

# SQL PROJECTION PIZZA SALES



# WELCOME TO SQL PROJECT ON PIZZA SALES

🔍 In this project, I performed an in-depth analysis of a pizza sales dataset using MySQL. The dataset included information on customer orders, pizza types, sizes, prices, and quantities sold.

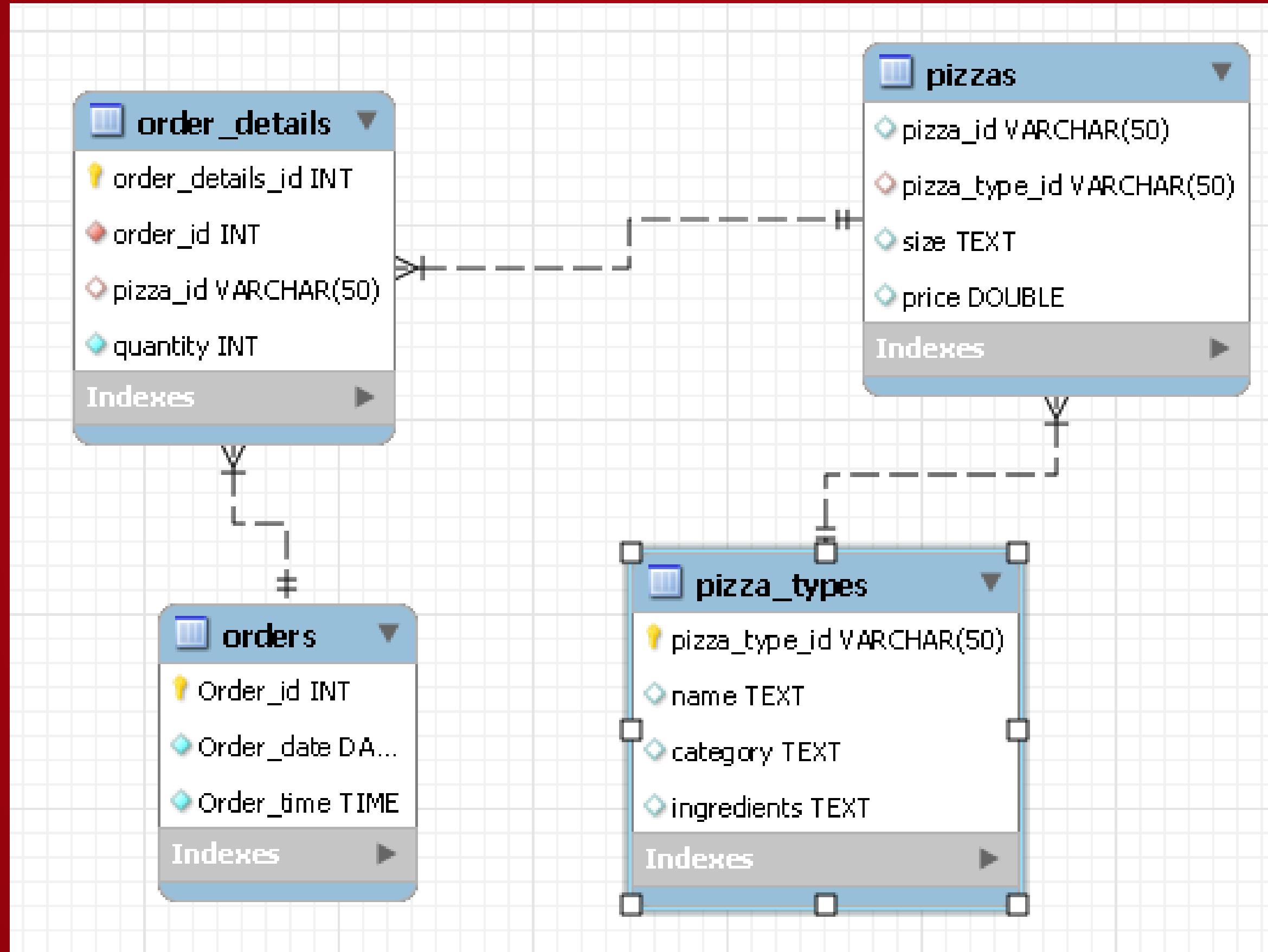
The main objective was to extract actionable business insights using SQL queries, categorized into three levels:

- Basic Analysis: Understanding order volume, revenue, and popular pizzas.
- Intermediate Analysis: Exploring time-based trends, category performance, and daily averages.
- Advanced Analysis: Calculating revenue contribution by category, cumulative revenue, and top-performing pizzas using advanced SQL techniques like window functions and ranking.

This project helped me strengthen my knowledge of:

- Joins
- Aggregations
- Grouping & Filtering
- Window Functions
- Subqueries & CTEs

# EER Diagram of Pizza Sales Database Schema



# Q1: RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBERS OF ORDERS PLACED.

QUERY:

```
• SELECT  
    COUNT(Order_id) AS Total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

RESULT:

	Total_orders
▶	21350

## Q2: CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.

### QUERY:

```
• SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
          2) AS Total_sales
FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id;
```

### RESULT:

	Total_sales
▶	817860.05

## Q3: IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

RESULT:

	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95

## Q4: IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS Order_count
FROM
    pizzas
        JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY Order_count DESC;
```

RESULT:

	size	Order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137

## Q5: LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS Total_quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY Total_quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

RESULT:

	name	Total_quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

## Q6: JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED.

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS Total_quantity_ordered
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category;
```

RESULT:

	category	Total_quantity_ordered
▶	Classic	14888
	Veggie	11649
	Supreme	11987
	Chicken	11050

## Q7: DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

QUERY:

```
SELECT  
    HOUR(Order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count  
FROM  
    orders  
GROUP BY HOUR(Order_time);
```

RESULT:

	hour	order_count
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399

## Q8: JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

QUERY:

```
SELECT  
    category, COUNT(name) AS Types  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
GROUP BY category;
```

RESULT:

	category	Types
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9

Q9:GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.

QUERY:

```
SELECT  
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) AS Order_per_day  
FROM  
    (SELECT  
        orders.Order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity  
    FROM  
        orders  
    JOIN order_details ON orders.Order_id = order_details.order_id  
    GROUP BY orders.Order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

RESULT:

	Avg_order_per_day
▶	138

## Q10: DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

RESULT:

	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

## Q11: CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

QUERY:

```
SELECT pizza_types.category, round(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) /  
(SELECT ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),2) AS Total_sales  
FROM order_details  
JOIN pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) * 100,2) AS revenue  
FROM pizza_types  
JOIN pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizza_types.category  
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

RESULT:

	category	revenue
▶	Classic	26.91
	Supreme	25.46
	Chicken	23.96
	Veggie	23.68

## Q12:ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

QUERY:

```
SELECT Order_date,sum(revenue) OVER (ORDER BY Order_date) AS cum_revenue
FROM
(SELECT orders.Order_date,sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM order_details
JOIN pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
JOIN orders ON orders.Order_id = order_details.order_id
GROUP BY orders.Order_date) AS sales;
```

RESULT:

	Order_date	cum_revenue
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05

# Q13: DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

QUERY:

```
SELECT name, revenue
FROM
(SELECT category , name , revenue ,
rank() over (partition by category order by revenue DESC) AS rn
FROM
(SELECT pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name ,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM pizza_types
JOIN pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name ) AS a ) AS b
WHERE rn < 3;
```

RESULT:

name	revenue
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25
The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75
The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.700000000006
The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75

# THANK YOU!

