

几何法: 复杂不推荐

(1) 证明:

连接  $C_1F$ , 取  $G$  使  $C_1G = 2CG$ , 连接  $GB$   
平面  $BCC_1B_1$  内,  $C_1G = \frac{2}{3}CC_1 = \frac{2}{3}BB_1 = FB$

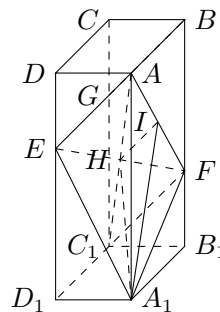
又,  $FB \parallel C_1G$ , 则  $C_1GBF$  为平行四边形

则  $GB \parallel C_1F$

又  $CG = \frac{1}{3}CC_1 = \frac{1}{3}DD_1 = DE$ ,  $DE \parallel CG$

则  $ABGE$  共面且为平行四边形, 则  $GB \parallel AE$

故  $AE \parallel C_1F$ ,  $AEC_1F$  共面



(2) 解:

记  $EF$  中点为  $H$ , 由 (1) 知  $AEC_1F$  为平行四边形

$$C_1F = \sqrt{1+1} = \sqrt{2}, AF = \sqrt{2^2+2^2} = 2\sqrt{2},$$

$$AC_1 = \sqrt{1^2+2^2+3^2} = \sqrt{14}, AH = HC_1 = \frac{\sqrt{14}}{2}$$

由余弦定理:

$$\cos AHF = \frac{(\frac{\sqrt{14}}{2})^2 + (\frac{EF}{2})^2 - (2\sqrt{2})^2}{2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{14}}{2} \times \frac{EF}{2}}$$

$$= -\cos C_1HF = -\frac{(\frac{\sqrt{14}}{2})^2 + (\frac{EF}{2})^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2}{2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{14}}{2} \times \frac{EF}{2}}$$

$$\text{故有: } \frac{7}{2} + \frac{1}{4}EF^2 - 8 = -\frac{7}{2} - \frac{1}{4}EF^2 + 2$$

$$\frac{1}{2}EF^2 = 2 + 8 - 7$$

$$EF = \sqrt{6}$$

$$\text{由 } AE^2 + EF^2 = 2 + 6 = 8 = AF^2$$

故  $\angle AEF = \frac{\pi}{2}$ , 即  $AE \perp EF$

$\triangle A_1EF$  中, 易知  $A_1F = A_1E = \sqrt{5}$

故  $A_1H \perp EF$ , 作  $HI \parallel AE$  交  $AF$  于  $I$

则  $\angle IHA_1$  即为所求二面角的二面角

易知  $HI$  为  $\triangle FAE$  中位线,  $IH = \frac{1}{2}AE = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

又  $H$  为  $AC_1$  中点, 即立方体几何中心, 故

$$A_1H = \frac{1}{2}AC_1 = \frac{\sqrt{14}}{2}$$

在平面  $AF A_1$  中, 通过辅助线易得  $A_1I = \sqrt{5}$

$\triangle IHA_1$  中,

$$\begin{aligned}\cos \angle IHA_1 &= \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{14}}{2}\right)^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2}{2 \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{14}}{2}} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{7}{2} - 5}{\sqrt{7}} \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{7}}{7}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{故 } \sin IHA = \sqrt{1 - \left(-\frac{\sqrt{7}}{7}\right)^2} = \frac{\sqrt{42}}{7}$$

故二面角  $A - EF - A_1$  的正弦值为  $\frac{\sqrt{42}}{7}$