引理:
$$C_m^n = C_{m-1}^{n-1} + C_{m-1}^n$$

$$\sum_{j=i}^n C_j^i = C_i^i + C_{i+1}^i + \cdots + C_n^i$$

$$= C_{i+1}^{i+1} + C_{i+1}^i + \cdots + C_n^i$$

$$= C_{i+1}^{i+2} + C_{i+2}^i + \cdots + C_n^i$$

$$\cdots$$

$$= C_{n+1}^{i+1}$$

$$P/A = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{(1+r)^i}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (1+r)^{i-1}}{(1+r)^n}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} C_j^j r^j}{(1+r)^n}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \sum_{j=i}^{n-1} C_j^i r^i}{(1+r)^n}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} C_n^{i+1} r^i}{(1+r)^n}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{i=0}^n C_n^{i+1} r^{i+1}}{r(1+r)^n}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n C_n^i r^i}{r(1+r)^n}$$

$$= \frac{(1+r)^n - 1}{r(1+r)^n}$$
证 毕