

World Finals 2015

A. Costly Binary Search

B. Campinatorics

C. Pretty Good Proportion

D. Taking Over The World

E. Merlin QA

F. Crane Truck

Contest Analysis

Questions asked

Submissions

Costly Binary Search

8pt Not attempted 20/25 users correct (80%)

19pt Not attempted 16/17 users correct (94%)

Campinatorics

6pt Not attempted 25/25 users correct (100%)

21pt Not attempted 23/25 users correct (92%)

Pretty Good Proportion

5pt Not attempted 26/26 users correct (100%)

Not attempted
10/18 users correct
(56%)

Taking Over The World

7pt Not attempted 20/21 users correct (95%)

29pt Not attempted
3/4 users correct
(75%)

Merlin QA

8pt Not attempted 14/19 users correct (74%)

Not attempted
4/8 users correct
(50%)

Crane Truck

8pt | Not attempted 2/3 users correct (67%) 37pt | Not attempted

Not attempted
0/1 users correct
(0%)

Top Scores

Gennady. Korotkevich 155	
rng58	134
bmerry	104
tczajka	96
vepifanov	96
peter50216	96
tkociumaka	96
linguo	92
simonlindholm	77
pashka	76

Problem F. Crane Truck

This contest is open for practice. You can try every problem as many times as you like, though we won't keep track of which problems you solve. Read the <u>Quick-Start Guide</u> to get started.

Small input 8 points

Solve F-small

Large input 37 points

Solve F-large

Problem

You are in a large storage facility, with 2^{40} storage locations arranged in a circle.

A truck with a crane on it moves along the circle of storage locations, picking up or putting down crates according to a program. (The truck has an unlimited supply of crates on board, so it can always put more crates down.)

The program consists of a sequence of these instructions:

- b : move back one location
- f : move forward one location
- u : pick up one crate at the current location
- d : put down one crate at the current location
- (: do nothing
-) : if there is more than one crate at the current location, move back to the most recent (in the sequence of instructions, and continue the program from there. (This doesn't move the truck.)

(and) instructions in the program will always come in pairs: a (will be followed later by a matching). There will be at most two such pairs in the program, and if there are two pairs, they will not be nested – that is, there will be either:

- no (or) instructions;
- one (instruction somewhere in the program, followed later by one) instruction;
- a (instruction, followed later by a) instruction, followed later by another (, and again later by another).

The sample cases contain examples of each of these.

Each storage location begins with one crate, before the crane truck starts running its program.

Mysteriously, if the truck picks up the last crate at a location, another truck instantly comes along and puts down 256 crates there! Similarly, if the truck puts down a crate at a location, and that location then has 257 crates, another truck instantly drives past and picks up 256 of the crates, leaving one behind! So every location always has between 1 and 256 crates.

How many times will the truck move forward or backward before reaching the end of its program?

Input

One line containing an integer **T**, the number of test cases in the program.

T lines, each containing a crane truck program with up to 2000 characters.

Output

T lines, one for each test case, containing "Case #X: Y" where X is the test case number, and Y is the number of times the truck moves.

Limits

 $1 \le \mathbf{T} \le 20$.

 $1 \le$ the length of the program ≤ 2000 . The program is guaranteed to terminate.

Small dataset

The program will contain at most one pair of (and) instructions.

Large dataset

The program will contain at most two pairs of (and) instructions.

Sample

Input

Output

Case #1: 6

ufffdddbbbdd Case #2: 11

dddd(fdbu)fff Case #3: 49

dddd(fdddddbu)f(fdddddbu)

Case #4: 2

bf

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