# Capítulo 1

## Task 12: Two-Level Paging

#### 1.1 Task Description

Implement two-level paging using 4KB pages. This involves setting up a hierarchical page table structure where the root table points to a child node, enabling finer-grained memory management.

#### 1.2 Planned Implementation

- 1. **Initialize the Root Page Table:** Declare the root page table and align it to 4096 bytes using the \_\_attribute\_\_((aligned(4096))) directive.
- 2. Create a Child Node: Allocate a new page-aligned table to serve as the child node. Initialize the child node with all entries set to zero.
- 3. **Update the Root Table:** Modify the root table to point to the child node for a specific entry (e.g., raiz[2]).
- 4. Create a Pointer: Define a pointer (ptr3) that points to a virtual address 4MB beyond the range of the first-level table.
- 5. **Test Access:** Attempt to read the content of ptr3 and observe the behavior.
- Document Results: Record the observed behavior and compare it with the expected outcome.

#### 1.3 Expected Outcome

- The system should attempt to access the second-level page table for the address pointed to by ptr3.
- Since the child node is initialized to zero, the access should result in a page fault.

### 1.4 Implementation Details

(To be filled after implementation.)

## 1.5 Challenges

(To be filled after implementation.)

### 1.6 Final Outcome

(To be filled after implementation.)