

Popisne_prij.R

```
load("E:\\Aja\\Prirodoveda\\Statistika\\dataZS\\prij.RData")

## Warning in load("E:\\Aja\\Prirodoveda\\Statistika\\dataZS\\prij.RData"):
## unrecognized internal function name "plot.new"

## Warning in load("E:\\Aja\\Prirodoveda\\Statistika\\dataZS\\prij.RData"):
## unrecognized internal function name "plot.window"

## Warning in load("E:\\Aja\\Prirodoveda\\Statistika\\dataZS\\prij.RData"):
## unrecognized internal function name "title"

## Warning in load("E:\\Aja\\Prirodoveda\\Statistika\\dataZS\\prij.RData"):
## unrecognized internal function name "axis"

## Warning in load("E:\\Aja\\Prirodoveda\\Statistika\\dataZS\\prij.RData"):
## unrecognized internal function name "axis"

## Warning in load("E:\\Aja\\Prirodoveda\\Statistika\\dataZS\\prij.RData"):
## unrecognized internal function name "rect"

attach(prij)
library(DescTools)

# Databaze obsahuje informace o studijnich vysledcích studentu geografickych
# oboru na PrF UK
#   studujicich tam prvni rocnik v roce 2004
# promenne:
# Obor: obor studia: FYZG - fyzickageografie, KARTG - kartografie
#           REGG - regionalni geografie, SOCG - socialni geografie
# Pohlavi: pohlavi studenta: m - muz, z - zena
# celprij: celkovy pocet bodu u prijimacek
# zemprij: pocet bodu u prijimacek ze zemepisu
# matprij: pocet bodu u prijimacek z matematiky
# TypM: typ zadani prijimacek z matematiky
# matzem: znamka z prvního ročníku matematicka geografie
# meteo: znamka z prvního ročníku meteorologie
# geol: znamka z prvního ročníku geologie
# mat: znamka z prvního ročníku matematika
# stat: znamka z prvního ročníku statistika
# Matur.drive: informace, jestli student maturoval drive nez v roce nastupu
# na VS
# ss2: prumerna znamka z 2. ročníku SS
# ss3: prumerna znamka z 3. ročníku SS

#####
# Popisne statistiky ciselnych promennych
ind.num<-c(3,4,5,13,14)
```

```

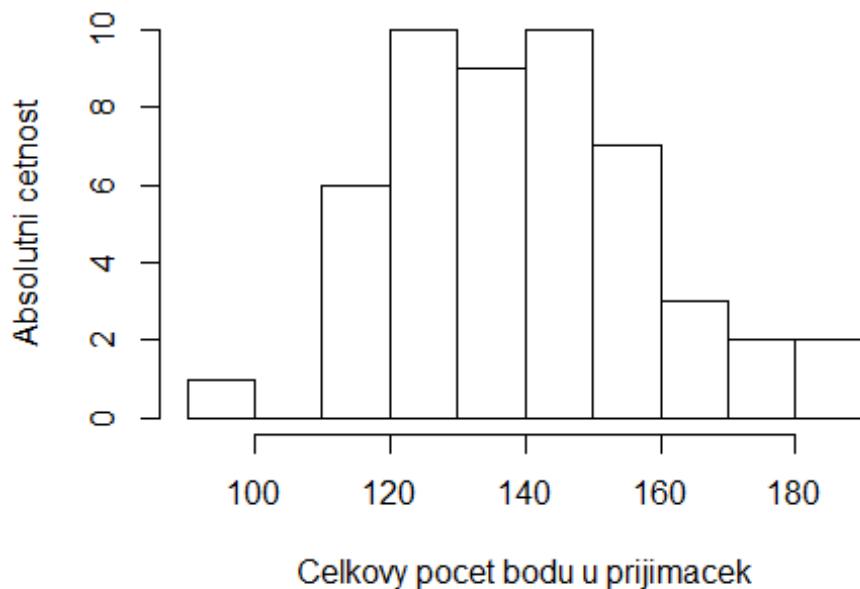
ciselne<-prij[,ind.num]
vystup.num<-matrix(NA,length(ind.num),12)
for(i in 1:length(ind.num)){
  vystup.num[i,1]<-mean(ciselne[,i])
  vystup.num[i,2:6]<-fivenum(ciselne[,i])
  vystup.num[i,7]<-sd(ciselne[,i])
  vystup.num[i,8]<-IQR(ciselne[,i])
  vystup.num[i,9]<-MAD(ciselne[,i])
  vystup.num[i,10]<-CoefVar(ciselne[,i])
  vystup.num[i,11]<-Skew(ciselne[,i])
  vystup.num[i,12]<-Kurt(ciselne[,i])
}
rownames(vystup.num)<-names(prij)[ind.num]
colnames(vystup.num)<-c("Mean","Min","1st Qu","Median","3rd Qu","Max","SD","IQR","MAD")
vystup.num

##           Mean   Min 1st Qu Median 3rd Qu   Max       SD      IQR
## celprij 140.6900 91.00 125.50 140.000 154.5 185.5 19.9248307 28.125
## zemprij 62.0500 40.00 55.00 61.250 67.5 92.5 10.6028731 11.875
## matprij 78.6400 36.00 66.00 81.000 92.0 100.0 16.4413118 25.750
## ss2      1.7504 1.08 1.42 1.705 2.0 3.4 0.4591117 0.570
## ss3      1.7362 1.00 1.38 1.680 2.0 3.4 0.5069714 0.620
##           CoefVar      Skew      Kurt
## celprij 0.1416222 0.1937232 -0.1535309
## zemprij 0.1708763 0.5597903 0.4206702
## matprij 0.2090706 -0.5493095 -0.6285598
## ss2     0.2622896 0.9714122 1.6241044
## ss3     0.2920006 0.9237443 0.8421960

# Histogramy
hist(celprij,col="white",xlab="Celkovy pocet bodu u
prijimacek",ylab="Absolutni ctnost",main="Histogram pro promennou celprij")

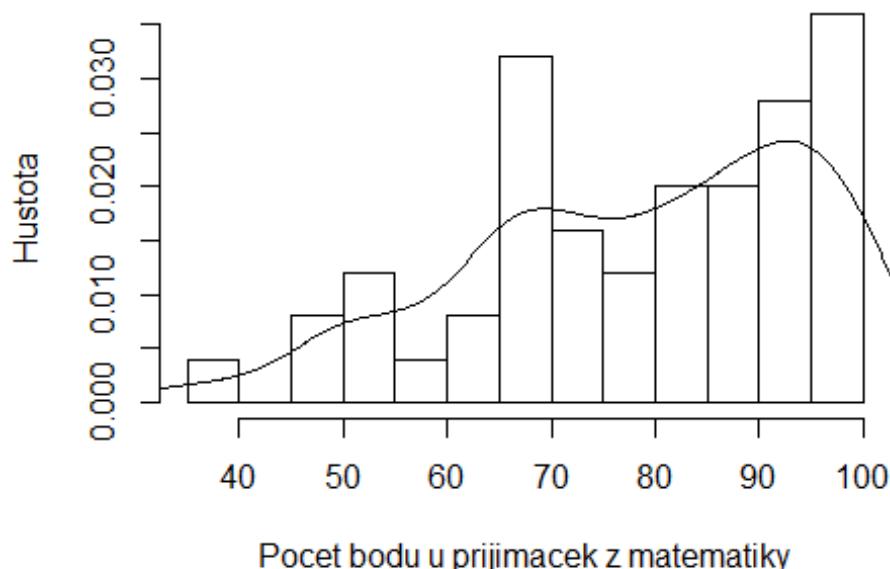
```

Histogram pro promennou celprij



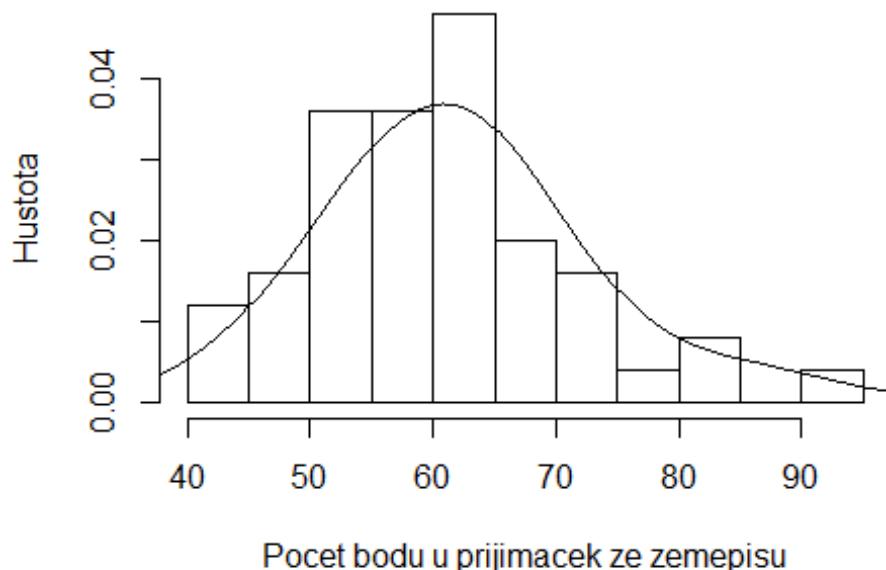
```
hist(matprij,freq=F,breaks=10,col="white",xlab="Pocet bodu u prijemacek z matematiky",ylab="Hustota",main="Histogram pro promennou matprij")
lines(density(matprij,bw=5.5))
```

Histogram pro promennou matprij



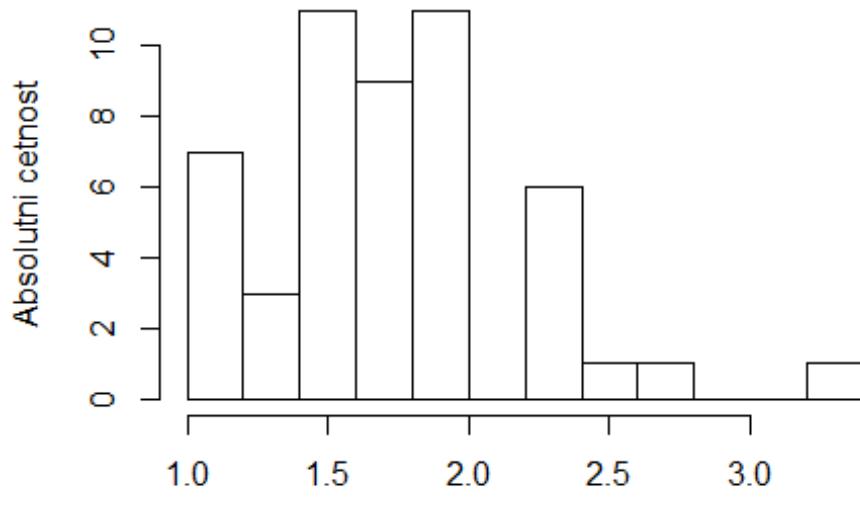
```
hist(zemprij,freq=F,breaks=10,col="white",xlab="Pocet bodu u prijimacek ze  
zemepisu",ylab="Hustota",main="Histogram pro promennou zemprij")  
lines(density(zemprij,bw=5.5))
```

Histogram pro promennou zemprij



```
hist(ss2,breaks=10,col="white",xlab="Prumerna znamka z 2.rocniku  
SS",ylab="Absolutni ctnost",main="Histogram pro promennou ss2")
```

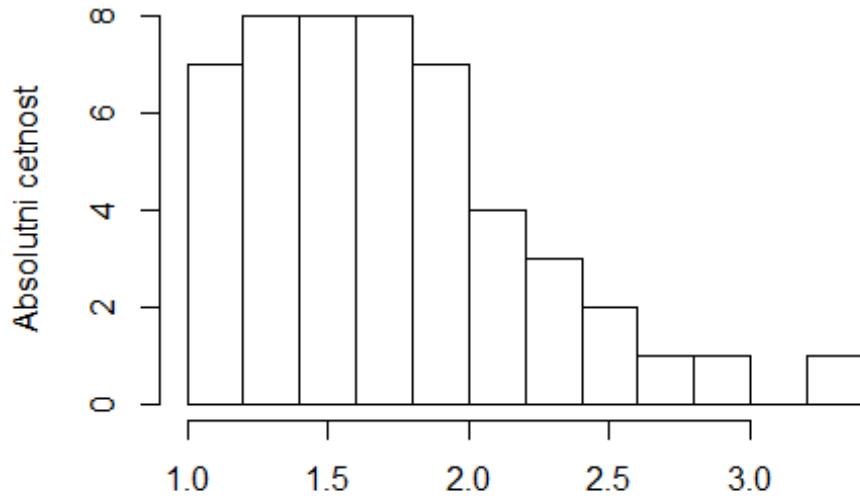
Histogram pro promennou ss2



Prumerna znamka z 2.rocniku SS

```
hist(ss3,breaks=10,col="white",xlab="Prumerna znamka ze 3.rocniku SS",ylab="Absolutni cetylst",main="Histogram pro promennou ss3")
```

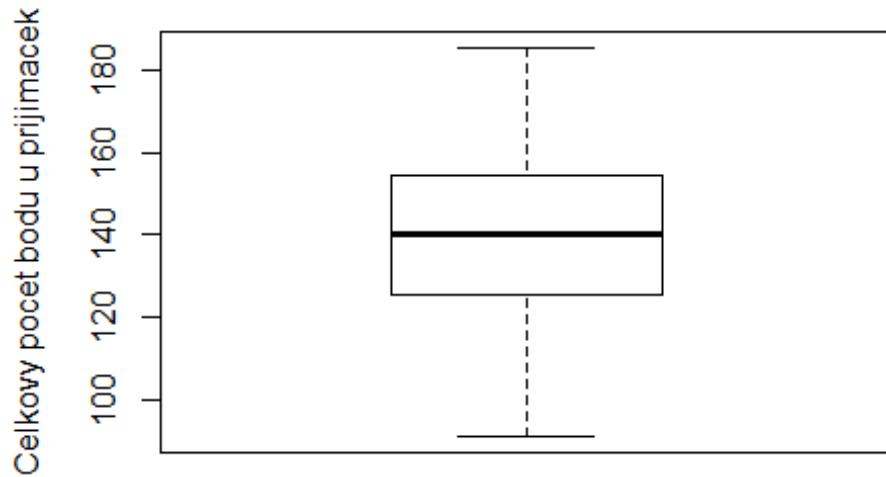
Histogram pro promennou ss3



Prumerna znamka ze 3.rocniku SS

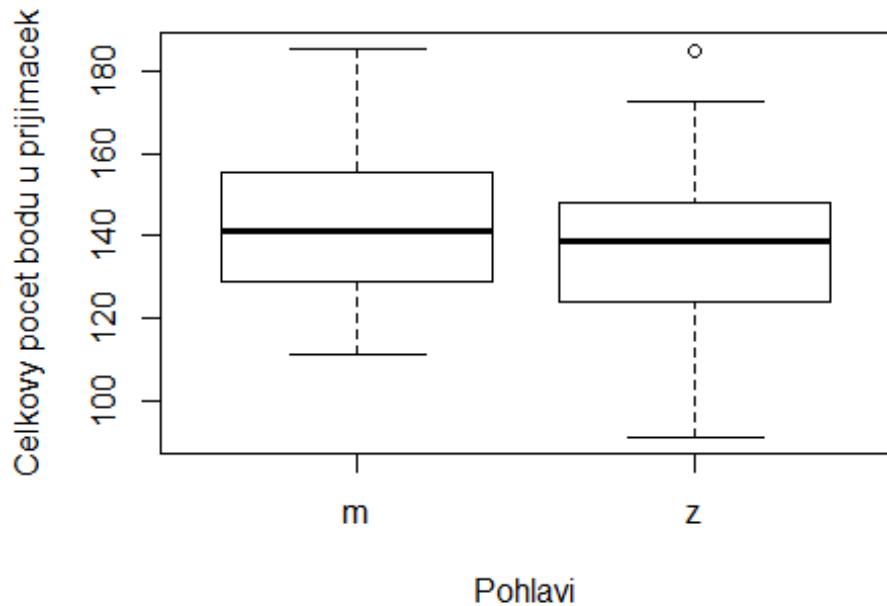
```
# Vybrane krabicove grafy  
boxplot(celprij,col="white",main="Krabicovy graf pro promennou  
celprij",xlab="",ylab="Celkovy pocet bodu u prijimacek")
```

Krabicovy graf pro promennou celprij



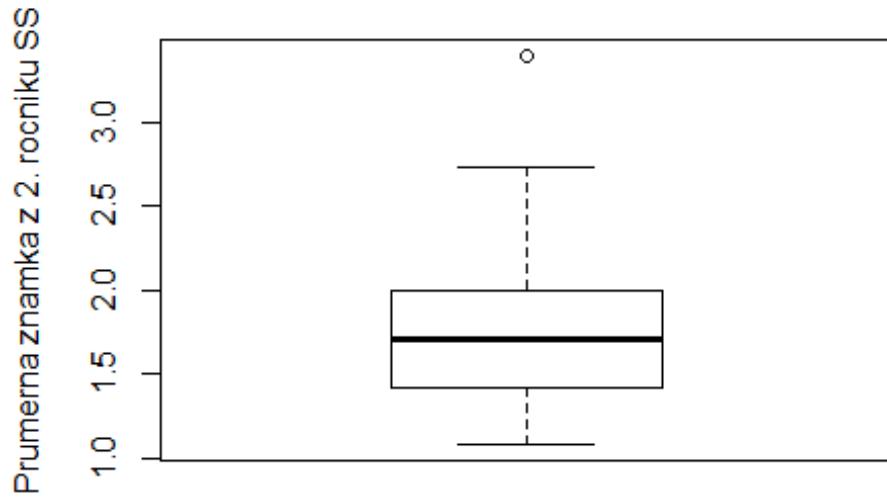
```
boxplot(celprij~Pohlavi,col="white",main="Krabicovy graf pro promennou  
celprij podle pohlavi",ylab="Celkovy pocet bodu u prijimacek")
```

Krabicovy graf pro promennou celprij podle pohlavi

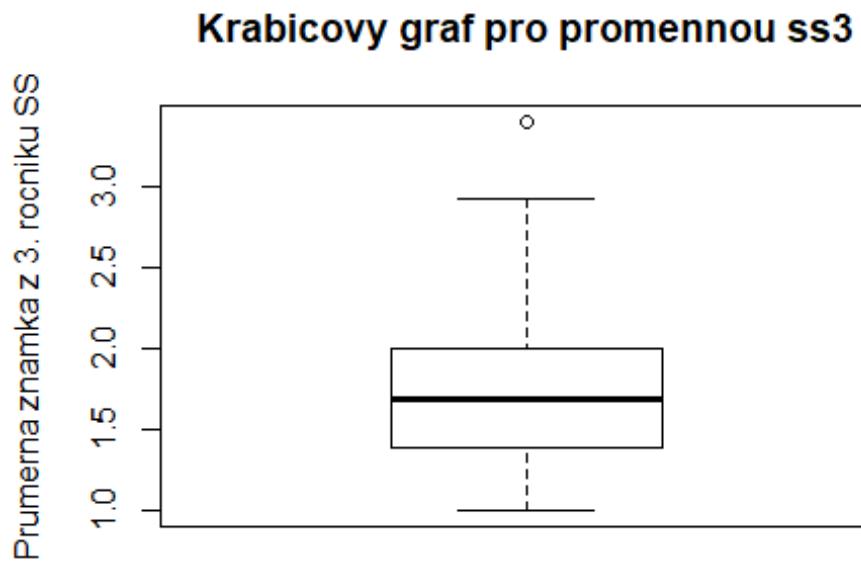


```
boxplot(ss2,col="white",main="Krabicovy graf pro promennou ss2",xlab="",ylab="Prumerne znamka z 2. rocniku SS")
```

Krabicovy graf pro promennou ss2

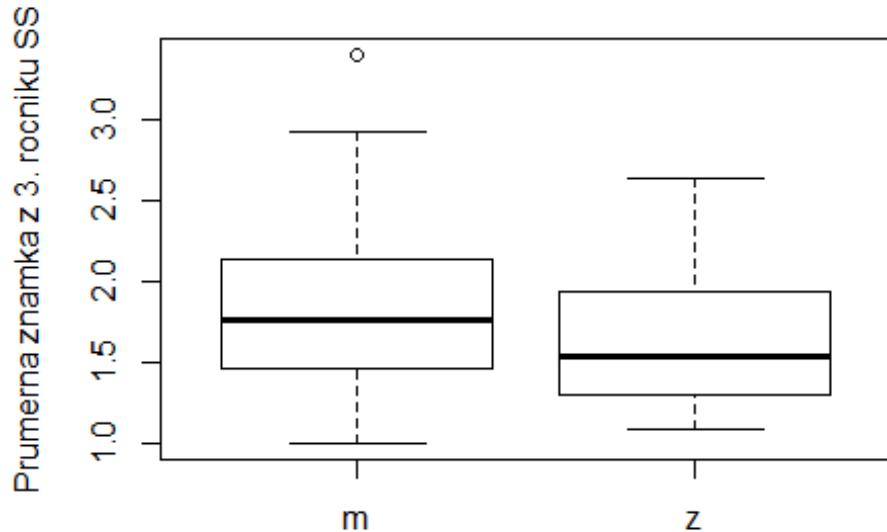


```
boxplot(ss3,col="white",main="Krabicovy graf pro promennou  
ss3",xlab="",ylab="Prumerna znamka z 3. rocniku SS")
```



```
boxplot(ss3~Pohlavi,col="white",main="Krabicovy graf pro promennou ss3 podle  
pohlavi",xlab="",ylab="Prumerna znamka z 3. rocniku SS")
```

Krabicovy graf pro promennou ss3 podle pohlav

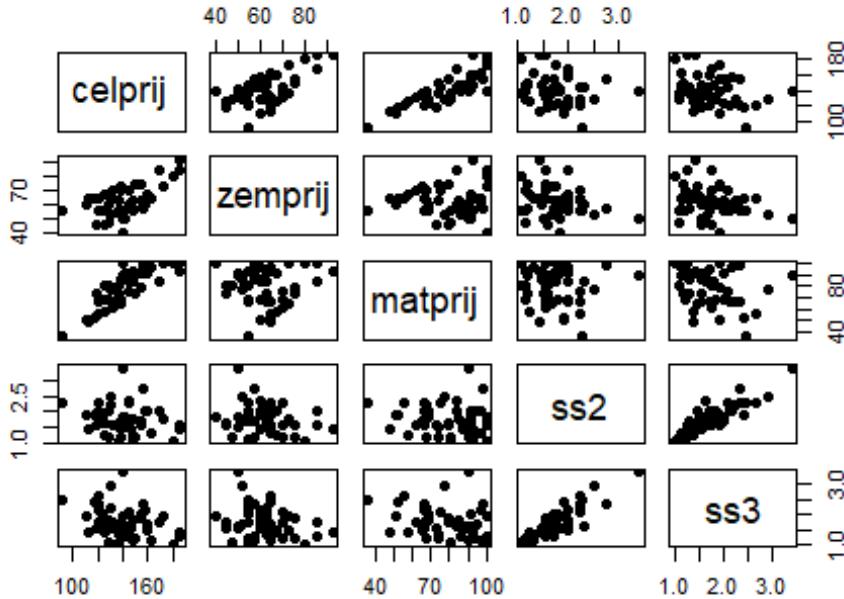


```
# korelacni matici
cor(ciseline)

##          celprij      zemprij      matprij          ss2          ss3
## celprij  1.0000000  0.5658964  0.84693381 -0.15912024 -0.3033427
## zemprij   0.5658964  1.0000000  0.04090410 -0.22760924 -0.2662777
## matprij   0.8469338  0.0409041  1.00000000 -0.04605059 -0.1958933
## ss2       -0.1591202 -0.2276092 -0.04605059  1.00000000  0.8838419
## ss3       -0.3033427 -0.2662777 -0.19589331  0.88384193  1.0000000

# matice bodovych grafu
pairs(ciseline,pch=19,main="Matice bodovych grafu")
```

Matice bodovych grafu



```
# kategoricke promenne
cbind("absolutni cetnosti"=table(Obor),"relativni
cetnosti"=round(prop.table(table(Obor)),4))

##      absolutni cetnosti relativni cetnosti
##  FYZG                 10        0.20
##  KARTG                15        0.30
##  REGG                 16        0.32
##  SOCG                  9        0.18

cbind("absolutni cetnosti"=table(Pohlavi),"relativni
cetnosti"=round(prop.table(table(Pohlavi)),4))

##      absolutni cetnosti relativni cetnosti
##  m                   25        0.5
##  z                   25        0.5

cbind("absolutni cetnosti"=table(TypM),"relativni
cetnosti"=round(prop.table(table(TypM)),4))

##      absolutni cetnosti relativni cetnosti
##  A                   26        0.52
##  B                   24        0.48

cbind("absolutni cetnosti"=table(Matur.drive),"relativni
cetnosti"=round(prop.table(table(Matur.drive)),4))
```

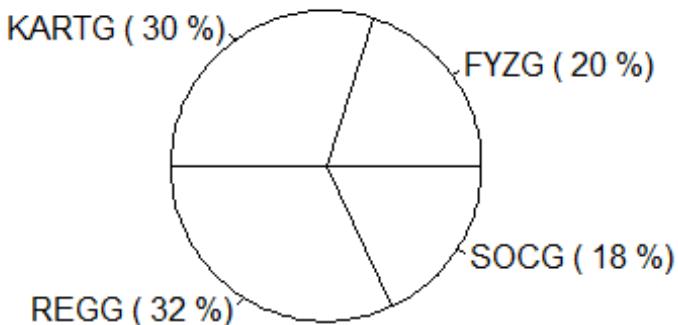
```

##      absolutni cetnosti relativni cetnosti
## ano                  14                 0.28
## ne                  36                 0.72

# Kolacove grafy
popis<-
paste(sort(unique(Obor)), "(", round(prop.table(table(Obor))*100,2), "%)")
pie(table(Obor), lab=popis, col="white", main="Kolacovy graf pro promennou
Obor")

```

Kolacovy graf pro promennou Obor

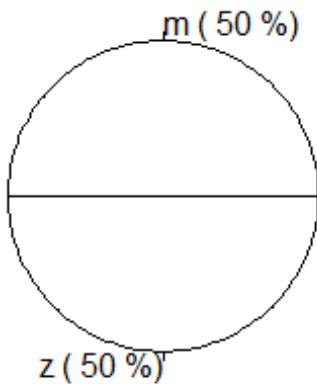


```

popis<-
paste(sort(unique(Pohlavi)), "(", round(prop.table(table(Pohlavi))*100,2), "%)")
pie(table(Pohlavi), lab=popis, col="white", main="Kolacovy graf pro promennou
Pohlavi")

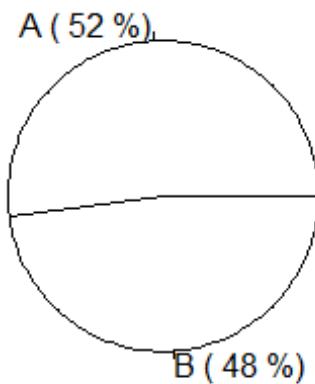
```

Kolacovy graf pro promennou Pohlavi



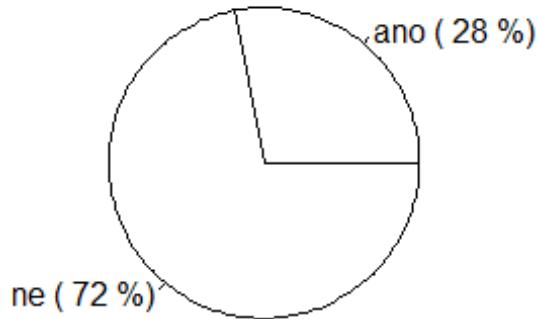
```
popis<-
paste(sort(unique(TypM)), "(", round(prop.table(table(TypM))*100,2), "%") )
pie(table(TypM),lab=popis,col="white",main="Kolacovy graf pro promennou
TypM")
```

Kolacovy graf pro promennou TypM



```
popis<-
paste(sort(unique(Matur.drive)), "(", round(prop.table(table(Matur.drive))*100,
2), "%)")
pie(table(Matur.drive), lab=popis, col="white", main="Kolacovy graf pro
promennou Matur.drive")
```

Kolacovy graf pro promennou Matur.drive



```
# Kontingencki tabulka pro Obor a Pohlavi
addmargins(table(Obor,Pohlavi))

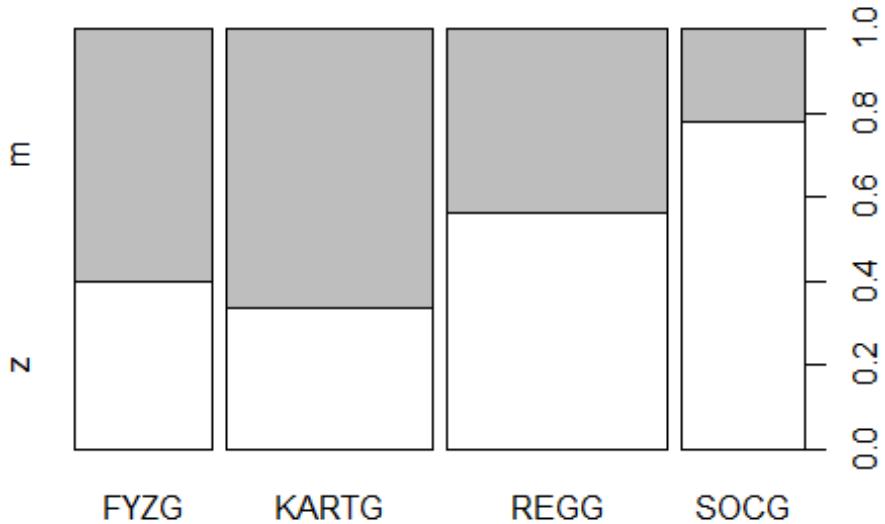
##          Pohlavi
##  Obor      m   z Sum
##    FYZG    6   4  10
##    KARTG   10  5  15
##    REGG    7   9  16
##    SOCG    2   7   9
##    Sum     25  25  50

rbind(prop.table(table(Obor,Pohlavi),2),"Sum"=c(1,1))

##          m   z
##  FYZG   0.24 0.16
##  KARTG  0.40 0.20
##  REGG   0.28 0.36
##  SOCG   0.08 0.28
##  Sum    1.00 1.00

plot(Obor,Pohlavi,col=c("white","grey"),xlab="",ylab="",main="Slozeni oboru podle Pohlavi")
```

Slozeni oboru podle Pohlavi



```
# ordinalni promenne
cbind("bezne abs. cetnosti"=table(matzem),"kumulativni abs.
cetnosti"=cumsum(table(matzem)),
      "bezne rel. cetnosti"=round(prop.table(table(matzem)),4),"kumulativni
rel. cetnosti"=cumsum(round(prop.table(table(matzem)),4)))

##   bezne abs. cetnosti kumulativni abs. cetnosti bezne rel. cetnosti
## 1                 20                  20            0.40
## 2                 24                  44            0.48
## 3                  6                  50            0.12
##   kumulativni rel. cetnosti
## 1             0.40
## 2             0.88
## 3             1.00

cbind("bezne abs. cetnosti"=table(meteo),"kumulativni abs.
cetnosti"=cumsum(table(meteo)),
      "bezne rel. cetnosti"=round(prop.table(table(meteo)),4),"kumulativni
rel. cetnosti"=cumsum(round(prop.table(table(meteo)),4)))

##   bezne abs. cetnosti kumulativni abs. cetnosti bezne rel. cetnosti
## 1                 1                  1            0.02
## 2                23                  24            0.46
## 3                26                  50            0.52
##   kumulativni rel. cetnosti
## 1             0.02
```

```

## 2          0.48
## 3          1.00

cbind("bezne abs. ctnosti"=table(geol),"kumulativni abs.
ctnosti"=cumsum(table(geol)),
      "bezne rel. ctnosti"=round(prop.table(table(geol)),4),"kumulativni
rel. ctnosti"=cumsum(round(prop.table(table(geol)),4)))

##   bezne abs. ctnosti kumulativni abs. ctnosti bezne rel. ctnosti
## 1           10                 10            0.2
## 2           20                 30            0.4
## 3           20                 50            0.4
##   kumulativni rel. ctnosti
## 1           0.2
## 2           0.6
## 3           1.0

cbind("bezne abs. ctnosti"=table(mat),"kumulativni abs.
ctnosti"=cumsum(table(mat)),
      "bezne rel. ctnosti"=round(prop.table(table(mat)),4),"kumulativni rel.
ctnosti"=cumsum(round(prop.table(table(mat)),4)))

##   bezne abs. ctnosti kumulativni abs. ctnosti bezne rel. ctnosti
## 1           21                 21            0.42
## 2           26                 47            0.52
## 3           3                  50            0.06
##   kumulativni rel. ctnosti
## 1           0.42
## 2           0.94
## 3           1.00

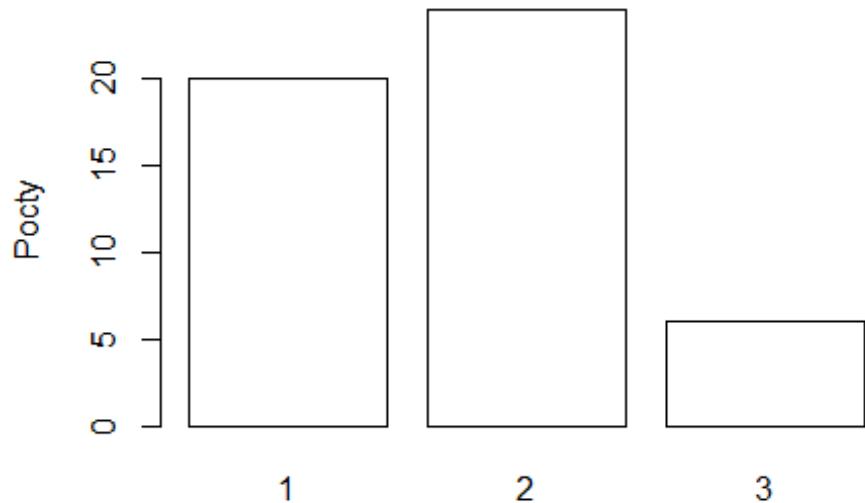
cbind("bezne abs. ctnosti"=table(stat),"kumulativni abs.
ctnosti"=cumsum(table(stat)),
      "bezne rel. ctnosti"=round(prop.table(table(stat)),4),"kumulativni
rel. ctnosti"=cumsum(round(prop.table(table(stat)),4)))

##   bezne abs. ctnosti kumulativni abs. ctnosti bezne rel. ctnosti
## 1           12                 12            0.24
## 2           30                 42            0.60
## 3            8                 50            0.16
##   kumulativni rel. ctnosti
## 1           0.24
## 2           0.84
## 3           1.00

# Sloupcove grafy
barplot(table(matzem),col="white",main="Sloupcovy graf pro znamky z
matematicke geografie",ylab="Pocty")

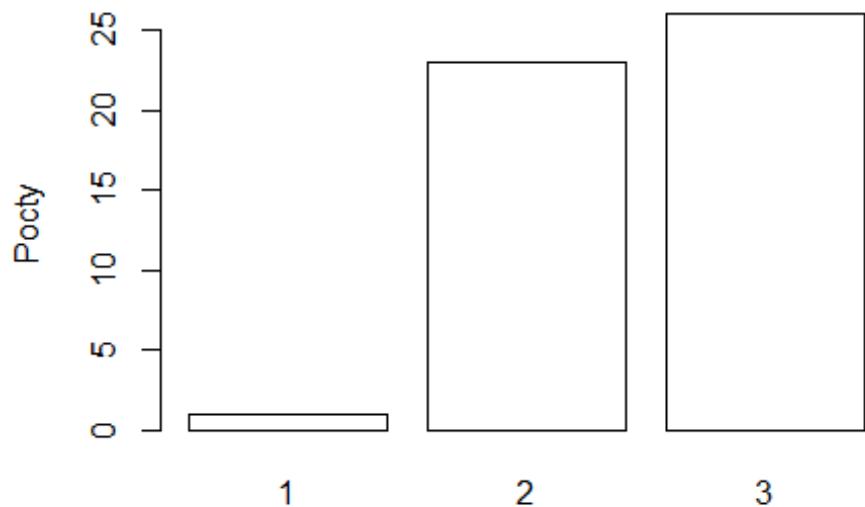
```

Sloupcovy graf pro znamky z matematicke geografie



```
barplot(table(meteo), col="white", main="Sloupcovy graf pro znamky z meteorologie", ylab="Pocty")
```

Sloupcovy graf pro znamky z meteorologie

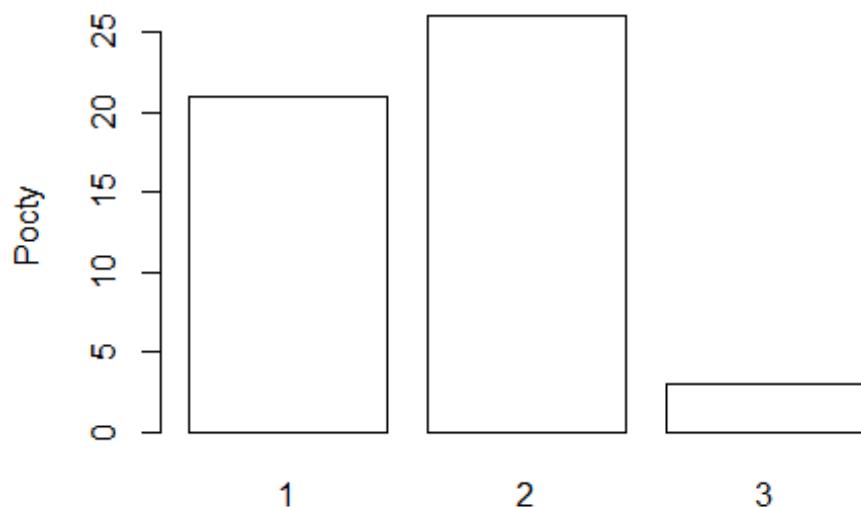


```
barplot(table(geol),col="white",main="Sloupcovy graf pro znamky z  
geologie",ylab="Pocty")
```



```
barplot(table(mat),col="white",main="Sloupcovy graf pro znamky z  
matematiky",ylab="Pocty")
```

Sloupcovy graf pro znamky z matematiky



```
barplot(table(stat),col="white",main="Sloupcovy graf pro znamky ze statistiky",ylab="Pocty")
```

Sloupcovy graf pro znamky ze statistiky

