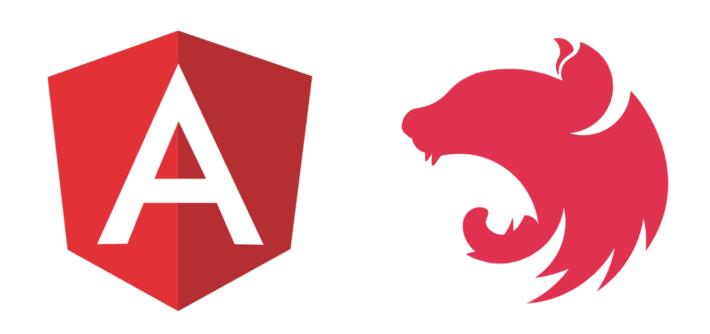
# REST API on steroids of for Angular developer (and not only)







## When frontender picks tech stack for API

- Do I go serverless?
- Do I use one of those ugly alien (non-JS) languages/frameworks?
- I want to have JS everywhere!

# **®** Choose among over 9000 Node.js frameworks

**Express** 

koa

hapi

LoopBack

restify

Sails

**Feathers** 

Adonis

**Total** 

. . .

# **Why I choose NestJS (and you should)**

- Opinionated modular design/architecture (maintainable, scalable, battle tested)
- Typescript
- **&** Excellent documentation
- Great community and support
- Express under the hood (out of the box)
- © Compatibility with other libraries (e.g. Fasify or even custom adapters)
- Familiar to Angular developer
- **™** Nx

#### **Awesome Nx**

https://nx.dev/

NestJS

React

Angular NGRX + missing things (data persistance)

**Angular Console** 

Jest, Cypress

# **Building blocks**

Modules

Controllers

Providers (Services)

**Pipes** 

Guards

Interceptors

**Exception filters** 

Middlewares

#### **Controllers**

```
@Controller('tenants')
export class TenantsController {
    @Post()
    public async create(@Body() dto: CreateTenantDto): Promise<number> {
        const model = await this.tenantsDbConnector.create(dto);
        return model.id;
    }
}
```

https://example.com/tenants

#### **Route parameters**

```
@Controller('employees')
export class EmployeesController {
  @Get(':id')
  public async getById(@Param() { id }): Promise<EmployeeDetailsDto> {
    const model = await this.employeesDbConnector.getById(id);
    if (!model) {
      throw new NotFoundException();
    return convertModelToDto({
      model,
      dtoConstructor: EmployeeDetailsDto
    });
```

## Global prefix, custom routes

```
// main.ts
app.setGlobalPrefix('api/v1');
// . . .
@Controller('employees')
export class EmployeesController {
  @Post('register')
  public async register(
    @Body() dto: RegisterEmployeeDto
  ): Promise<RegisteredEmployeeDto> {
```

https://example.com/api/v1/employees/register

DB

TypeORM

Mongoose

## **Mongoose - configuration**

```
const mongoConnStr = process.env.MONGO_CONNECTION_STRING;

@Module({
   imports: [
      MongooseModule.forRoot(mongoConnStr),
      AuthenticationModule,
      EmployeesModule,
      TenantsModule
   ]
})
export class AppModule {}
```

## Mongoose - schema definition

```
const schemaDefinition: SchemaDefinition = {
  name: { type: String, required: true },
  roles: [{ type: String, enum: allAppAccessRoles, required: false }]
  isActive: { type: Boolean, required: true },
  login: { type: String, required: true },
  passwordHash: String,
};
const schema = new Schema(schemaDefinition);
schema.pre('save', passwordHashingHook);
export const EmployeeSchema = schema;
```

#### Mongoose - usage

```
@Module({
  imports: [
    MongooseModule.forFeature([
      { collection: 'Employees', schema: EmployeeSchema }
})
export class EmployeesModule {}
// . . .
const model = new EmployeeModel({
  name: 'John Snow',
  roles: ['queenSlayer'],
  isActive: false,
  login: 'sweety',
  password: '123456'
});
await model.save();
// . . .
const anotherModel = await EmployeeModel.findById('100500').exec();
```

## **Providers (Services), DI**

```
@Injectable()
export class TenantsDbConnectorService {
  constructor(
    private readonly employeesDbConnectorService: EmployeesDbConnectorService,
    @InjectModel('Tenants') private readonly TenantModel: Model<Tenant>
  ) {}
  public async create(dto: CreateTenantDto): Promise<Tenant> {
    const doc = new this.TenantModel(dto);
    await doc.save();
    return doc.toObject();
  public async getById(id: string): Promise<Tenant | null> {
    const doc = await this.TenantModel.findById(id).exec();
    return doc ? doc.toObject() : null;
```

#### **Declarative validation**

https://github.com/typestack/class-validator

```
export class RegisterEmployeeDto {
  @MinLength(3)
  public readonly name: string;
  @IsOptional()
  @ArrayUnique()
  @IsIn(allAppAccessRoles, { each: true })
  @NotEquals('_ADMIN', { each: true })
  public readonly roles?: Array<AppAccessRoles>;
  @Validate(IsNotExpiredJwtTokenValidator)
  public readonly registrationToken: string;
```

#### **Custom validators**

```
@Injectable()
@ValidatorConstraint()
export class IsNotExpiredJwtTokenValidator implements ValidatorConstraintInterface {
  constructor(private readonly jwt: JwtService) {}
  public validate(value: string): boolean {
    return this.jwt.verify(value);
  public defaultMessage(): string {
    return '$value must be valid and not expired JWT token';
```

## Validation usage

```
@Post('register')
@UsePipes(new ValidationPipe())
public async register(
  @Body() dto: RegisterEmployeeDto,
): Promise<void> {
  // . . .
app.useGlobalPipes(
  new ValidationPipe({
    forbidUnknownValues: true,
 }),
```

#### **Guards and authentication**

```
@Module({
  imports: [
    PassportModule.register({ defaultStrategy: 'jwt' }),
})
export class AuthenticationModule {}
// . . . .
@UseGuards(AuthGuard())
@Put(':id')
public async update(
  @Param() { id }: string,
  @Body() dto: UpdateEmployeeDto,
): Promise<void> {
  // . . .
```

#### Roles-based access control

https://github.com/nestjs-community/nest-access-control

```
export const appRoles = new RolesBuilder();
appRoles.grant('_BASIC')
  .readAny('tenant')
  .createOwn('employee');
appRoles.grant('_ADMIN')
  .extend('_BASIC')
  .updateAny('employee')
  .deleteAny('employee');
// ...
@Module({
  imports: [
    AccessControlModule.forRoles(appRoles),
export class AppModule {}
```

## **Authorization roles usage**

```
@UseGuards(
  AuthGuard(),
 ACGuard,
@UseRoles({
  resource: 'employee',
  action: 'update',
  possession: 'any',
@Put(':id')
public async update(
  @Param() { id }: string,
  @Body() dto: UpdateEmployeeDto,
): Promise<void> {
  // . . .
```

#### **Middlewares**

```
@Injectable()
export class AddClinicContextMiddleware implements NestMiddleware {
  constructor(private readonly clinicsDbConnector: ClinicsDbConnectorService) {}
  public resolve(): MiddlewareFunction {
    return async (req: AppRequest, res, next) => {
      const requestHost = req.header('host');
      const targetClinic = await this.clinicsDbConnector.getClinicByHostName(requestHost);
      req.body.clinicId = targetClinic.id;
      next();
   };
export class AppModule implements NestModule {
  public configure(consumer: MiddlewareConsumer): void {
    consumer.apply(AddClinicContextMiddleware).forRoutes({
      path: '*
      method: RequestMethod.POST,
    });
```



Websockets

GraphQL

Microservices

Swagger

Sentry

. . .

#### Thank You so much

Presentation https://github.com/zd333/nest\_talk



Additional **very useful** information

