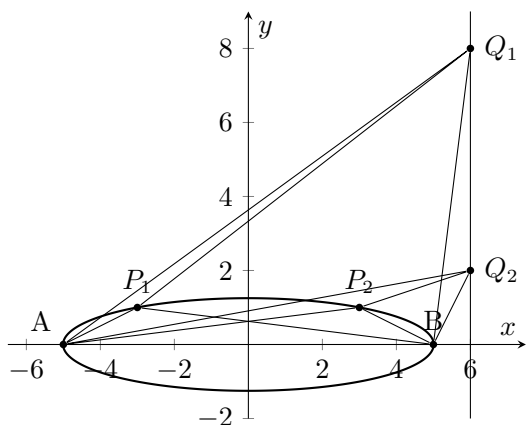


解:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (1) \text{ 由题意: } e^2 &= \frac{25-m^2}{25} = \frac{15}{16} \\
 \Rightarrow m^2 &= \frac{25}{16} \\
 \text{故 } C: \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{\frac{25}{16}} &= 1
 \end{aligned}$$



(2)

易知 $B: (5, 0)$, 设 $P: (x_1, y_1), Q: (6, m)$

不妨设 $m > 0$, 则 $y_1 > 0$

$$\text{则 } BQ: y = \frac{m-0}{6-5}(x-5) = m(x-5), |BQ| = \sqrt{1+m^2}$$

$$\text{由 } BQ \perp BP, BP: y = -\frac{1}{m}(x-5)$$

$$\text{则 } BP = \sqrt{(y_P - y_B)^2 + (x_P - x_B)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(1+m^2)(y_1)^2}$$

$$\text{又: } |BP| = |BQ| \Rightarrow (y_1)^2 = 1$$

$$\text{则 } y_1 = 1$$

$$\text{代入 } C \text{ 得: } x^2 + 16 = 25 \Rightarrow x = \pm 3$$

$$\text{故 } P_1: (-3, 1), P_2: (3, 1)$$

$$\text{则 } k_{BP_1} = \frac{1}{-3-5} = -\frac{1}{m} \Rightarrow m = 8$$

$$\text{同理 } k_{BP_2} = \frac{1}{3-5} = -\frac{1}{m} \Rightarrow m = 2$$

$$\text{则: } P_1Q_1: y = \frac{8-1}{6+3}(x+3) + 1 = \frac{7}{9}x + \frac{10}{3} \Rightarrow 7x - 9y + 30 = 0$$

$$\text{同理: } P_2Q_2: y = \frac{2-1}{6-3}(x-3) + 1 = \frac{1}{3}x \Rightarrow x - 3y = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{则 } S\triangle AP_1Q_1 &= \frac{1}{2}|P_1Q_1|d_{A-P_1Q_1} \\
&= \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{(8-1)^2 + (6+3)^2} \times \frac{|-5 \times 7 - 0 + 30|}{\sqrt{7^2 + (-9)^2}} \\
&= \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{49+81} \times \frac{5}{\sqrt{49+81}} \\
&= \frac{5}{2} \\
\text{同理 } S\triangle AP_2Q_2 &= \frac{1}{2}|P_2Q_2|d_{A-P_2Q_2} \\
&= \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{(2-1)^2 + (6-3)^2} \times \frac{|-5 \times 1 - 0 + 0|}{\sqrt{1^2 + 3^2}} \\
&= \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1+9} \times \frac{5}{\sqrt{10}} \\
&= \frac{5}{2} \\
\text{综上 } \triangle APQ \text{ 的面积为 } &\frac{5}{2}
\end{aligned}$$