Part - 3: MongoDB Indexing

Use the NYSE dataset to declare your indexes before putting your application into production.

Bat file to import:

```
#!/bin/bash

for dataFileSuffix in {A..Z}

do

file_loc="C:/Program Files/MongoDB/Server/5.0/NYSE/NYSE_daily_prices_$dataFileSuffix.csv"

echo $file_loc

mongoimport --db=nysedb --type=csv --collection=nysecoll --headerline --file="$file_loc"

done
```

Import using bat file:

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/zeeni/OneDrive/Documents/NEU/Sem 3/Big Data/HW3
                                                                            ceeni@Zeenia MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Documents/NEU/Sem 3/Big Data/HW3
$ bash import_hw3.bat
C:/Program Files/MongoDB/Server/5.0/NYSE/NYSE_daily_prices_A.csv
2022-10-18T11:02:24.096-0400 connected to: mongodb://localhost
                                  connected to: mongodb://localhost/
2022-10-18T11:02:27.097-0400
                                  [######.....] nysedb.nysecoll
0.6MB/39.1MB (27.0%)
2022-10-18T11:02:30.097-0400
                                  [#############......] nysedb.nysecoll
1.8MB/39.1MB (55.8%)
2022-10-18T11:02:33.096-0400
                                  [##################....] nysedb.nysecoll
3.5MB/39.1MB (85.8%)
                                  [################ nysedb.nysecoll
2022-10-18T11:02:34.535-0400
9.1MB/39.1MB (100.0%)
2022-10-18T11:02:34.535-0400
                                  735026 document(s) imported successfully. O docu
ment(s) failed to import.
nysedb> db.nysecoll.getIndexes()
   v: 2, key: { _id: 1 }, name: '_id_' },
   v: 2, key: { stock_symbol: 1 }, name: 'stock_symbol_1' }
```

Part-4: MongoDB Indexing

Insert the NYSE dataset into a new database. You may use the existing NYSE database created before. Now, create indexes on existing data sets.

Part-5: MongoDB Text Search

Write and execute one query to perform each of the followings on any collection of your choice.

1. Specify and word matches instead of or word matches.

```
books> db.bookscoll.find({$text:{$search:"Win"}})
[
    { _id: 2, name: 'Playing to Win', desc: 'Win and Strategy' },
    { _id: 1, name: 'You Can Win', desc: 'Win and Success' }
]
```

2. Perform exact phrase matches.

```
books> db.bookscoll.find({$text:{$search:"\"to Win\""}})
[
    { _id: 6, name: 'How to Win', desc: 'Win' },
    { _id: 2, name: 'Playing to Win', desc: 'Win and Strategy' }
]
```

3. Exclude documents with certain words.

```
books> db.bookscoll.find({$text:{$search:'"What Drives"'}})
[
    { _id: 7, name: 'What Drives Winning', desc: 'Strategy' },
    { _id: 10, name: 'What Drives Winning Teams', desc: 'Strategy Win' }
]
```

4. Exclude documents with certain phrases.

```
books> db.bookscoll.find({$text:{$search:"Drives -\"What Drives\""}}, {_id:0})
[ { name: 'Drives Winning', desc: 'Strategy drive' } ]
```

Part-6: Programming Assignment

Hadoop Commands

mkdir:

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ cd Desktop/
[cloudera@quickstart Desktop]$ mkdir shared
[cloudera@quickstart Desktop]$ su
```

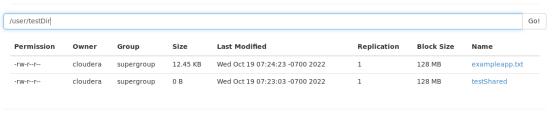
copyFromLocal:

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -copyFromLocal /home/cloudera/Desktop/shared /user/cloudera/shared1
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -ls ^C
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/cloudera/shared1
Found 2 items
-rw-r---- 1 cloudera cloudera 40990992 2022-10-19 07:15 /user/cloudera/shared1/NYSE_daily_prices_A.csv
-rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera cloudera 2004087 12753 2022-10-19 07:15 /user/cloudera/shared1/example.docx
```

appendToFile:

Append single src, or multiple srcs from local file system to the destination file system. Also reads input from stdin and appends to destination file system.

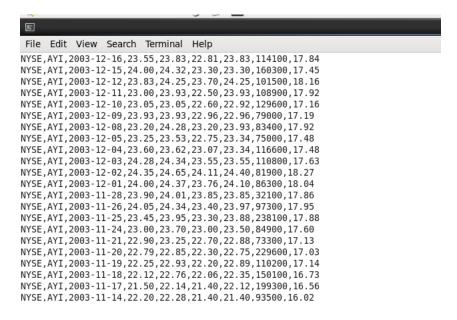
Browse Directory



Hadoop, 2017.

cat: Copies source paths to stdout.

Hadoop fs -cat /testDrive/test.csv



checksum: Returns the checksum information of a file.

• **chgrp:** Change group association of files. The user must be the owner of files, or else a superuser.

• **chmod:** Change the permissions of files. With -R, make the change recursively through the directory structure. The user must be the owner of the file, or else a super-user.

• **chown:** Change the owner of files. The user must be a super-user. Hadoop fs -chown 777 /user/cloudera/shared1/example.docx

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -chown 777 /user/cloudera/shared1/example.docx
```

Is:

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/cloudera/shared1/
Found 2 items
-rw-rr--r-- 1 cloudera cloudera
-rwxrwxrwx 1 cloudera cloudera 12753 2022-10-19 07:15 /user/cloudera/shared1/NYSE_daily_prices_A.csv
```

• **count:** Count the number of directories, files and bytes under the paths that match the specified file pattern.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -count /user/cloudera/shared1

1 2 41003745 /user/cloudera/shared1
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$
```

• touchz: Create a file of zero length. An error is returned if the file exists with non-zero length.

• **cp:** Copy files from source to destination. This command allows multiple sources as well in which case the destination must be a directory.

• rm: Delete files specified as args. If trash is enabled, file system instead moves the deleted file to a trash directory

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -rm /user/testDir/testcopy.txt |
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/testDir |
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/testDir |
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/testDir |
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ |
[clo
```

 mv: Moves files from source to destination. This command allows multiple sources as well in which case the destination needs to be a directory. Moving files across file systems is not permitted.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -mv /user/cloudera/shared1/example.docx /user/testDir/testmove.txt
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/testDir
Found 4 items
-rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera supergroup
-rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera supergroup
-rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera supergroup
-rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera supergroup
-rw-rr--r-- 1 cloudera supergroup
-rw-rr--r--
```

• **du:** Displays sizes of files and directories contained in the given directory or the length of a file in case its just a file.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -du /user/testDir
12753 12753 /user/testDir/exampleapp.txt
0 0 /user/testDir/test.txt
0 0 /user/testDir/testShared
12753 12753 /user/testDir/testmove.txt
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ ■
```

dus: Displays a summary of file lengths.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -dus /user/testDir
dus: DEPRECATED: Please use 'du -s' instead.
25506 25506 /user/testDir
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ ■
```

help: Return usage output.

• **stat:** Print statistics about the file/directory at <path> in the specified format.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -stat /user/testDir 2022-10-19 14:53:51 [cloudera@quickstart ~]$ ■
```

• tail: Displays last kilobyte of the file to stdout.

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera supergroup 0 2022-10-19 07:23 /user/testDir/testShared
-rwxrwxrwx 1 cloudera cloudera 12753 2022-10-19 07:15 /user/testDir/testmove.txt

[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs _tail /user/testDir/testmove.txt
```

• **text:** Takes a source file and outputs the file in text format. The allowed formats are zip and TextRecordInputStream.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -text /user/testDir/testmove.txt
```

• **truncate:** Truncate all files that match the specified file pattern to the specified length.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ ./hadoop fs -truncate 1 /user/testDir/exampleapp.txt
```

test:

```
-concat: unknown command [cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -test -d /user/testDir
```

• **expunge:** Permanently delete files in checkpoints older than the retention threshold from trash directory, and create new checkpoint.

Command: hadoop fs -expunge

• **find:** Finds all files that match the specified expression and applies selected actions to them. If no *path* is specified then defaults to the current working directory. If no expression is specified then defaults to -print.

Command: hadoop fs -find / -name test -print

• get: Copy files to the local file system.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -get /user/testDir/
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -get /user/testDir/
get: `testDir/exampleapp.txt': File exists
get: `testDir/test.txt': File exists
get: `testDir/testShared': File exists
get: `testDir/testmove.txt': File exists
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$
```

• **getfacl:** Displays the Access Control Lists (ACLs) of files and directories.

• getfattr: Displays the extended attribute names and values (if any) for a file or directory.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -getfattr -d /user/testDir
# file: /user/testDir
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ |

Browsing HDFS... | cloudera | [cloudera cloudera@quic... | cloudera@quic
```

Part-7: Programming Assignment

Copy all the files from (A to Z) from NYSE dataset into HDFS.

Step 1: Created local directory shared nyse and used 'mount' command

```
[root@quickstart Desktop]# mkdir shared_nyse
[root@quickstart Desktop]# su
[root@quickstart Desktop]# mount -t vboxsf shared_nyse shared_nyse
[root@quickstart Desktop]#
```

Step 2: Used 'copyFromLocal' command to copy files

```
/shar[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -copyFromLocal /home/cloudera/Desktop/shared_nyse /user/cloudera/shared_nyse
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs ls /user/cloudera/shared_nyse
ls: Unknown command
Did you mean -ls? This command begins with a dash.
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/cloudera/shared_nyse
Found 26 items
Did vou mean -ls?
                                            1 cloudera cloudera
-rw-r--r--
                   cloudera cloudera
                1 cloudera cloudera
1 cloudera cloudera
-rw-r--r--
                 1 cloudera cloudera
                 1 cloudera cloudera
                 1 cloudera cloudera
1 cloudera cloudera
-rw-r--r--
                 1 cloudera cloudera
                1 cloudera cloudera
1 cloudera cloudera
1 cloudera cloudera
-rw-r--r--
                 1 cloudera cloudera
- rw - r - - r - - -
                   cloudera cloudera
cloudera cloudera
                 1 cloudera cloudera
- rw- r- - r- -
                 1 cloudera cloudera
- rw-r--r--
- rw-r--r--
                   cloudera cloudera
cloudera cloudera
                 1 cloudera cloudera
- rw-r--r--
                   cloudera cloudera
                   cloudera cloudera
cloudera cloudera
-rw-r--r--
                 1 cloudera cloudera
1 cloudera cloudera
-rw-r--r--
-rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera cloudera
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$
☐ cloudera@quickstart:... ☐ cloudera@quickstart:~ ☐
```