微處理機 LAB 7 ADC

Due: 兩週後 早上 8:00

PART 1. (10%) 實作題

Lab 7.1 ADC:

請完成實驗 錄影或拍照紀錄實驗結果並附上程式碼(main.c 及 include 之.h, .c 檔案)

·不使用 SysTick 中斷,單純執行一次 ADC 取樣光敏電阻值,並把取樣結果顯示在 7-segment \bot 。

```
#include "stm321476xx.h"
  #include "helper_functions.h"
    #include "usart.h"
#include "adc.h"
  #include "led_button.h"
 6 #include "7seg.h"
 7 #include "stdio.h"
 9 #define lab10 2
10 #define SEG_gpio GPIOC
#define DIN_pin 3
    #define CS_pin 4
13 #define CLK_pin 5
14 double resistor;
17 void GPIO_init(){
       SCB->CPACR |= (0xF << 20);
       __DSB();
__ISB();
       RCC->AHB2ENR |= RCC_AHB2ENR_GPIOAEN; // PA5 LED
RCC->AHB2ENR |= RCC_AHB2ENR_GPIOCEN; // PC13 Button
RCC->AHB2ENR |= RCC_AHB2ENR_ADCEN; // ADC
       GPIOC->MODER &= ~GPIO_MODER_MODE13_Msk;
        GPIOC->MODER |= (0x0 << GPIO_MODER_MODE13_Pos);</pre>
       // Setup PA5 LED
GPIOA->MODER &= ~GPIO_MODER_MODE5_Msk;
        GPIOA->MODER |= (0x1 << GPIO_MODER_MODE5_Pos);</pre>
       // PC0 ADC
        GPIOC->MODER &= ~GPIO_MODER_MODE0_Msk;
        GPIOC->MODER |= (0x3 << GPIO_MODER_MODE0_Pos);
         GPIOC->ASCR |= GPIO_ASCR_ASC0;
42 void EXTI_Setup(){
         RCC->APB2ENR |= RCC_APB2ENR_SYSCFGEN;
        SYSCFG->EXTICR[3] &= ~SYSCFG_EXTICR4_EXTI13_Msk;
        SYSCFG->EXTICR[3] |= (2 << SYSCFG_EXTICR4_EXTI13_Pos);</pre>
```

```
SYSCFG->EXTICR[3] &= ~SYSCFG_EXTICR4_EXTI13_Msk;
        SYSCFG->EXTICR[3] |= (2 << SYSCFG_EXTICR4_EXTI13_Pos);</pre>
        EXTI->IMR1 |= EXTI_IMR1_IM13;
        EXTI->RTSR1 |= EXTI_RTSR1_RT13;
        NVIC_EnableIRQ(EXTI15_10_IRQn);
56 void ADCInit(){
        ADCResolution(ADC1, 0);
        ADCContinuousConversion(ADC1, 0);
        ADCDataAlign(ADC1, 0);
       ADCCommonDualMode(0);
        ADCCommonClockMode(1);
       ADCCommonPrescaler(0);
       ADCCommonDMAMode(0);
       ADCCommonDelayTwoSampling(0b0100); // 5 adc clk cycle
        ADCChannel(ADC1, 1, 1, 2);
       ADCWakeup(ADC1);
        ADCInterrupt(ADC1, ADC_IER_EOCIE, 1);
        NVIC_EnableIRQ(ADC1_2_IRQn);
        ADCEnable(ADC1);
   void SysTick_Handler() {
        if(SysTick->CTRL & SysTick_CTRL_COUNTFLAG_Msk){
            light();
            handler();
            toggle_output(GPIOA,5);
82 void ADC1 2 IRQHandler(){
       if(ADC1->ISR & ADC_ISR_EOC){
           ADC1->ISR &= ADC_ISR_EOC;
            resistor = ADCGetValue(ADC1);
            resistor = (3.3 - resistor) * 2000 / resistor;
91 void startADC() {
        while (!(ADC1->ISR & ADC_ISR_ADRDY)) ADC1->CR |= ADC_CR_ADEN; // TURN ON
        ADC1->ISR = ADC_ISR_EOC | ADC_ISR_EOS | ADC_ISR_OVR; // Clear flags
        ADC1->CR = ADC_CR_ADSTART; // START_CONV
    void light() {
       startADC();
        while (!(ADC1->ISR & ADC_ISR_EOC));
        adcVal = ADC1->DR;
        double Vsample = (3.3/4095)*adcVal;
        double current = (3.3 - Vsample)/10000;
        adcVal = Vsample/current;
        send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_DIGIT_0, adcVal%10);
        adcVal/=10;
        send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_DIGIT_1, adcVal%10);
        adcVal/=10;
        send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_DIGIT_2, adcVal%10);
        adcVal/=10;
        send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_DIGIT_3, adcVal%10);
        adcVal/=10;
        send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_DIGIT_4, adcVal%10);
```

·調慢 ADC 取樣間隔到每秒取樣做 ADC 一次,不可改變 sys_clk,然後把取樣結果顯示在 7-segment 上。

```
#include "stm321476xx.h"
    #include "helper_functions.h"
    #include "usart.h"
 4 #include "adc.h"
 5 #include "led_button.h"
6 #include "7seg.h"
7 #include "stdio.h"
9 #define lab10_2
10 #define SEG_gpio GPIOC
    #define DIN_pin 3
#define CS_pin 4
#define CLK_pin 5
    int adcVal = 0;
    void GPIO_init(){
        __ISB();
        RCC->AHB2ENR |= RCC_AHB2ENR_GPIOAEN; // PA5 LED
        RCC->AHB2ENR = RCC_AHB2ENR_GPIOCEN; // PC13 Button
        RCC->AHB2ENR |= RCC_AHB2ENR_ADCEN;
```

```
GPIOC->MODER &= ~GPIO_MODER_MODE13_Msk;
        GPIOC->MODER |= (0x0 << GPIO_MODER_MODE13_Pos);</pre>
       GPIOA->MODER &= ~GPIO_MODER_MODE5_Msk;
       GPIOA->MODER |= (0x1 << GPIO_MODER_MODE5_Pos);</pre>
       GPIOC->MODER &= ~GPIO_MODER_MODE@_Msk;
        GPIOC->MODER |= (0x3 << GPIO_MODER_MODE0_Pos);</pre>
        GPIOC->ASCR |= GPIO_ASCR_ASC0;
    void EXTI_Setup(){
        RCC->APB2ENR |= RCC_APB2ENR_SYSCFGEN;
        SYSCFG->EXTICR[3] &= ~SYSCFG_EXTICR4_EXTI13_Msk;
        SYSCFG->EXTICR[3] |= (2 << SYSCFG_EXTICR4_EXTI13_Pos);</pre>
       EXTI->IMR1 |= EXTI_IMR1_IM13;
       EXTI->RTSR1 |= EXTI_RTSR1_RT13;
       NVIC_EnableIRQ(EXTI15_10_IRQn);
       ADCResolution(ADC1, 0);
        ADCContinuousConversion(ADC1, 0);
       ADCDataAlign(ADC1, 0);
       ADCCommonDualMode(0);
       ADCCommonClockMode(1);
       ADCCommonPrescaler(0);
       ADCCommonDMAMode(0);
       ADCCommonDelayTwoSampling(0b0100);
       ADCChannel(ADC1, 1, 1, 2);
       ADCWakeup(ADC1);
       ADCInterrupt(ADC1, ADC_IER_EOCIE, 1);
       NVIC_EnableIRQ(ADC1_2_IRQn);
        ADCEnable(ADC1);
    void SysTick_Handler() {
        if(SysTick->CTRL & SysTick_CTRL_COUNTFLAG_Msk){
            light();
            handler();
            toggle_output(GPIOA,5);
   void ADC1_2_IRQHandler(){
       if(ADC1->ISR & ADC_ISR_EOC){
           ADC1->ISR &= ADC_ISR_EOC;
            resistor = ADCGetValue(ADC1);
            resistor = (3.3 - resistor) * 2000 / resistor;
   void startADC() {
        while (!(ADC1->ISR & ADC_ISR_ADRDY)) ADC1->CR |= ADC_CR_ADEN; // TURN ON
        ADC1->ISR = ADC_ISR_EOC | ADC_ISR_EOS | ADC_ISR_OVR; // Clear flags
        ADC1->CR |= ADC_CR_ADSTART; // START CONV
96 void light() {
```

```
void light() {
         startADC();
         while (!(ADC1->ISR & ADC_ISR_EOC));
101 void handler(){
         double Vsample = (3.3/4095)*adcVal;
         double current = (3.3 - Vsample)/10000;
         adcVal = Vsample/current;
         send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_DIGIT_0, adcVal%10);
         adcVal/=10;
         send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_DIGIT_1, adcVal%10);
         send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_DIGIT_2, adcVal%10);
         adcVal/=10;
         send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_DIGIT_3, adcVal%10);
         send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_DIGIT_4, adcVal%10);
         adcVal/=10;
117 void lab_10_2(){
         EXTI_Setup();
         SystemClock_Config_Interrupt(4, 1000000);
         init_led(GPIOA,5);
         GPIO_init();
         if(init_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin) != 0){
         send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_DECODE_MODE, 0xFF);
         send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_SCAN_LIMIT, 0x04);
         send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_SHUTDOWN, 0x01);
         lab_10_2();
```

PART 2. (40%) 實作題

Lab 7.2: ADC 變壓輸入:

請完成實驗 錄影紀錄實驗結果

- 選用三個不同電阻取代光敏電阻,計算出這三個電阻跨壓,不可高於 5V,用 ADC 分別讀取這三個跨壓,,然後把取樣結果顯示在 7-segmemt 上。
- 計算出電阻值與 ADC 讀值的轉換關係式並寫入程式中,按按鍵(blue button)切換顯示電阻值與 ADC 讀值。

```
#include "stm321476xx.h"
    #include "helper_functions.h"
  #include "usart.h"
 4 #include "adc.h"
    #include "led_button.h"
   #include "7seg.h"
 7 #include "stdio.h"
   #define BUTTON_gpio GPIOC
#define BUTTON_pin 13
#define lab10_2
#define SEG_gpio GPIOC
   #define DIN_pin 3
14 #define CS_pin 4
15 #define CLK_pin 5
17 double resistor;
18 int adcVal = 0;
20 void GPIO_init(){
      SCB->CPACR \mid= (0xF << 20);
       __ISB();
       RCC->AHB2ENR |= RCC_AHB2ENR_GPIOAEN; // PA5 LED
       RCC->AHB2ENR |= RCC_AHB2ENR_GPIOCEN; // PC13 Button
       RCC->AHB2ENR = RCC_AHB2ENR_ADCEN;
      GPIOC->MODER &= ~GPIO_MODER_MODE13_Msk;
       GPIOC->MODER |= (0x0 << GPIO_MODER_MODE13_Pos);</pre>
      GPIOA->MODER &= ~GPIO_MODER_MODE5_Msk;
       GPIOA->MODER |= (0x1 << GPIO_MODER_MODE5_Pos);</pre>
       GPIOC->MODER &= ~GPIO_MODER_MODE0_Msk;
       GPIOC->MODER |= (0x3 << GPIO_MODER_MODE0_Pos);</pre>
       GPIOC->ASCR |= GPIO_ASCR_ASC0;
44 void EXTI_Setup(){
       RCC->APB2ENR |= RCC_APB2ENR_SYSCFGEN;
      SYSCFG->EXTICR[3] &= ~SYSCFG_EXTICR4_EXTI13_Msk;
       SYSCFG->EXTICR[3] |= (2 << SYSCFG_EXTICR4_EXTI13_Pos);</pre>
        CYTT STMD1 |= CYTT TMD1
```

```
EXTI->IMR1 |= EXTI_IMR1_IM13;
        EXTI->RTSR1 |= EXTI_RTSR1_RT13;
        NVIC_EnableIRQ(EXTI15_10_IRQn);
    void ADCInit(){
        ADCResolution(ADC1, 0);
        ADCContinuousConversion(ADC1, 0); // enable continuous conversion
        ADCDataAlign(ADC1, 0);
        ADCCommonDualMode(0);
        ADCCommonClockMode(1);
        ADCCommonPrescaler(0);
        ADCCommonDMAMode(0);
        ADCCommonDelayTwoSampling(0b0100); // 5 adc clk cycle
        ADCChannel(ADC1, 1, 1, 2);
        ADCWakeup(ADC1);
        ADCInterrupt(ADC1, ADC_IER_EOCIE, 1);
        NVIC_EnableIRQ(ADC1_2_IRQn);
        ADCEnable(ADC1);
    void SysTick_Handler() {
        if(SysTick->CTRL & SysTick_CTRL_COUNTFLAG_Msk){
            light();
            handler();
            toggle_output(GPIOA,5);
    void ADC1_2_IRQHandler(){
        if(ADC1->ISR & ADC_ISR_EOC){
            ADC1->ISR &= ADC ISR EOC;
            resistor = ADCGetValue(ADC1);
            resistor = (3.3 / 4095) * resistor;
resistor = (3.3 - resistor) * 2000 / resistor;
    void startADC() {
        while (!(ADC1->ISR & ADC_ISR_ADRDY)) ADC1->CR |= ADC_CR_ADEN; // TURN ON
        ADC1->ISR = ADC_ISR_EOC | ADC_ISR_EOS | ADC_ISR_OVR; // Clear flags
        ADC1->CR |= ADC_CR_ADSTART; // START CONV
99 void light() {
        startADC();
        while (!(ADC1->ISR & ADC_ISR_EOC));
        adcVal = ADC1->DR;
    void handler(){
        double Vsample = (3.3/4095)*adcVal;
        double current = Vsample/10000;
            display_two_decimal(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, (3.3 - Vsample));
            int temp;
            adcVal = (3.3 - Vsample)/current;
            while(adcVal !=0){
                adcVal = adcVal/10;
            adcVal = (3.3 - Vsample)/current;
```

```
adcVal = (3.3 - Vsample)/current;
             display_number(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, adcVal, k);
126 void lab_10_2(){
         SystemClock_Config_Interrupt(4, 1000000);
         init_led(GPIOA,5);
             int ch_state = 0;
             int button_press_persecond_cycle = 10;
             int debounce_cycle = 100;
             int debounce_threshold = 70;
             int last_botton_pos =1;
             for(int i=0; i<button_press_persecond_cycle; i++){</pre>
                 int pos_cnt = 0; //count
                 for(int a=0; a<debounce_cycle; a++){</pre>
                     if(read_gpio(BUTTON_gpio, BUTTON_pin) == 0){
                         pos_cnt++;
                 if(pos_cnt > debounce_threshold){
                     if(last_botton_pos == 1){
                         last_botton_pos = 0;
                     if(last_botton_pos == 0){
                             state = 0;
                         last_botton_pos = 1;
         GPIO_init();
         if(init_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin) != 0){
         send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_DECODE_MODE, 0xFF);
         send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_SCAN_LIMIT, 0xFF);
         send_7seg(SEG_gpio, DIN_pin, CS_pin, CLK_pin, SEG_ADDRESS_SHUTDOWN, 0x01);
         lab_10_2();
```

PART 3. (50%) 實作題

Lab 7.3: 練習馬達控制

請完成實驗 錄影及截圖紀錄實驗結果並附上程式碼(main.c 及 include 之.h, .c 檔案)

利用 SysTick timer 和 SG90 伺服馬達,每 1 秒順時鐘轉動 45 度,4 秒達到 180 度後,停頓一秒後每秒往逆時鐘方向旋轉 45 度直到回到原點。

```
#include "stm321476xx.h"
#include "timer.h"
int times = 1;
void SysTick_Handler() {
     if(SysTick->CTRL & SysTick_CTRL_COUNTFLAG_Msk){
        TIM2->ARR = (uint32_t)(150000-1);
        TIM2->EGR |= TIM_EGR_UG;
         TIM2->CR1 |= TIM_CR1_CEN;
        if (times % 4 == 1 || times % 4 == 2)
             TIM2->CCR1 = 20;
             TIM2->CCR1 = (uint32_t)(1);
int main()
     SystemClock_Config_Interrupt(10, 40000000);
    RCC->AHB2ENR |= RCC_AHB2ENR_GPIOAEN;
    GPIOA->MODER &= ~GPIO_MODER_MODE0_Msk;
    GPIOA->MODER |= (2 << GPIO_MODER_MODE0_Pos);</pre>
    GPIOA->AFR[0] &= ~GPIO_AFRL_AFSEL0_Msk;
    GPIOA->AFR[0] |= (1 << GPIO_AFRL_AFSEL0_Pos);</pre>
    RCC->APB1ENR1 |= RCC_APB1ENR1_TIM2EN;
    TIM2->ARR = (uint32_t)(1000-1);
TIM2->EGR |= TIM_EGR_UG;
    TIM2->CCMR1 &= ~TIM_CCMR1_OC1M_Msk;
    TIM2->CCMR1 |= (6 << TIM_CCMR1_OC1M_Pos);</pre>
```

本作業參考自: DCP1155 Microprocessor System Lab 2016 曹孝櫟教授 國立交通大學 資訊工程學系 Lab7