#### Aim: Write a program for error detecting code using CRC CCITT (16-bits).

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
// CRC-CCITT polynomial: x^16 + x^12 + x^5 + 1 (0x1021)
//#define CRC POLY 0x1021
// Function to perform bitwise XOR on binary strings void
binaryXOR(char *result, const char *a, const char *b) { for
(int i = 0; i < 16; i++) \{ result[i] = (a[i] == b[i]) ? '0' : '1';
   } result[16] =
  '\0';
}
// Function to calculate CRC-CCITT checksum void
calculateCRC(const char *data, int length, char *checksum) { char
crc[17]; for (int i = 0; i < 16; i++) { crc[i] = '0';
   ext{crc}[16] =
  '\0';
   for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
     for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
        char msb = crc[0]; for (int
       k = 0; k < 16; k++) \{ crc[k] \}
        = \operatorname{crc}[k+1];
        erc[15] =
        '0';
        if (msb == '1') {
           char temp[17]; binaryXOR(temp, crc, "1000100000100001"); // CRC POLY
          in binary strcpy(crc, temp);
        } crc[15] = (data[i] == '1')
     ? '1' : '0';
   strcpy(checksum, crc);
}
void main() {
   char data[100]; // Replace with your actual
```

```
data printf("Enter data in binary: ");
  scanf("%s", data);
  int dataLength = strlen(data); char
  checksum[17]; calculateCRC(data,
  dataLength, checksum); printf("Calculated
  CRC: %s\n", checksum);
  // Simulating error by changing a bit
  // data[2] \triangleq 0x01; // Uncomment this line to introduce an error
  // Verify the received data char
  receivedChecksum[17];
  printf("Enter received CRC: ");
  scanf("%s",
  receivedChecksum);
  if (strcmp(receivedChecksum, checksum) == 0)
    printf("Data is error-free.\n");
  else printf("Data contains
    errors.\n");
}
```

Aim: Write a program for congestion control using Leaky bucket algorithm.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
 int
 psize, bsize, outgoing, empty space, choice;
 printf("Enter the Bucket size = ");
 scanf("%d",&bsize); emptyspace=bsize;
 printf("Enter the outgoing rate = ");
 scanf("%d",&outgoing); while(1)
  { printf("\nEnter the packet size =
    ");
    scanf("%d",&psize);
    if(psize < bsize & psize <= emptyspace)
       emptyspace=emptyspace-psize; printf("The Packet of size %d is
      added and in the bucket \n",psize); emptyspace+=outgoing;
     }
    else
      printf("The Packet of size %d is dropped due to lack of space in the bucket\n");
     }
    printf("\nEnter 1 to Continue or 0 to Stop:
    "); scanf("%d",&choice); if(choice==0)
    break;
```

# Output:

```
"C:\Users\HP\Downloads\Bur × + ~
Enter the Bucket size = 5000
Enter the outgoing rate = 200
Enter the packet size = 3000
The Packet of size 3000 is added and in the bucket
Enter 1 to Continue or 0 to Stop: 1
Enter the packet size = 2000
The Packet of size 2000 is added and in the bucket
Enter 1 to Continue or 0 to Stop: 1
Enter the packet size = 1500
The Packet of size 6422296 is dropped due to lack of space in the bucket
Enter 1 to Continue or 0 to Stop: 1
Enter the packet size = 100
The Packet of size 100 is added and in the bucket
Enter 1 to Continue or 0 to Stop: 0
Process returned 0 (0x0)
                           execution time : 33.269 s
Press any key to continue.
```

## Experiment 15

Aim: Using TCP/IP sockets, write a client-server program to make client sending the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present.

#### **Program:**

```
ServerTCP.py:
from socket import * serverName="127.0.0.1"
serverPort=12000
serverSocket=socket(AF_INET,SOCK_STREAM)
serverSocket.bind((serverName,serverPort)) serverSocket.listen(1)
while 1:
    print("The serve is ready to receive")
    connectionSocket,addr = serverSocket.accept()
    sentence=connectionSocket.recv(1024).decode()

file=open(sentence,"r")
l=file.read(1024)
    connectionSocket.send(l.encode())
    print('\nSent contents of'+sentence)
    file.close()
    connectionSocket.close()
```

## **ClientTCP.py:**

```
from socket import * serverName='127.0.0.1'
serverPort=12000
clientSocket=socket(AF_INET,SOCK_STREAM)
clientSocket.connect((serverName,serverPort))
sentence=input("\nEnter file name: ")

clientSocket.send(sentence.encode())
filecontents=clientSocket.recv(1024).decode()
print("\nFrom Server:\n') print(filecontents)
clientSocket.close()
```

## Output:

#### **Server instance:**

```
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

Python 3.11.2 (tags/v3.11.2:878ead1, Feb 7 2023, 16:38:35) [MSC v.1934 64 bit ( AMD64)] on win32

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

>>>

The server is ready to receive

Sent contents ofServerTCP.py
The server is ready to receive
```

#### **Client instance:**

```
▶ IDLE Shell 3.11.2
                                                                       X
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
   Python 3.11.2 (tags/v3.11.2:878ead1, Feb 7 2023, 16:38:35) [MSC v.1934 64 bit ( A
   AMD64)] on win32
   Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
   Enter the file name: ServerTCP.py
   From sever:
   from socket import *
   serverName="127.0.0.1"
   serverPort = 12000
   serverSocket=socket (AF INET, SOCK STREAM)
   serverSocket.bind((serverName, serverPort))
   serverSocket.listen(1)
   while 1:
       print ("The server is ready to receive ")
       connectionSocket,addr=serverSocket.accept()
       sentence = connectionSocket.recv(1024).decode()
       file=open(sentence, "r")
       l=file.read(1024)
       connectionSocket.send(l.encode())
       print('\nSent contents of'+sentence)
       file.close()
       connectionSocket.close()
>>>
```

# Experiment 16

Aim: Using UDP sockets, write a client-server program to make client sending the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present.

## **Program:**

```
ServerUDP.py:
```

from socket import \* serverPort=12000

```
serverSocket=socket(AF_INET,SOCK_DGRAM)
serverSocket.bind(("127.0.0.1",serverPort)) print("The
server is ready to receive") while 1:

sentence,clientAddress=serverSocket.recvfrom(2048)
sentence=sentence.decode("utf-8")
file=open(sentence,"r") con=file.read(2048)
serverSocket.sendto(bytes(con,"utf-
8"),clientAddress)

print("\nSent contents
of',end=") print(sentence)
file.close()
```

## ClientUDP.py:

```
from socket import * serverPort=12000
serverName="127.0.0.1"
clientSocket=socket(AF_INET,SOCK_DGRAM)

sentence=input("\nEnter file name: ") clientSocket.sendto(bytes(sentence,"utf-8"),(serverName,serverPort))

filecontents,serverAddress = clientSocket.recvfrom(2048) print("\nReply from Server:\n") print (filecontents.decode("utf-8"))
clientSocket.close() clientSocket.close()
```

#### **Output:**

#### **Server instance:**

```
*Python 3.6.7 Shell*

File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

Python 3.6.7 (v3.6.7:6ec5cf24b7, Oct 20 2018, 13:35:33) [MSC v.1900 (4)] on win32

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more informati

>>>

RESTART: D:\AUG_DEC 2021\CN\LAB\cycle 3\ServerUDP.py

The server is ready to receive

Sent contents of ServerUDP.py

The server is ready to receive
```

#### **Client instance:**

```
Python 3.6.7 Shell
                                                                     - □ ×
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.6.7 (v3.6.7:6ec5cf24b7, Oct 20 2018, 13:35:33) [MSC v.1900 64 bit (AMD6
4)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
======= RESTART: D:\AUG DEC 2021\CN\LAB\cycle 3\ClientUDP.py =======
Enter file name: ServerUDP.py
Reply from Server:
from socket import *
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket (AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)
serverSocket.bind(("127.0.0.1", serverPort))
while 1:
    print ("The server is ready to receive")
    sentence, clientAddress = serverSocket.recvfrom(2048)
    sentence = sentence.decode("utf-8")
     file=open(sentence, "r")
     1=file.read(2048)
    serverSocket.sendto(bytes(1, "utf-8"), clientAddress)
    print ('\nSent contents of ', end = ' ')
print (sentence)
    # for i in sentence:
        # print (str(i), end = '')
     file.close()
>>>
```