

Jméno a příjmení: Zdeněk Tomis

Potřebný čas:

1. Nalezněte vlastní čísla a
- vlastní vektory
- následující matice nad tělesem
- \mathbb{Z}_5
- .

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$p_A(t) = \begin{vmatrix} 2-t & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 2-t & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & -t & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 3-t \end{vmatrix}$$

Rozhodněte, zdali je tato matice diagonalizovatelná.

$$= (2-t) \begin{vmatrix} 2-t & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & -t & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 3-t \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & -t & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & 3-t \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (2-t)^2 \begin{vmatrix} -t & 1 \\ 4 & 3-t \end{vmatrix} - 4 \begin{vmatrix} -t & 1 \\ 4 & 3-t \end{vmatrix} = (-4t + t^2)(t^2 - 3t - 4)$$

$$= t(t-4)(t-4)(t+1)$$

$$= t(t-4)^2(t+1) = \underline{\underline{t(t+1)^3}}$$

Ověříme, jestli je $\lambda = 4$ geom. trojnásobné.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2+1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 2+1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & 0+1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 3+1 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 4 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

vlastní číslo je se skutečností pouze 1-násobné,
tudíž matice není diagonalizovatelná.

Vlastní čísla jsou $\lambda_1 = 4$ a $\lambda_2 = 0$

25.

PA

2. V tělese \mathbb{Z}_{11} spočítejte A^{1000} (neboli tisící mocninu matice A) pro

$$\lambda_3 = 0$$

$$p_A(t) = \begin{vmatrix} 1-t & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 4-t & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7-t \end{vmatrix} = (1-t)(4-t)(7-t) + 40 + 36 + 24(t-1) + 15(t-4) + 6(t-7)$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 & 10 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} x_3 = x_3 \\ x_2 = -2x_3 = 9x_3 \\ x_1 = -10x_3 = x_3 \end{array}$$

$$v_3 = (1, 9, 1)^T$$

$$= 28 - 28t - 7t - 4t + 12t^2 - t^3 + 10 + 24t - 24 + 15t - 16t + 6t - 42$$

$$= -t^3 + 2t + t^2 = 10t^3 + t^2 + 2t = t(10t^2 + t + 2)$$

$$D = 1 - 4 \cdot 20 = -39 = -6 = 5 \quad \sqrt{5} = 4$$

$$\frac{-1 \pm 4}{20} \quad \frac{3}{20} = \frac{3}{9} = \frac{1}{3} = 4 \quad \text{OL} \quad \frac{-5}{20} = -\frac{1}{4} = -3 = 8$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_2 = 4 \quad \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & 5 \\ 5 & 6 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 8 \\ 0 & 6 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 8 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x_3 = x_3 \\ x_2 = -4x_3 = 7x_3 \\ x_1 = -x_3 = 10x_3 \end{array}$$

$$v_2 = (10, 7, 1)^T$$

$$\lambda_1 = 8$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 7 & 5 \\ 5 & 6 & 10 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 & 9 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x_3 = x_3 \\ x_2 = -x_3 = 10x_3 \\ x_1 = -3x_3 = 8x_3 \end{array}$$

$$v_1 = (8, 10, 1)^T$$

$$AR = RD \quad R = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 10 & 1 \\ 10 & 7 & 9 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad D = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A = RDR^{-1}$$

$$R^{-1} \dots \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 8 & 10 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 10 & 7 & 9 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \sim \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 8 & 10 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 3 \end{array} \right) \sim \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & 7 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \sim \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 2 & 8 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 8 & 9 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$A^{1000} = (RDR^{-1})^{1000} = R D^{1000} R^{-1}$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 9 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 8 & 9 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 9 & 5 \\ 1 & 4 & 7 \\ 8 & 9 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$3^5 = 27 \cdot 9 = 5 \cdot 9 = 45$$

$$A^{1000} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 9 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 & 9 & 0 \\ \hline 8 & 10 & 1 & 8 & 10 & 0 \\ 10 & 7 & 9 & 10 & 7 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 8 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{1000} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 8 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$4^{1000} = 5^{500} = 3^{250} = 1^{50} = 1$$

$$8^{1000} = 9^{500} = 4^{250} = 5^{125} = 1^{25}$$

$$5^5 = 25 \cdot 25 \cdot 5 = 9 \cdot 5 = 1$$