

Kickstart Practice Round 2017

A. Country Leader

B. Vote

C. Sherlock and **Parentheses**

Questions asked 1



Submissions

Country Leader

4pt | Not attempted 366/497 users correct (74%)

7pt | Not attempted 279/360 users correct (78%)

Vote

5pt | Not attempted 227/304 users correct (75%)

8pt | Not attempted 165/214 users correct (77%)

Sherlock and Parentheses

4pt Not attempted 257/277 users correct (93%)

7pt | Not attempted 220/256 users correct (86%)

Top Scores	
yashLadha	35
praran26	35
achaitanyasai	35
xhaler	35
iharsh234	35
Rajnikanth	35
sokokaleb	35
adtac	35
eon204	35
Irving.CL	35

Problem C. Sherlock and Parentheses

This contest is open for practice. You can try every problem as many times as you like, though we won't keep track of which problems you solve. Read the Quick-Start Guide to get started.

Small input Solve C-small 4 points

Large input 7 points

Solve C-large

Problem

Sherlock and Watson have recently enrolled in a computer programming course. Today, the tutor taught them about the balanced parentheses problem. A string S consisting only of characters (and/or) is balanced if:

- It is the empty string, or:
- It has the form (S), where S is a balanced string, or:
- It has the form S₁S₂, where S₁ is a balanced string and S₂ is a balanced

Sherlock coded up the solution very quickly and started bragging about how good he is, so Watson gave him a problem to test his knowledge. He asked Sherlock to generate a string S of $\mathbf{L} + \mathbf{R}$ characters, in which there are a total of L left parentheses (and a total of R right parentheses). Moreover, the string must have as many different balanced non-empty substrings as possible. (Two substrings are considered different as long as they start or end at different indexes of the string, even if their content happens to be the same). Note that S itself does not have to be balanced.

Sherlock is sure that once he knows the maximum possible number of balanced non-empty substrings, he will be able to solve the problem. Can you help him find that maximum number?

Input

The first line of the input gives the number of test cases, **T**. **T** test cases follow. Each test case consists of one line with two integers: L and R.

Output

For each test case, output one line containing Case #x: y, where x is the test case number (starting from 1) and y is the answer, as described above.

Limits

 $1 \le T \le 100$.

Small dataset

 $0 \le \mathbf{L} \le 20$. $0 \le \mathbf{R} \le 20$.

 $1 \le \mathbf{L} + \mathbf{R} \le 20.$

Large dataset

 $0 \le \mathbf{L} \le 10^5.$

 $0 \le \mathbf{R} \le 10^5$. $1 \le L + R \le 10^5$.

Sample

Input	Output
3 1 0 1 1 3 2	Case #1: 0 Case #2: 1 Case #3: 3

In Case 1, the only possible string is (. There are no balanced non-empty substrings.

In Case 2, the optimal string is (). There is only one balanced non-empty substring: the entire string itself.

In Case 3, both strings () $\bar{\mbox{()}}$ (and (()() give the same optimal answer. For the case ()()() (, for example, the three balanced substrings are () from indexes 1 to 2, () from indexes 3 to 4, and ()() from indexes 1 to 4.

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