

Technologies and Web Programming

Angular Framework



Angular Framework

Routing in Angular

Angular – Routing (i)



- The browser is a familiar model of application navigation:
 - Enter a URL in the address bar and the browser navigates to a corresponding page;
 - Click links on the page and the browser navigates to a new page;
 - Click the browser's back and forward buttons and the browser navigates backward and forward through the history of pages you've seen.

Angular – Routing (ii)



- The Angular Router is based on this model:
 - It can interpret a browser URL as an instruction to navigate to a client-generated view.
 - It can pass optional parameters along to the supporting view component that help it decide what specific content to present.
 - You can bind the router to links on a page and it will navigate to the appropriate application view when the user clicks a link.

Angular – Routing (iii)



- The Angular router is based on this model:
 - You can navigate imperatively when the user clicks a button, selects from a drop box, or in response to some other stimulus from any source.
 - And the router logs activity in the browser's history journal so the back and forward buttons work as well.

Routing – Developing (i)



 Angular's, best practice, is to load and configure the router in a separate, top-level module that is dedicated to routing.

 By convention, this module resides in the "app.routes.ts" file, in the "src/app" folder, which exports a "Routes" typed constant.

Routing – Developing (v)



- Adding Routes
 - Routes tell the router which view to display when a user clicks a link or pastes a URL into the browser address bar.
 - A typical Angular Route has two properties:
 - <u>path</u>: a string that matches the URL in the browser address bar.
 - <u>component</u>: the component that the router should create when navigating to this route.

Routing – Developing (vi)



- Adding Routes (cont.)
 - Example navigate to AuthorsComponent when the URL is something like localhost:4200/authors.
 - Import AuthorsComponent so you can reference it in a Route. Then define an array of routes with a single route to that component.

```
import { Routes } from '@angular/router';
import {AuthorsComponent} from "./authors/authors.component";

usages new *
export const routes: Routes = [
fpath: 'authors', component: AuthorsComponent}',
}

[path: 'authors', component: AuthorsComponent}']
```

Routing – Developing (viii)



- Adding Routes (cont.)

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core':
 1
        import { CommonModule } from '@angular/common';
       import { RouterOutlet } from '@angular/router';
        import { AuthorsComponent} from "./authors/authors.component";
        5+ usages - Helder Zagalo *
        @Component({
 7 (I)
          selector: 'app-root',
 8 (I)
          standalone: true,
        imports: [CommonModule, RouterOutlet, AuthorsComponent],
      templateUrl: './app.component.html',
10 (I)
11 (I)
          styleUrl: './app.component.css'
        })
12
        export class AppComponent {
13
14
          title : string = 'My Books':
15
```

Routing – Developing (ix)



- Adding Routes (cont.)
 - If <u>RouterOutlet</u> available is imported, than Angular is ready to route all defined routes.
 - Add its selector to "app.component.html" like this:

 Now, you can already try the URL "http://localhost:4200/authors"

Routing – Developing (x)



- Adding Routes (cont.)
 - You can also add navigations link to navigate between home and authors:

 Using routerLink attribute is a better way than href attribute. Try to use both to see the differences.



Angular Framework

Multiple Views in Angular

Multi-Views



- Adding multiple views:
 - Adding a Top panel.
 - Adding the ability to navigate between Authors and Top views.
 - When users click an author in either view, it navigates to a Details view of the selected author.
 - When users click a deep link in an email, it opens the Details view for a particular author.

Multi-Views – Top view (i)



- Create Top component:
 - Command line: ng generate component top
- In "top.component.html" put the following html code:

```
/> top.component.html ×

// ch2>Top Authors</h2>
// cdiv class="grid grid-pad">
// ca *ngFor="let author of authors" class="col-1-4">
// cdiv class="module author">
// ch4>{{author.name}}</h4>
// ch4>
// div>
// ch4>
// div>
// ch4>
// div>
// ch4>
```

Multi-Views – Overview view (ii)



 Code "top.component.ts" in the same way as "authors.component.ts", with light difference:

```
top.component.ts ×
        import { Component } from '@angular/core';
        import { CommonModule } from '@angular/common':
        import {Author} from "../author";
        import {AUTHORS} from "../authorslist";
        5+ usages new *
        @Component({
 7 (I)
          selector: 'app-top',
 8 (I)
          standalone: true,
          imports: [CommonModule],
 9 (I)
10 (I)
          templateUrl: './top.component.html',
11 (I)
          styleUrl: './top.component.css'
12
13
        export class TopComponent {
14
          authors: Author[];
15
          no usages new *
          constructor() {
16
            this.authors = AUTHORS.slice(0,4);
17
18
19
                          TT 44
```

htz@ua.pt

Multi-Views – Overview view (iii)



 Replace the Top Component CSS file with the one given in e-learning "top.component.css".

```
top.component.css ×
        [class*='col-'] {
 2
          float: left;
 3
          padding-right: 20px;
          padding-bottom: 20px;
 6
        [class*='col-']:last-of-type {
 7
          padding-right: 0;
 8
 9
        a {
10
          text-decoration: none;
11
12
        *, *:after, *:before {
13
          -webkit-box-sizing: border-box;
14
          -moz-box-sizing: border-box;
15
          box-sizing: border-box;
16
17
```

Multi-Views – Overview view (iv)



Add the Top route:

```
top.component.css
                 s app.routes.ts ×
      import { Routes } from '@angular/router';
      import {AuthorsComponent} from "./authors/authors.component";
      import {TopComponent} from "./top/top.component";
      2 usages new *
      export const routes: Routes = [
```

Multi-Views – Overview view (v)



Add links to the main component:

Give it a try

Multi-Views – Details view (i)



- Create AuthorDetails component:
 - Command line: ng generate component author-details
- Cut and paste the HTML code relative to details from "authors.component.html" to "author-details.component.html" and make the following modifications:

```
<> author-details.component.html ×
      <div *ngIf="author">
 1
        <h2>Information on {{selectedAuthor.name | uppercase}}</h2>
 2
        <div><span>Num: </span>{{selectedAuthor.num}}</div>
 3
        <div>
          <label>Num:
            <input [(ngModel)]="selectedAuthor.num" readonly />
          </label>
          <label>Name:
            <input [(ngModel)]="selectedAuthor.name" placeholder="name" />
10
          </label>
        </div>
11
12
        <div>
13
          <label>Email:
            <input [(ngModel)]="selectedAuthor.email" placeholder="email" />
14
15
          </label>
        </div>
16
17
      </div>
```

Multi-Views – Details view (ii)



 In "author-details.component.ts" file put following lines:

```
author-details.component.ts ×
        import { Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core';
       import { Author} from '../author';
 3
      🖯 @Component ({
          selector: 'app-author-details',
          templateUrl: './author-details.component.html',
          styleUrls: ['./author-details.component.css']
 8
      □ })
        export class AuthorDetailsComponent implements OnInit {
 9
          author: Author;
1.0
11
          constructor() {}
```

Multi-Views – Details view (iii)



Replace the AuthorDetails Component CSS file with the one

TPW

given in e-learning

"author-details.component.css".

```
label {
          display: inline-block;
 2
         width: 3em;
 3
         margin: .5em 0;
          color: #607D8B;
         font-weight: bold;
       input {
 8
          height: 2em;
          font-size: 1em;
10
          padding-left: .4em;
11
12
13
       button {
          margin-top: 20px;
14
         font-family: Arial;
15
          background-color: #eee;
16
          border: none;
17
          padding: 5px 10px;
18
          border-radius: 4px;
19
          cursor: pointer; cursor: hand;
20
21
```

author-details.component.css ×

Multi-Views – Details view (iv)



Add the author details route:

Multi-Views – Details view (v)



23

Update "authors.component.html" like this:

 AuthorsComponent doesn't use "selectedAuthor" anymore, so its code can be deleted from "authors.component.ts".

Multi-Views – Details view (vi)



Update "top.component.html" like this:

Multi-Views – Details view (vii)



Get the route that led to the view. Add the following:

```
s author-details.component.ts ×
        import {Component, Input } from '@angular/core';
        import { CommonModule, Location } from '@angular/common';
        import {FormsModule, ReactiveFormsModule} from "@angular/forms";
 3
       import {Author} from "../author";
      import {ActivatedRoute} from "@angular/router";
 5
        import {AUTHORS} from "../authorslist";
        5+ usages new *
        @Component({
 8
          selector: 'app-author-details',
 9 (I)
         standalone: true,
10 (I)
11 (I)
         imports: [CommonModule, ReactiveFormsModule, FormsModule],
         templateUrl: './author-details.component.html',
12 C
          styleUrl: './author-details.component.css'
13 C)
14
        export class AuthorDetailsComponent {
15
          @Input() author: Author | undefined = undefined;
16
17
          no usages new *
          constructor(private route: ActivatedRoute, private location: Location) {
18
19
```

Multi-Views – Details view (viii)



- Extract the num parameter from route.
- Add following code:

```
constructor(private route: ActivatedRoute, private location: Location) {
18
          this.getAuthor();
19
20
21
         1 usage new *
          getAuthor() : void {
22
           let num : any = this.route.snapshot.paramMap.get("num");
23
           if (num != null)
24
25
              num = +num;
            else
26
              return;
27
           this.author = AUTHORS.find(author : Author => author.num === num);
28
29
30
```

Multi-Views – Details view (ix)



- Add a goBack button to the view:
 - In "author-details.component.ts" file add the following:

```
goBack() : void {
   this.location.back();
}
```

In "author-details.component.html" file add the following:



Angular Framework

Bootstrap and Angular

Bootstrap & Angular



 One easy way to use Bootstrap in Angular is to import all needed files in "index.html" file:

```
<> index.html ×
     <!doctype html>
 1
     <html lang="en">
 2
      <head>
        <meta charset="utf-8">
       <title>Books</title>
 5
       <base href="/">
 6
       <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
 7
        <link rel="icon" type="image/x-icon" href="favicon.ico">
 8
       <link href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css" rel="stylesheet">
 9
        <link href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap-icons@1.11.2/font/bootstrap-icons.css" rel="stylesheet">
10
      </head>
11
12
      <body>
13
        <div class="container">
          <app-root></app-root>
14
15
        </div>
        <script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.2/dist/js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js"></script>
16
17
      </body>
      </html>
18
```

Bootstrap & Angular



Example:

