

Round C APAC Test 2016

A. gRanks

B. gFiles

C. gGames

D. gMatrix

Questions asked 2



Submissions

gRanks

6pt Not attempted 1263/2254 users correct (56%)

10pt | Not attempted 923/1243 users correct (74%)

gFiles

9pt | Not attempted 529/1189 users correct (44%)

17pt | Not attempted 222/493 users correct (45%)

gGames

10pt | Not attempted 85/221 users correct (38%) 18pt | Not attempted 13/44 users correct (30%)

qMatrix

11pt | Not attempted 826/1065 users correct (78%) 19pt | Not attempted 157/549 users correct (29%)

Top Scores	
johngs	100
cchao	100
NAFIS	100
exprosic	100
orenguy	83
nhho	82
yaray	82
BananaTree	82
mkrjn99	82
tapasjain	82

Problem D. gMatrix

This contest is open for practice. You can try every problem as many times as you like, though we won't keep track of which problems you solve. Read the Quick-Start Guide to get started.

Small input

11 points

Large input 19 points

Solve D-small

Solve D-large

Problem

You have a square N by N matrix M of nonnegative integers. We would like to make a list of the maximum values in every sub-matrix of size K by K within M, and then find the sum of those values together. (Note that the same entry of M might be the maximum value in more than one sub-matrix, in which case it will show up multiple times in the list.) Can you find that sum?

To simplify the input of the matrix, you are given two arrays **A** and **B** of length ${f N}$, and two integers ${f C}$ and ${f X}$. Then the entry ${f M}_{ij}$ (for the ith row and jth column of the matrix) equals $(\mathbf{A_i}^*i + \mathbf{B_i}^*j + \mathbf{C}) \mod \mathbf{X}$, where i and j are in the range [1, N].

Input

The first line of the input gives the number of test cases, **T**. **T** test cases follow. Each test case begins with one line with four integers, N, K, C and X. Then there are two lines with N integers each, representing the arrays A and B.

Output

For each test case, output one line containing "Case #x: y", where x is the test case number (starting from 1) and y is the sum of the maximum values in all sub-matrices of size **K** by **K**.

Limits

 $1 \le T \le 100$. $1 \le A_i$, $B_i \le 100000$. $1 \le \mathbf{C} \le 100000$. $1 \le X \le 1000000007$. $1 \le K \le N$.

Small dataset

 $1 \leq N \leq 50$.

Large dataset

 $1 \le N \le 3000.$

Sample

Input	Output
3 1 1 1 5 1 2 1 5 11 1 2 3 4 3 2 3 109 6 4 3	Case #1: 3 Case #2: 19 Case #3: 80
2 1 5	

In the first test case, the matrix is:

So the sum of maximum values is 3.

In the second test case, the matrix is:

So the sum of maximum values is 19.

In the third test case, the matrix is:

11 11 24

All problem statements, input data and contest analyses are licensed under the <u>Creative Commons Attribution License</u>.

© 2008-2017 Google Google Home - Terms and Conditions - Privacy Policies and Principles

Powered by

