# Simplified Columnar File Conversions with:

## hep>convert

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#### Problem: Time Spent on Columnar File Conversions

- Unnecessary time and energy from physicists to convert between file formats
- Even basic conversions require multiple lines of code, multiple file I/O packages
  - There are a number of common modifications that take extra time
- Many users are writing very similar code

## What is hepconvert?

• High-level Python converter between ROOT, Parquet, (and eventually) and HDF5

- Uses common I/O packages
  - o Uproot
  - o Awkward
  - o h5py
  - o Dask-awkward





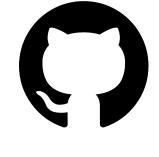
#### Goal: Quick, Simple File Conversions

- Main goal of hepconvert is convenience
- Blocks of code -> single function call
  - One package
  - Memory management and compression handled
  - O Parameters for customization
- User input oriented

#### Overview of Features:

- Features added at user request
  - O Converters between Parquet and ROOT
  - O ROOT to ROOT
  - Common file manipulations
    - Add/remove data
    - Hadd-like functionality
    - Change compression
  - O Address common issues
  - O Command Line Interface





#### Memory Management: Batches

- For large files, it is necessary to read and write data in batches
- Can take time depending on file structure and I/O package;
  - O Each "batch" is a different structure
  - Always require multiple lines of code/loops

TTree (ROOT)				
Entries	Branch 1	Branch 2		
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				

Parquet File				
Row-groups	Column 1	Column 2		
1				
2				

#### Memory Management: Batches

- Each hepconvert function automatically reads and writes in batches
  - o (with the exception of add\_histograms)
  - O ROOT files over > 100MB
  - Parquet files with > 1 row-group
- Can choose step size when reading ROOT files
  - o Entry size: 100
  - O Data measurement: "100MB"

TTree (ROOT)				
Entries	Branch 1	Branch 2		
1				
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Parquet File				
Row-groups	Column 1	Column 2		
1				
2				

#### Work with ROOT files:

- Pure Python; users don't need ROOT
- Writing capabilities of Uproot
  - Currently works with flat TTrees, NanoAOD-like files
  - One level deep

#### Note

The small but growing list of data types can be written as TTrees is:

- dict of NumPy arrays (flat, multidimensional, and/or structured), Awkward Arrays containing one level of variable-length lists and/or one level of records, or a Pandas DataFrame with a numeric index
- a single NumPy structured array (one level deep)
- a single Awkward Array containing one level of variable-length lists and/or one level of records
- a single Pandas DataFrame with a numeric index

#### Parquet to ROOT

- One Parquet file -> one TTree
  - Soon adding merge\_parquet; could merge data from multiple
     Parquet files to one TTree
- Writing capabilities of Awkward Array
  - o Compression settings and many other options available
  - o ak.to parquet()

#### Parquet file to ROOT file:

```
>>> hepconvert.root_to_parquet("out_file.parquet", "in_file.root")
```

#### ROOT to Parquet

- One TTree -> one Parquet File
- Can merge TTrees, or specify one TTree to be written
- Step-size becomes row-group size
- Options:
  - O Branch skimming, branch slimming

#### ROOT file to Parquet file:

>>> hepconvert.root\_to\_parquet("out\_file.parquet", "in\_file.root")

## Awkward Feature: Iterative Writing to Parquet Files

- Re-implemented ak.to\_parquet\_row\_groups()
- Writes data to parquet files in batches (row-groups)
- Pass data as an iterable over data rather than array

```
ak.to_parquet_row_groups(
    (i for i in f[tree].iterate(step_size=step_size,)),
    out_file,
)
```

## Copy (and modify) ROOT Files

```
>>> hepconvert.copy_root("out_file.parquet", "in_file.root")
```

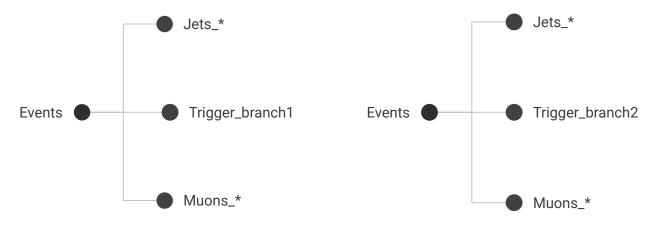
- ullet Why include this? The additional features!
  - Automatically groups branches to avoid duplicate counter branches when writing with Uproot
    - Instead of manually choosing and grouping branches with ak.zip()
  - O Branch-skimming, TTree removal, Branch removal
    - Wildcarding supported
  - Can either write to a new file or return a writable uproot object in memory to then work with
  - Change compression type
  - O Run from command-line

## Merging TTrees and Histogram Summing (hadd-like)

- add\_histograms():
  - Sums contents of histograms in many files
  - Writes to a new file
- merge root():
  - O Merges like TTrees, sums histograms from many files
  - Branch skimming, branch slimming, cuts, etc.
  - Customizable parameters similar to hadd
    - union, append, same\_names
- Not dependent on ROOT!

#### Uproot Feature: Add Branches to an Existing TTree

- Goal:
  - o uproot.add branches('tree', {branch1: data, branch2: data})
- Relation to hepconvert: merge root()
  - Addresses common issue with CMS data
    - Users wanted to merge NanoAOD files with mismatched branches
    - Can backfill with booleans
- Problems: making it inherently as robust/flexible as possible



## Uproot Feature: Adding Branches to an Existing TTree

#### Current state:

- Can copy and write TBranches and TBranchElements of common data types
- Can copy data even if Uproot cannot write it (ex. a vector of vectors)
- File contents are never read into memory

#### Addressing Robustness:

- Rewrites TTree metadata
  - Can only handle most recent ROOT versions (generally after 2017)
- Copies old branches; copying process does not depend on branch type/content

#### Command-Line Interface

- Many functions are more useful in the command line
- All functions implemented
  - Most options work; <u>check the docs!</u>
- Implemented with Python Package Click
- Brief example

## Jupyter Notebook Demo

## Role of User Input

- Features added at user request
  - All features so far were at user request
- What relevant tasks are users spending time doing
- User interaction is necessary to make this a useful tool



#### Ideas or feedback?

https://github.com/scikit-hep/hepconvert/issues

#### Mattermost:

CMS Coffea Users channel

#### Slack:

PyHEP2024

IRIS-HEP: awkward-dask, awkward-uproot

Thank you!