

## Round B APAC Test

A. Password Attacker

**B. New Years Eve** 

#### C. Card Game

D. Parentheses Order

# **Questions asked** 1



Su	bmis	sions
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#### Password Attacker

8pt Not attempted 736/1999 users correct (37%)

13pt | Not attempted 352/627 users correct (56%)

## New Years Eve

11pt | Not attempted 142/438 users correct (32%)

12pt | Not attempted 116/138 users correct (84%)

#### Card Game

9pt Not attempted 750/1147 users correct (65%)

17pt | Not attempted 70/529 users correct (13%)

# Parentheses Order

10pt | Not attempted 679/996 users correct (68%) Not attempted 20pt 59/411 users

correct (14%)

<ul><li>Top Scores</li></ul>	
Kriiii	100
flashmt	100
adurysk	100
pulkitg10	100
cxlove321	100
Prowindy	100
ariselpy	100
Sakib	100
atony	100
kellynq	100

## **Problem C. Card Game**

This contest is open for practice. You can try every problem as many times as you like, though we won't keep track of which problems you solve. Read the Quick-Start Guide to get started.

Small input

9 points

Large input 17 points

Solve C-small

Solve C-large

#### Problem

Bob is fond of playing cards. On his birthday party, his best friend Alice gave him a set of cards.

There are N cards and each card contains an integer number. He put the cards from left to right on a desk and wants to discard some of them. Before he discards any cards, he will choose a number K. At each time, he always chooses 3 adjacent cards to discard, and we assume that the numbers on each card from left to right are **a**, **b** and **c**. Bob guarantees that

$$c - b = b - a = K$$

Bob want to know what is the smallest number of cards he can be left with at the end. If he ever has a choice of which cards to discard, he chooses the cards and will leave the fewest cards at the end.

The first line of the input gives the number of test cases, **T**. **T** test cases follow.

Each test cases contains two lines. The first line of each test case contains two integers: the number of cards N and the number K Bob chooses. The second line contains  $\boldsymbol{N}$  integers  $\boldsymbol{a_1},\,\boldsymbol{a_2},\,...,\,\boldsymbol{a_N}$  the numbers on the cards from left to right.

# Output

For each test case, output one line containing "Case #x: y", where x is the test case number (starting from 1) and y is the smallest number of cards Bob can be left with after he has discarded everything he can.

# Limits

 $1 \le T \le 100$ .  $1 \le a_i \le 10^6 (1 \le i \le N).$  $1 \leq N \leq 100$ 

Small dataset

K = 0.

Large dataset

 $1 \le \mathbf{K} \le 10^6$ .

## Sample

Input	Output
2 6 0 4 4 3 3 3 4 5 1 3 1 2 3 4	Case #1: 0 Case #2: 2

