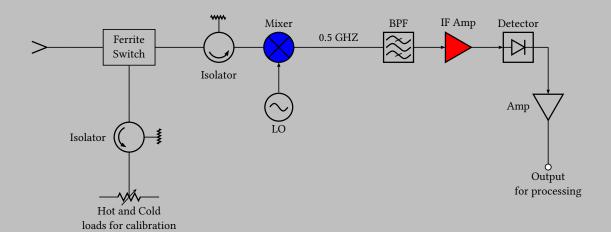
# **PSTricks**

# pst-circ

A PSTricks package for drawing electric circuits; v.2.19

April 16, 2023



Package author(s): Herbert Voß

2 Contents

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The package pst-circ is a collection of graphical elements based on PStricks that can be used to facilitate display of electronic circuit elements. For example, an equivalent circuit of a voltage source, its source impedance, and a connected load can easily be constructed along with arrows indicating current flow and potential differences. The emphasis is upon the circuit elements and the details of the exact placement are hidden as much as possible so the author can focus on the circuitry without the distraction of sorting out the underlying vector graphics.

pst-circ loads by default the following packages: pst-node, multido, pst-xkey, and, of course pstricks. All should be already part of your local TEX installation. If not, or in case of having older versions, go to http://www.CTAN.org/ and load the newest version.

#### Thanks to:

Rafal Bartczuk, Christoph Bersch, François Boone, Vincent Breton, Jean-Côme Charpentier, Patrick Drechsler, Amit Finkler, Felix Gottwald, Markus Graube, Henning Heinze,

Contents 3

Christophe Jorssen, Jochen Ketter, Bernd Landwehr, Michael Lauterbach, Manuel Luque, Steven P. McPherson, Patrice Mégret, Ted Pavlic, Alan Ristow, Uwe Siart, Carlos Marcelo de Oliveira Stein, Pierre Vivegnis, Douglas Waud, Richard Weissnar, and Felix Wienker.

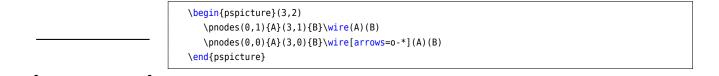
#### 1 The basic system

#### 1.1 Parameters

There are specific parameters defined to change easily the behaviour of the pst-circ objects you are drawing. You'll find a list in Section 8 on p. 80.

#### 1.2 Macros

#### Wire

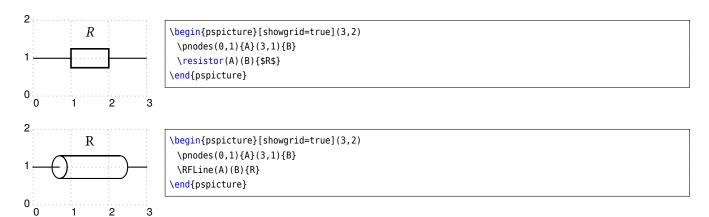


#### **Potential**

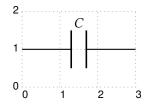
#### **Ground**

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0.5,1){A}(1,1){B}(2.5,1){C}
\ground(A)
\ground{135}(B)
\ground[linecolor=blue]{180}(C)
\end{pspicture}
```

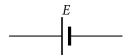
#### **Dipole macros**



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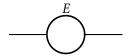
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=true](3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\capacitor(A)(B){\$C\$}
\end{pspicture}



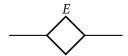
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\battery(A)(B){\$E\$}
\end{pspicture}



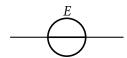
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\coil(A)(B){\$L\$}
\end{pspicture}



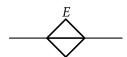
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\Ucc[dipolestyle=normal](A)(B){\$E\$}
\end{pspicture}



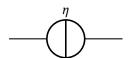
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\Ucc[dipolestyle=diamond](A)(B){\$E\$}
\end{pspicture}



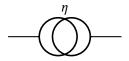
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\Ucc[dipolestyle=normalCei](A)(B){\$E\$}
\end{pspicture}



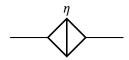
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\Ucc[dipolestyle=diamondCei](A)(B){\$E\$}
\end{pspicture}



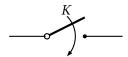
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\Icc[dipolestyle=normal](A)(B){\$\eta\$}
\end{pspicture}



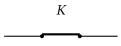
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\Icc[dipolestyle=twoCircles](A)(B){\$\eta\$}
\end{pspicture}



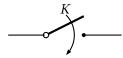
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\Icc[dipolestyle=diamond](A)(B){\$\eta\$}
\end{pspicture}



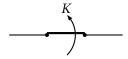
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\switch(A)(B){\$K\$}
\end{pspicture}



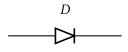
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\switch[dipolestyle=close](A)(B){\$K\$}
\end{pspicture}



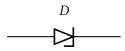
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\arrowswitch(A)(B){\$K\$}
\end{pspicture}



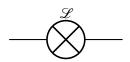
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\arrowswitch[dipolestyle=close](A)(B){\$K\$}
\end{pspicture}



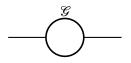
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\diode(A)(B){\$D\$}
\end{pspicture}



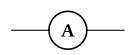
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\Zener(A)(B){\$D\$}
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\lamp(A)(B){\$\mathcal L\$}
\end{pspicture}

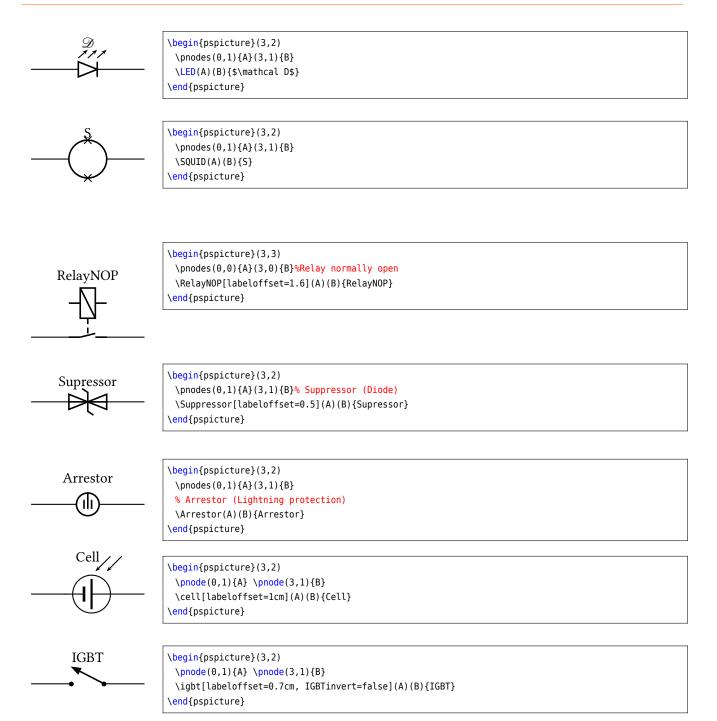


\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\circledipole(A)(B){\$\mathcal G\$}
\end{pspicture}



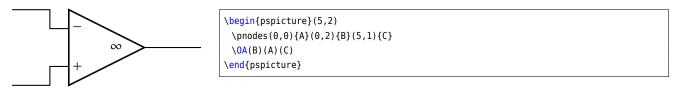
 $\begin{pspicture}(3,2)\\ \pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}\\ \circledipole[labeloffset=0](A)(B){\Large\textbf}(A)}\\ \end{pspicture}$ 

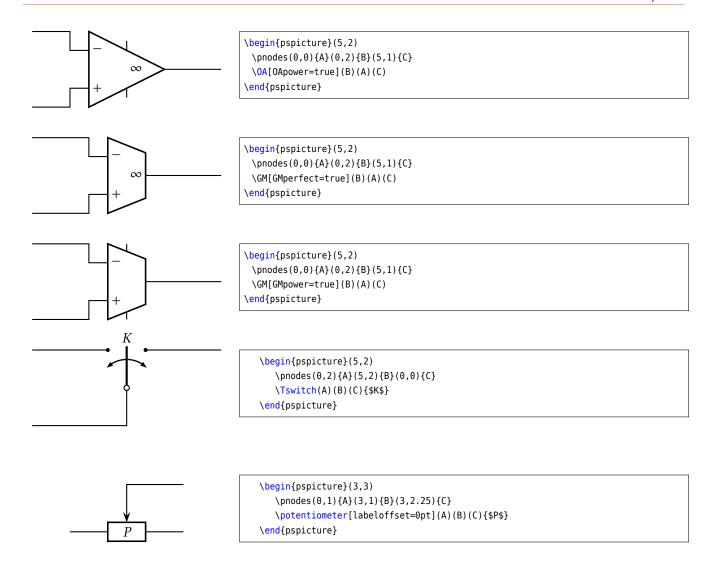
1.2 Macros 7



#### **Tripole macros**

Obviously, tripoles are not node connections. So pst-circ tries its best to adjust the position of the tripole regarding the three nodes. Internally, the connections are done by the \ncangle pst-node macro. However, the auto-positionning and the auto-connections are not always well chosen, so don't try to use tripole macros in strange situations!





There are many types of transistors included: NPN, PNP, JFET (N and P channels), D-MOSFET (N and P channels), FET (E-MOSFET N and P channels), NMOS, PMOS and IGBT. It's the macro \transistortype (and options \FETchanneltype and \DMOSFET) that determines which transistor will be drawn.

```
\begin{pspicture}(0,0)(2,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(1,0){B}(1,2){C}
\transistor[basesep=0.5cm](A)(B)(C)
\end{pspicture}

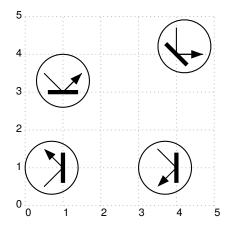
\begin{pspicture}(0,0)(2,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(1,0){B}(1,2){C}
\transistor[basesep=0.5cm, transistortype=PNP](A)(B)(C)
\end{pspicture}

\begin{pspicture}(0,0)(2,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(1,0){B}(1,2){C}
\transistor[basesep=0.35cm, transistortype=FET](A)(B)(C)
\end{pspicture}

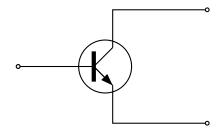
\end{pspicture}
```

1.2 Macros

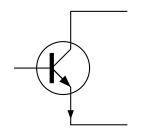
```
\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (0,0) (2,2) \end{array} \end{array}
                                                                                                                                           \pnodes(0,1){A}(1,0){B}(1,2){C}
                                                                                                                                          \transistor[basesep=0.35cm, transistortype=FET, FETchanneltype=P](A)(B)(C)
                                                                                                                       \end{pspicture}
                                                                                                                       \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (0,0) (2,2) \end{array} \end{array}
                                                                                                                                          \position{ \begin{tabular}{ll} \position{ \label{local} \position{ \label{local} \position{ \local} \posit
                                                                                                                                          \transistor[basesep=0.35cm, transistortype=FET, DMOSFET=true](A)(B)(C)
                                                                                                                         \end{pspicture}
                                                                                                                       \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (0,0) (2,2) \end{array} \end{array}
                                                                                                                                          \position \{A\} (1,0) \{B\} (1,2) \{C\}
                                                                                                                                          \transistor[basesep=0.35cm, transistortype=FET, FETchanneltype=P, DMOSFET=true](A
                                                                                                                                                                         )(B)(C)
                                                                                                                       \end{pspicture}
                                                                                                                       \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (0,0) (2,2) \end{array} \end{array}
                                                                                                                                          \position{ \begin{tabular}{ll} \position{ \label{local} \position{ \label{local} \position{ \local} \posit
                                                                                                                                          \verb|\transistor| basesep=0.35cm, transistortype=NMOS](A)(B)(C)
                                                                                                                       \end{pspicture}
                                                                                                                       \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (0,0) (2,2) \end{array} \end{array}
                                                                                                                                          \position \{0,1\}\{A\}\{1,0\}\{B\}\{1,2\}\{C\}
                                                                                                                                          \transistor[basesep=0.35cm, transistortype=PMOS](A)(B)(C)
                                                                                                                         \end{pspicture}
                                                                                                                       \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (0,0) (2,2) \end{array} \end{array}
                                                                                                                                          \polenoindent (0,1){A}(1,0){B}(1,2){C}
                                                                                                                                          \transistor[basesep=0.35cm, transistortype=JFET](A)(B)(C)
                                                                                                                         \end{pspicture}
                                                                                                                       \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} & (0,0) & (2,2) \end{array} \end{array}
                                                                                                                                          \position{ \begin{tabular}{ll} \position{ \label{local} \position{ \label{local} \position{ \local} \posit
                                                                                                                                          \transistor[basesep=0.35cm, transistortype=JFET, FETchanneltype=P](A)(B)(C)
                                                                                                                         \end{pspicture}
                                                                                                                                          \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} & (0,0) & (2,2) \end{array} \end{array}
                                                                                                                                                             \polenoindent (0,1){A}(1,0){B}(1,2){C}
                                                                                                                                                             \transistor[basesep=0.35cm, transistortype=IGBT](A)(B)(C)
                                                                                                                                          \end{pspicture}
                                                                                                                       \begin{pspicture}[showgrid](3,3.5)
                                                                                                                       \pnodes(3,2){A}(0,1){B}(0,3){C}
                                                                                                                       \transistor[TRot=180](A)(B)(C)
                                                                                                                       \end{pspicture}
2
```



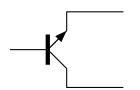
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=true](5,5)
\pnode(1,3){b}
\transistor[TRot=90](b){emitter}{collector}
\transistor[TRot=45](4,4){emitter}{collector}
\transistor[TRot=180](1,1){emitter}{collector}
\transistor[TRot=180,transistorinvert=true]%
(4,1){emitter}{collector}
\end{pspicture}



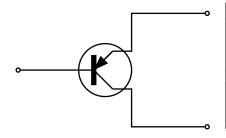
\begin{pspicture}(5,3)
\pnodes(0,1.5){A}(5,0){B}(5,3){C}
\transistor[basesep=2cm,arrows=o-o](A)(B)(C)
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,4)
\pnode(0,2){A}\pnode(3,0.5){B}
\pnode(3,3.5){C}
\transistor[transistoriemitter=true,
 basesep=lcm](A)(B)(C)
\end{pspicture}



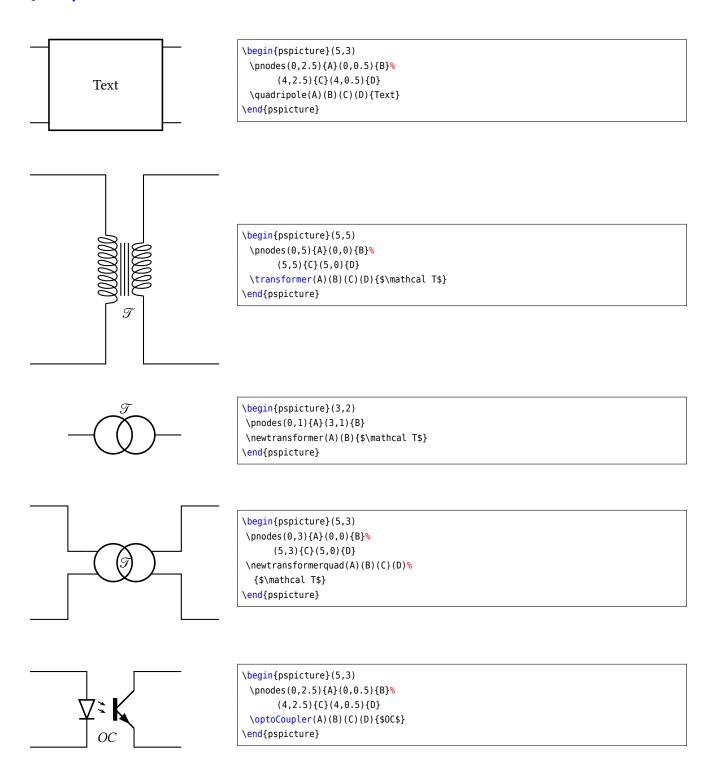
\begin{pspicture}(3,3.5)
\pnode(0,2){A}\pnode(3,1){B}
\pnode(3,3){C}
\transistor[transistorinvert,
 basesep=lcm,transistorcircle=false](A)(B)(C)
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(5,3)
\pnode(0,1.5){A}\psset{linewidth=1pt}
\transistor[transistortype=PNP, basesep=2cm,
 arrows=0-0](A){Emitter}{Collector}
\psline{o-}(5,3)(3,3)(3,3|Collector)(Collector)
\psline{o-}(5,0)(3,0)(3,3|Emitter)(Emitter)
\psline{o-}(A)([nodesep=2]A)
\end{pspicture}

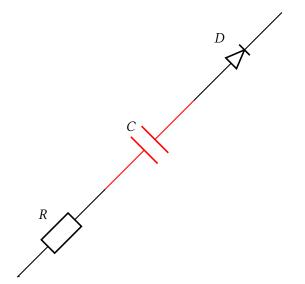
1.2 Macros 11

#### Quadrupole macros



#### Multidipole

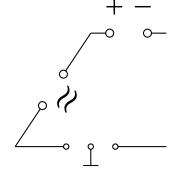
\multidipole is a macro that allows multiple dipoles to be drawn between two specified nodes. \multidipole takes as many arguments as you want. Note the dot that is after the last dipole.



\begin{pspicture}(7,7)
 \pnodes(0,0){A}(7,7){B}
 \multidipole(A)(B)\resistor{\$R\$}%
 \capacitor[linecolor=red]{\$C\$}%
 \diode{\$D\$}{}.
\end{pspicture}

Important: for the time being, \multidipole takes optional arguments but does not restore original values. We recommand not using it.

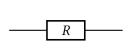
#### Open dipol and open tripol



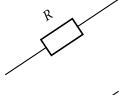
```
\def\Wave{\psscalebox{3}{$\approx$}}
\def\PM{\psscalebox{2}{$+\,\,-$}}
\begin{pspicture}(4,3)
\pnodes(0,0){A}(2,3){B}(4,3){C}(4,0){D}
\OpenDipol[radius=3pt,labelangle=:U,
    labeloffset=-0.5](A)(B){\Wave}
\OpenDipol[radius=3pt,labelangle=:U](B)(C){\PM}
\OpenTripol(A)(D){}
\end{pspicture}
```

#### 1.3 Parameters

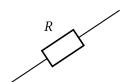
#### **Label parameters**



```
\begin{pspicture}(3,1)
\pnodes(0,.5){A}(3,.5){B}
\resistor[labeloffset=0](A)(B){$R$}
\end{pspicture}
```

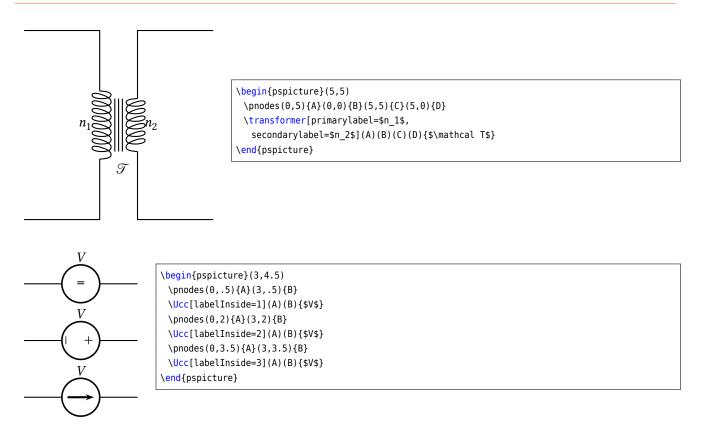


```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,0){A}(3,2){B}
\resistor[labelangle=:U](A)(B){$R$}
\end{pspicture}
```



```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
  \pnodes(0,0){A}(3,2){B}
  \resistor[labelangle=0](A)(B){$R$}
\end{pspicture}
```

1.3 Parameters



#### **Current intensity and electrical potential parameters**

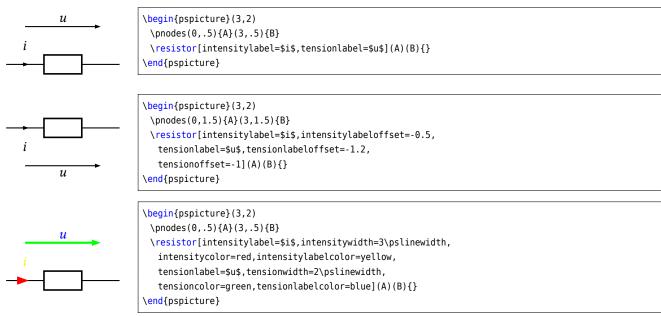
If the intensity parameter is set to true, an arrow is drawn on the wire connecting one of the nodes to the dipole. If the tension parameter is set to true, an arrow is drawn parallel to the dipole.

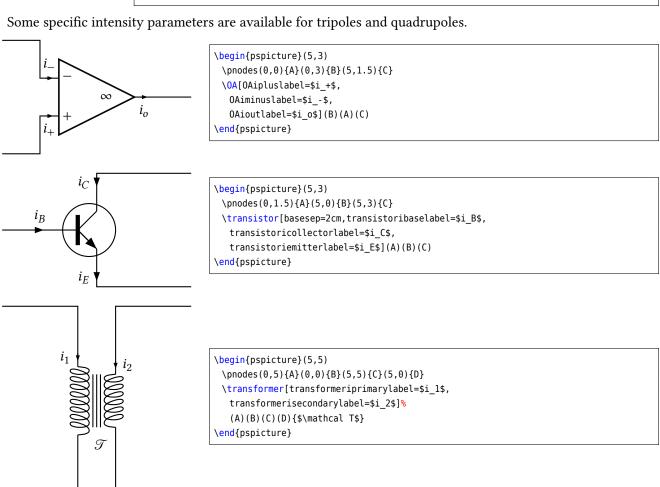
The way those arrows are drawn is set by dipoleconvention and direct convention parameters. dipoleconvention can take two values: generator or receptor. direct convention is a boolean.

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 pnodes(0,.5){A}(3,.5){B}
 \resistor[intensity,tension](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 pnodes(0,.5){A}(3,.5){B}
 \resistor[intensity,tension,tensionstyle=pm](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 pnodes(0,.5){A}(3,.5){B}
 \resistor[intensity,tension,dipoleconvention=generator](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 pnodes(0,.5){A}(3,.5){B}
 \resistor[intensity,tension,directconvention=false](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
```

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,.5){A}(3,.5){B}
\resistor[intensity,tension,
    dipoleconvention=generator,directconvention=false](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
```

If intensitylabel is set to an non empty argument, then intensity is automatically set to true. If tensionlabel is set to an non empty argument, then tension is automatically set to true.





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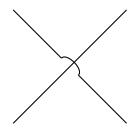
#### **Parallel parameters**

If the parallel parameter is set to true, the dipole is drawn parallel to the line connecting the nodes.

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,3)
           pnodes(0,.5){A}(3,.5){B}
             \resistor(A)(B){}
           \resistor[parallel](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(3,3)
           \position{ \begin{tabular}{ll} \position{ \begin{tabular}{ll
           \resistor(A)(B){}
           \resistor[parallel,parallelsep=.5](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
           \position{ \begin{tabular}{ll} \position{ \begin{tabular}{ll
           \resistor(A)(B){}
           \resistor[parallel,parallelsep=.3,
                          parallelarm=2](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(3,3)
           pnodes(0,.5){A}(3,.5){B}
           \resistor(A)(B){}
           \resistor[parallel,parallelsep=.3,
                          parallelarm=2,parallelnode]\,(A)\,(B)\,\{\}
 \end{pspicture}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \begin{pspicture}(8,8)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             \position{ \begin{tabular}{ll} \position{ \begin{tabular}{ll
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             \multidipole(A)(B)\resistor{$R$}%
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            \capacitor[linecolor=red]{$C$}%
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            \coil[parallel,parallelsep=.1]{$L$}%
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            \diode{$D$}.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \end{pspicture}
```

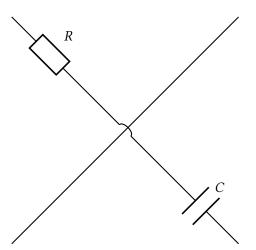
Note: When used with \multidipole, the parallel parameter must not be set for the first dipole.

#### Wire intersections



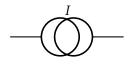
```
\begin{pspicture}(3,3)
\pnodes(0,0){A}(3,3){B}(0,3){C}(3,0){D}
\wire(A)(B)
\wire[intersect,intersectA=A,intersectB=B](C)(D)
\end{pspicture}
```

Wire intersect parameters work also with \multidipole.

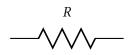


```
\begin{pspicture}(7,7)
\pnodes(0,0){A}{(6,6){B}(0,6){C}(6,0){D}}
\wire(A)(B)
\multidipole(C)(D)\resistor{$R$}%
\wire[intersect,intersectA=A,intersectB=B]%
\capacitor{$C$}.
\end{pspicture}
```

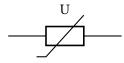
#### Dipole style parameters



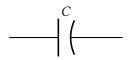
```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\Icc[dipolestyle=twoCircles](A)(B){$I$}
\end{pspicture}
```



```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\resistor[dipolestyle=zigzag](A)(B){$R$}
\end{pspicture}
```

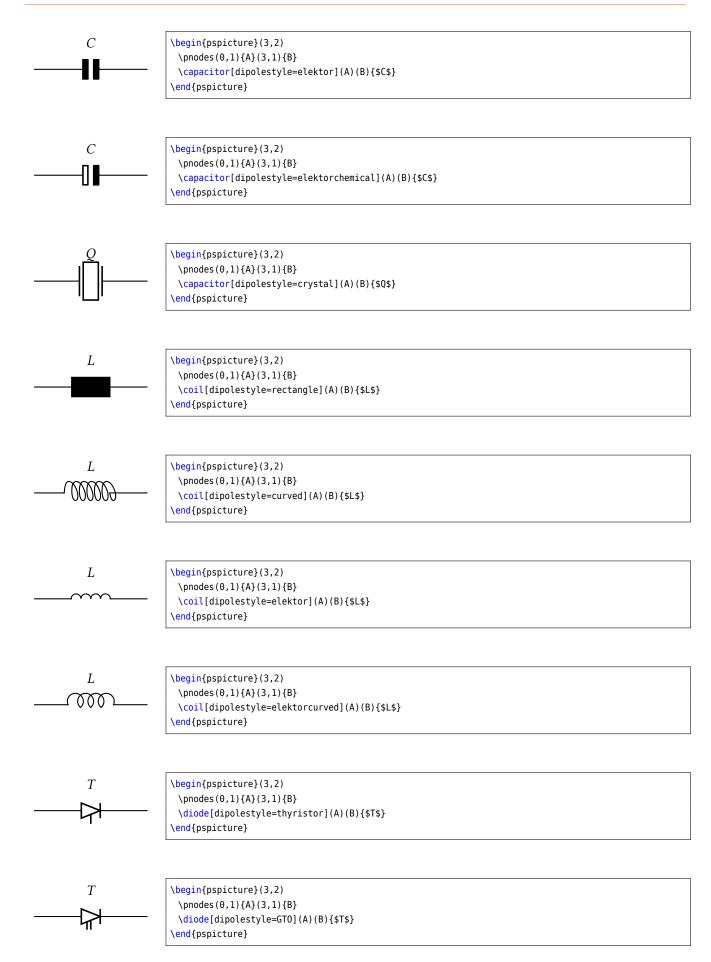


```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\resistor[dipolestyle=varistor](A)(B){U}
\end{pspicture}
```



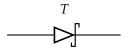
```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\capacitor[dipolestyle=chemical](A)(B){$C$}
\end{pspicture}
```

1.3 Parameters 17

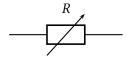


```
\frac{T}{T}
```

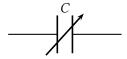
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\diode[dipolestyle=triac](A)(B){\$T\$}
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\diode[dipolestyle=schottky](A)(B){\$T\$}
\end{pspicture}



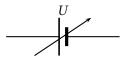
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
 \resistor[variable](A)(B){\$R\$}
\end{pspicture}



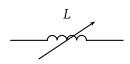
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
 \capacitor[variable](A)(B){\$C\$}
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\coil[variable](A)(B){\$L\$}
\end{pspicture}

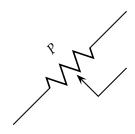


\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\battery[variable](A)(B){\$U\$}
\end{pspicture}



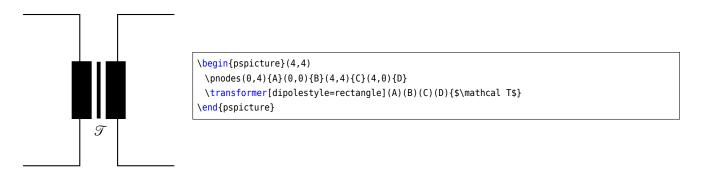
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\coil[dipolestyle=elektor,variable](A)(B){\$L\$}
\end{pspicture}

In the following example the parameter dipolestyle is used for a tripole and quadrupole, because the coils are drawn as rectangles and the resistor as a zigzag.

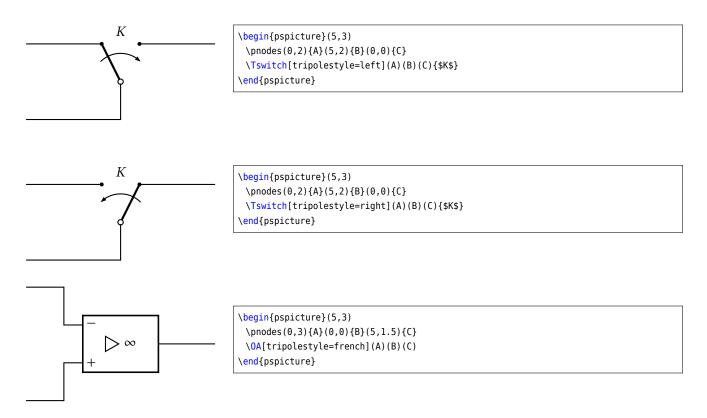


\begin{pspicture}(3,3)
\pnodes(0,0){A}(3,3){B}(3,1.5){C}
\potentiometer[dipolestyle=zigzag,%
 labelangle=:U](A)(B)(C){\$P\$}
\end{pspicture}

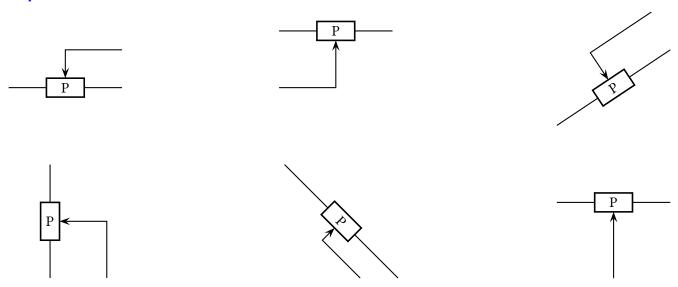
1.3 Parameters

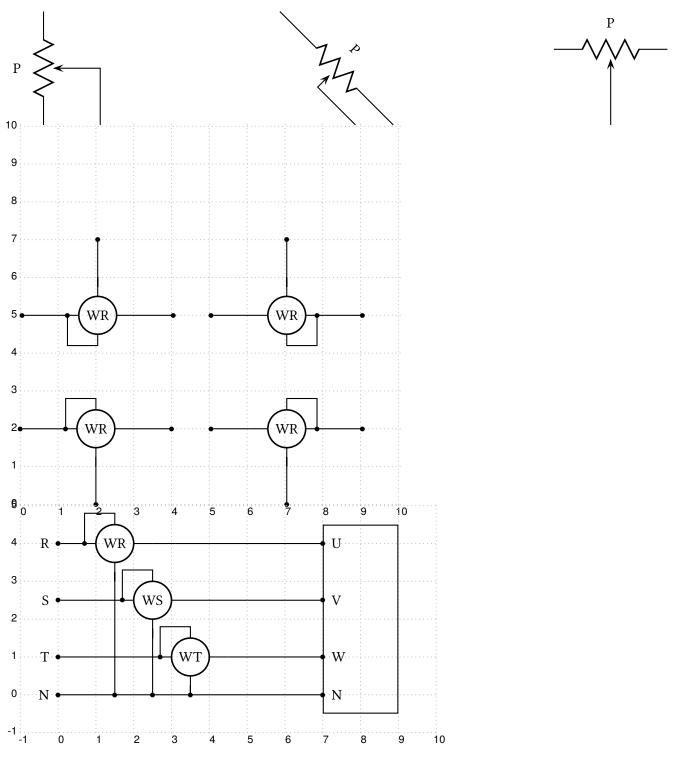


#### **Tripole style parameters**

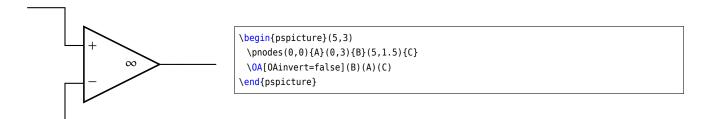


#### **Tripoles**

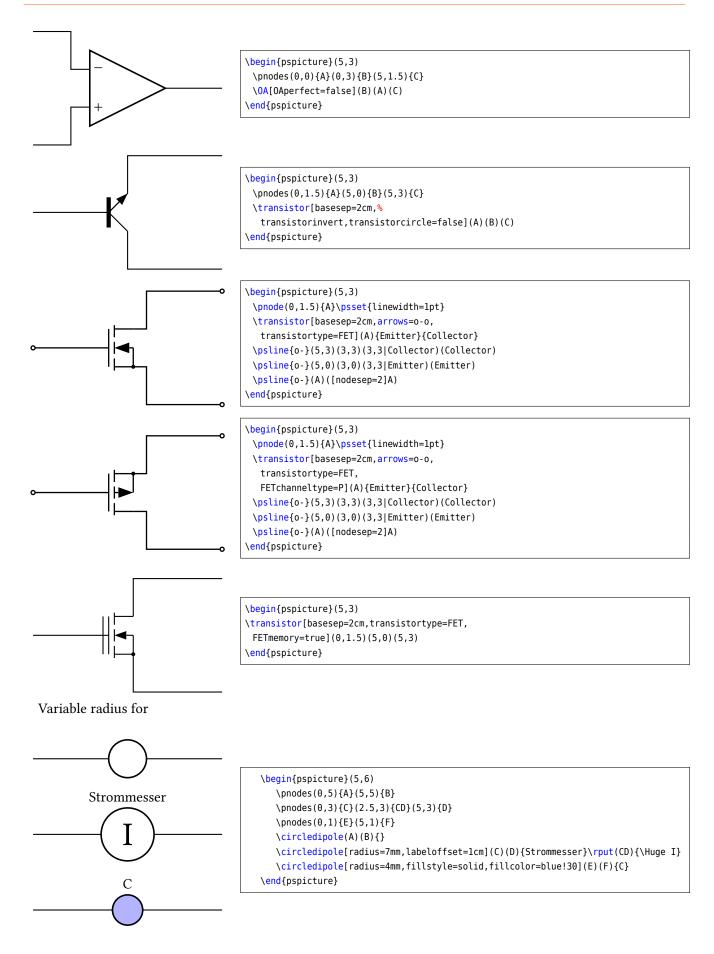




## **Other Parameters**

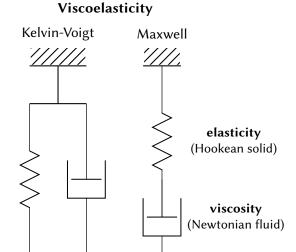


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#### 1.4 Special objects

#### \dashpot

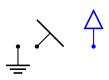


```
\newcommand*\pswall[3]{% ll ur lr
    \psframe[linecolor=white,fillstyle=hlines,hatchcolor=black](#1)(#2)% (ll)(ur)
    \psline[linecolor=black](#1)(#3)}
\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (0.5,1) (8,10) \end{array} \end{array}
    \rput(3,9.5){\sffamily \textbf{Viscoelasticity}}
    % Kelvin-Voigt model (spring and dashpot parallel): =======
    \protect\operatorname{\mathtt{rput}}[c](1.75, 8.85) \{\sffamily Kelvin-Voigt\}
    \proonup \{1,8\}\{2.5,8.5\}\{2.5,8\}\% \proonup top
    \psline(1.75,8)(1.75,7)% top vertical line
    % node definitions:
    \pooles (1,7) {ull} (2.5,7) {url} (1,3) {lll} (2.5,3) {lrl}%
    \psline(ull)(url)% top line
    \psline(ll1)(lr1)% bottom line
    \dashpot[linewidth=0.5pt](ur1)(lr1){}% dashpot
    \psline[arrowscale=3]{->}(1.75,3)(1.75,2)% force
    % Maxwell model (spring and dashpot serial): ===
    \rule [c](4.5,8.85){\sffamily Maxwell}
    \pswall{4,8}{5,8.5}{5,8}% top
    \pnodes(4.5,8)\{t\}(4.5,4)\{b\}\% node definitions
    \resistor[dipolestyle=zigzag,linewidth=0.5pt,labeloffset=1.9](t)(b)% spring
    \label{locality} $$ {\sf solid} \end{tabular}_c \end{tabular}_{\end{tabular}}$ end spring $$ spring $$ \end{tabular}_{\end{tabular}}$ end spring $$ end spring $$ end $$ e
    \dashpot[linewidth=0.5pt,labeloffset=2.0](4.5,5)(4.5,3)% dashpot
    \label{tabular} $$ \ship \sh
    }% end dashpot
    psline[arrowscale=3]{->}(4.5,3)(4.5,2)% force
\<mark>end</mark>{pspicture}
```

#### 1.5 Modified default symbols

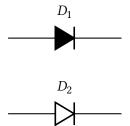
#### **New ground**

groundstyle: ads | old | triangle



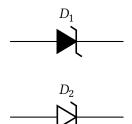
```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
  \pnodes(0.5,1){A}(1,1){B}(2.5,1){C}
  \newground(A)
  \newground[groundstyle=old]{135}(B)
  \newground[linecolor=blue,groundstyle=triangle]{180}(C)
\end{pspicture}
```

#### **New Diode**



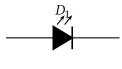
 $\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,4)\\ pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}(0,3){C}(3,3){D}\\ newdiode(C)(D){$D_1$}\\ newdiode[ison=false](A)(B){$D_2$}\\ \end{pspicture}$ 

#### **New Zener**



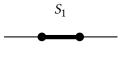
 $\begin{psycture}[showgrid=false](3,4)\\ \pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}(0,3){C}(3,3){D}\\ \newZener(C)(D){$D_1$}\\ \newZener[ison=false](A)(B){$D_2$}\\ \end{psycture}$ 

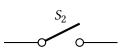
#### **New LED**



 $\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,4)\\ pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}(0,3){C}(3,3){D}\\ newLED(C)(D){$D_1$}\\ newLED[ison=false](A)(B){$D_2$}\\ \end{pspicture}$ 

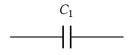
#### **New Ideal Switch**





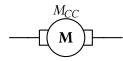
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,4)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}(0,3){C}(3,3){D}
\newSwitch(C)(D){\$\$\_1\$}
\newSwitch[ison=false](A)(B){\$\$\_2\$}
\end{pspicture}

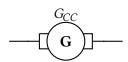
#### **New Capacitor**



\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\newcapacitor(A)(B){\$C\_1\$}
\end{pspicture}

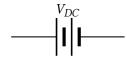
### **New Armature (motor or generator)**





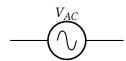
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,4)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}(0,3){C}(3,3){D}
\newarmature[labelInside=1](C)(D){\$M\_{CC}\$}
\newarmature[labelInside=2](A)(B){\$G\_{CC}\$}
\end{pspicture}

#### **V** DC



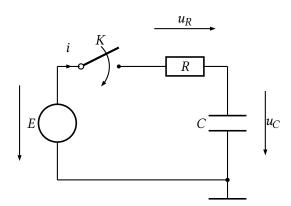
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\vdc(A)(B){\$V\_{DC}\$}
\end{pspicture}

#### **V** AC



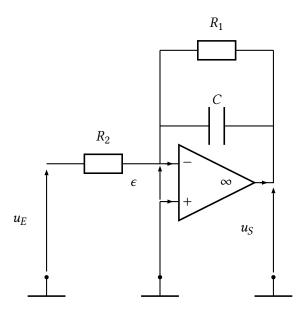
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,2)
\pnodes(0,1){A}(3,1){B}
\vac(A)(B){\$V\_{AC}\$}
\end{pspicture}

#### 2 Examples

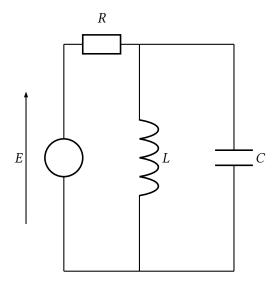


```
\begin{pspicture}(-1.5,-1)(6,5)
\pnodes(0,0){A}(0,3){B}(4.5,3){C}(4.5,0){D}
\Ucc[tension,dipoleconvention=generator](A)(B){$E$}
\multidipole(B)(C)%
\switch[intensitylabel=$i$]{$K$}%
\resistor[labeloffset=0,tensionlabel=$u_R$]{$R$}.
\capacitor[tensionlabel={$u_C$},tensionlabeloffset=-1.2,
    tensionoffset=-1,directconvention=false](D)(C){$C$}
\wire(A)(D)
\ground(D)
\end{pspicture}
```

2 Examples

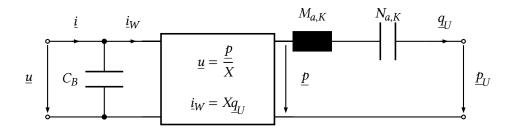


```
\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (-0.5,0) (7,8) \end{array} \end{array}
\label{eq:pnodes} $$ \prodes(0.5,1)_{A}(3.5,1)_{B}(6.5,1)_{C}(0.5,4)_{D}(3.5,4)_{minus} $$
       (3.5,3){Plus}(6.5,5){S}(3.5,5){E}
\resistor(D)(Minus){$R_2$}
\capacitor(E)(S){$C$}
\label{lem:condition} $$\operatorname{parallel}, \operatorname{parallelarm=2}(E)(S)_{R_1}$
\OA[intensity](Minus)(Plus)(S)
\wire(Minus)(E)
\wire(Plus)(B)
\verb|\tension(A)(D){$u\_E$}|
\makeatletter % (special tricks see below)
\tension(C)(S@@){$u_S$}
\verb|\tension[linecolor=blue](Plus@@)(Minus@@){$\neq $\}|
\mbox{\mbox{\it makeatother}}
\ground(A) \ground(B) \ground(C)
\verb|\end{pspicture}|
```

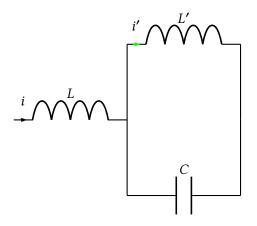


\begin{pspicture}(-1,0)(7,8)
\pnodes(1,1){A}(1,7){B}(3,1){C}(3,7){D}
\Ucc[tensionlabel=\$E\$](A)(B){}
\resistor(B)(D){\$R\$}
\coil(D)(C){\$L\$}
\capacitor[parallel,parallelarm=2.5](D)(C){\$C\$}
\wire(A)(C)
\end{pspicture}

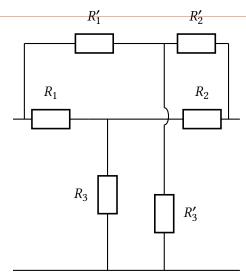
28 2 Examples



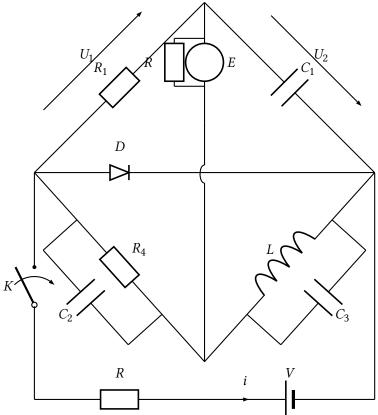
```
% \usepackage{amsmath} % example by Markus Graube
\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \text{begin} \{ pspicture \} (0,.5) (13,4) \end{array} \end{array}
            \label{eq:local_proof_proof_state} $$ \proof_{1,1}_{I_U}(1,3)_{I_0}(2.5,1)_{C}(2.5,3)_{D}(4,1)_{K_LU}(4,3)_{K_LU}(7,1)_{K_RU}% $$ $$ \proof_{1,1}_{I_U}(1,3)_{I_0}(2.5,1)_{C}(2.5,3)_{D}(4,1)_{K_LU}(4,3)_{K_LU}(4,3)_{K_LU}(7,1)_{K_RU}% $$ $$ \proof_{1,1}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0}(1,3)_{I_0
                                                        (7,3)\{K\_R0\}\{9,3\}\{E\}\{7.3,3\}\{K\_R01\}\{7.3,1\}\{K\_RU1\}\{11,3\}\{F\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,3\}\{0\_0\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{0\_U\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{12,1\}\{
            \label of fset = -0.5] (I\_0) (I\_U) \{ \underline \{u\} \} \}
            \wire[arrows=o-](I_U)(C)
            \label= \\ \lab
            \capacitor[labeloffset=.9](C)(D){$C_B$}
            \qdisk(C){2pt} \qdisk(D){2pt}
            \wire(C)(K LU)
            \wire[intensitylabel=$\underline{i}_W$](D)(K_L0)
            \quad \quadripole(K_L0)(K_R0)(K_R0)(K_RU)_{\parbox{3cm}{\%}}
                         \begin{align*}
                                     \displaystyle \underbrace{u} \&= \frac{p}{X} \left( 2ex \right)
                                     \underline{i}_W &= X \underline{q}_U
                         \end{align*}}}
            \wire(K R0)(K R01)
            \tension[labeloffset=0.5](K_R01)(K_RU1){$\underline{p}$}
            \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle](K_R0)(E){$M_{a,K}$}
            \capacitor(E)(F){$N {a,K}$}
            \wire[intensitylabel=$\underline{q} U$,arrows=-0](F)(0 0)
            \wire[arrows=-o](K_RU)(0_U)
            \end{pspicture}
```



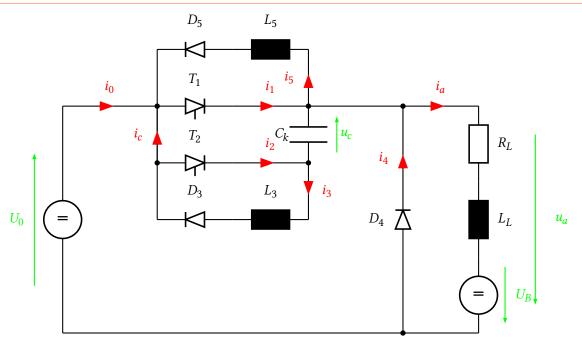
```
\begin{pspicture}(-0.25, -0.25)(6,6)
\pnodes(0,3){A}(3,3){B}(6,3){C}
% Dipole node connections
\coil[intensitylabel=$i$](A)(B){$L$}
\coil[intensitylabel=$i'$, intensitycolor=green,%
parallel, parallelarm=2](B)(C){$L'$}
\capacitor[parallel, parallelarm=-2](B)(C){$C$}
\end{pspicture}
```



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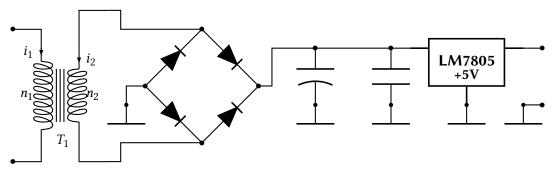
```
\begin{pspicture}(0,-0.25)(9,11)
\pnodes(0,0){A}(9,0){B}(0,6){C}(9,6){D}(4.5,1){E}(4.5,10.5){F}
\switch(A)(C){$k$}
\multidipole(A)(B)\resistor{$R$}\battery[intensitylabel=$i$]{$V$}.
\wire(B)(D)
\multidipole(C)(D)\diode{$D$}\wire.
\resistor[tensionlabel=$U_1$](C)(F){$R_1$} \resistor(C)(E){$R_4$}
\capacitor[parallel,parallelarm=1.2,parallelsep=1.5](C)(E){$C_2$}
\coil(E)(D){$L$}
\capacitor[parallel,parallelarm=1.2,parallelsep=1.5](E)(D){$C_3$}
\capacitor[parallel,parallelarm=1.2,parallelsep=1.5](E)(D){$C_3$}
\capacitor[parallel,parallelarm=1.2,parallelsep=1.5](E)(D){$C_3$}
\capacitor[parallel,parallelarm=1.2,parallelsep=1.5](E)(D)$$\frac{1}{2}$$\text{vericledipole[labeloffset=-0.7]{$E$}}
\resistor[parallel,parallelsep=.6,parallelarm=.8]{$R$}.
\end{pspicture}
```



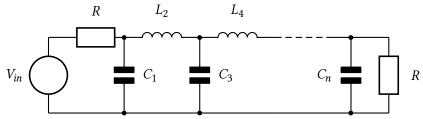
```
\begin{pspicture}(0,-0.2)(13,8)
 \psset{intensitycolor=red,intensitylabelcolor=red,tensioncolor=green,
  tensionlabelcolor=green, intensitywidth=3pt}
 \circledipole[tension,tensionlabel=$U 0$,
  tensionoffset=0.75, labeloffset=0] (0,0) (0,6) {\LARGE\textbf{=}}
 \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_0$](0,6)(2.5,6)
 \diode[dipolestyle=thyristor](2.5,6)(4.5,6){$T_1$}
 \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_1$](4.5,6)(6.5,6)
 \multidipole(6.5,7.5)(2.5,7.5)%
      \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle,labeloffset=-0.75]{$L_5$}%
      \diode[labeloffset=-0.75]{$D_5$}.
 \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_5$](6.5,6)(6.5,7.5)
 \wire(2.5,7.5)(2.5,3)
 \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_c$](2.5,4.5)(2.5,6)
 \qdisk(2.5,6){2pt}\qdisk(6.5,6){2pt}
 \diode[dipolestyle=thyristor](2.5,4.5)(4.5,4.5){$T_2$}
 \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_2$](4.5,4.5)(6.5,4.5)
 \capacitor[tension,tensionlabel=$u_c$,tensionoffset=-0.75,
  tensionlabeloffset=-1](6.5,4.5)(6.5,6){$C_k$}
 \qdisk(2.5,4.5){2pt}\qdisk(6.5,4.5){2pt}
 \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_3$](6.5,4.5)(6.5,3)
 \multidipole(6.5,3)(2.5,3)%
  \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle,labeloffset=-0.75]{$L_3$}%
  \diode[labeloffset=-0.75]{$D 3$}.
 \wire(6.5,6)(9,6)\qdisk(9,6){2pt}
 \diode(9,0)(9,6){$D_4$}
 \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_4$](9,3.25)(9,6)
 \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_a$](9,6)(11,6)
 \multidipole(11,6)(11,0)%
  \resistor{$R_L$}
  \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle]{$L_L$}
  \label{labeloffset=0,tension,tension} $$ \operatorname{labeloffset=0,tension,tensionoffset=0.7,tensionlabel=$U_B$]_{\LARGE\setminus textbf{=}}. $$
 \wire(0,0)(11,0)\qdisk(9,0){2pt}
 \pnode(12.5,5.5){A}\pnode(12.5,0.5){B}
 \tension(A)(B){$u_a$}
\end{pspicture}
```

The following example was written by Manuel Luque.

32 2 Examples



The following example was written by Lionel Cordesses.

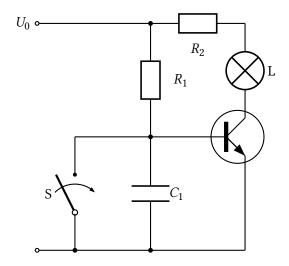


```
\begin{pspicture}(11,3)
\psset{dipolestyle=elektor}
\pnodes(1,2){Vin}(0.5,2){S}(0.5,0){Sm}(2.5,2){A}(4.5,2){B}(6.5,2){C}(8,2){Cd}%

(8.5,2){D}(9.5,2){E}(2.5,0){Am}(4.5,0){Bm}(6.5,0){Cm}(8.5,0){Dm}(9.5,0){Em}

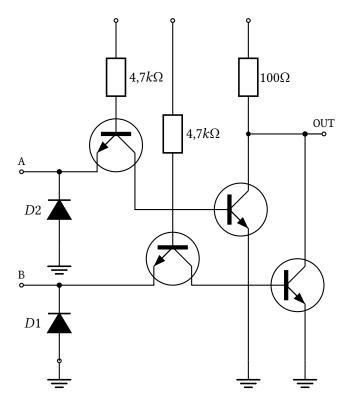
\Ucc[labeloffset=0.9](Sm)(S){$V_{in}$}\resistor(Vin)(A){$R$}
\capacitor(A)(Am){$C_1$} \capacitor(B)(Bm){$C_3$}
\capacitor[labeloffset=-0.7](D)(Dm){$C_n$}\resistor(E)(Em){$R$}
\coil(A)(B){$L_2$}\coil(B)(C){$L_4$}
\wire(Am)(Bm)\wire(Bm)(Cm)\wire(Cm)(Dm)\wire(Dm)(Em)\wire(D)(E)
\wire(Cd)(D)\psline[linestyle=dashed](C)(Cd)
\wire(S)(Vin)\wire(Sm)(Am)
\psdots(D)(Dm)(A)(Am)(B)(Bm)
\end{pspicture}
```

The following example was written by Christian Hoffmann.

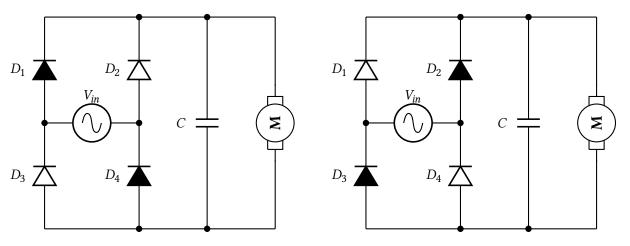


```
\SpecialCoor
    \begin{pspicture}(0,-1)(7,6.5)%
    \poolength{\coloredge}{\coloredge} \poolength{\co
    \wire[arrows=o-*](plus)(basis|plus)
    \uput[l](plus){$U_0$}
   \resistor[labeloffset=.8](basis|plus)(basis){$R_1$}
   \transistor[basesep=2cm](basis){emitter}{kollektor}
   \wire[arrows=-*](schalter)(basis)
% \wire(basis)([nodesep=2] basis)
    \wire(TBaseNode)(basis)
    \switch(schalter|masse)(schalter){S}
    \lamp(kollektor|plus)(kollektor){L}
    \resistor(kollektor|plus)(basis|plus){$R_2$}
    \wire(emitter)(emitter|masse)
    \wire(emitter|masse)(basis|masse)
    \capacitor(basis)(basis|masse){$C_1$}
    \wire[arrows=*-](basis|masse)(schalter|masse)
    \wire[arrows=*-o](schalter|masse)(masse)
    \verb|\end{pspicture}|
```

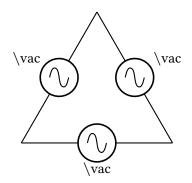
34 2 Examples



```
\verb|\psset{mathlabel}|
\psset{circedge=\pcTran,connectingdot=false}
\begin{pspicture}(10,10)
                \poles (1,1){G1}(6,1){G2}(7.5,1){G3}
                \label{lem:cond} $$\operatorname{cond}(G2)\simeq(G1)\rightarrow(G2)\simeq(G3)$
                \poline{1,3}{Dlu}(7,3){TlB}(0,3){IB}(4,4){T2B}
                \label{eq:condition} $\operatorname{D1}(D1u) \{D1\} \setminus \operatorname{qdisk}(D1u) \{2pt\} $$
                \transistor[TRot=270,arrows=-o](T2B)(IB)(T1B)
                \polinimes prode(8,7){01}%junction to out
               \transistor(T1B)(G3)(01)
                \polenoindent (1,6) \{D2u\} (1,4) \{G4\}
                \newground(G4)
                \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Newdiode}(G4)(D2u)\{D2\}\\\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Qdisk}(D2u)\{2pt\}}
                \pnodes(2.5,7){T4B}(0,6){IA}(5.5,5){T3B}(6,7){R3d}
                \label{transistor} $$\operatorname{TRot=270,arrows=-o}(T4B)(IA)(T3B)\left(IA\right)_{s}=0.
                \transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G2)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(G3)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3B)(R3d)\transistor(T3
                \position{ \color=0.5,10 \co
                \label{lem:constant} $$\operatorname{constant}(T4B)_{4\{,\}7k\Omega}=0.8](VCC1)(T4B)_{4\{,\}7k\Omega}=0.8]
                \label{logistic} $$\operatorname{constant}(VCC2)(T2B)_{4\{,\}7k\geq a}$
                \resistor[arrows=o-](VCC3)(R3d){100\0mega}
                \wire[arrows=*-o](R3d)(01)
                \[90](01){\mathtt{OUT}$} \qdisk(7.5,7){2pt}
\end{pspicture}
```



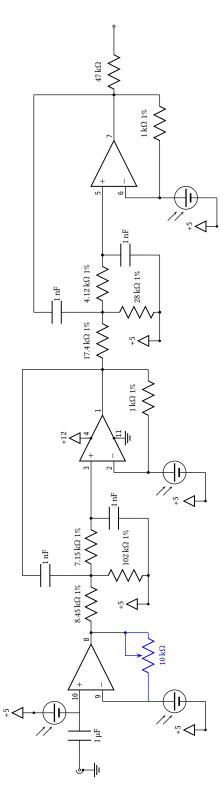
```
% Example by Carlos Marcelo de Oliveira Stein
\begin{pspicture}(-1.0,-0.2)(15.8,5.8)
                         \poode(0.5,0.0){A} \poode(0.5,2.8){B} \poode(0.5,5.6){C} \poode(3.0,0.0){D}
                         \poode(3.0,2.8){E} \poode(3.0,5.6){F} \poode(4.8,0.0){G} \poode(4.8,5.6){H}
                         \poonup (6.6,0.0){I} \poonup (6.6,5.6){J}
                         \vac(B)(E){$V_{in}}
                         \newdiode(B)(C){$D_1$}
                         \mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^
                         \newdiode(D)(E){$D_4$}
                         \newcapacitor(G)(H){$C$}
                         \newarmature[labelInside=1](I)(J){}
                         \wire(C)(F) \wire(A)(D) \wire(D)(G) \wire(I)(G) \wire(F)(H) \wire(H)(J)
                         \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ens
                         \cline{Model} \operatorname{local} {\rm S}\
                         \label{local_prode} $$ \prode(9.0,0.0){K} \prode(9.0,2.8){L} \prode(9.0,5.6){M} \prode(11.5,0.0){N} $$
                         \poonup (15.1,0.0){S} \poonup (15.1,5.6){T}
                         \c(L)(0){$V_{in}}
                         \mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^
                         \newdiode(0)(P){$D 2$}
                         \newdiode(K)(L){$D_3$}
                         \mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^$}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{^{^{}}}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{^{}}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{^{}}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{^{}}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{^{}}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{$^{^{
                         \newcapacitor(Q)(R){$C$}
                         \labelInside=1] (S) (T) \{\}
                         \wire(M)(P) \wire(K)(N) \wire(N)(Q) \wire(S)(Q) \wire(P)(R) \wire(R)(T)
                         \cline{(1)} \sline{(2)} \sline{(3)} \sline{(3)} \sline{(3)} \sline{(4)} \sline{(4)} \sline{(5)} \sli
                         \end{pspicture}
```



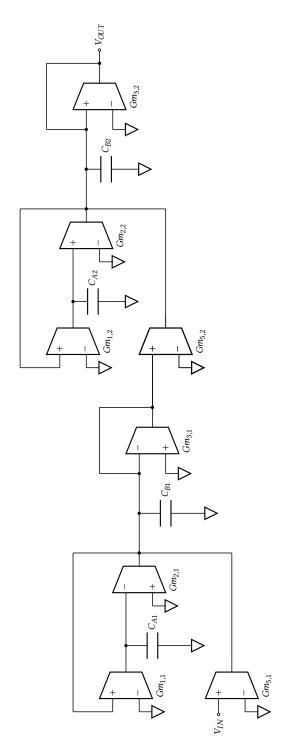
 $\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(4,4)\\ \vac[labeloffset=-0.7](0,0)(4,0){$\backslash$vac}\\ \vac[labeloffset=1](0,0)(2,3.464){$\backslash$vac}\\ \vac[labeloffset=1](2,3.464)(4,0){$\backslash$vac}\\ \end{pspicture}$ 

36 2 Examples

**Circuit to harvest Solar Energy** 



Amplificator for hearing aid



#### 3 Microwave symbols

Since for microwave signal, the direction in which the signal spreads is very important, There are dipoleinput or tripoleinput or quadripoleinput and arrowinput parameters. The value of theses parameters are left or right for the first one and true or false for second one.

```
\ifPst@inputarrow
\ifx\psk@Dinput\pst@Dinput@right
\pcline[arrows=-C](#2)(dipole@1)
\pcline[arrows=->, arrowinset=0](#3)(dipole@2)
\else
\pcline[arrows=->, arrowinset=0](#2)(dipole@1)
\pcline[arrows=C-](dipole@2)(#3)
\fi
\else
\pcline[arrows=-C](#2)(dipole@1)
\pcline[arrows=C-](dipole@2)(#3)
\fi
\pcline[arrows=C-](dipole@2)(#3)
\fi
\pcline[fillstyle=none,linestyle=none](#2)(#3)
```

The last line is to correct some problems when I use colors (see example2) To add color in components (Monopole, tripole and Quadripole), there is a new argument. \multidipole also works:

```
BPF R \\ \pnodes(0.5,1)\{A\}(3.5,1)\{B\} \\ \multidipole(A)(B)\filter\{BPF\}\% \\ \resistor\{$R\$\}. \\ \end\{pspicture\}
```

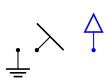
```
LNA R

\[ \langle \text{begin} \{ \price \text{pnodes} \( \text{0.5,1} \) \{ A} \\ \text{3.5,1} \{ B} \\ \text{multidipole} \( (A) \) \( (B) \text{amplifier} \{ LNA} \% \\ \resistor \{ $R$ \$ \} \\ \end \{ \price \text{pspicture} \} \\ \end \{ \price \text{psp
```

#### 3.1 New monopole components

#### **New ground**

groundstyle: ads | old | triangle



```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnodes(0.5,1){A}(1,1){B}(2.5,1){C}
\newground(A)
\newground[groundstyle=old]{135}(B)
\newground[linecolor=blue,groundstyle=triangle]{180}(C)
\end{pspicture}
```

#### **Antenna**

antennastyle: two | three | triangle



```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(1,0.5){A}
\antenna[antennastyle=three](A)
\end{pspicture}
```

3 Microwave symbols



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(1,0.5){A}
\antenna(A)
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(1,0.5){A}
\antenna[antennastyle=triangle](A)
\end{pspicture}

#### 3.2 New monopole macro-components

#### **Oscillator**

output: top | right | bottom | left

inputarrow: false| true
LOstyle: - | crystal



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(1,1){A}
\oscillator[output=left,inputarrow=false](A)%
 {\$f\_{L0}\$}{}
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(1,1){A}
\oscillator[output=top,inputarrow=true,LOstyle=crystal](A)%
 {f\$\_{\textrm{LO}}\$}{}
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \pnode(1,1){A}
 \oscillator[output=right,inputarrow=false](A)%
 {\$f\_{LO}\$}{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=blue}
 \end{pspicture}



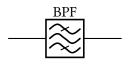
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \pnode(1,1){A}
 \oscillator[output=bottom,inputarrow=false](A)%
 {\$f\_{L0}\$}{}
 \end{pspicture}

### 3.3 New dipole macro-components

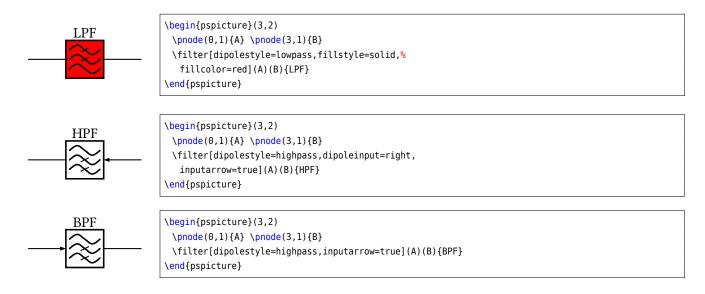
#### **Filters**

dipolestyle: bandpass | lowpass | highpass

inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right

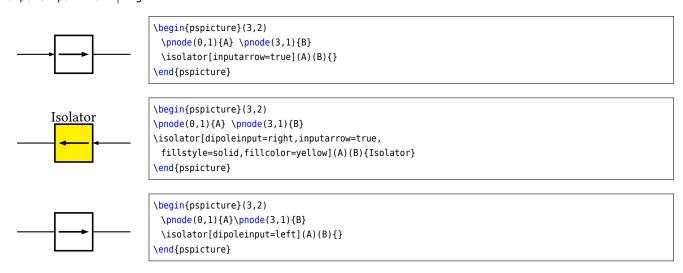


\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
\filter(A)(B){BPF}
\end{pspicture}



#### **Isolator**

inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right



#### Frequency multiplier/divider

dipolestyle: multiplier | divider

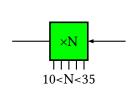
value:  $N \mid n \in N$ 

programmable: false| true
inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2) \pnode(0,1){A}\pnode(3,1){B} \freqmult[dipolestyle=divider,inputarrow=true](A)(B){} \end{pspicture}

\begin{pspicture}(3,2) \pnode(0,1){A}\pnode(3,1){B} \freqmult[dipolestyle=multiplier,value=10](A)(B){} \end{pspicture}
```

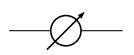
40 3 Microwave symbols



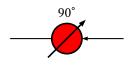
\begin{pspicture}(3,3)
\pnode(0,1.5){A}\pnode(3,1.5){B}
\freqmult[dipolestyle=multiplier,programmable=true,
 labeloffset=-1,dipoleinput=right,inputarrow=true,
 fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=green](A)(B){10<N<35}
\end{pspicture}</pre>

#### **Phase shifter**

inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right



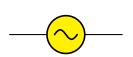
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \pnode(0,1){A1} \pnode(3,1){A2}
 \phaseshifter(A1)(A2){}
\end{pspicture}



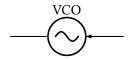
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0,1){B1} \pnode(3,1){B2}
\phaseshifter[inputarrow=true,dipoleinput=right,
 fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=red](B1)(B2){90\$^\circ\$}
\end{pspicture}

#### **VCO**

inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right



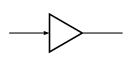
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0,1){A1} \pnode(3,1){A2}
\vco[fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow](A1)(A2){}
\end{pspicture}



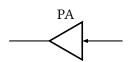
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \pnode(0,1){B1} \pnode(3,1){B2}
 \vco[dipoleinput=right,inputarrow=true](B1)(B2){VCO}
\end{pspicture}

### **Amplifier**

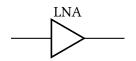
inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
 \amplifier[inputarrow=true](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}



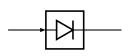
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
 \amplifier[dipoleinput=right,inputarrow=true](A)(B){PA}
\end{pspicture}



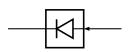
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
\amplifier[dipoleinput=left](A)(B){LNA}
\end{pspicture}

#### **Detector**

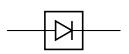
inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right



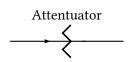
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
\detector[inputarrow=true](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
 \detector[dipoleinput=right,inputarrow=true](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
 \detector[dipoleinput=left](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
\attenuator[inputarrow,labeloffset=0.7cm,
 dipoleinput=left](A)(B){Attentuator}
\end{pspicture}

### 3.4 New tripole macro-components

#### **Mixer**

tripolestyle: bottom | top
tripoleconfig: left | right
inputarrow: false| true



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,2){C}
\mixer[tripolestyle=top,inputarrow=true](A)(B)(C)%
{Mixer}{}
\end{pspicture}

Mixer



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}
\mixer[inputarrow=true,tripoleinput=right](A)(B)(C)
{Mixer}{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow}
\end{pspicture}

#### **Splitter**

tripolestyle: bottom | top
tripoleconfig: left | right

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inputarrow: false true



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,2){C}
\splitter[inputarrow,
 tripolestyle=top](A)(B)(C){Splitter}{}
\end{pspicture}

Splitter



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}
\splitter[inputarrow,
 tripolestyle=bottom,tripoleinput=right, fillstyle=solid, fillcolor=ForestGreen](A)(B)(C){
 Splitter}{}
\end{pspicture}

#### Circulator

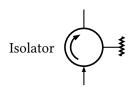
tripolestyle: circulator | isolator

inputarrow: false| true
tripoleinput: left | right

# Circulator



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}
\circulator{0}(A)(B)(C){Circulator}{}
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,3)
 \pnode(1.5,0.5){A}\pnode(1.5,2.5){B}\pnode(0.5,1.5){C}
 \circulator[tripolestyle=isolator,inputarrow=true]{90}%
 (A)(B)(C){Isolator}{}
\end{pspicture}

# Isolator



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}
\circulator[tripoleconfig=right,tripolestyle=isolator,
 inputarrow=true,tripoleinput=right]{0}%
 (B)(A)(C){Isolator}{}
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,2){C}
\circulator[tripoleconfig=right,
 inputarrow=true]{180}(A)(B)(C){Isolator}%
 {fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=red}
\end{pspicture}

#### Agc

inputarrow: false| true
tripoleinput: left | right



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}
\agc(A)(B)(C){AGC}{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow}
\end{pspicture}



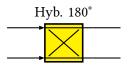
```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}
\agc[tripoleinput=right,inputarrow=true](A)(B)(C)%
{AGC}{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=blue}
\end{pspicture}
```

# 3.5 New quadripole macro-components

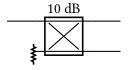
## Coupler

couplerstyle: hybrid | directional

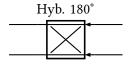
inputarrow: false| true
quadripoleinput: left | right



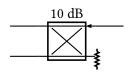
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0,1.4){A} \pnode(0,0.6){B}
\pnode(3,1.4){C} \pnode(3,0.6){D}
\coupler[couplerstyle=hybrid,inputarrow=true](A)(B)(C)(D)%
{Hyb. \$180\$\ensuremath{^\circ}}%
{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow}
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0,1.4){A} \pnode(0,0.6){B}
\pnode(3,1.4){C} \pnode(3,0.6){D}
\coupler[couplerstyle=directional](A)(B)(C)(D){10~dB}{}
\end{pspicture}



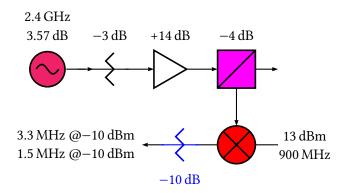
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0,1.4){A} \pnode(0,0.6){B}
\pnode(3,1.4){C} \pnode(3,0.6){D}
\coupler[couplerstyle=hybrid,inputarrow=true,%
 quadripoleinput=right](A)(B)(C)(D)%
 {Hyb. \$180\$\ensuremath{^\circ}}{}
\end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\pnode(0,1.4){A} \pnode(0,0.6){B}
\pnode(3,1.4){C} \pnode(3,0.6){D}
\coupler[couplerstyle=directional,quadripoleinput=right,%
inputarrow=true](A)(B)(C)(D){10~dB}{}
\end{pspicture}

#### 3.6 Examples

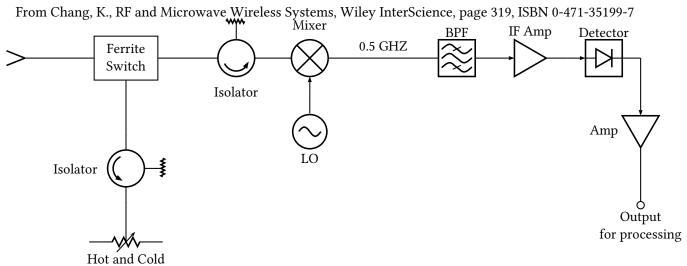
#### Radar emission diagram



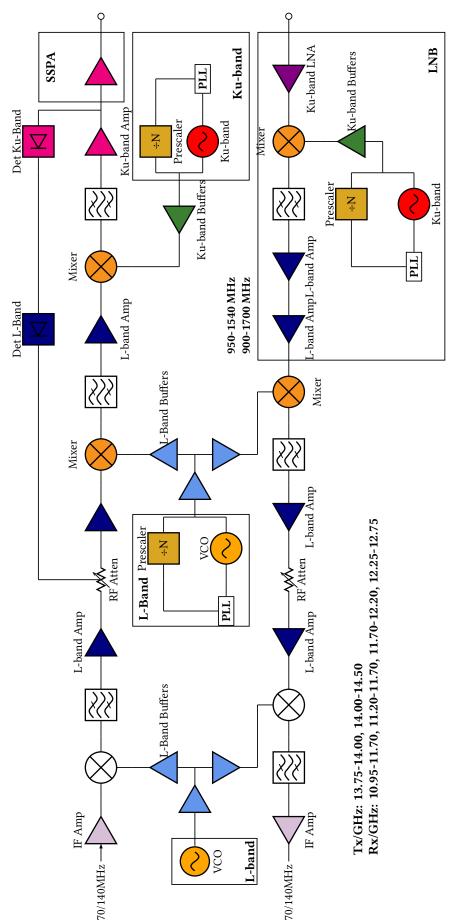
44 3 Microwave symbols

# Radiometer block diagram example

loads for calibration







# 4 Flip Flops - logical elements

The syntax for all logical base circuits is

```
\verb|\logic [Options]| (x_0, y_0) | \{label\}|
```

where the options and the origin are optional. If they are missing, then the default options, described in the next section and the default origin (0,0) is used. The origin specifies the lower left corner of the logical circuit. xLkeywordlogicType

```
\logic{Demo}
\logic[logicType=and]{Demo}
\logic(0,0){Demo}
\logic[logicType=and](0,0){Demo}
```

The above four "different" calls of the \logic macro give the same output, because they are equivalent.

# 4.1 The Options

name	type	default
logicShowNode	boolean	false
logicShowDot	boolean	false
logicNodestyle	command	$\footnotesize$
logicSymbolstyle	command	$\label{large} \$
logicSymbolpos	value	0.5
logicLabelstyle	command	$\slash$ small
logicType	string	and
logicChangeLR	boolean	false
logicWidth	length	1.5
logicHeight	length	2.5
logicWireLength	length	0.5
logicNInput	number	2
logicJInput	number	2
logicKInput	number	2

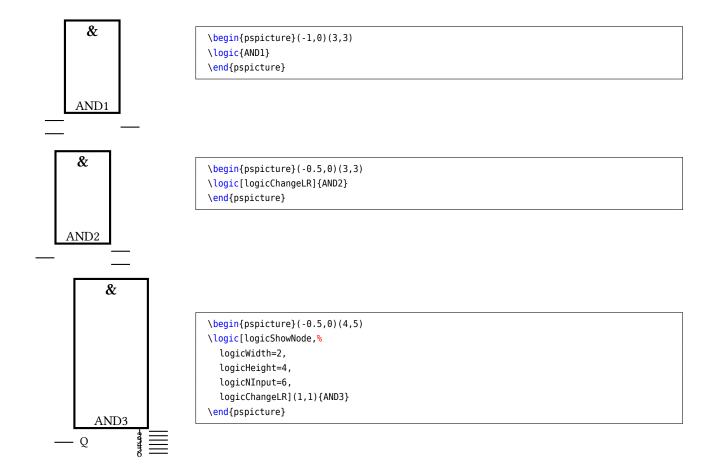
### 4.2 Basic Logical Circuits

At least the basic objects require a unique label name, otherwise it is not sure, that all nodes will work well. The label may contain any alphanumerical character and most of all symbols. But it is save using only combinations of letters and digits. For example:

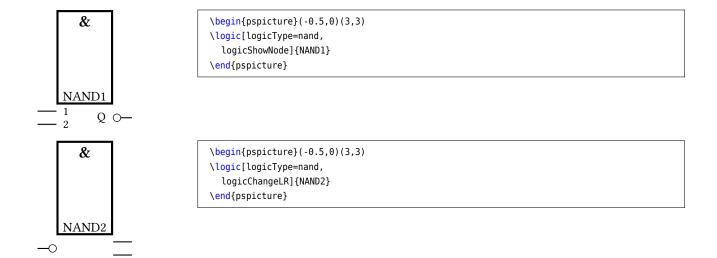
And0 a0 a123 12 NOT123a

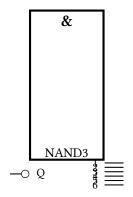
A\_1 is not a good choice, the underscore may cause some problems.

#### And



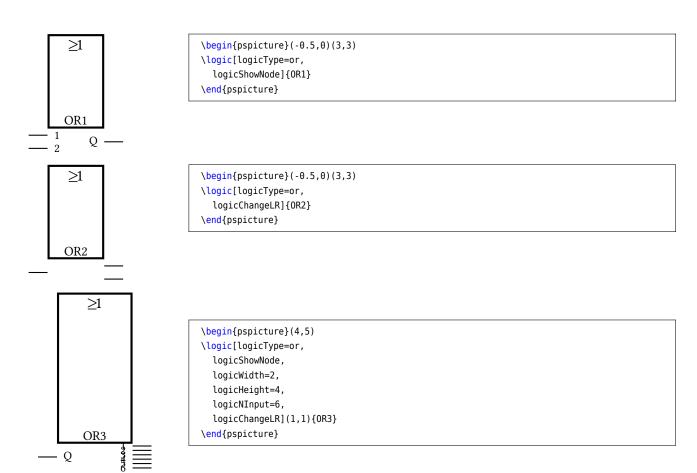
### **NotAnd**



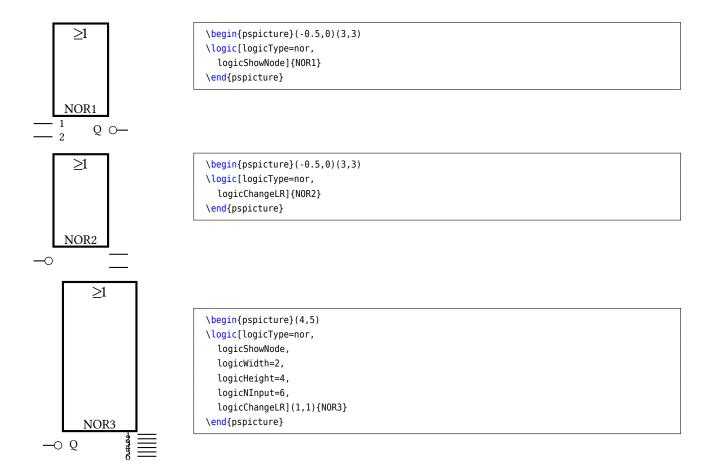


```
\begin{pspicture}(4,5)
\logic[logicType=nand,
    logicShowNode,
    logicWidth=2,
    logicHeight=4,
    logicNInput=6,
    logicChangeLR](1,1){NAND3}
\end{pspicture}
```

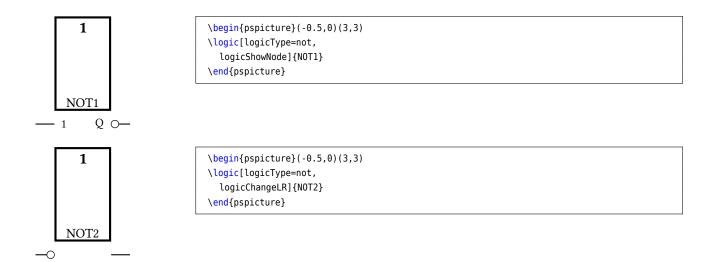
#### Or

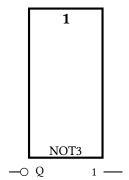


#### **Not Or**



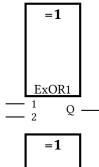
## Not





```
\begin{pspicture}(4,5)
\logic[logicType=not,
    logicShowNode,
    logicWidth=2,
    logicHeight=4,
    logicChangeLR](1,1){NOT3}
\end{pspicture}
```

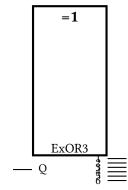
# **Exclusive OR**



```
\begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
\logic[logicType=exor,
  logicShowNode]{ExOR1}
\end{pspicture}
```



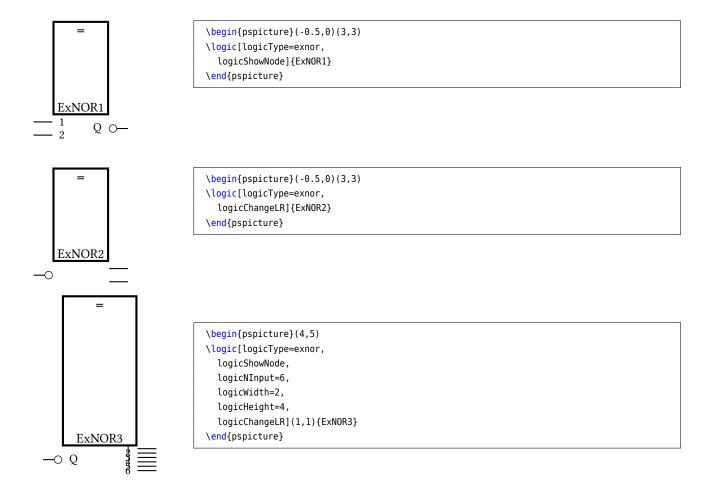
```
\begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
\logic[logicType=exor,
  logicChangeLR]{ExOR2}
\end{pspicture}
```



```
\begin{pspicture}(4,5)
\logic[logicType=exor,
    logicShowNode,
    logicNInput=6,
    logicWidth=2,
    logicHeight=4,
    logicChangeLR](1,1){ExOR3}
\end{pspicture}
```

4.3 RS Flip Flop 51

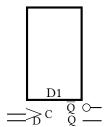
#### **Exclusive NOR**



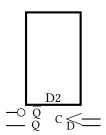
# 4.3 RS Flip Flop

```
| \begin{pspicture} \( \-1, \-1 \) (3,3) \\logic[logicShowNode, \\ logicType=RS]{RS1} \\ \end{pspicture} \]
```

# 4.4 D Flip Flop

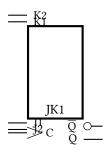


```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)
\logic[logicShowNode,
    logicType=D]{D1}
\end{pspicture}
```

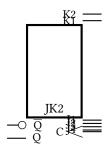


```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)
\logic[logicShowNode=true,
    logicType=D,
    logicChangeLR]{D2}
\end{pspicture}
```

# 4.5 JK Flip Flop

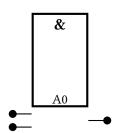


```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)
\logic[logicShowNode,
    logicType=JK,
    logicKInput=2,
    logicJInput=2]{JK1}
\end{pspicture}
```



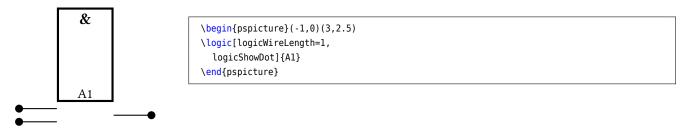
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)
\logic[logicShowNode,logicType=JK,
    logicKInput=2, logicJInput=4,
    logicChangeLR]{JK2}
\end{pspicture}
```

# 4.6 Other Options



\begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,2.5)
\logic[logicShowDot]{A0}
\end{pspicture}

4.7 The Node Names 53



The unit of logicWireLength is the same than the actual one for pstricks, set by the unit option.

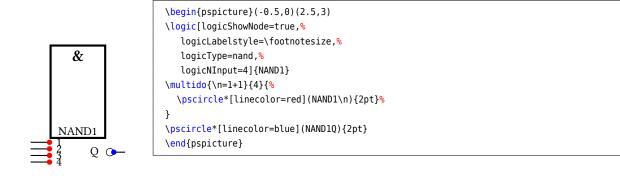
#### 4.7 The Node Names

Every logic circuit is defined with its name, which should be a unique one. If we have the following NAND circuit, then pst-circ defines the nodes

```
NAND11, NAND12, NAND13, NAND14, NAND1Q
```

If there exists an inverted output, like for alle Flip Flops, then the negated one gets the appendix neg to the node name. For example:

```
NAND1Q, NAND1Qneg
```

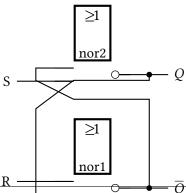


Now it is possible to draw a line from the output to the input

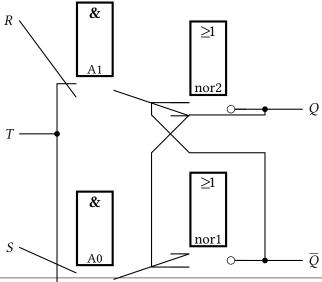
```
\ncbar[angleA=0,angleB=180]{<Node A>}{<Node B>}
```

It may be easier to print a grid since the drawing phase and then comment it out if all is finished.

AN empty argument to the logicSymbolstyle and logicLabelstyle will suppress the output of the symbol and/or the label. The label, of course, is a mandatory argument because it is the prefix of the node names.



```
\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (-1,0) (5,5) \end{array} \end{array}
           \psset{logicType=nor, logicLabelstyle=\normalsize,%
                                            logicWidth=1, logicHeight=1.5, dotsize=0.15}
           \logic(1.5,0){nor1}
           \logic(1.5,3){nor2}
           \psline(nor2Q)(4,0|nor2Q)
           \uput[0](4,0|nor2Q){$Q$}
           \psline(nor1Q)(4,0|nor1Q)
           \uput[0](4,0|nor1Q){\voverline{Q}}
           \prootember \pro
                                     (0.5,1.75)(0.5,0|nor12)(nor12)
           \protect\ (3.50,0|nor1Q)(3.5,2)(1.5,2)
                                     (0.5,2.5)(0.5,0|nor21)(nor21)
           \protect{\protect} \protect{\p
           \psline(0,0|nor22)(nor22)\uput[180](0,0|nor22){S}
 \end{pspicture}
```



```
\begin{pspicture}(-4,0)(5,7)
  \psset{logicWidth=1, logicHeight=2, dotsize=0.15}
  \logic[logicWireLength=0](-2,0){A0}
  \logic[logicWireLength=0](-2,5){A1}
  \ncbar[angleA=-180,angleB=-180,arm=0.5]{A11}{A02}
  \psline[dotsize=0.15]{-*}(-3.5,3.5)(-2.5,3.5)
  \uput[180](-3.5,3.5){$T$}
  \psline(-3.5,0.5)(A01)\uput[180](-3.5,0.5){$S$}
  \protect\space{-3.5,6.5}\ensuremath{(A12)}\protect\space{-3.5,6.5}\ensuremath{(\$R\$)}
  \psset{logicType=nor, logicLabelstyle=\normalsize}
  \logic(1,0.5){nor1}
  \logic(1,4.5){nor2}
  \psline(nor2Q)(4,0|nor2Q)
  \uput[0](4,0|nor2Q){$Q$}
  \psline(nor1Q)(4,0|nor1Q)
  \uput[0](4,0|nor1Q){$\overline{Q}$}
  \psline{*-}(3,0|nor2Q)(3,4)(1,4)(0,3)(0,0|nor12)(nor12)
  \psline{*-}(3,0|nor1Q)(3,3)(1,3)(0,4)(0,0|nor21)(nor21)
  \psline(A0Q)(nor11)
  \psline(A1Q)(nor22)
\end{pspicture}
```

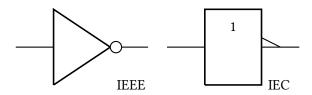
# 5 Logical circuits in american style

macro	option	defaults
\logicnot	input	true
	invertinput	false
	invertoutput	false
	iec	false
	iecinvert	false
	bubblesize	0.2
	possible value	es 0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\logicand	ninputs	2
	input? where ? = a	true −d
	invertinput? where? = a	
	invertoutput	false
	iec	false
	iecinvert	false
	bubblesize	0.2
	possible value	es 0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\logicor	ninputs	2
	input?	true
	where $? = 1$	
	invertinput?	
	where $? = a$	
	invertoutput	
	iec 	false
	iecinvert	false
	bubblesize	0.2
		es 0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\logicxor	ninputs	2
	input?	true
	where $? = 1$	
	invertinput? where? = a-	false -d
	invertoutput	false
	iec	false
	iecinvert	false
	bubblesize	0.2
	possible value	es 0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\logicff	inputa	true
	invertinputa	false
	inputalabel	
	inputb	true
	invertinputb	false
	inputblabel	

continued on next page  $\dots$ 

macro	option	defaults
	enable invertenable clock invertclock set invertset reset invertreset bubblesize possible value	false o.2 so.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\logicic	pin? invertpin? pin?label pin?number where? = a bubblesize	8 s 8, 14, 16, 20, 32 true false z,aa,ab,ac,ad,ae,af 0.2 s 0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\xic	plcaddress plcsymbol	
\xio	plcaddress plcsymbol	
\ote	plcaddress	
(oto	plcsymbol latch unlatch	false false
\osr	plcsymbol latch	
	plcsymbol latch unlatch plcaddress	
\osr	plcsymbol latch unlatch plcaddress plcsymbol plcaddress	
\osr \res	plcsymbol latch unlatch plcaddress plcsymbol plcaddress plcsymbol	false

# 5.1 Examples

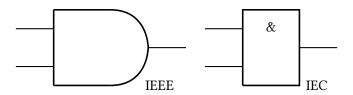


\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(8.5,3)

\logicnot[invertoutput=true](0,0){IEEE}

 $\verb|\logicnot[invertoutput=true,iec=true,iecinvert=true](4,0){IEC}|$ 

\end{pspicture}

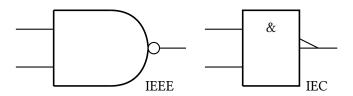


\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)

 $\verb|\logicand[ninputs=2](0,0){IEEE}|$ 

\logicand[ninputs=2,iec=true](5,0){IEC}

\end{pspicture}

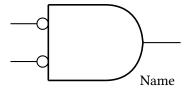


\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)

\logicand[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true](0,0){IEEE}

\logicand[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true,iec=true,iecinvert=true](5,0){IEC}

\end{pspicture}

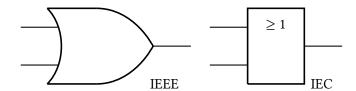


 $\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\$ 

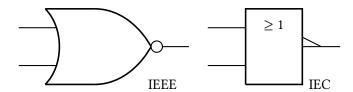
\logicand[ninputs=2,invertinputa=true,

 $invertinputb = true] (0,0) \{Name\}$ 

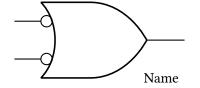
\end{pspicture}

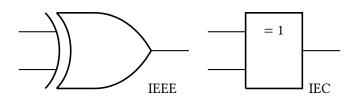


\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)
\logicor[ninputs=2](0,0){IEEE}
\logicor[ninputs=2,iec=true](5,0){IEC}
\end{pspicture}

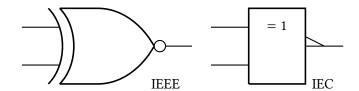


\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)
\logicor[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true](0,0){IEEE}
\logicor[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true,iec=true,iecinvert=true](5,0){IEC}
\end{pspicture}



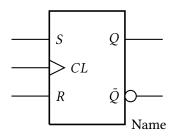


\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)
\logicxor[ninputs=2]{0}(0,0){IEEE}
\logicxor[ninputs=2,iec=true]{0}(5,0){IEC}
\end{pspicture}



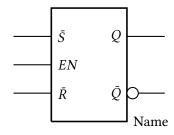
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)
\logicxor[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true]{0}(0,0){IEEE}
\logicxor[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true,iec=true,iecinvert=true]{0}(5,0){IEC}
\end{pspicture}
```

# S-R Flip-Flop with Clock



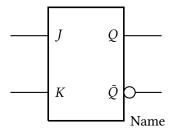
 $\begin{psycture}(-1,-1)(5,4)\\ \logicff[clock=true,inputalabel=$S\$,inputblabel=$R\$](0,0)\{\\ Name\}\\ \begin{psycture}(0,0) & (0,$ 

# $\bar{S}$ - $\bar{R}$ Flip-Flop with Enable



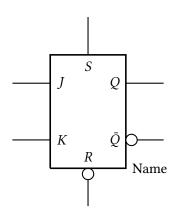
 $\label{logicff} $$ \left(-1,-1\right)(5,4) $$ \log \left(-1,-1\right)(5,4) $$ \log \left(-1,-1\right)(5,4) $$ bar{R}_{0,0}{\mathbb{N}} $$ bar{R}_{0,0}(\mathbb{N}) $$ end{pspicture}$ 

# J-K Flip-Flop



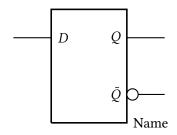
 $\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4) \\ \logicff[inputalabel=$J$,inputblabel=$K$](0,0){Name} \\ \end{pspicture}$ 

# J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset



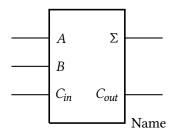
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)
\logicff[set=true,reset=true,invertreset=true,%
 inputalabel=\$J\$,inputblabel=\$K\$](0,0){Name}
\end{pspicture}

# D Flip-Flop



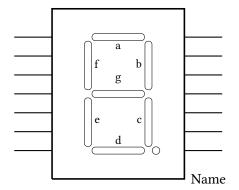
 $\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4) \\ logicff[inputb=false,inputalabel=$D$](0,0){Name} \\ \begin{pspicture}(0,0) & (0,0) &$ 

# **Full Adder**

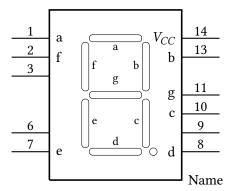


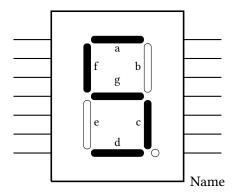
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)
\logicff[enable=true,invertoutputb=false,inputalabel=\$A\$,
 inputblabel=\$C\_{in}\$,inputenlabel=\$B\$,outputalabel=\$\
 Sigma\$,
 outputblabel=\$C\_{out}\$](0,0){Name}
\end{pspicture}

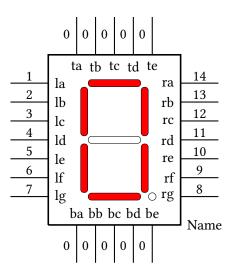
# 7-Segment Display



\begin{pspicture}(6.5,5)
\sevensegmentdisplay(0,0){Name}
\end{pspicture}

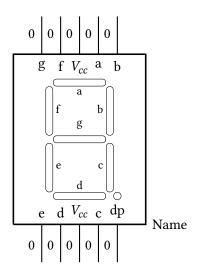






```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6.5,6)
```

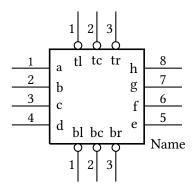
\sevensegmentdisplay[segmentdisplay=0, segmentcolor=red, segmentlabels=false, pinlalabel=la,pinlblabel=lb,pinlclabel=lc,pinldlabel=ld,pinlelabel=le, pinlflabel=lf,pinlglabel=lg,pinrglabel=rg,pinrflabel=rf,pinrelabel=re, pinrdlabel=rd,pinrclabel=rc,pinrblabel=rb,pinralabel=ra,pinlanumber=1, pinlbnumber=2,pinlcnumber=3,pinldnumber=4,pinlenumber=5,pinlfnumber=6, pinlgnumber=7,pinrgnumber=8,pinrfnumber=9,pinrenumber=10,pinrdnumber=11, pinrcnumber=12,pinrbnumber=13,pinranumber=14,pinta=true,pintalabel=ta, pintanumber=0,pintb=true,pintblabel=tb,pintbnumber=0,pintc=true, pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=0,pintd=true,pintdlabel=td,pintdnumber=0, pinte=true,pintelabel=te,pintenumber=0,pinba=true,pinbalabel=ba, pinbanumber=0,pinbc=true, pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=0,pinbd=true,pinbdlabel=bd,pinbdnumber=0, pinbe=true,pinbelabel=be,pinbenumber=0](0,0){Name}
\end{pspicture}



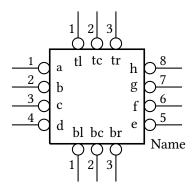
pinbe=true,pinbelabel=dp,pinbenumber=0](0,0){Name}

 $\verb|\end{pspicture}|$ 

#### 8-Pin DIP IC

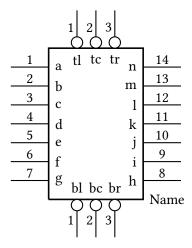


```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,4)
\logicic[nicpins=8, bubblesize=0.1,%
    pintl=true, pintllabel=tl, pintlnumber=1,%
    pintc=true, pintclabel=tc, pintcnumber=2,%
    pintr=true, pintrlabel=tr, pintrnumber=3,%
    invertpintl=true, invertpintc=true, invertpintr=true,%
    pinbl=true, pinbllabel=bl, pinblnumber=1,%
    pinbc=true, pinbclabel=bc, pinbcnumber=2,%
    pinbr=true, pinbrlabel=br, pinbrnumber=3,%
    invertpinbl=true, invertpinbc=true, invertpinbr=true,%
    pinalabel=a, pinblabel=b, pinclabel=c, pindlabel=d,%
    pinelabel=e, pinflabel=f, pinglabel=g, pinhlabel=h,%
    pinanumber=1, pinbnumber=2, pincnumber=3, pindnumber=4,%
    pinenumber=5, pinfnumber=6, pingnumber=7, pinhnumber=8](0,0){Name}
\end{pspicture}
```



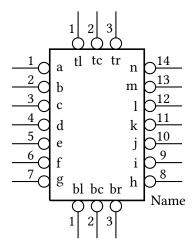
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,4)
 \logicic[nicpins=8,%
  pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
  pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
  \verb|pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3, %
  invertpintl = true, invertpintc = true, invertpintr = true, \%
  pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
  pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
  pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
  invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
  pinalabel=a, pinblabel=b, pinclabel=c, pindlabel=d, \%
  pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
  pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
  pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,%
  invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
  invertpine = true, invertpinf = true, invertping = true, invertpinh = true] (0,0) \{Name\}
\end{pspicture}
```

#### 14-Pin DIP IC



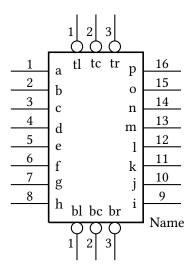
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,6)
 \logicic[nicpins=14,%
  \verb|pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%|
  pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
  pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
  invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
  pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
  pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
  pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
  invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
  pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
  pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
  pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,\%
  pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,%
  \verb|pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4, % |
  pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
  pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
  pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14]%
  (0,0){Name}
\end{pspicture}
```

#### 14-Pin DIP IC all inverted



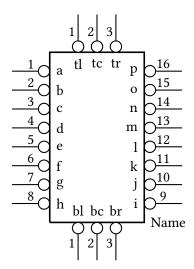
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,6)
 \logicic[nicpins=14,%
  \verb|pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,\%|
  pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
  pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
  invertpintl = true, invertpintc = true, invertpintr = true, \%
  pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
  pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
  pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
  invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
  pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
  pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h, \%
  pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,\%
  pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,%
  \verb|pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4, % |
  \verb|pinenumber=5, \verb|pinfnumber=6, \verb|pingnumber=7, \verb|pinhnumber=8, |
  pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,
  invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
  invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true,%
  invertpini=true,invertpinj=true,invertpink=true,invertpinl=true,%
  \verb"invertpinm=true, invertpinn=true"] %
  (0,0){Name}
\end{pspicture}
```

#### 16-Pin DIP IC



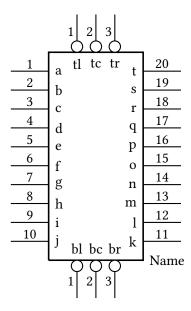
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,6)
 \logicic[nicpins=16,%
  pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
  pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
  pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
  invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
  pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
  pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
  pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
  invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
  pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
  pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
  pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,\%
  pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
  \verb|pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4, % |
  pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
  \verb|pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,\%|
  \verb|pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16]% \\
  (0,0){Name}
\end{pspicture}
```

#### 16-Pin DIP IC all inverted



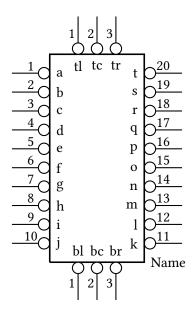
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,6)
 \logicic[nicpins=16,%
  \verb|pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,\%|
  pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
  pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
  invertpintl = true, invertpintc = true, invertpintr = true, \%
  pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
  pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
  pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
  invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
  pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
  pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
  pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,\%
  pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
  \verb|pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4, % |
  pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
  pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,
  invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
  invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true,%
  invertpini=true,invertpinj=true,invertpink=true,invertpinl=true,%
  invertpinm = true, invertpinn = true, invertpino = true, invertpinp = true] \%
  (0,0){Name}
\end{pspicture}
```

#### 20-Pin DIP IC



```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,7)
 \logicic[nicpins=20,%
  pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
  pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
  pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
  invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
  pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
  pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
  pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
  invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
  pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
  pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
  pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
  pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
  pinqlabel=q,pinrlabel=r,pinslabel=s,pintlabel=t,%
  pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
  pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
  pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
  pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,%
  pinqnumber=17,pinrnumber=18,pinsnumber=19,pintnumber=20]%
  (0,0){Name}
\end{pspicture}
```

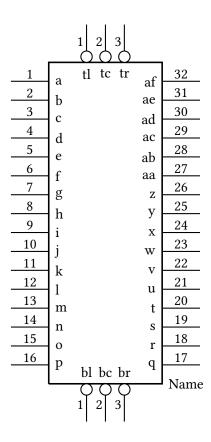
#### 20-Pin DIP IC all inverted



```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,7)
 \logicic[nicpins=20,%
  pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
  pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
  pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
  invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
  pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
  pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
  pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
  invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
  pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
  pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
  pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
  pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
  pinqlabel=q,pinrlabel=r,pinslabel=s,pintlabel=t,%
  pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
  pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
  pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
  pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,%
  pinqnumber=17,pinrnumber=18,pinsnumber=19,pintnumber=20,%
  invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
  invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true,%
  invertpini=true,invertpinj=true,invertpink=true,invertpinl=true,%
  invertpinm=true,invertpinn=true,invertpino=true,invertpinp=true,%
  (0,0) {Name}
\end{pspicture}
```

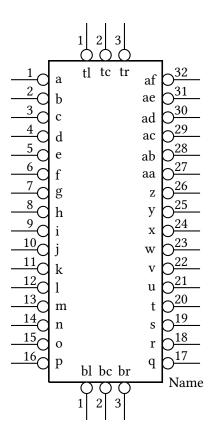
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#### 32-Pin DIP IC



```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6,9.5)
\logicic[nicpins=32, pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,
 pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
 invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,
 pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
 pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
 invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
 pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
 pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
 pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
 pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
 pinqlabel=q,pinrlabel=r,pinslabel=s,pintlabel=t,%
 pinulabel=u,pinvlabel=v,pinwlabel=w,pinxlabel=x,%
 pinylabel=y,pinzlabel=z,pinaalabel=aa,pinablabel=ab,%
 pinaclabel=ac,pinadlabel=ad,pinaelabel=ae,pinaflabel=af,%
 pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
 pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
 pininumber=9, pinjnumber=10, pinknumber=11, pinlnumber=12, %
 pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,%
 pinqnumber=17,pinrnumber=18,pinsnumber=19,pintnumber=20,%
 pinunumber=21,pinvnumber=22,pinwnumber=23,pinxnumber=24,%
 pinynumber=25,pinznumber=26,pinaanumber=27,pinabnumber=28,%
 pinacnumber=29, pinadnumber=30, pinaenumber=31, pinafnumber=32](0,0){Name}
\end{pspicture}
```

#### 32-Pin DIP IC all inverted



```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6,9.5)
 \logicic[nicpins=32,%
  pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
  pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
  pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
  invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
  pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
  pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
  pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
  invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
  pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
  pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
  pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
  pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
  pinqlabel=q,pinrlabel=r,pinslabel=s,pintlabel=t,%
  pinulabel=u,pinvlabel=v,pinwlabel=w,pinxlabel=x,%
  pinylabel=y,pinzlabel=z,pinaalabel=aa,pinablabel=ab,%
  pinaclabel=ac,pinadlabel=ad,pinaelabel=ae,pinaflabel=af,%
  pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
  pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
  pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
  pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,%
  pinqnumber=17,pinrnumber=18,pinsnumber=19,pintnumber=20,%
  pinunumber=21,pinvnumber=22,pinvnumber=23,pinxnumber=24,%
  pinynumber=25,pinznumber=26,pinaanumber=27,pinabnumber=28,%
  pinacnumber=29,pinadnumber=30,pinaenumber=31,pinafnumber=32,%
  invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
  invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true,%
  invertpini=true,invertpinj=true,invertpink=true,invertpinl=true,%
```

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```
invertpinm=true,invertpinn=true,invertpino=true,invertpinp=true,%
invertpinq=true,invertpinr=true,invertpins=true,invertpint=true,%
invertpinu=true,invertpinv=true,invertpinw=true,invertpinx=true,%
invertpiny=true,invertpinz=true,invertpinaa=true,invertpinab=true,%
invertpinac=true,invertpinad=true,invertpinae=true,invertpinaf=true]%
(0,0){Name}
\end{pspicture}
```

76 6 Relay Ladder Logic

# 6 Relay Ladder Logic

### **XIC**

I:1/0
Symbol

\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
\xic[plcaddress=I:1/0,
 plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
\end{pspicture}

#### XI0

I:1/0 Symbol \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
\xio[plcaddress=I:1/0,
 plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
\end{pspicture}

#### **OTE**

\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
\ote[plcaddress=0:2/0,
 plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
\end{pspicture}

#### **OTL**

O:2/0 L Symbol \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
\ote[latch=true,
 plcaddress=0:2/0,
 plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
\end{pspicture}

# **OTE**

O:2/0 U Symbol \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
\ote[unlatch=true,
 plcaddress=0:2/0,
 plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
\end{pspicture}

# **OSR**

O:2/0
- OSR - Symbol

\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
\osr[plcaddress=0:2/0,
 plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
\end{pspicture}

# **RES**

O:2/0

RES

Symbol

\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
\res[plcaddress=0:2/0,
 plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
\end{pspicture}

#### **Switch PB NO**



\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
 \swpb(0,0)
\end{pspicture}

#### **Switch PB NC**



\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
\swpb[contactclosed=true](0,0)
\end{pspicture}

### **Switch TOGGLE NO**



\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
 \swtog(0,0)
\end{pspicture}

#### **Switch PB NC**



\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
\swtog[contactclosed=true](0,0)
\end{pspicture}

#### **Contact NO**



\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
\contact(0,0)
\end{pspicture}

#### **Contact NC**



\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
\contact[contactclosed=true](0,0)
\end{pspicture}

#### **Motor Armature**



\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
 \armature(0,0)
\end{pspicture}

#### 7 Adding new components

Adding new components is not simple unless you need only a simple dipole. For dipoles a macro is provided that generates all helping macros for a new component so that you need to write only the actual drawing code.

If you want to add a new dipole component, you only need the following code:

```
\newCircDipole{ComponentName}%
\def\pst@draw@ComponentName{%
% The PSTricks code for your component
% The center of the component is at (0,0)
\pnode(component_left_end,0){dipole@1}
\pnode(component_right_end,0){dipole@2}}
```

This code can be placed in the core code or somewhere in the respective document in which case it must be surrounded by \makeatletter...\makeatother.

If your new dipole should also work with \multidipole then you have to make some changes in the \multidipole core code. In the definition of \pst@multidipole, look for the last \ifx test

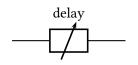
#### and add (marked with %%)

```
% ...
% Extract from \pst@multidipole
  \else\ifx\OpenDipol #4\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenDipol% 27
  \else\ifx\OpenTripol #4\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenTripol% 28
  \else\ifx\ComponentName#4\let\next\pst@multidipole@ComponentName%%%
  \else\let\pscirc@next\ignorespaces
  \fi\fi\fi
% Extract form \pst@multidipole
% ...
```

## Do the same in \pst@multidipole@

```
% ...
% Extract from \pst@multidipole@
  \else\ifx\OpenDipol#1\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenDipol% 27
  \else\ifx\OpenTripol#1\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenTripol% 28
  \else\ifx\ComponentName#1\let\next\pst@multidipole@ComponentName%%%
  \else\let\pscirc@next\ignorespaces\pst@multidipole@output
  \fi\fi\fi
% Extract form \pst@multidipole@
% ...
```

and that's it! All you have to do then is send your modified pst-circ.tex to me and it will become part of the official release of pst-circ.



```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
\newCircDipole{delayline}
\makeatletter
\def\pst@draw@delayline{%
  \psset{linewidth=1.5\pslinewidth}%
  \psframe(-0.5,-0.3)(0.5,0.3)
  \psline[arrows=->](-0.2,-0.5)(0.2,0.5)
  \pnode(-0.5,0){dipole@1}
  \pnode(0.5,0){dipole@2}}%
\makeatother
  \pnode(0,1){A}\pnode(3,1){B}
  \delayline(A)(B){delay}
\end{pspicture}
```

# 8 List of all optional arguments for pst-circ

Note: the default for booleans is always false.

Key	Type	Default
intensity	boolean	true
mathlabel	boolean	true
labelstyle	ordinary	
intensitylabel	ordinary	
intensitylabelcolor	ordinary	black
intensitylabeloffset	ordinary	0.5
intensitycolor	ordinary	black
intensitywidth	ordinary	\pslinewidth
tension	boolean	true
tensionstyle	ordinary	line
tensionlabel	ordinary	
tensionlabelcolor	ordinary	black
tensionoffset	ordinary	1
tensionlabeloffset	ordinary	1.2
tensioncolor	ordinary	black
tensionwidth	ordinary	\pslinewidth
labeloffset	ordinary	0.7
labelangle	ordinary	0
labelInside	ordinary	0
dipoleconvention	ordinary	receptor
directconvention	boolean	true
dipolestyle	ordinary	normal
parallel	ordinary	true
parallelarm	ordinary	1.5
parallelsep	ordinary	0
parallelnode	ordinary	true
intersect	boolean	true
intersectA	ordinary	[none]
intersectB	ordinary	[none]
0Aperfect	boolean	true
0Apower	boolean	true
0Ainvert	boolean	true
0Aiplus	boolean	true
OAiminus	boolean	true
0Aiout	boolean	true
OAipluslabel	ordinary	
OAiminuslabel	ordinary	
OAioutlabel	ordinary	
GMperfect	boolean	true
GMpower	boolean	true
GMinvert	boolean	true
GMiplus	boolean	true
GMiminus	boolean	true
GMiout	boolean	true
GMipluslabel	ordinary	

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Key	Type	Default
GMiminuslabel	ordinary	
GMioutlabel	ordinary	
IGBTinvert	boolean	true
transistorcircle	boolean	true
transistorinvert	boolean	true
transistoribase	boolean	true
transistoricollector	boolean	true
transistoriemitter	boolean	true
transistoribaselabel	ordinary	
transistoricollectorlabel	ordinary	
transistoriemitterlabel	ordinary	
FETchanneltype	ordinary	[none]
FETmemory	boolean	true
DMOSFET	boolean	false
transistortype	ordinary	NPN
basesep	ordinary	0
TRot	ordinary	0
circedge	ordinary	\pcangle
primarylabel	ordinary	
secondarylabel	ordinary	
transformeriprimary	ordinary	true
transformerisecondary	ordinary	true
transformeriprimarylabel	ordinary	
transformerisecondarylabel	ordinary	
tripolestyle	ordinary	normal
variable	boolean	true
logicChangeLR	boolean	true
logicShowDot	boolean	true
logicShowNode	boolean	true
logicWidth	ordinary	1.5
logicHeight	ordinary	2.5
logicType	ordinary	and
logicNInput	ordinary	2
logicJInput	ordinary	2
logicKInput	ordinary	2
logicWireLength	ordinary	0.5
logicLabelstyle	ordinary	\small
logicSymbolstyle	ordinary	\large
logicSymbolpos	ordinary	0.5
logicNodestyle	ordinary	\footnotesize
ninputs	choice	2
ninputs	choice	[none]
segmentdisplay	choice	10
segmentdisplay	choice	[none]
nicpins	choice	8
nicpins	choice	[none]
bubblesize	choice	0.15
bubblesize	choice	[none]

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Key	Type	Default
segmentcolor	ordinary	black
inputalabel	ordinary	
inputblabel	ordinary	
inputclabel	ordinary	
inputenlabel	ordinary	
inputcllabel	ordinary	
outputalabel	ordinary	
outputblabel	ordinary	
outputclabel	ordinary	
pinalabel	ordinary	
pinanumber	ordinary	
pinblabel	ordinary	
pinbnumber	ordinary	
pinclabel	ordinary	
pincnumber	ordinary	
pindlabel	ordinary	
pindnumber	ordinary	
pinelabel	ordinary	
pinenumber	ordinary	
pinflabel	ordinary	
pinfnumber	ordinary	
pinglabel	ordinary	
pingnumber	ordinary	
pinhlabel	ordinary	
pinhnumber	ordinary	
pinilabel	ordinary	
pininumber	ordinary	
pinjlabel	ordinary	
pinjnumber	ordinary	
pinklabel	ordinary	
pinknumber	ordinary	
pinllabel	ordinary	
pinlnumber	ordinary	
pinmlabel	ordinary	
pinmnumber	ordinary	
pinnlabel	ordinary	
pinnnumber	ordinary	
pinolabel	ordinary	
pinonumber	ordinary	
pinplabel	ordinary	
pinpnumber	ordinary	
pinqlabel	ordinary	
pinquaber	ordinary	
pinrlabel	ordinary	
pinrnumber	ordinary	
pinslabel	ordinary	
•	ordinary	
pinsnumber		

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Key	Type	Default
pintnumber	ordinary	
pinulabel	ordinary	
pinunumber	ordinary	
pinvlabel	ordinary	
pinvnumber	ordinary	
pinwlabel	ordinary	
pinwnumber	ordinary	
pinxlabel	ordinary	
pinxnumber	ordinary	
pinylabel	ordinary	
pinynumber	ordinary	
pinzlabel	ordinary	
pinznumber	ordinary	
pinaalabel	ordinary	
pinaanumber	ordinary	
pinablabel	ordinary	
pinabnumber	ordinary	
pinaclabel	ordinary	
pinacnumber	ordinary	
pinadlabel	ordinary	
pinadnumber	ordinary	
pinaelabel	ordinary	
pinaenumber	ordinary	
pinaflabel	ordinary	
pinafnumber	ordinary	
pinralabel	ordinary	
pinranumber	ordinary	
pinrblabel	ordinary	
pinrbnumber	ordinary	
pinrclabel	ordinary	
pinrcnumber	ordinary	
pinrdlabel	ordinary	
pinrdnumber	ordinary	
pinrelabel	ordinary	
pinrenumber	ordinary	
pinrflabel	ordinary	
pinrfnumber	ordinary	
pinrglabel	ordinary	
pinrgnumber	ordinary	
pinrhlabel	ordinary	
pinrhnumber	ordinary	
pinrilabel	ordinary	
pinrinumber	ordinary	
pinrjlabel	ordinary	
pinrjnumber	ordinary	
pinrklabel	ordinary	
•	-	
pinrknumber	ordinary	

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Key	Type	Default
pinrlnumber	ordinary	
pinrmlabel	ordinary	
pinrmnumber	ordinary	
pinrnlabel	ordinary	
pinrnnumber	ordinary	
pinrolabel	ordinary	
pinronumber	ordinary	
pinrplabel	ordinary	
pinrpnumber	ordinary	
pinlalabel	ordinary	
pinlanumber	ordinary	
pinlblabel	ordinary	
pinlbnumber	ordinary	
pinlclabel	ordinary	
pinlcnumber	ordinary	
pinldlabel	ordinary	
pinldnumber	ordinary	
pinlelabel	ordinary	
pinlenumber	ordinary	
pinlflabel	ordinary	
pinlfnumber	ordinary	
pinlglabel	ordinary	
pinlgnumber	ordinary	
pinlhlabel	ordinary	
pinlhnumber	ordinary	
pinlilabel	ordinary	
pinlinumber	ordinary	
pinljlabel	ordinary	
pinljnumber	ordinary	
pinlklabel	ordinary	
pinlknumber	ordinary	
pinlllabel	ordinary	
pinllnumber	ordinary	
pinlmlabel	ordinary	
pinlmnumber	ordinary	
pinlnlabel	ordinary	
pinlnnumber	ordinary	
pinlolabel	ordinary	
pinlonumber	ordinary	
pinlplabel	ordinary	
pinlpnumber	ordinary	
pintllabel	ordinary	
pintlnumber	ordinary	
pintclabel	ordinary	
pintcnumber	ordinary	
pintrlabel	ordinary	
pintrnumber	ordinary	
pinbllabel	ordinary	
	0 .:	1

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Key	Type	Default
pinblnumber	ordinary	
pinbclabel	ordinary	
pinbcnumber	ordinary	
pinbrlabel	ordinary	
pinbrnumber	ordinary	
pintalabel	ordinary	
pintanumber	ordinary	
pintblabel	ordinary	
pintbnumber	ordinary	
pintclabel	ordinary	
pintcnumber	ordinary	
pintdlabel	ordinary	
pintdnumber	ordinary	
pintelabel	ordinary	
pintenumber	ordinary	
pinbalabel	ordinary	
pinbanumber	ordinary	
pinbblabel	ordinary	
pinbbnumber	ordinary	
pinbclabel	ordinary	
pinbcnumber	ordinary	
pinbdlabel	ordinary	
pinbdnumber	ordinary	
pinbelabel	ordinary	
pinbenumber	ordinary	
plcaddress	ordinary	
plcsymbol	ordinary	
iec	ordinary	false
iecinvert	ordinary	false
input	ordinary	true
invertinput	ordinary	false
inputa	ordinary	true
invertinputa	ordinary	false
inputb	ordinary	true
invertinputb	ordinary	false
inputc	ordinary	true
invertinputc	ordinary	false
inputd	ordinary	true
invertinputd	ordinary	false
enable	ordinary	false
invertenable	ordinary	false
clock	ordinary	false
invertclock	ordinary	false
set	ordinary	false
invertset	ordinary	false
reset	ordinary	false
invertreset	ordinary	false
output	ordinary	true
<u> </u>		ed on next page

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Continuea from previous page		
Key	Type	Default
invertoutput	ordinary	false
outputa	ordinary	true
invertoutputa	ordinary	false
outputb	ordinary	true
invertoutputb	ordinary	true
segmentlabels	ordinary	true
pina	ordinary	true
invertpina	ordinary	false
pinb	ordinary	true
invertpinb	ordinary	false
pinc	ordinary	true
invertpinc	ordinary	
pind	ordinary	true
invertpind	ordinary	false
pine	ordinary	
invertpine	ordinary	
pinf	ordinary	
•	ordinary	true false
invertpinf	-	
ping 	ordinary	
invertping	ordinary	
pinh	ordinary	true
invertpinh	ordinary	false
pini	ordinary	
invertpini	ordinary	false
pinj	ordinary	true
invertpinj	ordinary	false
pink	ordinary	true
invertpink	ordinary	false
pinl	ordinary	true
invertpinl	ordinary	false
pinm	ordinary	true
invertpinm	ordinary	false
pinn	ordinary	true
invertpinn	ordinary	false
pino	ordinary	true
invertpino	ordinary	false
pinp	ordinary	true
invertpinp	ordinary	
pinq	ordinary	true
invertping	ordinary	false
pinr	ordinary	
invertpinr	ordinary	
pins	ordinary	true
invertpins	ordinary	false
·	-	
pint	ordinary	
invertpint	ordinary	
pinu	ordinary	
invertpinu	ordinary	false

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Key	Type	Default
pinv	ordinary	true
invertpinv	ordinary	false
pinw	ordinary	true
invertpinw	ordinary	false
pinx	ordinary	true
invertpinx	ordinary	false
piny	ordinary	true
invertpiny	ordinary	false
pinz	ordinary	true
invertpinz	ordinary	false
pinaa	ordinary	true
invertpinaa	ordinary	false
pinab	ordinary	true
invertpinab	ordinary	false
pinac	ordinary	true
invertpinac	ordinary	false
pinad	ordinary	true
invertpinad	ordinary	false
pinae	ordinary	true
invertpinae	ordinary	false
pinaf	ordinary	true
invertpinaf	ordinary	false
pinla	ordinary	true
invertpinla	ordinary	false
pinlb	ordinary	true
invertpinlb	ordinary	false
pinlc	ordinary	true
invertpinlc	ordinary	false
pinld	ordinary	true
invertpinld	ordinary	false
pinle	ordinary	true
invertpinle	ordinary	false
pinlf	ordinary	true
invertpinlf	ordinary	false
pinlg	ordinary	true
invertpinlg	ordinary	false
pinlh	ordinary	true
invertpinlh	ordinary	false
pinli	ordinary	true
invertpinli	ordinary	false
pinlj	ordinary	true
invertpinlj	ordinary	false
pinlk	ordinary	true
invertpinlk	ordinary	false
pinll	ordinary	true
invertpinll	ordinary	false
pinlm	ordinary	true
invertpinlm	ordinary	false
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Key	Type	Default
pinln	ordinary	true
invertpinln	ordinary	false
pinlo	ordinary	true
invertpinlo	ordinary	false
pinlp	ordinary	true
invertpinlp	ordinary	false
pinra	ordinary	true
invertpinra	ordinary	false
pinrb	ordinary	true
invertpinrb	ordinary	false
pinrc	ordinary	true
invertpinrc	ordinary	false
pinrd	ordinary	true
invertpinrd	ordinary	false
pinre	ordinary	true
invertpinre	ordinary	false
pinrf	ordinary	true
invertpinrf	ordinary	false
pinrg	ordinary	true
invertpinrg	ordinary	false
pinrh	ordinary	true
invertpinrh	ordinary	false
pinri	ordinary	true
invertpinri	ordinary	false
pinrj	ordinary	true
invertpinrj	ordinary	false
pinrk	ordinary	true
invertpinrk	ordinary	false
pinrl	ordinary	true
invertpinrl	ordinary	false
pinrm	ordinary	true
invertpinrm	ordinary	false
pinrn	ordinary	true
invertpinrn	ordinary	false
pinro	ordinary	true
invertpinro	ordinary	false
pinrp	ordinary	true
invertpinrp	ordinary	false
pintl	ordinary	false
invertpintl	ordinary	false
pintc	ordinary	false
invertpintc	ordinary	
pintr	ordinary	false
invertpintr	ordinary	false
pinbl	ordinary	
invertpinbl	ordinary	
pinbc	ordinary	
invertpinbc	ordinary	false
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Continued from previous page		Default
Key	Type	
pinbr	ordinary	false
invertpinbr	ordinary	false
pinta	ordinary	false
invertpinta	ordinary	false
pintb	ordinary	false
invertpintb	ordinary	false
pintc	ordinary	false
invertpintc	ordinary	false
pintd	ordinary	false
invertpintd · .	ordinary	false
pinte 	ordinary	false
invertpinte	ordinary	false
pinba 	ordinary	false
invertpinba	ordinary	false
pinbb	ordinary	false
invertpinbb	ordinary	false
pinbc	ordinary	false
invertpinbc	ordinary	false
pinbd	ordinary	false
invertpinbd	ordinary	false
pinbe	ordinary	false
invertpinbe	ordinary	false
dpleft	ordinary	false
dpright	ordinary	true
latch	ordinary	false
unlatch	ordinary	false
contactclosed	ordinary	false
polarized	ordinary	false
ison	ordinary	true
inputarrow	boolean	true
programmable	boolean	true
connectingdot	boolean	true
groundstyle	ordinary	ads
antennastyle	ordinary	two
output	ordinary	top
L0style	ordinary	
dipoleinput	ordinary	left
value	ordinary	0
tripoleinput	ordinary	left
tripoleconfig	ordinary	left
couplerstyle	ordinary	hxbrid
quadripoleinput	ordinary	left

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