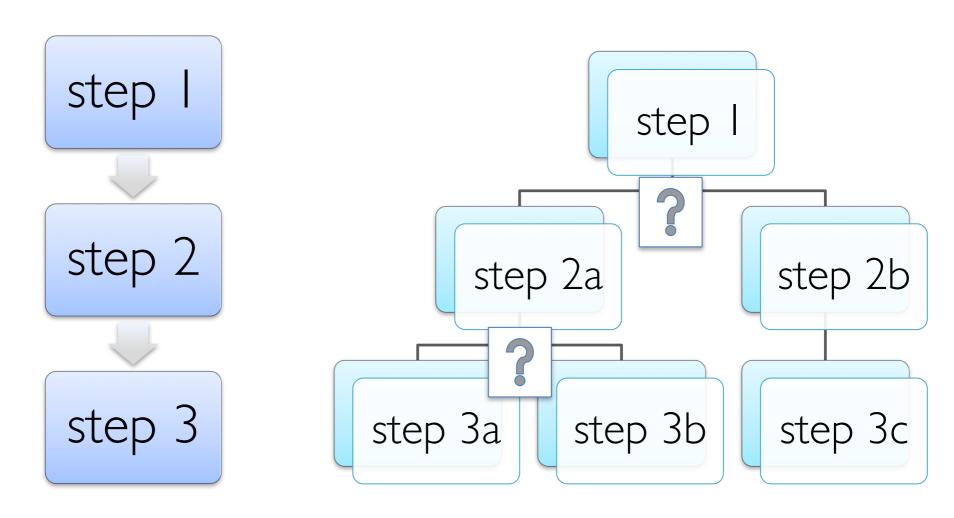
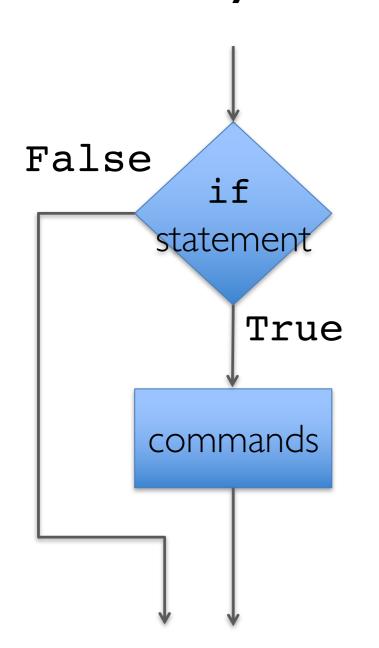
Conditional statements in programming





= if [this is true] then [do this] or else [do this]

Python: if statements



```
syntax:
    ...[previous commands]
    if [condition] :
        [command]
        [command]
        [command]
        ...[subsequent commands]
```

• indentations within "if" statements required

Python: example of if

replace a number by its absolute value, if necessary:

```
num= -1
if num < 0: this part executed only in some circumstances
  print('You gave me a negative number!')
  num = abs(num)

print(sqrt(num))
  this part always executed</pre>
```

Python: practice with if

- write a script that prompts the user for an hour of the day, and then responds with the value of the next hour (Lec7.ipynb)
- break it down into algorithmic steps:
 - 1) prompt user and input value for hour
 - 2) add I to hour to get next hour
 - 3) check if hour is 12, and if so, change next hour to 1
 - 4) respond with value
- now re-write, using a function for steps 2 & 3

Another conditional situation

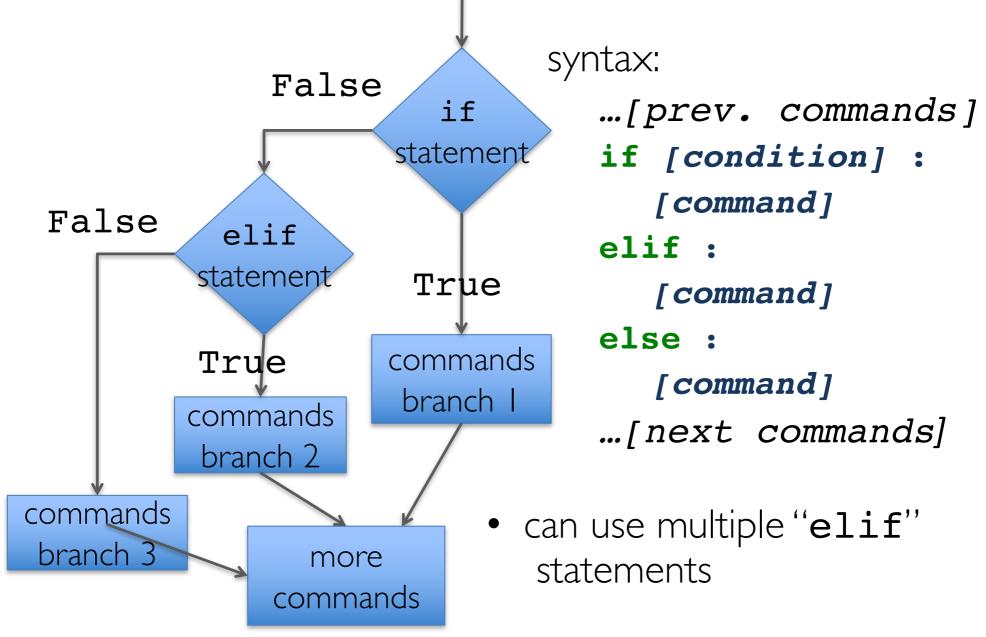
- aircraft onboard-computer asks pilot what the destination is, and gives response about whether or not it's ok to go
- can we do this with an "if" statement?



Python: if-else statements

```
syntax:
                      ...[previous commands]
  False
                      if [condition] :
         statement
                         [command]
              True
                         [command]
                      else:
commands
           commands
                         [command]
branch 2
            branch I
                         [command]
                      ...[subsequent commands]
        more
      commands
```

Python: if-elif statements



Python: other conditionals

- conditional assignment (ternary operator):
 - -a = val1 if [condition] else val2
 - -x = -x if x < 0 else x # abs value!
- what if if/else/elif needs to be applied to an array of values? (e.g. for plotting!)
- won't work...
- use vfunc = vectorize(myfunc)
 or "decorator" @vectorize before def myfunc
- or logical indexing for variable assignments:
 - val[condition] = new_val
 - val = where(condition, newval1, newval2)