

Qualification Round 2008

A. Saving the Universe

B. Train Timetable

C. Fly Swatter

Contest Analysis

Questions asked 7



Submissions

Saving the Universe

5pt | Not attempted 6760/10473 users correct (65%)

20pt | Not attempted 6258/7836 users correct (80%)

Train Timetable

5pt Not attempted 5076/6516 users correct (78%)

20pt | Not attempted 4408/5491 users correct (80%)

Flv Swatter

5pt | Not attempted 1007/1536 users correct (66%) 20pt | Not attempted 652/1274 users correct (51%)

Top Scores rem 75 75 ymatsux Reid 75 Jacek 75 krijgertje 75 75 inazz gawry 75 75 t3hg0suazn RomanLipovsky 75 75 jasonw

Problem A. Saving the Universe

This contest is open for practice. You can try every problem as many times as you like, though we won't keep track of which problems you solve. Read the Quick-Start Guide to get started.

Small input 5 points

Solve A-small Large input

Solve A-large

Problem

20 points

The urban legend goes that if you go to the Google homepage and search for "Google", the universe will implode. We have a secret to share... It is true! Please don't try it, or tell anyone. All right, maybe not. We are just kidding.

The same is not true for a universe far far away. In that universe, if you search on any search engine for that search engine's name, the universe does implode!

To combat this, people came up with an interesting solution. All queries are pooled together. They are passed to a central system that decides which query goes to which search engine. The central system sends a series of queries to one search engine, and can switch to another at any time. Queries must be processed in the order they're received. The central system must never send a query to a search engine whose name matches the query. In order to reduce costs, the number of switches should be minimized.

Your task is to tell us how many times the central system will have to switch between search engines, assuming that we program it optimally.

Input

The first line of the input file contains the number of cases, N. N test cases

Each case starts with the number **S** -- the number of search engines. The next S lines each contain the name of a search engine. Each search engine name is no more than one hundred characters long and contains only uppercase letters, lowercase letters, spaces, and numbers. There will not be two search engines with the same name.

The following line contains a number \mathbf{Q} -- the number of incoming queries. The next Q lines will each contain a query. Each query will be the name of a search engine in the case.

Output

For each input case, you should output:

Case #X: Y

where **X** is the number of the test case and **Y** is the number of search engine switches. Do not count the initial choice of a search engine as a switch.

Limits

 $0 < N \le 20$

Small dataset

 $2 \le S \le 10$

 $0 \le \mathbf{Q} \le 100$

Large dataset

 $2 \le S \le 100$

 $0 \le \mathbf{Q} \le 1000$

Sample

Input Output Case #1: 1 2 Case #2: 0 Yeehaw NSM Dont Ask RQ Googol

10 Yeehaw Yeehaw Googol В9 Googol NSM В9 NSM Dont Ask Googol Yeehaw NSM Dont Ask В9 Googol Googol Dont Ask NSM NSM Yeehaw Yeehaw Googol

In the first case, one possible solution is to start by using Dont Ask, and switch to NSM after query number $8. \,$

For the second case, you can use B9, and not need to make any switches.

All problem statements, input data and contest analyses are licensed under the <u>Creative Commons Attribution License</u>.

© 2008-2017 Google Google Home - Terms and Conditions - Privacy Policies and Principles

Powered by



Google Cloud Platform