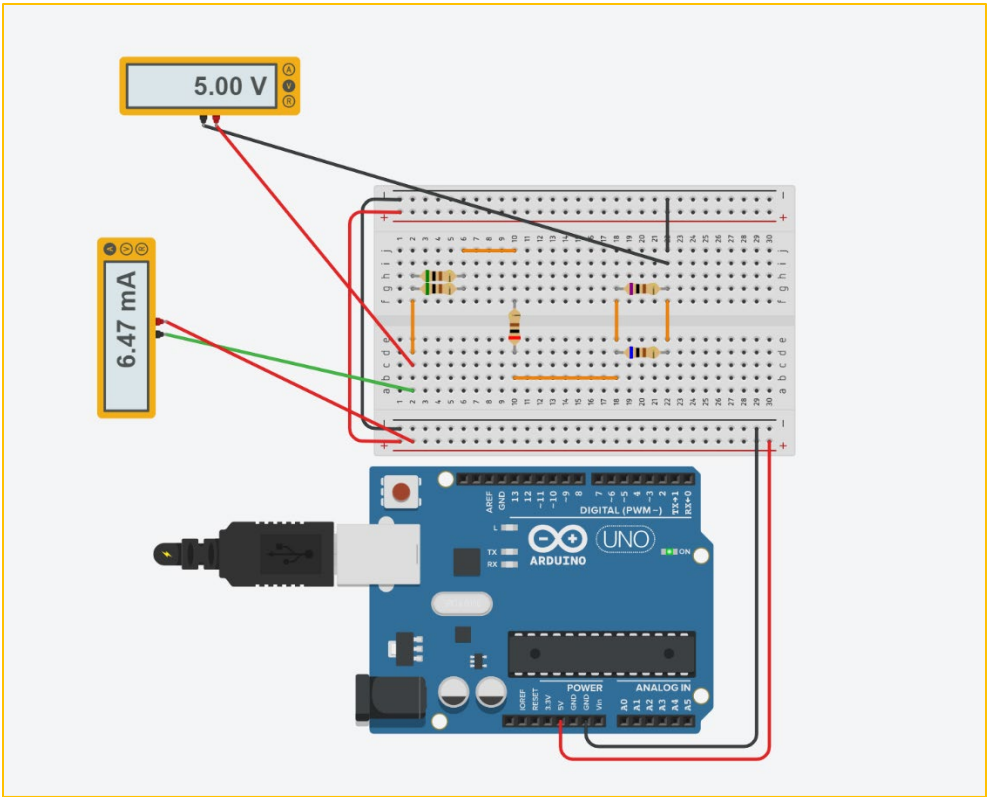
a. V_{R4R5}



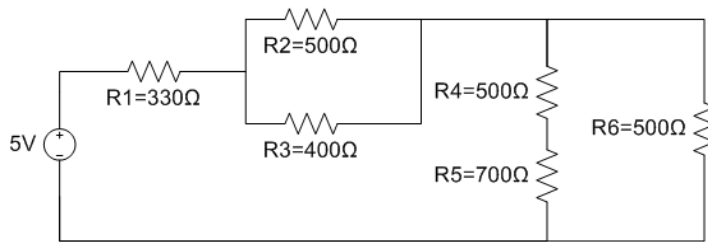
b. $\Sigma V_{R4R5}, V_{R3}$



C. $\sum V_{R4R5}, V_{R3}, V_{R1R2}$



2. Given the circuit below. Compute the total resistance, total current and voltage drop across V_{R4R5R6} , V_{R2R3} and V_{R1} . Compare it against the voltage measured multimeters and using Arduino (TinkerCAD). Please show solution and screen shot the circuit which includes the multimeter's readings and Arduino readings on both voltage drops and total current.



- V_{R4R5R6}
- $\Sigma V_{R4R5R6}, V_{R2R3}$
- $\Sigma V_{R4R5R6}, V_{R2R3}, V_{R1}$

Computing for Total Resistance:

Given: $R1 = 330 \Omega$; $R2 = 500 \Omega$; $R3 = 400 \Omega$; $R4 = 500 \Omega$; $R5 = 700 \Omega$; $R6 = 500 \Omega$

$$R2 \parallel R3 = (500 \Omega * 400 \Omega) / (500 \Omega + 400 \Omega)$$

$$\mathbf{R2 \parallel R3 = 222.22 \Omega}$$

$$R4 + R5 = 500 \Omega + 700 \Omega$$

$$\mathbf{R4 + R5 = 1200 \Omega}$$

$$(R4 + R5) \parallel R6 = (1200 \Omega * 500 \Omega) / (1200 \Omega + 500 \Omega)$$

$$\mathbf{(R4 + R5) \parallel R6 = 352.94 \Omega}$$

$$R_T = R1 + (R2 \parallel R3) + ((R4 + R5) \parallel R6)$$

$$R_T = 330 \Omega + 222.22 \Omega + 352.94 \Omega$$

$$\mathbf{R_T = 905.16 \Omega}$$

Computing for Total Current

Given: $V_T = 5 \text{ V}$; $R_T = 905.16 \Omega$; $I_T = ?$

$$I_T = V_T / R_T$$

$$I_T = 5 \text{ V} / 905.16 \Omega$$

$$\mathbf{I_T = 0.005524 \text{ A}}$$

Computing for Voltage drop of V_{R1} :

Given: $R1 = 330 \Omega$; $I1 = 0.005524 \text{ A}$

$$V_{R1} = I R1$$

$$V_{R1} = (0.005524 \text{ A})(330 \Omega)$$

$$\mathbf{V_{R1} = 1.8229 \text{ V}}$$

Computing for Voltage drop of V_{R4R5R6} :

Given: $(R4 + R5) \parallel R6 = 352.94 \Omega$; $I1 = 0.005524 \text{ A}$

$$V_{R4R5R6} = I((R4 + R5) \parallel R6)$$

$$V_{R4R5R6} = (0.005524 \text{ A})(352.94 \Omega)$$

$$\mathbf{V_{R4R5R6} = 1.9496 \text{ V}}$$

Computing for Voltage drop of V_{R2R3} :

Given: $(R2 \parallel R3) = 222.22 \Omega$; $I1 = 0.005524 \text{ A}$

$$V_{R2R3} = I(R2 \parallel R3)$$

$$V_{R2R3} = (0.005524 \text{ A})(222.22 \Omega)$$

$$\mathbf{V_{R2R3} = 1.2275 \text{ V}}$$

Computing for Voltage drop of $\Sigma V_{R4R5R6}, V_{R2R3}$:

Given: $V_{R4R5R6} = 1.9496 \text{ V}$; $V_{R2R3} = 1.2275 \text{ V}$

$$\Sigma V_{R4R5R6}, V_{R2R3} = V_{R4R5R6} + V_{R2R3}$$

$$\Sigma V_{R4R5R6}, V_{R2R3} = 1.9496 \text{ V} + 1.2275 \text{ V}$$

$$\mathbf{\Sigma V_{R4R5R6}, V_{R2R3} = 3.1771 \text{ V}}$$

Computing for Voltage drop of $\Sigma V_{R4R5R6}, V_{R2R3}, V_{R1}$:

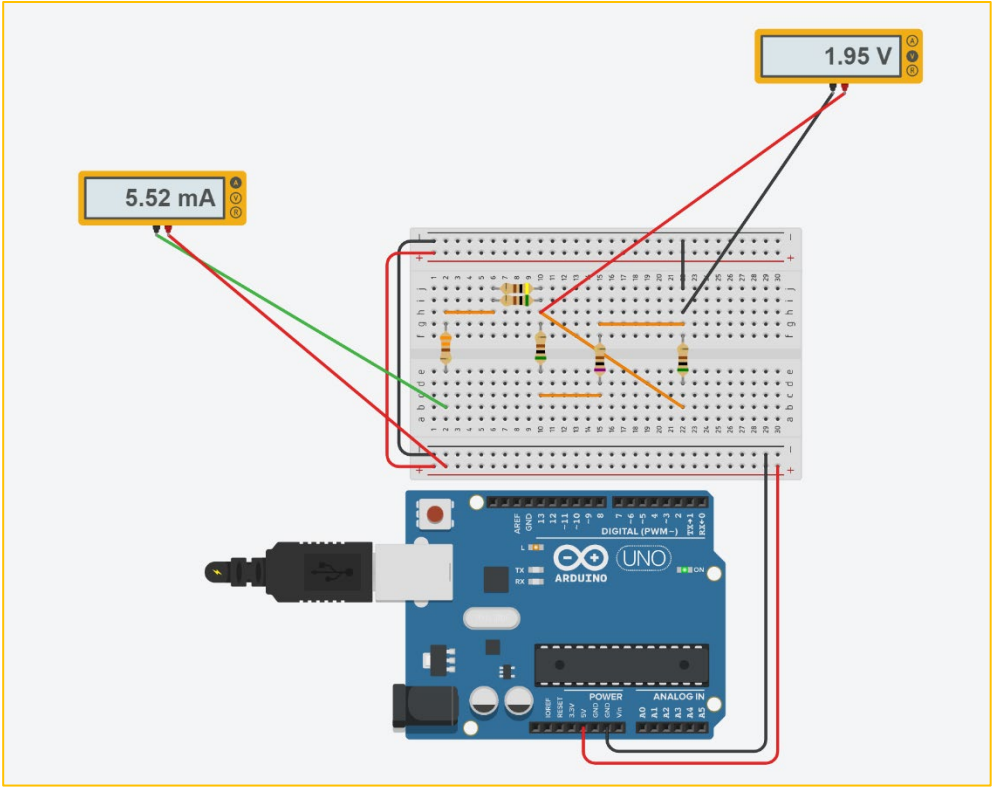
Given: $V_{R4R5R6} = 1.9496 \text{ V}$; $V_{R2R3} = 1.2275 \text{ V}$; $V_{R1} = 1.8229 \text{ V}$

$$\Sigma V_{R4R5R6}, V_{R2R3}, V_{R1} = V_{R4R5R6} + V_{R2R3} + V_{R1}$$

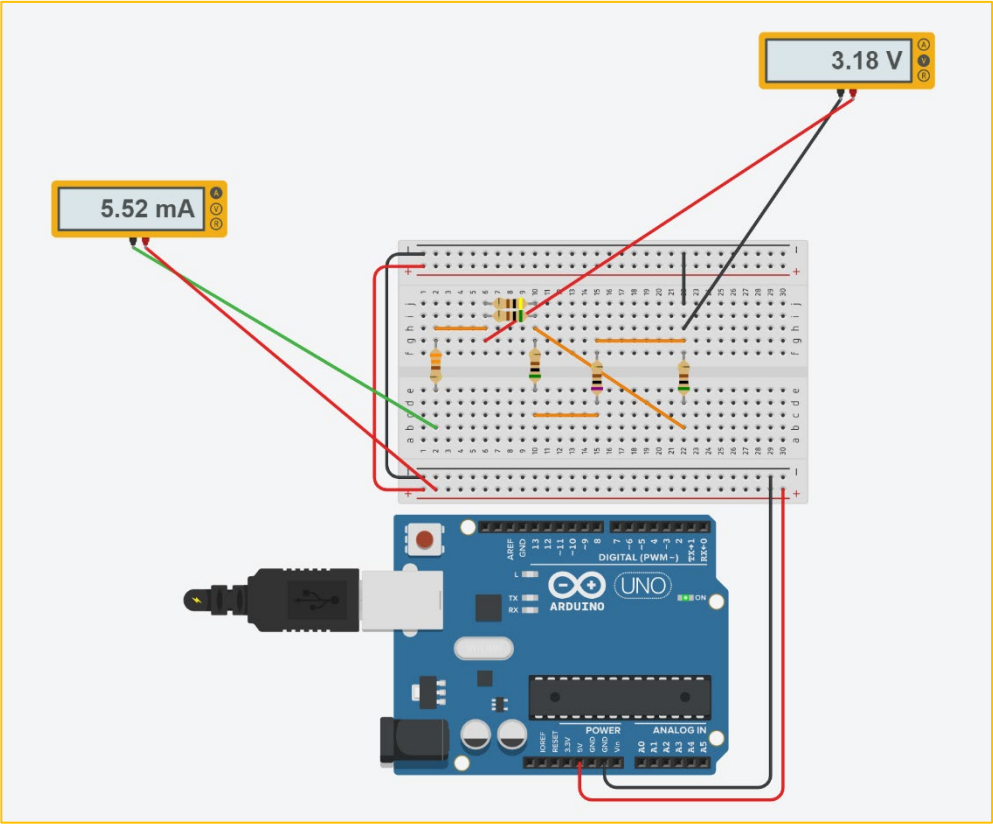
$$\Sigma V_{R4R5R6}, V_{R2R3}, V_{R1} = 1.9496 \text{ V} + 1.2275 \text{ V} + 1.8229 \text{ V}$$

$$\mathbf{\Sigma V_{R4R5R6}, V_{R2R3}, V_{R1} = 5 \text{ V}}$$

a. V_{R4R5R6}



b. $\Sigma V_{R4R5R6}, V_{R2R3}$



C. ΣV_{R4R5R6} , V_{R2R3} , V_{R1}

