pst-knot

Plotting special knots; v.0.02

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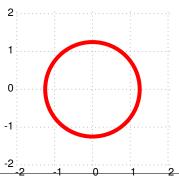
1 introduction

This is the very first try of drawing knots. The package uses the PostScript subroutines of the file psMath.pro from Matthias Buch-Kromann.) Currently there are only two macros for knots.

2 \psKnot

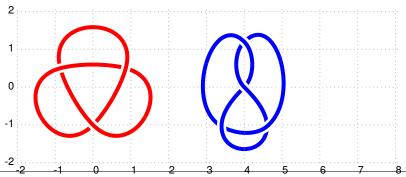
The macro \psKnot has one optional and two mandatory arguments, the origin of the image and the knot type. The following list shows all available knot types.



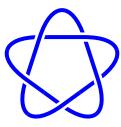


\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=true](-2,-2)(2,2)
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=red](0,0){0-1}
\end{pspicture}

2 \psKnot 2



\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=true](-2,-2)(8,2)
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=red](0,0){3-1}
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=blue](4,0){4-1}
\end{pspicture}





\begin{pspicture}(-2,-2)(8,2)
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=blue](0,0){5-1}
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=blue](4,0){5-2}
\end{pspicture}







\begin{pspicture}(-2,-2)(10,2)
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=blue](0,0){6-1}
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=blue](4,0){6-2}
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=blue](8,0){6-3}
\end{pspicture}

3 Special settings 3







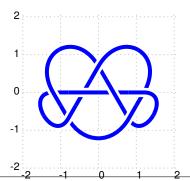
\begin{pspicture}(-2,-2)(10,2)
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=red](0,0){7-1}
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=blue](4,0){7-2}
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=green](8,0){7-3}
\end{pspicture}







\begin{pspicture}(-2,-2)(10,2)
 \psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=red](0,0){7-4}
 \psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=green](4,0){7-5}
 \psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=blue](8,0){7-6}
 \end{pspicture}



\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=true](-2,-2)(2,2)
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=blue](0,0){7-7}
\end{pspicture}

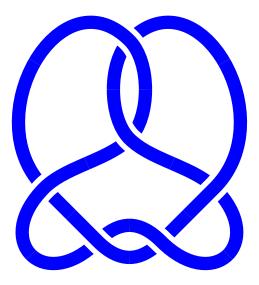
3 Special settings

There exists three special optional arguments for the macro \psKnot.

3.1 Scaling

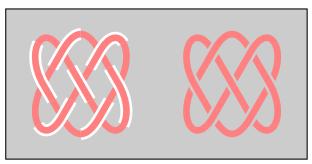
The image can be scaled with scale, which can take one or two values for x and y scaling. For only one value it is scaled for x and y with the same value. The default is 1 1.

3 Special settings 4



3.2 Border color

The background color of the border can be controlled by knotbgcolor. It can use any possible color value and it makes only sense for a colored background to get the same color for the crossing.



```
\begin{pspicture}(-2,-2)(6,2)
 \psframe[fillcolor=black!20,fillstyle=solid](-2,-2)(6,2)
 \psKnot[linewidth=5pt,linecolor=red!50](0,0){7-4}
 \psKnot[linewidth=5pt,linecolor=red!50,
 knotbgcolor=black!20](4,0){7-4}
 \end{pspicture}
```

Pay attention that black!20 is the same as 0,8 of gray.

3.3 Border width

The width of the border is controlled by the keyword knotborder and it is preset to 5\pslinewidth. The border width is added to the current linewidth.

4 \psBorromean 5

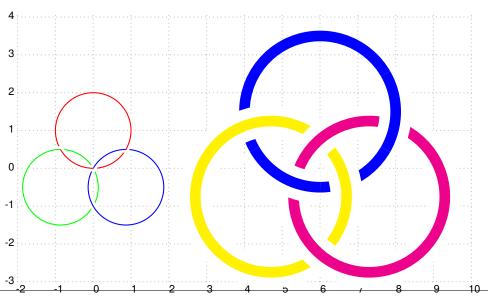


```
\begin{pspicture}(-2,-2)(6,2)
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=cyan!60](0,0){6-3}
\psKnot[linewidth=3pt,linecolor=red!50,
   knotborder=5\pslinewidth](4,0){6-3}
\end{pspicture}
```

4 \psBorromean

The macro \psBorromean draws the so called Borromean rings. It has one optional and three mandatory arguments, the origin of the image, the inner and outer radius. The following list shows all available knot types.

 $\verb|\psBorromean| [Options]| (x,y) \{ circle \ radius \} \{ inner \ radius \}$



\begin{pspicture}[showgrid=true](-2,-3)(10,4)
\psBorromean(0,0){1cm}{1cm}
\psBorromean[linewidth=8pt,knotborder=2\pslinewidth,
 bmcolor={blue,yellow,magenta}](6,0){2cm}{1.5cm}
\end{pspicture}

5 List of all optional arguments for pst-knot

Key	Type	Default
knotborder	ordinary	2
knotbgcolor	ordinary	1
knotscale	ordinary	1 1
bmcolor	ordinary	[none]

References

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