

## MCQ

1 What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
def func(a, b):  
    return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a)  
  
print(func(30, 75))
```

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 15
- d) 0

**Correct answer - (c) 15**

```
2 numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)  
  
sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers)  
  
even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0  
  
even_numbers = filter(even, sorted_numbers)  
  
print(type(even_numbers))
```

- a) Int
- b) Filter
- c) List
- d) Tuple

**Correct answer - (b) Filter**

3) As what datatype are the \*args stored, when passed into

- a) Tuple
- b) List

c) Dictionary

d) none

**Correct answer - (b) List**

4) set1 = {14, 3, 55}

set2 = {82, 49, 62}

set3={99,22,17}

print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))

a) 105

b) 270

c) 0

d) Error

**Correct answer - (d) Error**

5) What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?

a) raise

b) try

c) goto

d) except

**Correct answer - (d) Except**

6) Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?

a) timedata

b) date

c) datetime

d) time

**Correct answer - (c) datetime**

7) What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
```

a) 248

b) 169

c) 208

d) 233

**Correct answer - (c) 208**

8) Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?

a) strptime

b) strftime

c) both a) and b)

d) None

**Correct answer - (a) strptime**

9) The python tuple is \_\_\_\_\_ in nature.

a) mutable

b) immutable

c) unchangeable

d) none

**Correct answer - (b) immutable**

10)

The \_\_\_\_ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.

- A. range()
- B. set()
- C. dictionary{}
- D. None of the mentioned above

**Correct answer - (a) range()**

#### Question 11

Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?

- A. Del function
- B. Show function
- C. Lambda function
- D. None of the mentioned above

**Correct answer - (c) Lambda function**

#### Question 12

The module Pickle is used to \_\_\_\_.

- A. Serializing Python object structure
- B. De-serializing Python object structure
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of the mentioned above

**Correct answer - (c) Both A and B**

#### Question 13

Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?

- A. set() method
- B. dump() method
- C. load() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

**Correct answer - (b) dump() method**

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Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?

- A. load()
- B. set() method
- C. dump() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

**Correct answer - (a) load()**

15.

A text file contains only textual information consisting of \_\_\_\_.

- A. Alphabets
- B. Numbers
- C. Special symbols
- D. All of the mentioned above

**Correct answer - (d) All of the mentioned above**

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Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.)

captains = {

```
"Enterprise": "Picard",  
"Voyager": "Janeway",  
"Defiant": "Sisko",  
}
```

Enterprise Picard,

Voyager Janeway

Defiant Sisko

a) for ship, captain in captains.items():

```
print(ship, captain)
```

b) for ship in captains:

```
print(ship, captains[ship])
```

c) for ship in captains:

```
print(ship, captains)
```

d) both a and b

**Correct answer - (d) both a and b**

17)

Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?

a) captains = {dict}

b) type(captains)

c) captains.dict()

d) captains = {}

**Correct answer - (d) captains = {}**

18) Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some data!

Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and

"Defiant": "Sisko".

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing captains dictionary?

a) `captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"}`

`captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}`

`captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}`

b) `captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"`

`captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"`

`captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"`

c) `captains = {`

`"Enterprise": "Picard",`

`"Voyager": "Janeway",`

`"Defiant": "Sisko",`

`}`

d) None of the above

**Correct answer - (b)**

19 ) You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have:

`captains = {`

`"Enterprise": "Picard",`

`"Voyager": "Janeway",`

`"Defiant": "Sisko",`

`"Discovery": "unknown",`

`}` Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

a) `for item in captains.items():`

```
print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")
```

b) for ship, captain in captains.items():

```
print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

c) for captain, ship in captains.items():

```
print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

d) All are correct

**Correct answer - (b)**

20 )

You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
    "Discovery": "unknown",  
}
```

What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

a) del captains

b) captains.remove()

c) del captains["Discovery"]

d) captains["Discovery"].pop()

**Correct answer - (c) del captains ['Discovery']**