

# Capítulo 1

## Task 13: Update Child Node for Access

### 1.1 Task Description

The goal of this task is to modify the exception handler to dynamically map addresses during a page fault. Specifically, when a page fault occurs for a pointer (`ptr3`), the handler should map the address to the same physical page as `ptr1` and `ptr2`. Other entries in the page table should remain absent.

### 1.2 Planned Implementation

#### 1. Modify the Exception Handler:

- Update the `page_fault_handler` function to handle page faults for `ptr3`.
- Dynamically map the faulting address to the same physical page as `ptr1` and `ptr2`.

#### 2. Set Up the Page Table:

- Ensure the root page table (`raiz`) has an entry pointing to a child node for the second-level page table.
- Initialize the child node with all entries set to absent.

#### 3. Create Pointer `ptr3`:

- Define a pointer `ptr3` that points to a virtual address 4MB ahead of `ptr2`.

#### 4. Trigger a Page Fault:

- Attempt to read from `ptr3` to trigger a page fault.

## 5. Map the Address:

- In the exception handler, map the faulting address to the same physical page as `ptr1` and `ptr2`.

## 6. Verify the Mapping:

- Print the contents of `ptr1`, `ptr2`, and `ptr3` to confirm they all point to the same physical memory.

# 1.3 Expected Outcome

- The exception handler dynamically maps the faulting address for `ptr3`.
- The contents of `ptr1`, `ptr2`, and `ptr3` are identical, confirming they point to the same physical memory.
- Other entries in the page table remain absent.

# 1.4 Implementation Details

(To be filled after implementation)

# 1.5 Challenges

(To be filled after implementation)

# 1.6 Final Outcome

(To be filled after implementation)