Cheng Zheng

https://zcshinee.github.io/chengzheng.github.io/

EDUCATION

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Ph.D. in Mechanical Engineering; Advisor: Peter So

Sep. 2018 - Present

Cambridge

The Chinese University of Hong Kong

Research Assistant; Advisor: Renjie Zhou

Hong Kong June 2018 - August 2018

Email: chengzh@mit.edu

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ssistant; Advisor: Renjie Zhou Jun

Zhejiang University

M.S. in Opical Engineering; Advisor: Cuifang Kuang

Hangzhou, China

Sep. 2015 - March 2018

Zhejiang University

B.S. in Optical Engineering

Hangzhou, China Sep. 2011 - June 2015

RESEARCH INTEREST

Computational imaging/fabrication. Optical system inverse design.

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Cambridge

Graduate researcher, Computational microscopy and fabrication

Sep. 2018 - Present

- **De-scattering in deep brain** We develop a computational method to remove the scattered photons in two-photo temporal focusing microscopy. By projecting random illumination patterns, seven scattering lengths in brain is achieved in a wide-field detection manner.
- Neural lithography with high precision and throughput We aim to highlight the merits of two-photon lithography of nanoscale precision and skip the point-by-point process. At the same time, we aim to build a more accurate relation between mask and target during lithography with online learning.

Zhejiang University

Hangzhou

Graduate researcher, Computational Super-resolution imaging

Sep. 2015 - March 2018

- Point spread function (PSF) engineering for super-resolution imaging We achieve the first computational imaging method in point scanning regime to gain an image resolution comparable to STED (the method won the 2014 Nobel Prize). By combining the phase-based PSF engineering and multiview reconstruction, we enable our system to be much cheaper in expense, tender to bio-sample, and more flexible in operation than STED.
- Polarized multi-angle total internal reflection fluorescence (TIRF) imaging We utilize the polarization information to gain a lateral super-resolution and TIRF to estimate the depth map. We develop a two-step sparse reconstruction pipeline and enable video-rate 3D super-resolved imaging.
- **DMD** based quantitative phase imaging We developed novel quantitative phase imaging method to achieve state-of-the-art lateral and temporal resolution without sacrificing phase precision by the flexible use of digital micromirror device (DMD). We demonstrate the applications in real-time material manufacturing monitoring for quality control and biology study.

SELECTED PUBLICATIONS

- Cheng Zheng*, Jong Kang Park* et al., "De-scattering with Excitation Patterning enables rapid wide-field imaging through scattering media" Science Advances (2021), EAAY5496. * equal contribution
- Guangyuang Zhao*, Cheng Zheng*, Cuifang Kuang, et al., "Nonlinear Focal Modulation Microscopy," *Physical review letters* 120.19 (2018): 193901. * equal contribution [On the cover] [Reviewers' Comments])
- Cheng Zheng, Guangyuan Zhao et al., "3D super-resolved multi-angle TIRF via polarization modulation," Optics Letters, (2018). [Editor's pick] [Presentation Slides]
- Cheng Zheng, Renjie Zhou, Cuifang Kuang, et al., "Digital micromirror device-based common-path quantitative phase imaging," *Optics Letters*, (2017).

SKILLS

• Programming Languages and framework: Python, MATLAB, PyTorch, Julia