`pst-stru`:
Structural schemes v0.12

Giuseppe Matarazzo[*]

April 13, 2023

Abstract

`pst-stru` is a PSTricks package to draw structural schemes in civil engineering analysis (beams, portals, archs, piles).

Contents

1

1 Simple example


```
1 \psset{arrowsize=0.8mm,arrowinset=0}
2 \begin{pspicture}(-5,-1)(5,5)
3   \pnode(0,2.4){OO}\pnode(-4,0){A}\pnode(4,0){B}
4   \node(A)\node(B)
5   \psplot[linecolor=red,linewidth=2pt]{-4}{4}{x neg x mul 0.15 mul 2.4 add}
6   \rput{-39.8}(A){\hinge}\rput{39.8}(B){\hinge}\rput{0}(OO){\interhinge}
7   \rput{-5}(OO){\clockCouple}\rput{5}(OO){\noclockCouple}
8   \rput(0,3.2){\Large M}
9   \pcline [offset=-7mm,linecolor=blue]{|-|}(-4,0)(0,0)
10  \lput*{:U}{\large 4.00 m}
11  \pcline[offset=-7mm,linecolor=blue]{|-|}(0,0)(4,0)
12  \lput*{:U}{\large 4.00 m}
13  \pcline[offset=0pt,linecolor=blue]{|-|}(-4.4,0)(-4.4,2.4)
14 \lput*{:U}{2.40 m}
15 \end{pspicture}
```
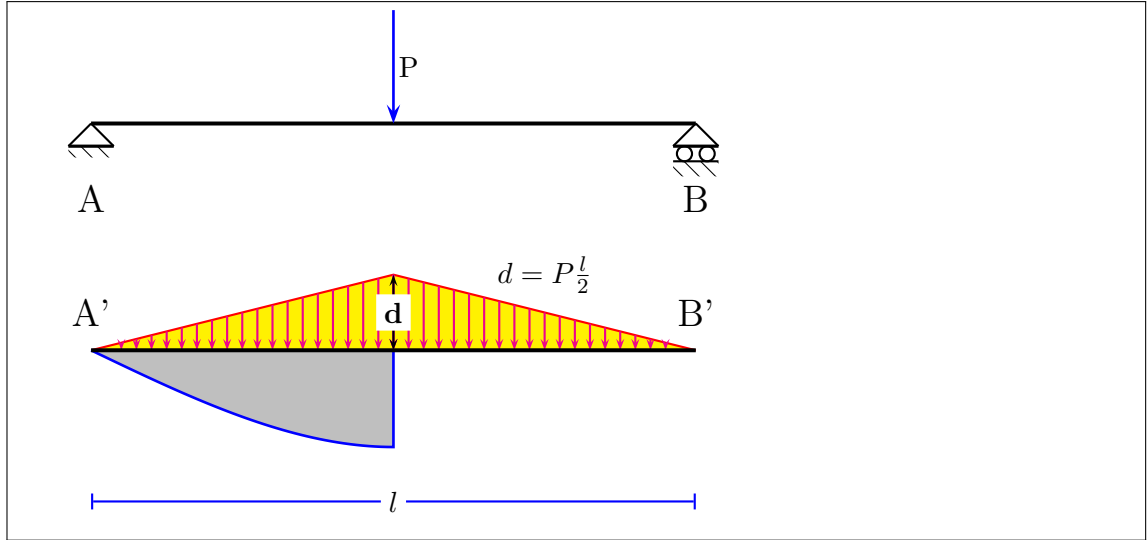
2 Elastic Line of a simple beam loaded with concentrated load P at the center line

*B*ernoulli's Equation: $EJ\eta'' = -M$

The **elastic curve** of the assigned beam AB (P loaded at mid-span) is obtained by computing the Bending Moment of the auxiliary beam A'B' to which is applied the BM of AB (EJ=const)

$$EJ \cdot \eta = \frac{Pl^2}{16}x - \frac{P}{12}x^3 \qquad 0 \le x \le l/2$$

3

```
1  \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2.4)(9,4.5)
2    \pnode(0,3){A}\pnode(8,3){B}\pnode(0,0){A1}\pnode(8,0){B1}\pnode(4,0){M}
3    \psline[linewidth=1.5pt](0,3)(8,3) % Beam AB
4    \psArrowCivil[RotArrows=0,length=1.5,start=0.5,%
5      linecolor=blue,arrowsize=1.8mm,OffsetLabel=0.2,linewidth=1pt](A)(B){\rput{90}{P}}
6    \rput{0}(A){\hinge} \rput{0}(B){\roller}
7    \psline[linecolor=red,fillcolor=yellow,fillstyle=solid](0,0)(4,1)(8,0)
8    \rput(0,2){\Large A} \rput(8,2){\Large B}
9    %% 1st half load
10   \multido{\nStart=1.00+0.05}{-19}{%
11    \psArrowCivil[RotArrows=0,length=\nStart,start=\nStart,linecolor=magenta](A1)(M){}}
12   %% 2nd half load
13   \multido{\nStart=1.00+0.05}{-19}{%
14    \psArrowCivil[RotArrows=180,length=\nStart,start=\nStart,linecolor=magenta](B1)(M){}}
15   \pcline{<->}(4,0)(4,1)\lput*{:R}{\bf d}
16   \rput(6,1){$d=P\frac{l}{2}$} \rput(0,0.5){\Large A'} \rput(8,0.5){\Large B'}
17   \pcline[linecolor=blue]{|-|}(0,-2)(8,-2)\lput*{:U}{\bf $l$}
18   % Paramenters #1 P = 6 #2 l=8 #3 scale factor =0.02
19   %----------- Elastic curve of beam AB ---------------------
20   \def\ElasticAB#1#2#3{#1 16.0 div #2 #2 x mul mul mul
21                        #1 -12.0 div x x x mul mul mul add #3 mul neg}
22   \pscustom[linecolor=blue,linewidth=1pt,fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=lightgray]{%
23     \psplot[]{0.0}{4.0}{\ElasticAB{6}{8}{0.02}}}
24   \psline(4,0)(0,0)}
25   \psline[linewidth=1.5pt](0,0)(8,0) % Beam A'B'
26 \end{pspicture}
```

3 Antisymmetric distributed load
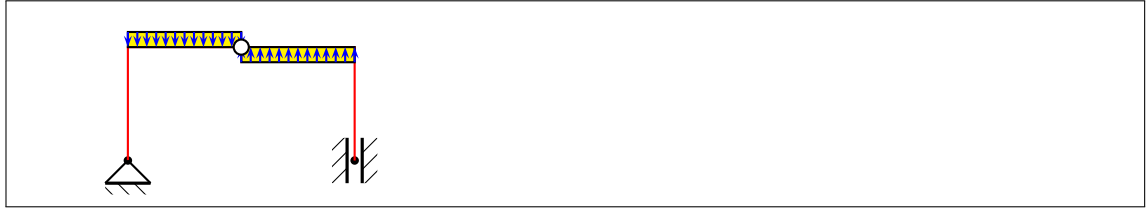

```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-3,-0.5)(4,2)
2   \pnode(0,1.5){OO}\pnode(1.5,1.5){C}\pnode(-1.5,1.5){D}\pnode(-1.5,0) {A}\pnode(1.5,0){B}
3   \node(A)\node(B)
4   \psline[linecolor=red](A)(D)(C)(B)
5   \rput{0}(A){\hinge}\rput{90}(B){\guide}
6   \psframe[fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow](-1.5,1.5)(0,1.7)
7   \psframe[fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow](0,1.3)(1.5,1.5)
8   \multido{\nStart=0.0+0.0833}{13}{%
9     \psArrowCivil[RotArrows=0,length=0.2,start=\nStart,linecolor=blue](D)(OO){}
10     \psArrowCivil[RotArrows=180,length=0.2,start=\nStart,linecolor=blue](OO)(C){}}
11   \rput{0}(OO){\interhinge}
12 \end{pspicture}
```

4 Antisymmetric load

```
\FPmessagesfalse
\def\retta#1#2{#1 x mul #2 add}
\def\rettaTeX#1#2{%
  \multido{\nStart=0.0+0.2}{21}{%
  \pnode(\nStart,0){E1}
  \FPeval{\ValueRetta}{(#1)*(\nStart)+(#2)}
  \pnode(\nStart,\ValueRetta){E2}
  \FPeval{\Test}{abs(\ValueRetta)-0.2}
  \FPifneg{\Test}\psset{arrowsize=0}\else\psset{arrowsize=1mm}\fi
  \psline[linecolor=blue,arrowinset=0]{->}(E2)(E1)}}
```
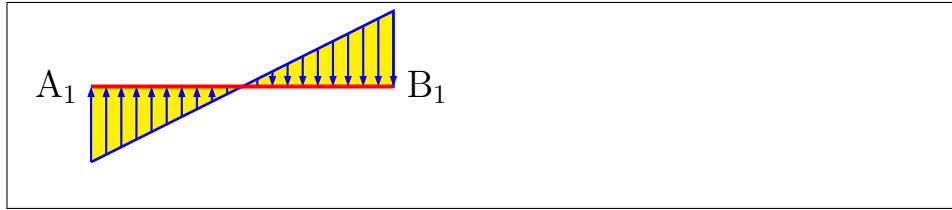


```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1.5)(5,1)
2 \pnode(0,0){A1}\pnode(4,0){B1}
3 \uput[180](A1){\Large A$_1$}\uput[0](B1){\Large B$_1$}
4 %----------------------------------------
5 % Parameters
6 % #1 m = 0.5      y = mx + n       (1)
7 % #2 n = -1
8 %----------- line 1 ------- --------------------------
9 \pscustom[linecolor=blue,linewidth=1pt,fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow]{
10 \psplot[linecolor=blue]{0}{4}{\retta{0.5}{-1}}
11 \psline(B1)(A1)}\rettaTeX{0.5}{-1}
12 \psline[linecolor=red,linewidth=1.5pt](A1)(B1) % Beam A1-B1
13 \end{pspicture}
```

5   Triangular load
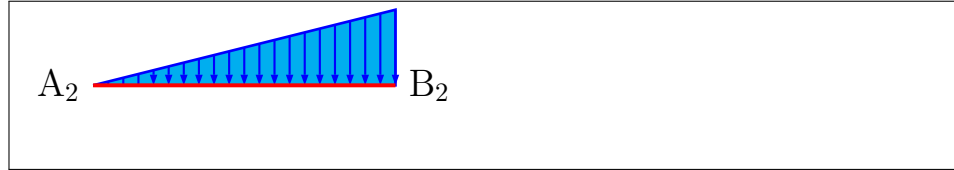

```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,1)
2 %----------------------------------------
3 % Parameters
4 % #1 m = 0.25      y = mx + n      (2)
5 % #2 n = 0
6 %---------- line 2 ------- -------------------------
7 \pnode(0,0) {A2}
8 \pnode(4,0) {B2}
9 \uput[180](A2){\Large A$_2$}
10 \uput[0](B2){\Large B$_2$}
11 \pscustom[linecolor=blue,linewidth=1pt,fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=cyan]{
12 \psplot[linecolor=blue]{0}{4}{\retta{0.25}{0}}
13 \psline(B2)(A2)}
14 \rettaTeX{0.25}{0}
15 \psline[linecolor=red,linewidth=1.5pt](A2)(B2) % Beam A2-B2
16 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,1)
2 %----------------------------------------
3 % Parameters
4 % #1 m = -0.5      y = mx + n      (2)
5 % #2 n = 1
6 %---------- line 2 ------- Triangular load -------------------------
7  \pnode(0,0){A3}\pnode(4,0){B3}
8  \uput[180](A3){\Large A$_3$}\uput[0](B3){\Large B$_3$}
9  \pscustom[linecolor=blue,linewidth=1pt,fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=cyan]{
10   \psplot[linecolor=blue]{0}{4}{\retta{-0.5}{1}}
11  \psline(B3)(A3)}\rettaTeX{-0.5}{1}
12  \psline[linecolor=red,linewidth=1.5pt](A3)(B3) % Beam A3-B3
13 \end{pspicture}
```
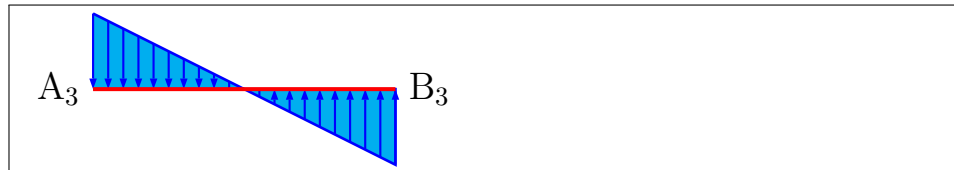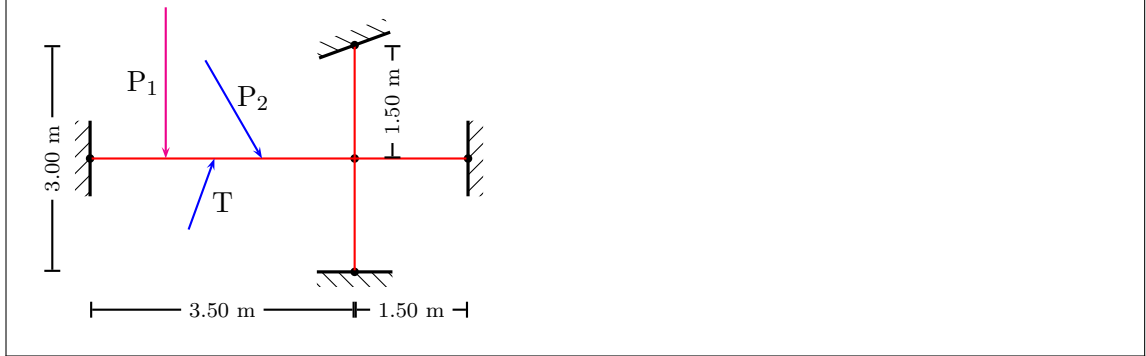
6 Loads: Position and naming


```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-3,-2.5)(3,2)
2 % ------ KNOTS definition -----------
3 \pnode(-2,0){A}\pnode(1.5,0){B}\pnode(1.5,-1.5){E}\pnode(1.5,1.5){F}\pnode(3,0){G}
4 \node(A) \node(E) \node(B) \node(F) \node(G)
5 % ------ Structure drawing and fixed ends position -----------
6 \psline[linecolor=red](A)(G) \psline[linecolor=red](E)(F)
7 \rput{-90}(A){\fixedend} %   left FE
8 \rput{0}(E){\fixedend}    % bottom FE
9 \rput{-160}(F){\fixedend} %   top FE
10 \rput{90}(G){\fixedend}   %  right FE
11 % ------ Loads: Position and naming -----------
12 \psArrowCivil[RotArrows=0,length=2.0,start=0.286,%
13     linecolor=magenta,OffsetLabel=-0.3](A)(B){\rput{90}{P$_1$}}
14 \psArrowCivil[RotArrows=30,length=1.5,start=0.65,%
15     linecolor=blue,OffsetLabel=0.3](A)(B){\rput{60}{P$_2$}}
16 \psArrowCivil[RotArrows=-200,length=1.0,start=0.47,%
17     linecolor=blue,OffsetLabel=-0.3](A)(B){\rput{-70}{T}}
18 % ------ Spans measures -----------
19 \pcline [offset=-5mm]{|-|}(-2,-1.5)(1.5,-1.5)\lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 3.50 m}
20 \pcline [offset=-5mm]{|-|}(1.5,-1.5)(3,-1.5) \lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 1.50 m}
21 \pcline [offset=5mm]{|-|}(-2,-1.5)(-2,1.5) \lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 3.00 m}
22 \pcline [offset=0mm]{|-|}(2,0)(2,1.5)    \lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 1.50 m}
23 \end{pspicture}
```

8

7 Distributed load
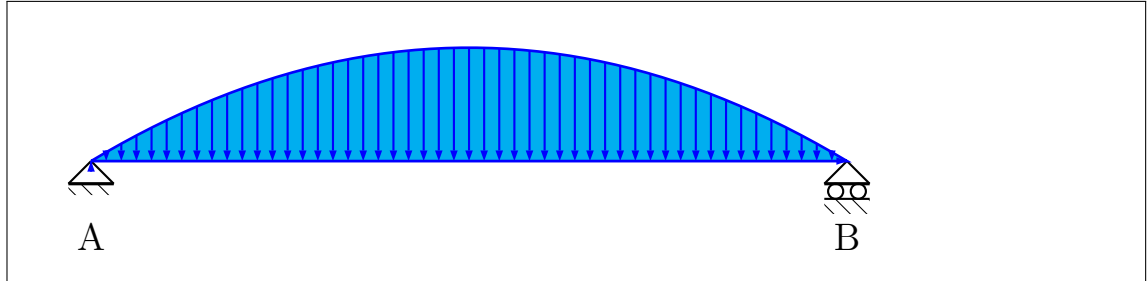

```
1 \def\BMdistributed#1#2#3{#2 x sub 0.5 #1 x mul mul mul #3 mul}
2 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1.5)(11,2)
3   \pnode(0,0){A}\pnode(10,0) {B}
4   \rput{0}(A){\hinge}\rput{0}(B){\roller}\rput(0,-1){\Large A}\rput(10,-1){\Large B}
5   \psline[linecolor=blue](A)(B)
6 %==========================================================================
7 % Paramenters
8 % #1  q = 12
9 % #2  l = 10
10 % #3 scale factor =0.01: to be multiplied by (10/l)~2 (when l<> 10)
11 %---------- BM distributed load ----------------------
12   \pscustom[linecolor=blue,linewidth=1pt,fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=cyan]{
13   \psplot[linecolor=blue]{0}{10}{\BMdistributed{12}{10}{0.01}}
14   \psline[](10,0)(0,0)}
15   \psset{arrowsize=1.5mm}
16   \multido{\nStart=0.0+0.2}{51}{%
17     \pnode(\nStart,0){E1}\pnode(! /x \nStart\space def x \BMdistributed{12}{10}{0.01}){E2}
18     \psline[linecolor=blue,arrowinset=0,arrowsize=1mm]{->}(E2)(E1)}
19 \end{pspicture}
```

8 Macro \triload
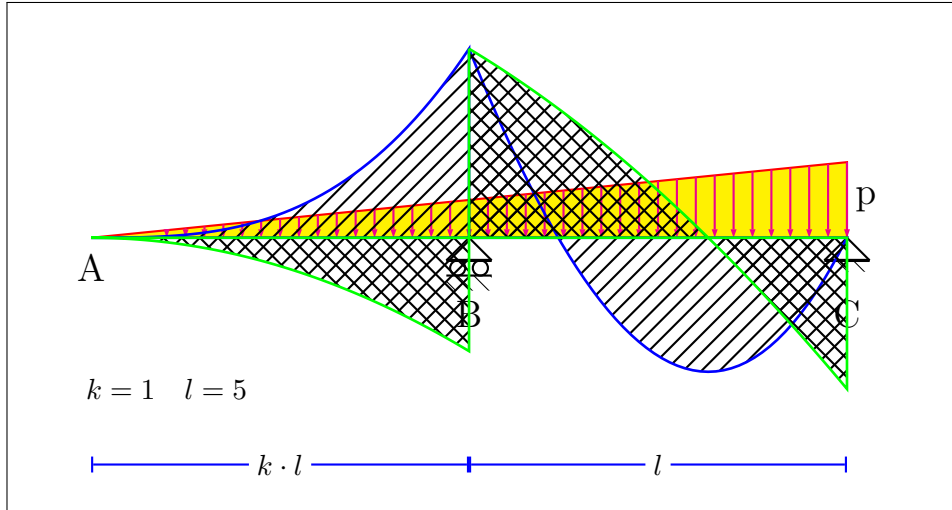

```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-3.5)(11,3)
2 % Total span is (K+1) times L, say AC=(K+1)*L
  [K=dimensionless value]
3   \triload[K=1,P=8,L=5] % k=1 -> AB=BC
4 % \triload[K=0.333,P=8,L=7.5] % k=1/3, like example 6
5 % \triload[K=2,P=8,L=3] % k=2 -> BM always NEGATIVE in the whole structure
6 % \triload[K=2.5,P=8,L=2] % k>2 -> Reaction in C downwards
7 \end{pspicture}
```

$k = 0.333 \quad l = 7.5$

$k \cdot l$
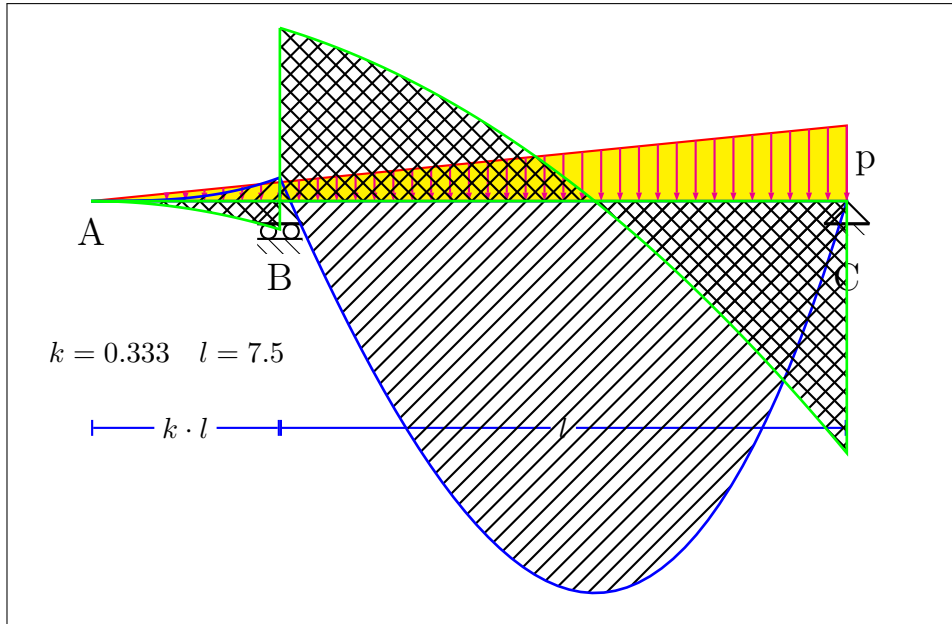
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-5.5)(11,2.5)
2  % \psgrid[subgriddiv=0,griddots=10,gridlabels=7pt,gridcolor=magenta]
3  % Total span is (K+1) times L, say AC=(K+1)*L
   [K=dimensionless value]
4  % \triload[K=1,P=8,L=5] % k=1 -> AB=BC
5  \triload[K=0.333,P=8,L=7.5] % k=1/3, like example 6
6  % \triload[K=2,P=8,L=3] % k=2 -> BM always NEGATIVE in the whole structure
7  % \triload[K=2.5,P=8,L=2] % k>2 -> Reaction in C downwards
8 \end{pspicture}
```

```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-3)(11,5)
2 % \psgrid[subgriddiv=0,griddots=10,gridlabels=7pt,gridcolor=magenta]
3 % Total span is (K+1) times L, say AC=(K+1)*L
  [K=dimensionless value]
4 % ----------------------------------
5 % \triload[K=1,P=8,L=5] % k=1 -> AB=BC
6 % \triload[K=0.333,P=8,L=7.5] % k=1/3, like example 6
7 \triload[K=2,P=8,L=3] % k=2 -> BM always NEGATIVE in the whole structure
8 % \triload[K=2.5,P=8,L=2] % k>2 -> Reaction in C downwards
9 % ----------------------------------
10 \end{pspicture}
```
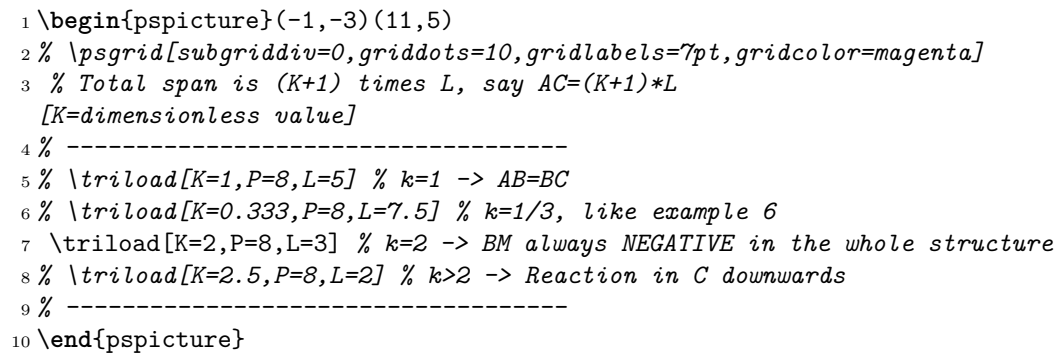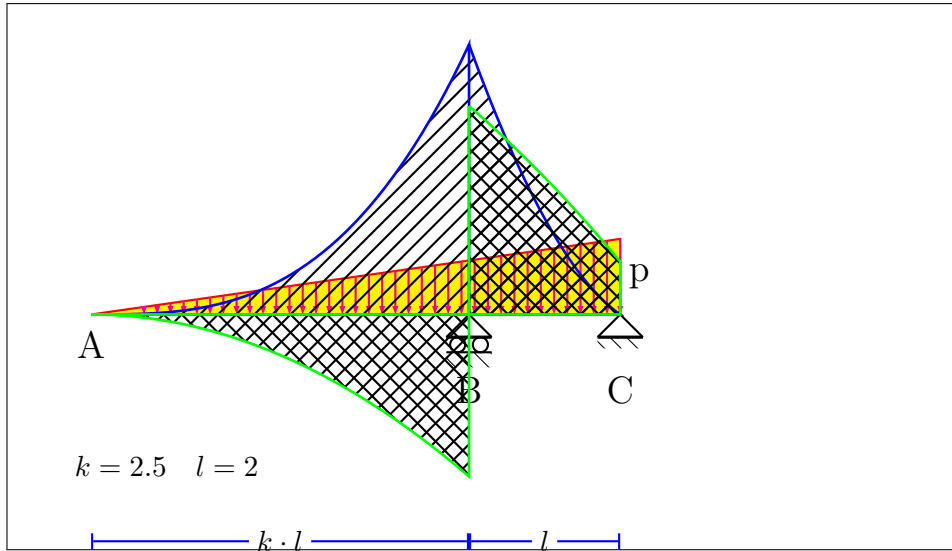
$k = 2.5 \quad l = 2$

$k \cdot l \qquad l$

```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-3)(11,4)
2 % \psgrid[subgriddiv=0,griddots=10,gridlabels=7pt,gridcolor=magenta]
3 % Total span is (K+1) times L, say AC=(K+1)*L
  [K=dimensionless value]
4 % ----------------------------------
5 % \triload[K=1,P=8,L=5] % k=1 -> AB=BC
6 % \triload[K=0.333,P=8,L=7.5] % k=1/3, like example 6
7 % \triload[K=2,P=8,L=3] % k=2 -> BM always NEGATIVE in the whole structure
8  \triload[K=2.5,P=8,L=2] % k>2 -> Reaction in C downwards
9 % ----------------------------------
10 \end{pspicture}
```

9 Non-symmetric superimposed dead load


```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-3,-1)(3,2)
2   \pnode(-2,0){A}\pnode(2,0){B}\pnode(0,1.5){V}\pnode(-2,1.5) {A0}\pnode(2,1.5){B0}
3   \node(A)\node(B)\node(V)
4   \psline[linecolor=red](A)(V)(B)(A)
5   \rput{0}(A){\hinge} \rput{0}(B){\roller}
6 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
7 %         Non-symmetric superimposed dead load
8 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
9   \psframe[fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=green](-2,1.5)(0,1.7)
10   \psframe[fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow](2,0)(2.2,1.5)
11   \multido{\nStart=0.0+0.0833}{13}{%
12     \psArrowCivil[RotArrows=0,length=0.2,start=\nStart,linecolor=black](A0)(V){}
13 %         Lateral load (i.e. wind)
14   \psArrowCivil[RotArrows=180,length=0.2,start=\nStart,linecolor=blue](B)(B0){}}
15 \end{pspicture}
```

14

10 Distributed load for all beams
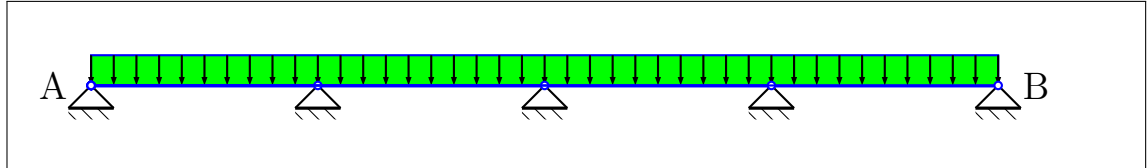

```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(13,1)
2 \pnode(0,0){A}\pnode(12,0){B}\pnode(12,0.4){B1}
3  \node (A) \rput(-0.5,0){\Large A} \rput(12.5,0){\Large B}
4 \psline[linecolor=blue,linewidth=1.5pt](A)(B) % join A-B
5 %------------------------------------------------------------
6  \psframe[linecolor=blue,fillcolor=green,fillstyle=solid](A)(B1)
7 %
8 % distributed load for all beams
9  \multido{\nBegin=0+0.025}{41}{%
10   \psArrowCivil[RotArrows=0,length=0.4,start=\nBegin,linecolor=black](A)(B){}}
11 %
12 % recursive routine
13  \multido{\rStart=0.00+3.00}{5}{%
14    \pnode(0,0){E1}\pnode(\rStart,0){E2}\rput{0}(E2){\hinge}
15    \psline[linecolor=blue,arrowinset=0,arrowsize=1mm]{o-o}(E1)(E2)}
16 \end{pspicture}
```

11 Distributed load for all beams
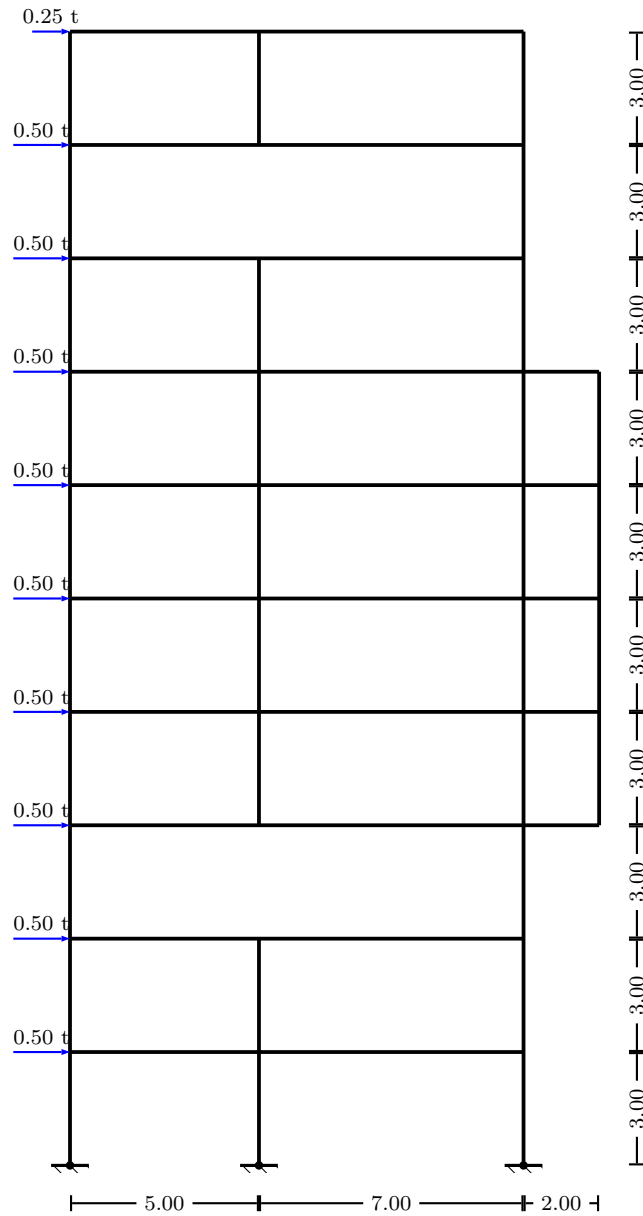

```
\psset{xunit=0.5cm,yunit=0.5cm}    % Scaling
\begin{pspicture}(-3,-2)(16,32)
\psgrid[subgriddiv=0,griddots=10,gridlabels=7pt,gridcolor=magenta]
```

```
% ------ KNOTS definition -----------
\pnode(0,0) {A0}\pnode(5,0) {B0} \pnode(12,0) {C0}
  \node (A0)  \node (B0)  \node (C0)
\pnode(0,30) {A10} \pnode(5,30) {B10} \pnode(12,30) {C10}


%------------------------
\pnode(5,27) {B9}\pnode(5,24) {B8}
\pnode(5,6) {B2} \pnode(5,9) {B3}
%------------------------
\pnode(14,9) {D3} \pnode(14,12) {D4}
\pnode(14,15) {D5}\pnode(14,18) {D6}
\pnode(14,21) {D7}
%------------------------
\pnode(0,27)  {A9}\pnode(12,27) {C9}
\pnode(0,24)  {A8}\pnode(12,24) {C8}
\pnode(0,21)  {A7}\pnode(12,21) {C7}
\pnode(0,18)  {A6}\pnode(12,18) {C6}
\pnode(0,15)  {A5}\pnode(12,15) {C5}
\pnode(0,12) {A4} \pnode(12,12) {C4}
\pnode(0,9)  {A3} \pnode(12,9) {C3}
\pnode(0,6)  {A2} \pnode(12,6) {C2}
\pnode(0,3)  {A1} \pnode(12,3) {C1}
%
% ------ Structure drawing and fixed ends position -----------
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](A0)(A10)
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](C0)(C10)
%
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](B9)(B10)
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](B3)(B8)
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](B0)(B2)
%
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](A10)(C10)
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](A9)(C9)
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](A8)(C8)
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](A7)(D7)
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](A6)(D6)
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](A5)(D5)
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](A4)(D4)
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](A3)(D3)
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](A2)(C2)
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](A1)(C1)
%
 \psline[linecolor=black,linewidth=0.05](D3)(D7)
 \rput{0}(A0){\fixedend}       %  bottom FE, column A
 \rput{0}(B0){\fixedend}       %  bottom FE, column B
```
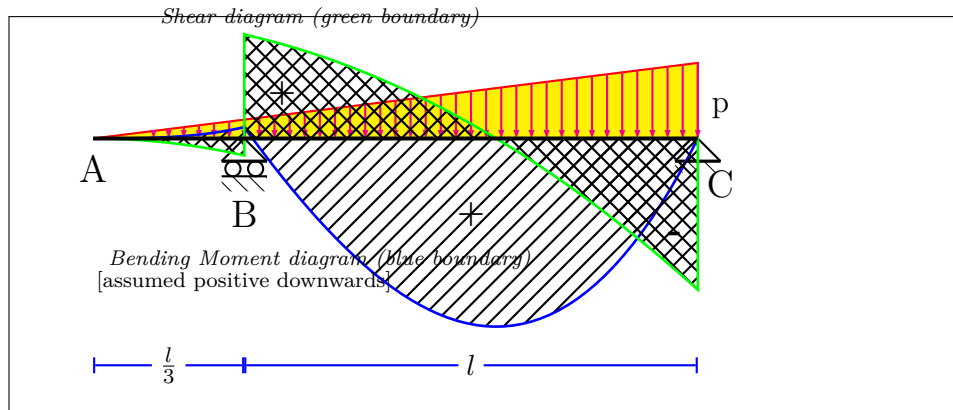
```
  \rput{0}(C0){\fixedend}        %  bottom FE, column C
% ------ Loads: Position and naming -----------
\psArrowCivil[RotArrows=90,length=1.0,start=0,%
    linecolor=blue,OffsetLabel=0.2](A10)(B10){\rput{0}{\scriptsize 0.25 t}}
\psArrowCivil[RotArrows=90,length=1.5,start=0,%
    linecolor=blue,OffsetLabel=0.2](A9)(B9){\rput{0}{\scriptsize 0.50 t}}
\psArrowCivil[RotArrows=90,length=1.5,start=0,%
    linecolor=blue,OffsetLabel=0.2](A8)(B8){\rput{0}{\scriptsize 0.50 t}}
\psArrowCivil[RotArrows=90,length=1.5,start=0,%
    linecolor=blue,OffsetLabel=0.2](A7)(C7){\rput{0}{\scriptsize 0.50 t}}
\psArrowCivil[RotArrows=90,length=1.5,start=0,%
    linecolor=blue,OffsetLabel=0.2](A6)(C6){\rput{0}{\scriptsize 0.50 t}}
\psArrowCivil[RotArrows=90,length=1.5,start=0,%
    linecolor=blue,OffsetLabel=0.2](A5)(C5){\rput{0}{\scriptsize 0.50 t}}
\psArrowCivil[RotArrows=90,length=1.5,start=0,%
    linecolor=blue,OffsetLabel=0.2](A4)(C4){\rput{0}{\scriptsize 0.50 t}}
\psArrowCivil[RotArrows=90,length=1.5,start=0,%
    linecolor=blue,OffsetLabel=0.2](A3)(B3){\rput{0}{\scriptsize 0.50 t}}
\psArrowCivil[RotArrows=90,length=1.5,start=0,%
    linecolor=blue,OffsetLabel=0.2](A2)(B2){\rput{0}{\scriptsize 0.50 t}}
\psArrowCivil[RotArrows=90,length=1.5,start=0,%
    linecolor=blue,OffsetLabel=0.2](A1)(C1){\rput{0}{\scriptsize 0.50 t}}
%
% ------ Spans measures -----------
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(0,0)(5,0)   \lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 5.00}
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(5,0)(12,0) \lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 7.00}
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(12,0)(14,0) \lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 2.00}
%-----------------------
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(14,0)(14,3)   \lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 3.00}
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(14,3)(14,6)   \lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 3.00}
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(14,6)(14,9)   \lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 3.00}
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(14,9)(14,12) \lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 3.00}
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(14,12)(14,15)\lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 3.00}
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(14,15)(14,18)\lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 3.00}
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(14,18)(14,21)\lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 3.00}
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(14,21)(14,24)\lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 3.00}
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(14,24)(14,27)\lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 3.00}
 \pcline [offset=-0.5]{|-|}(14,27)(14,30)\lput*{:U}{\scriptsize 3.00}
\end{pspicture}
```

12 Simple Beam with one overhang: triangular distributed load p

Shear diagram (green boundary)

p

A

B

C

Bending Moment diagram (blue boundary)
[assumed positive downwards]

$\frac{l}{3}$ l

1 `\begin{pspicture}(-1,-3.5)(9,1.5)`
2 `\pnode(0,0) {A}\pnode(2,0) {B}\pnode(8,0) {C}`
3 `\rput{0}(C){\hinge}\rput{0}(B){\roller}`
4 `\psline[linecolor=red,fillcolor=yellow,fillstyle=solid](0,0)(8,0)(8,1)(0,0)`
5 `\multido{\nStart=1.00+0.025}{-37}{%`
6 `    \psArrowCivil[RotArrows=0,length=\nStart,start=\nStart,%`
7 `        linecolor=magenta](A)(C){}}`
8 `\rput(8.3,0.4){\large p} \rput(0,-0.4){\Large A}`
9 `\rput(2,-1){\Large B}  \rput(8.3,-0.6){\Large C}`
10 `\pcline[offset=0,linecolor=blue]{|-|}(0,-3)(2,-3) \lput*{:U}{\bf $\frac{l}{3}$}`
11 `\pcline[offset=0,linecolor=blue]{|-|}(2,-3)(8,-3) \lput*{:U}{\bf $l$}`
12 `%%%=======================================================================`
13 `% Paramenters: #1 p = 6 #2 l = 6 #3 scale factor =0.15`
14 `%----------- Bending Moment in span AB ----------------------`
15 `\def\MflettAB#1#2#3{#1 #2 div -.125 mul x mul x mul x mul #3 mul neg}`
16 `\pscustom[linecolor=blue,linewidth=1pt,fillstyle=hlines]{`
17 `    \psplot[]{0}{2}{\MflettAB{6}{6}{0.15}}\psline[](2,0)(0,0)}`
18 `%----------- Shear in span AB ----------------------`
19 `\def\TaglioAB#1#2#3{#1 #2 div -.375 mul x mul x mul #3 mul}`
20 `\pscustom[linecolor=green,linewidth=1pt,fillstyle=crosshatch]{`
21 `    \psplot[]{0}{2}{\TaglioAB{6}{6}{0.15}}\psline[](2,0)(0,0)}`
22 `%----------- Bending Moment in span BC ----------------------`
23 `\def\MflettBC#1#2#3{#1 #2 div -.125 mul x mul x mul x mul`
24 `#1 3.375 div #2 mul x mul add #1 10.125 div #2 mul #2 mul sub #3 mul neg}`
25 `\pscustom[linecolor=blue,linewidth=1pt,fillstyle=hlines]{%`
26 `    \psplot[]{2}{8}{\MflettBC{6}{6}{0.15}}\psline[](8,0)(2,0)}`
27 `%----------- Shear in span BC ----------------------`
28 `\def\TaglioBC#1#2#3{#1 #2 div -.375 mul x mul x mul`
29 `    #1 3.375 div #2 mul add #3 mul}`
30 `\pscustom[linecolor=green,linewidth=1pt,fillstyle=crosshatch]{%`
31 `    \psplot[]{2}{8}{\TaglioBC{6}{6}{0.15}}\psline[](8,0)(2,0)(2,1.4)}`
32 `%%%=======================================================================`
33 `\psline[linewidth=1.5pt](0,0)(8,0) % Printing beam AC after diagrams BM/S`
34 `\rput(3,1.6){\em {\scriptsize Shear diagram (green boundary)}}`
35 `\rput(3,-1.6){\em {\scriptsize Bending Moment diagram (blue boundary)}}`
36 `\rput(2,-1.9){\scriptsize [assumed positive downwards]}`
37 `\rput(5,-1){\bf {\large +}} \rput(2.5,0.6){\bf {\large +}}`
38 `\rput(7.7,-1.3){\bf {\Large -}}`
39 `\end{pspicture}`

References

[1] Denis Girou. Présentation de PSTricks. *Cahier GUTenberg*, 16:21–70, April 1994.

[2] Michel Goosens, Frank Mittelbach, Sebastian Rahtz, Denis Roegel, and Herbert Voß. *The LaTeX Graphics Companion*. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Boston, Mass., second edition, 2007.

[3] Nikolai G. Kollock. *PostScript richtig eingesetzt: vom Konzept zum praktischen Einsatz*. IWT, Vaterstetten, 1989.

[4] Herbert Voß. *PSTricks – Grafik für TeX und LaTeX*. DANTE – Lehmanns, Heidelberg/Hamburg, forth edition, 2007.

[5] Timothy Van Zandt. *PSTricks - PostScript macros for generic TeX*. http://www.tug.org/application/PSTricks, 1993.

[6] Timothy Van Zandt. *multido.tex - a loop macro, that supports fixed-point addition*. CTAN:/graphics/pstricks/generic/multido.tex, 1997.

[7] Timothy Van Zandt. *pst-coil: Coils and zigzags*. CTAN:graphics/pstricks/generic/, 1999.

[8] Timothy Van Zandt and Denis Girou. Inside PSTricks. *TUGboat*, 15:239–246, September 1994.