

Distributed Practice Round
2015[A. Testrun](#)[B. sandwich](#)**C. majority**[D. shhhh](#)[E. load_balance](#)[Contest Analysis](#)[Questions asked](#) **17**

Submissions

Testrun

0pt Not attempted
0/142 users correct
(0%)

sandwich

1pt Not attempted
187/205 users
correct (91%)15pt Not attempted
141/178 users
correct (79%)

majority

1pt Not attempted
170/176 users
correct (97%)20pt Not attempted
80/167 users
correct (48%)

shhhh

1pt Not attempted
110/115 users
correct (96%)30pt Not attempted
69/102 users
correct (68%)

load_balance

2pt Not attempted
94/101 users
correct (93%)35pt Not attempted
33/88 users correct
(38%)

Top Scores

iwi	105
simonlindholm	105
Murphy	105
stgatilov	105
Alexander86	105
microtony	105
eatmore	105
uwi	105
Marcin.Smulewicz	105
tczajka	105

Problem C. majority

This contest is open for practice. You can try every problem as many times as you like, though we won't keep track of which problems you solve. Read the [Quick-Start Guide](#) to get started.

small
1 points
2 minute timeout

The contest is finished.

large
20 points
10 minute timeout

The contest is finished.

Problem

Your country is electing its president, and you are in charge of the new electronic voting system. The citizens have voted, and now you have to check if any of the candidates obtained a *majority* — that is, if there is a candidate for whom more than half of the citizens voted.

Input

The input library will be called "majority", see the sample inputs below for examples in your language. It will define two methods: `GetN()`, which will return the number of voting citizens N , and `GetVote(i)`, which will (for $0 \leq i < N$) return the identifier of the candidate for whom citizen i voted.

Output

If any candidate obtained a majority of the votes, output the identifier of that candidate. Otherwise, output the string "NO WINNER" (quotes for clarity only). A single call to `GetVote(i)` will take approximately 0.025 microseconds.

Limits

Each node will have access to 128MB of RAM, and a time limit of 3 seconds.
 $0 \leq \text{GetVote}(i) \leq 10^9$ for all i with $0 \leq i < N$.

Small input

Your solution will run on 10 nodes.
 $1 \leq \text{GetN}() \leq 1000$.

Large input

Your solution will run on 100 nodes.
 $1 \leq \text{GetN}() \leq 10^9$.

Sample

Input	Output
See the input files below.	For sample input 1: 7 For sample input 2: NO WINNER For sample input 3: NO WINNER

Note: the same problem idea was used by us in a tutorial in the Algorithmic Engagements contest in 2014.

Sample input libraries:

Sample input for test 1: [majority.h](#) [CPP] [majority.java](#) [Java]

Sample input for test 2: [majority.h](#) [CPP] [majority.java](#) [Java]

Sample input for test 3: [majority.h](#) [CPP] [majority.java](#) [Java]

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