/***********

The following is a set of example filters that can be created for use with the MySQL Enterprise Audit product to meet STIG requirements.

Before being used, auditing must first be configured to be enabled within the MySQL 8.0 Enterprise Edition Server.

The MySQL audit filters are capable of coarse or very fine-grained auditing for all or specific users. For more information, go to https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/8.0/en/audit-log-filtering.html.

For specifics on the JSON filters, go to https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/8.0/en/audit-log-filtering-enabling-logging.

Once enabled, the DBA can assess what to audit. This could be broad, for example every connection, statement, and action by every user whether a success or failure; or narrow, watching specific actions or action types on specific tables, etc.

This supplement will start with filter examples, which will audit more items, including much of what is required by many auditing STIG requirements, recognizing that sometimes systems cannot handle the storage overhead of auditing every action, and providing specific filtering examples.

Each example shows setting a MySQL variable string:

```
SET @<filter parameter name>=<JSON Filter>;
```

That JSON sting is used in the process of creating an audit filter:

```
SELECT audit log_filter set_filter('<a name for the filter>',@<filter parameter name>);
```

Next, the filter is set as the default for all users in the MySQL Server by binding it to "'%".

For example:

```
SELECT audit log filter set user('%',' failpermissionreadfilter');
```

OR

The filter is set to a specific user.

/****

Filter Example 1: This filter is for full logging and will log every event. This would satisfy any STIG auditing requirement. However, use with caution as the audit log will grow quickly on an active system.

```
*****/
SET @log all ='{ "filter": { "log": true } }';
/****
Filter Example 2: This filter is for full logging of all connection attempts.
*****/
SET @log all connection attemtps = '{ "filter": { "class": { "name": "connection" } } }';
/***
Filter Example 3: Only audit failed connections.
*****/
set @filter_failed_connections = '{ "filter": { "class": { "name": "connection",
                         "event": { "name": "connect",
                                "log": { "not": { "field": { "name": "status",
                                                    "value": 0 } } } } };
/****
Filter Example 4: Generate audit records when any unsuccessful accesses to objects occur.
****/
set @fl='{
"filter": {
 "class": {
"name": "general",
   "event": {
    "name": "status",
    "log": {
     "not": { "field": { "name": "general error code", "value": 0 }}
```

/****

Filter Example 5: This filter is used specifically to audit failed attempts to read, insert, delete, or update details on the mysql schema tables related to users, permissions, and privileges.

The JSON example below looks for read failures by using:

```
"event": { "name": "read",
You could modify for just insert
"event": { "name": "insert",
Or use a JSON array to look for one or more from read, insert, delete, update:
"event": { "name": [ "delete", "insert", "update" ],
```

The filter example is looking for non-zero status values. This indicates a failure as the audit writes only when an error code occurs.

```
"log" : { "not": { "field": { "name": "general error code", "value": 0 } }
****/
SET @fail permissionobj read filter =
'{ "filter": { "id": "main",
         "class": [ { "name": "connection",
                  "log": true,
                  { "name": "table access",
                  "log": false,
                         "filter": { "activate": { "or":
                         { "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table database.str", "value": "mysql" } },
                          "field": { "name": "table name.str", "value": "user" } } ] },
                         { "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value":
"information_schema" } },
                          "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "user_privileges" } } ] },
                          "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table database.str", "value": "mysql" } },
                          "field": { "name": "table name.str", "value": "db" } } ] },
                          "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table database.str", "value": "mysql" } },
                          "field": { "name": "table name.str", "value": "global grants" } } ] },
                          "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "mysql" } },
                          "field": { "name": "table name.str", "value": "tables priv" } } ] },
                          "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table database.str", "value": "mysql" } },
                          "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "procs_priv" } } ] },
                          "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "mysql" } },
                          "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "proxies_priv" } } ] },
                          "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table database.str", "value": "mysql" } },
                          "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "columns_priv" } } ] },
                          "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table database.str", "value": "mysql" } },
                          "field": { "name": "table name.str", "value": "procs priv" } } ] },
                          "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "mysql" } },
                         { "field": { "name": "table name.str", "value": "role edges" } } ] },
                         { "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table database.str", "value": "mysql" } },
```

```
{ "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "default_roles" } } ] } ] }, 
"class": { "name": "general", 
"event": { "name": "status", 
"log" : { "not": { "field": { "name": "general_error_code", "value": 0 } } }, 
"filter": { "ref": "main" } } } } } ] } };
```

/****

Filter Example 6: This filter is used specifically to audit calls to MySQL Statements within the following command types. This filter looks at the specific type of actions, versus examples 4 and 5, which look at internal MySQL tables. This example audits both successful and failed attempts.

For a complete list of general_sql_command values, run the following SQL:

SELECT NAME FROM performance_schema.setup_instruments WHERE NAME LIKE 'statement/sql/%' ORDER BY NAME;

The example filter below can be modified by adding or removing lines or substituting sql_command names desired.

```
****/
set @filter dcl command types = '{
 "filter": {
  "class": {
   "name": "general",
   "event": {
    "name": "status",
    "log": {
      "or": [
{ "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general sql command.str",
                                                       "value": "alter user" } } ] },
{ "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general sql command.str",
                                                       "value": "alter_user_default_role" } } ]
"and": [ { "field": { "name": "general sql command.str",
                                                       "value": "create role" } } ] },
 "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general sql command.str",
                                                       "value": "create user" } } ] },
 "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general_sql_command.str",
                                                       "value": "create_user" } } ] },
{ "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general_sql_command.str",
                                                       "value": "drop_role" } } ] },
 "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general_sql_command.str",
                                                       { "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general sql command.str",
                                                       "value": "drop user" } } ] },
 "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general sql command.str",
                                                       "value": "drop user" } } ] },
 "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general_sql_command.str",
                                                       "value": "grant roles" } } ] },
{ "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general_sql_command.str",
                                                       "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general_sql_command.str",
{ "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general sql command.str",
                                                       "value": "rename_user" } } ] },
{ "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general sql command.str",
                                                       "value": "revoke" } } ] },
```

```
{ "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general sql command.str",
                                                             "value": "revoke all" } } ] },
                                                             "value": "revoke_roles" } } ] },
{ "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general sql command.str",
{ "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general_sql_command.str",
                                                             "value": "set_role" } } ] },
{ "and": [ { "field": { "name": "general sql command.str",
                                                             "value": "show create user" } } ] }
/****
Filter Example 7: This is a general example for watching specific tables, in this case for reads,
but "insert", "update", or "delete" could be added to the line.
"event": { "name": "read",
This can be modified for just insert:
"event": { "name": "insert",
Or use a JSON array to look for 1 or more from read, insert, delete, update
"event": { "name": [ "delete", "insert", "update" ],
The database and table name should be completed to match the specifics desired.
****/
SET @filter fail table reads =
'{ "filter": { "id": "main",
         "class": [ { "name": "connection",
                  "log": true,
                 "event": { "name": "change_user", "log": false } },
                { "name": "table_access",
                  "log": false,
                         "filter": { "activate": { "or":
                         { "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table database.str", "value":
"<schema/database name>" } },
                         { "field": { "name": "table name.str", "value": "<tablename1>" } } ] },
                         { "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table database.str", "value":
"<schema/database name>" } },
                         { "field": { "name": "table name.str", "value": "<tablename1>" } } ] }
                         "class": { "name": "general",
                         "event": { "name": "status",
                         "log" : { "not": { "field": { "name": "general_error_code", "value": 0 } } },
                         "filter": { "ref": "main" } } } } } } } };
/***
```

Filter Example 8: The following is a more complex filter example. In this case, it generates audit records when security objects are deleted. (Denoted by looking for "drop_table" or "rename_table" command types for the list of security objects within MySQL.)

*****/

```
SET @filter seccurity objects deleted = '
{ "filter":
{ "id": "main",
"class":
 { "name": "connection" },
 { "name": "general",
   "event":
   { "name": "status",
    "log":
      "and":
        "or":
          {"field": { "name": "general command.str", "value": "Query" }},
          {"field": { "name": "general command.str", "value": "Execute" }}
       },
        "or":
          {"field": { "name": "general_sql_command.str", "value": "drop_table" }},
          {"field": { "name": "general sql command.str", "value": "rename table" }}
  { "name": "table access",
   "event":
   { "name": "update",
    "log": true,
    "filter":
      "activate":
       "or":
       [ { "and":
         [
           { "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "mysql"}},
           { "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "user"} }
        },
```

```
{ "and":
   { "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "information_schema"}},
  { "field": { "name": "table name.str", "value": "user privileges"} }
},
{ "and":
    "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "mysql"}},
  { "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "db"} }
},
{ "and":
   { "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "mysql"}},
  { "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "global_grants"} }
},
{ "and":
   { "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "mysql"}},
   { "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "tables_priv"} }
},
{ "and":
   { "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "mysql"}},
  { "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "procs_priv"} }
},
{ "and":
   { "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "mysql"}},
  { "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "proxies_priv"} }
},
{ "and":
   { "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "mysql"}},
  { "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "columns_priv"} }
},
{ "and":
```

```
{ "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "mysql"}},
     { "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "role_edges"} }
  { "and":
     { "field": { "name": "table database.str", "value": "mysql"}},
    { "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "default_roles"} }
"class":
 "name": "general",
 "event":
  "name": "status",
  "log": false,
  "filter": { "ref": "main"}
```

Filter Example 9: This filter generates audit records when successful access to specified objects occurs. Below is a JSON example to filter only successfully executed INSERT/UPDATE/DELETES statements for some specific database/tables. (Read could also be added to audit selects.)

```
@filter_successful_access=
{
    "filter":
    {
        "id": "main",
        "class":
        {
            "name": "table_access",
            "event":
        {
            "name": [ "delete", "insert", "update" ],
            "log": false,
```

```
"filter":
     "activate": { "or": [ { "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table_database.str", "value": "db_1" } },
                         { "field": { "name": "table name.str", "value": "table 1" } } ],
                  { "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table database.str", "value": "db 2" } },
                         { "field": { "name": "table_name.str", "value": "table_2" } } ] },
                  { "and": [ { "field": { "name": "table database.str", "value": "db 3" } },
                         { "field": { "name": "table name.str", "value": "table 3" } } }
     "class": { "name": "general",
      "event":
        "name": "status".
       "log": { "field": { "name": "general error code", "value": 0 } },
        "filter": { "ref": "main" }
Example to STIG Cross-Reference: If specific filters are needed for the list below, see the
referenced example. Note the example may need slight modification. How to modify is noted in
those examples.
*/
/***
AU-12 c
           CCI-000172
                            SRG-APP-000492-DB-000333
Filter Example 5
AU-12 c
           CCI-000172
                            SRG-APP-000494-DB-000344
Filter Example 7
                            SRG-APP-000494-DB-000345
AU-12 c
           CCI-000172
Filter Example 7
AU-12 c
           CCI-000172
                            SRG-APP-000495-DB-000326
Filter Example 6
AU-12 c
           CCI-000172
                            SRG-APP-000495-DB-000327
Filter Example 6
AU-12 c
           CCI-000172
                            SRG-APP-000495-DB-000328
Filter Example 6
AU-12 c
           CCI-000172
                            SRG-APP-000495-DB-000329
Filter Example 6
```

AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 5	SRG-APP-000496-DB-000334
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 5	SRG-APP-000496-DB-000335
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 5	SRG-APP-000498-DB-000346
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 6	SRG-APP-000498-DB-000347
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 5	SRG-APP-000499-DB-000330
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 5	SRG-APP-000499-DB-000331
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 8	SRG-APP-000501-DB-000336
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 8	SRG-APP-000501-DB-000337
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 6	SRG-APP-000502-DB-000348
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 6	SRG-APP-000502-DB-000349
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 2	SRG-APP-000503-DB-000350
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 2	SRG-APP-000503-DB-000351
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter 1 or Filter Example 6	SRG-APP-000504-DB-000354
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter 1 or Filter Example 6	SRG-APP-000504-DB-000355
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Related to audit data format	SRG-APP-000505-DB-000352 t – meets.
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Related to audit data format	SRG-APP-000506-DB-000353 t – meets.
AU-12 c CCI-000172 Filter Example 7	SRG-APP-000507-DB-000356

AU-12 c CCI-000172 SRG-APP-000507-DB-000357

Filter Example 4

SRG-APP-000508-DB-000358 AU-12 c CCI-000172

Filter Example 4

AU-14 (1) CCI-001464 Filter Example 2 SRG-APP-000092-DB-000208

AU-3 CCI-001487 SRG-APP-000100-DB-000201 Related to audit data format – meets.

***/