

Pergunta 7

Por responder

Nota: 2,50

 Marcar
pergunta

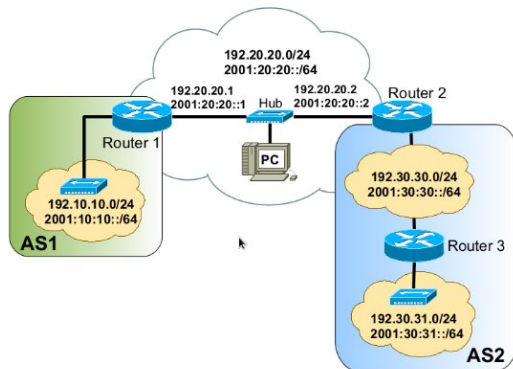
Any iBGP neighborhood relationship established between physical interfaces will be maintained if the IGP can provide at least one available path between the BGP peers.

Selecione uma opção:

☒ Verdadeiro 

☐ Falso

Consider the network of the following figure, where the BGP protocol was configured on networks 192.20.20.0/24 and 2001:20:20::/64. Inside the autonomous systems, the routing protocol is OSPF. Also consider that Router 2 announces an OSPF default route and performs redistribution of OSPF routes into the BGP protocol.



The IPv4 routing table of Router 2 is the following. Which of the following sentences are true?

- ☐ C 192.20.20.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
- ☐ C 192.30.30.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1
- ☐ O 192.30.31.0/24 [110/2] via 192.30.30.3, FastEthernet0/1
- ☐ B 192.10.10.0/24 [20/0] via 192.20.20.1
- ☐ B 192.30.30.0/23 [200/0] via 0.0.0.0, Null0

Selecione uma ou mais opções de resposta:


- ☒ a. The routing table of Router 3 will include an entry corresponding to network 192.10.10.0/24 of Autonomous System 1. ✗
- ☐ b. Router 2 established a BGP neighbourhood relationship only with Router 1. ✓
- ☐ c. The routing table of Router 1 will include entries for networks 192.30.30.0/24 and 192.30.31.0/24, belonging to Autonomous System 2. ✗
- ☒ d. The routing table of Router 3 will include a default route ✓
- ☒ e. We can say that Router 2 is summarizing the IP networks of Autonomous System 2. ✓

An ASBR received from an external BGP peer, the following message:

```
▼ Border Gateway Protocol - UPDATE Message
  Marker: ffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff
  Length: 92
  Type: UPDATE Message (2)
  Withdrawn Routes Length: 0
  Total Path Attribute Length: 69
  ▼ Path attributes
    ▸ Path Attribute - ORIGIN: INCOMPLETE
    ▸ Path Attribute - AS_PATH: 2
    ▸ Path Attribute - MULTI_EXIT_DISC: 2
    ▼ Path Attribute - MP_REACH_NLRI
      ▸ Flags: 0x80: Optional, Non-transitive, Complete
      Type Code: MP_REACH_NLRI (14)
      Length: 46
      Address family: IPv6 (2)
      Subsequent address family identifier: Unicast (1)
    ▼ Next hop network address (32 bytes)
      Next hop: 2001:a:2::2 (16)
      Next hop: fe80::c802:31ff:fe9f:1d (16)
      Subnetwork points of attachment: 0
    ▼ Network layer reachability information (9 bytes)
      ▸ 2001:30:31::/64
```

Based only on this information, is possible to state that:

Selecione uma opção de resposta:

- ☒ a. Network 2001:30:31::/64 is on AS 2, and the router with address 2001:a:2::2 is on AS 2. 
- ☐ b. Network 2001:30:31::/64 is on AS 2, and the router with address 2001:a:2::2 is not on AS 2.
- ☐ c. Network 2001:30:31::/64 is not on AS 2, and the router with address 2001:a:2::2 is on AS 2.
- ☐ d. Network 2001:30:31::/64 is not on AS 2, and the router with address 2001:a:2::2 is not on AS 2.

Pro	Inside global	Inside local	Outside local	Outside global
icmp	195.66.62.6:33924	10.78.25.1:33924	209.40.72.45:33924	209.40.72.45:33924
udp	195.66.62.1:33787	10.78.25.6:33787	217.23.42.44:20	217.23.42.44:20
udp	195.66.62.5:17670	10.78.25.3:17670	220.59.32.42:20	220.59.32.42:20
udp	195.66.62.5:20728	10.78.25.7:20728	215.78.88.41:80	215.78.88.41:80
udp	195.66.62.6:16734	10.78.25.9:16734	216.92.79.43:80	216.92.79.43:80
udp	195.66.62.9:35299	10.78.25.4:35299	206.56.18.41:80	206.56.18.41:80

Considering a router that connects a corporate network to the Internet, and the above router's NAT translations table where all entries are dynamic, answer True or False to the following sentences:

The Port Address Translation (PAT) mechanism is active.

True

True

True, pois na parte inside global temos 2 ip's

Six (6) hosts with private IPv4 addresses are accessing the Internet.

True

True

The Internet host will receive the packets from the host with the IPv4 private address 10.78.25.9 with source address 195.66.62.6.

False

False

There are six (6) active UDP connections to the Internet.

False

False

Consider a network where all routers have OSPF properly configured and all of the Router Link-state entries of the OSPF database for one router are:
Router Link States (Area 0)

LS age: 1486
Options: (No T0S-capability, DC)
LS Type: Router Links
Link State ID: 5.5.5.5
Advertising Router: 5.5.5.5
LS Seq Number: 80000003
Checksum: 0x24F0
Length: 60
Area Border Router
Number of Links: 3

Link connected to: a Transit Network

(Link ID) Designated Router address: 220.13.67.2

(Link Data) Router Interface address: 220.13.67.2

Number of T0S metrics: 0

T0S 0 Metrics: 8

Dois ip's iguais

Link connected to: a Transit Network

(Link ID) Designated Router address: 220.34.65.2

(Link Data) Router Interface address: 220.34.65.1

Number of T0S metrics: 0

T0S 0 Metrics: 7

Está ligado a duas transit networks

Link connected to: a Stub Network

(Link ID) Network/subnet number: 220.7.63.2

(Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.255.252

Number of T0S metrics: 0

T0S 0 Metrics: 7

Router Link States (Area 3)

LS age: 1217
Options: (No T0S-capability, DC)
LS Type: Router Links
Link State ID: 5.5.5.5
Advertising Router: 5.5.5.5
LS Seq Number: 80000007
Checksum: 0x35C4
Length: 48
Area Border Router
Number of Links: 2

Link connected to: a Transit Network

(Link ID) Designated Router address: 220.15.64.1

(Link Data) Router Interface address: 220.15.64.1

Number of T0S metrics: 0

T0S 0 Metrics: 7

Link connected to: a Stub Network

Router Link States (Area 3)

LS age: 1217
Options: (No TOS-capability, DC)
LS Type: Router Links
Link State ID: 5.5.5.5
Advertising Router: 5.5.5.5
LS Seq Number: 80000007
Checksum: 0x35C4
Length: 48
Area Border Router
Number of Links: 2

Link connected to: a Transit Network

(Link ID) Designated Router address: 220.15.64.1

(Link Data) Router Interface address: 220.15.64.1

Number of TOS metrics: 0

TOS 0 Metrics: 7

Link connected to: a Stub Network

(Link ID) Network/subnet number: 220.30.62.2 *

(Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.255.252

Number of TOS metrics: 0

TOS 0 Metrics: 4

The Router with OSPF ID 5.5.5.5 has one interface, connected to network with ID 220.30.62.2, with an OSPF cost of 4. ☐ True ☒ True*

The Router with OSPF ID 5.5.5.5 is not the Designated Router of the network with ID 220.13.67.2. ☒ False ☐ False**

The Router with OSPF ID 5.5.5.5 has one interface, connected to network with ID 220.13.67.2, with an OSPF cost of 15. ☐ False ☒ False***

The Router with OSPF ID 5.5.5.5 is an internal backbone router with three interfaces connected to networks from Area 0. ☐ True ☒ True****

Pro	Inside global	Inside local	Outside local	Outside global
icmp	194.99.20.1:12823	192.168.56.9:12823	211.58.57.44:12823	211.58.57.44:12823
icmp	194.99.20.7:30548	192.168.56.4:30548	220.98.31.43:30548	220.98.31.43:30548
icmp	194.99.20.9:25421	192.168.56.2:25421	213.65.82.41:25421	213.65.82.41:25421
tcp	194.99.20.4:26683	192.168.56.1:26683	209.41.76.44:80	209.41.76.44:80
tcp	194.99.20.6:17659	192.168.56.3:17659	202.98.65.43:20	202.98.65.43:20
tcp	194.99.20.8:21599	192.168.56.7:21599	215.85.27.41:20	215.85.27.41:20
udp	194.99.20.2:18992	192.168.56.8:18992	202.73.42.42:80	202.73.42.42:80
---	194.99.20.1	192.168.56.9	---	---
---	194.99.20.2	192.168.56.8	---	---
---	194.99.20.9	192.168.56.2	---	---
---	194.99.20.8	192.168.56.7	---	---
---	194.99.20.7	192.168.56.4	---	---
---	194.99.20.6	192.168.56.3	---	---
---	194.99.20.4	192.168.56.1	---	---

Considering a router that connects a corporate network to the Internet, and the above router's NAT translations table where all entries are dynamic, answer True or False to the following sentences:

Considering a router that connects a corporate network to the Internet, and the above router's NAT translations table where all entries are dynamic, answer True or False to the following sentences:

Seven (7) hosts with private IPv4 addresses are accessing the Internet.

True

True

A packet (from the Internet) that reaches this router with destination address 194.99.20.7 will be forwarded to the private network host with address 192.168.56.4.

True

True

The Port Address Translation (PAT) mechanism is enabled.

~~True~~

False

Todos os ip's são diferentes

There are two (2) active UDP connections to the Internet.

False

False

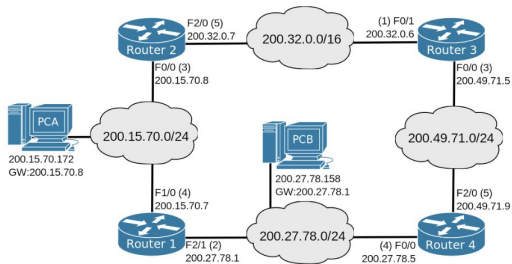
Pergunta 5

Por responder

Nota: 2,50

 Marcar pergunta

Tempo restante 0:18:2



Considering the above network where all routers have the OSPFv2 active for all interfaces, the OSPF cost of each interface is indicated between parenthesis next to the respective interface, and the routing process is stabilized, answer True or False to the following sentences:

The full IPV4 routing table entry in Router 1 for network 200.49.71.0/24 is

0 200.49.71.0/24 [110/7] via 200.27.78.5, 00:00:02, F2/1

☐ True

True

The full IPV4 routing table entry in Router 4 for network 200.32.0.0/16 is

0 200.32.0.0/16 [110/6] via 200.49.71.5, 00:00:04, F2/0

☐ True

True

The full IPV4 routing table entry in Router 2 for network 200.49.71.0/24 is

0 200.49.71.0/24 [110/9] via 200.32.0.6, 00:00:04, F2/0

☐ False

False

Como existem duas portas com o mesmo custo logo deviam de estar 2 "vias"

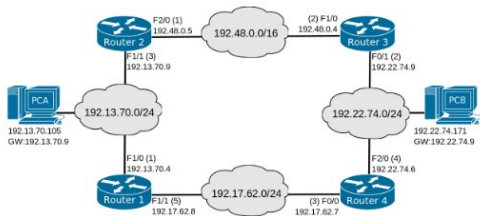
The full IPV4 routing table entry in Router 3 for network 200.27.78.0/24 is

0 200.27.78.0/24 [110/7] via 200.27.78.5, 00:00:15, F2/1

☐ False

False

Tem custo 6, não 7



Considering the above network where all routers have the OSPFv2 active for all interfaces, the OSPF cost of each interface is indicated between parenthesis next to the respective interface, and the routing process is stabilized, answer True or False to the following sentences:

The full IPV4 routing table entry in Router 2 for network 192.17.62.0/24 is

0 192.17.62.0/24 [110/6] via 192.48.0.4, 00:00:09, F2/0

☒ False ☐ True

The full IPV4 routing table entry in Router 3 for network 192.17.62.0/24 is

0 192.17.62.0/24 [110/5] via 192.22.74.6, 00:00:06, F0/1

☐ True ☒ True

The full IPV4 routing table entry in Router 1 for network 192.48.0.0/16 is

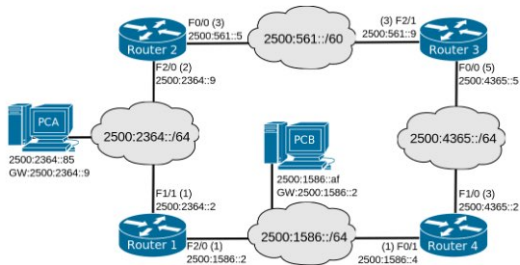
0 192.48.0.0/16 [110/3] via 192.13.70.9, 00:00:21, F1/0

☐ False ☒ False O custo é 2 não 3

The full IPV4 routing table entry in Router 4 for network 192.48.0.0/16 is

0 192.48.0.0/16 [110/6] via 192.22.74.9, 00:00:21, F2/0

☐ False ☒ False O custo é 5, não 6



Router 1

Interface F1/1: FE80::C735:E0C5:D41A:C7F2

Interface F2/0: FE80::DD09:8C8B:E679:9ACB

Router 2

Interface F2/0: FE80::DE3C:AA32:D710:BE79

Interface F0/0: FE80::D7A1:E09F:9D8C:9F5A

Router 3

Interface F2/1: FE80::CC26:E76F:CF2A:B2B0

Interface F0/0: FE80::79BF:B072:ADFC:C7CE

Router 4

Interface F1/0: FE80::E8D1:8D4A:AF68:C961

Interface F0/1: FE80::8B5C:CBA5:94BA:A0D6

Considering the above network where all routers have the OSPFv3 active for all interfaces, the OSPF cost of each interface is indicated between parenthesis next to the respective interface, the above listed Link-Local addresses, and that the routing process is stabilized, answer True or False to the following sentences:

The full IPV4 routing table entry in Router 4 for network 2500:561::/60 is

O 2500:561::/60 [110/5] via FE80::DD09:8C8B:E679:9ACB, 00:00:21, F0/1

True

True

The full IPV4 routing table entry in Router 1 for network 2500:4365::/64 is

O 2500:4365::/64 [110/5] via FE80::8B5C:CBA5:94BA:A0D6, 00:00:17, F2/0

False

False

O custo é 4, não 5

The full IPV4 routing table entry in Router 2 for network 2500:1586::/64 is

O 2500:1586::/64 [110/5] via FE80::DD09:8C8B:E679:9ACB, 00:00:18, F0/1

False

False

O custo é 3, não 5 e a porta é f2/0

The full IPV4 routing table entry in Router 3 for network 2500:1586::/64 is

O 2500:1586::/64 [110/6] via FE80::E8D1:8D4A:AF68:C961, 00:00:17, F0/0

False

False

Como existem 2 caminhos com o mesmo custo logo deviam de existir dois caminhos na routing table

Pergunta 8

Resposta
guardada

Nota: 2,50

 Marcar
pergunta

Packet 1

```
Border Gateway Protocol - UPDATE Message
Marker: ffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff
Length: 71
Type: UPDATE Message (2)
Withdrawn Routes Length: 0
Total Path Attribute Length: 38
Path Attributes
  Path Attribute - ORIGIN: IGP
  Path Attribute - AS_PATH: empty
  Path Attribute - NEXT_HOP: 10.54.69.5
  Path Attribute - LOCAL_PREF: 300
Network Layer Reachability Information (NLRI)
```

Considering the above BGP (partial) packet exchanged between two BGP neighbors:

Selecione uma opção de resposta:

- ☒ a. This is a BGP update between two routers from the same AS (iBGP), announcing a network (in NLRI field) from their own AS.
- ☐ b. This is a BGP update between two routers from different AS (eBGP), announcing a network (in NLRI field) from AS 300.
- ☐ c. This is a BGP update between two routers from the same AS (iBGP), announcing a network (in NLRI field) from a different AS.
- ☐ d. This is a BGP update between two routers from different AS (eBGP), announcing a network (in NLRI field) from a different third AS.

Limpar a minha escolha