

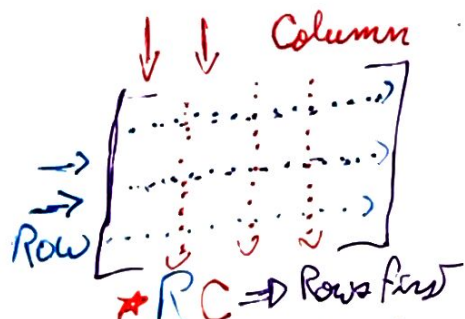
# Matrix Section:

$$[R][C] = [x][y] = [i][j]$$

Table of numbers, symbols, or expressions arranged in rows and columns in mathematics and perform operations.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & \dots & A_{1n} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} & \dots & A_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ A_{m1} & A_{m2} & \dots & A_{mn} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Addition:  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 8 \\ 7 & 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 11 \\ 9 & 13 \end{bmatrix} = A+B$

Subtraction is the same idea But '-'

Multiplication: • The number of Column in the first matrix should be equal to the row in the second

Sum

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 7 \\ 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \cdot B = \begin{bmatrix} 0.6 & -0.7 \\ -0.2 & 0.4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (4 \cdot 0.6) + (7 \cdot -0.2) & (4 \cdot -0.7) + (7 \cdot 0.4) \\ (2 \cdot 0.6) + (6 \cdot -0.2) & (2 \cdot -0.7) + (6 \cdot 0.4) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} AB_{11} &= (4 \cdot 0.6) + (7 \cdot -0.2) \\ AB_{12} &= (4 \cdot -0.7) + (7 \cdot 0.4) \\ AB_{21} &= (2 \cdot 0.6) + (6 \cdot -0.2) \\ AB_{22} &= (2 \cdot -0.7) + (6 \cdot 0.4) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 2.4 & -1.4 \\ 1.2 & -1.2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -2.8 & 2.8 \\ -1.4 & 2.4 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Dot Product = How far are the vectors to each other.

Measures relative direction

- Few Properties to Consider are
  - $AB \neq BA$  (Commutative)
  - $(AB)C = A(BC)$  (Associative)
  - $(B+C)A = BA + CA$
  - $A(B+C) = AB + AC$  (Distributive)
  - $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$  (Identity)