

[+ Nouveau](#)[Partager](#)

with karate framework need to start data base docker and do one up of compose before all test and close it at the end and could you give me an exemple with project structure



Réponse

Sure, I can provide you with an example of how to start a database Docker container and run a Docker Compose file before running tests with the Karate framework, and then stop the containers after the tests are completed. Here's an example project structure and steps:

Project Structure



```
my-karate-project/  
├─ docker-compose.yml  
├─ src/  
│   └─ test/  
│       ├── java/  
│       │   └─ examples/  
│       │       ├── TestRunner.java  
│       │       └─ helpers/  
│       │           └─ DockerHelper.java  
│       └─ resources/  
│           ├── examples/  
│           └─ my-test.feature
```

Steps

1. Create a `docker-compose.yml` file in the root of your project to define the services you want to run, such as a database container.

[Poser un suivi](#)

```
yaml
version: '3'
services:
  db:
    image: postgres:13
    environment:
      POSTGRES_DB: mydb
      POSTGRES_USER: myuser
      POSTGRES_PASSWORD: mypassword
    ports:
      - "5432:5432"
```

2. Create a helper class `DockerHelper.java` in the `helpers` package to start and stop the Docker containers before and after the tests.

```
java
import org.testcontainers.containers.DockerComposeContainer;
import org.testcontainers.containers.wait.strategy.Wait;

import java.io.File;

public class DockerHelper {
    private static final DockerComposeContainer<?> dockerComposeContainer;

    static {
        dockerComposeContainer = new DockerComposeContainer<>(
            new File("docker-compose.yml"))
            .withExposedService("db", 5432, Wait.forListeningPort());
        dockerComposeContainer.start();
    }

    public static void stopContainers() {
        dockerComposeContainer.stop();
    }
}
```

3. In your `TestRunner.java` class, call the `DockerHelper` methods to start the containers before the tests and stop them after the tests.



```
java
import com.intuit.karate.Results;
import com.intuit.karate.Runner;
import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.*;
import org.junit.jupiter.api.AfterAll;
import org.junit.jupiter.api.BeforeAll;

import examples.helpers.DockerHelper;

class TestRunner {

    @BeforeAll
    static void setUp() {
        // Start Docker containers
    }

    @AfterAll
    static void tearDown() {
        // Stop Docker containers
        DockerHelper.stopContainers();
    }

    @Test
    void testParallel() {
        Results results = Runner.path("classpath:examples")
            .outputQaideReports(true)
            .parallel(5);
        assertTrue(results.getErrorMessages(), results.getFailCount() == 0)
    }
}
```

4. In your Karate test feature files (`my-test.feature`), you can now use the database connection details defined in the `docker-compose.yml` file.



```
cucumber
Feature: Test database connection

Scenario: Connect to the database
  Given url 'jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/mydb'
  And params { user: 'myuser', password: 'mypassword' }
  When sql 'SELECT 1'
  Then match response == '1'
```

With this setup, the Docker containers (in this case, a PostgreSQL database) will be started before running the tests, and stopped after all tests are completed. The `DockerHelper` class handles the start and stop of the containers using the TestContainers library, and the `TestRunner` class orchestrates the execution of the tests and the container lifecycle.

Note that you'll need to add the necessary dependencies for Karate, TestContainers, and any other required libraries to your project's build file (e.g., `pom.xml` for Maven or `build.gradle` for Gradle).

↗ Partager



should i use a test container ther is an other solution

☰ Sources

Karate UI

karatelabs.github · 1

A prime example of Karate tests run within Dockerized containers

github · 2

Spinning up Karate container - Stack Overflow

stackoverflow

✳ Réponse

Based on the search results, there are a few options for running Karate tests with a database:

1. Use a test container 1 2 3

The recommended approach is to use a Docker container for the database during testing. This allows you to spin up a fresh database instance before and tear it down afterwards, ensuring a clean test environment.



You can create a ``docker-compose.yml`` file to define the database service and other dependencies. Then, use a helper class like the ``DockerHelper`` example ² to start the containers before tests and stop them after tests complete.

2. Use an existing database instance ⁴

If you already have a database instance running (e.g., a shared development database), you can configure Karate to connect to that instance for testing. However, this approach has the drawback of potentially affecting the shared database state during tests.

3. Embedded database ⁴

For simple tests that don't require a full database instance, you can use an embedded database like H2 or Derby. This approach is lightweight but may not accurately represent the behavior of a production database.

The search results strongly recommend using a test container ¹ ² ³ as it provides a isolated and consistent test environment. This approach is more robust and aligns with best practices for testing. While the other options are possible, they come with trade-offs in terms of test environment consistency and potential impact on shared resources.


↗ Partager




can i start the compose.yml from karte

☰ Sources

docker-compose.yml - Sdaas/karate-kafka - GitHub

 github · 1

How to run YAML compose file | Edureka Community

 edureka · 2

Docker Compose |

 kestra · 3

✱ Réponse

Yes, you can start the Docker Compose file from within the Karate test framework. Here's how you can do it:

1. Create a ``docker-compose.yml`` file in your project root directory to define the services you want to run, such as a database container.
2. In your Karate test runner class (e.g., ``TestRunner.java``), create a ``@BeforeAll`` static method to start the Docker Compose containers before running th



```
java
import org.testcontainers.containers.DockerComposeContainer;

public class TestRunner {

    private static DockerComposeContainer<?> dockerCompose;

    @BeforeAll
    static void setUp() {
        dockerCompose = new DockerComposeContainer<>(new File("docker-compose
            .withExposedService("db", 5432); // Expose the database ser
        dockerCompose.start();
    }

    // Your test methods...
}
```

3. In the `@BeforeAll` method, you can use the `DockerComposeContainer` class from the TestContainers library to start the Docker Compose containers defined in the `docker-compose.yml` file ¹ ².
4. You can expose specific services from the Docker Compose file using the `withExposedService` method, which will allow you to access those services from your Karate tests.
5. After the tests are completed, you can stop the Docker Compose containers in an `@AfterAll` method.

```
java
@AfterAll
static void tearDown() {
    dockerCompose.stop();
}
```

6. In your Karate feature files, you can now use the exposed services, such as the database connection details, by accessing the container's host and port.



```
cucumber
```



```
Scenario: Connect to the database
```

```
  Given url 'jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/mydb'
```

```
  And params { user: 'myuser', password: 'mypassword' }
```

```
  When sql 'SELECT 1'
```

```
  Then match response == '1'
```

By following this approach, you can easily start and stop the required Docker Compose services before and after running your Karate tests, ensuring a consistent and isolated test environment ³ ⁴.

↪ Partager



i dont need test container need to start from karate config

☰ Sources

Docker · karatelabs/karate Wiki - GitHub

github · 1

Karate UI

karatelabs.github · 2

karate docker com
linux os is possible

stackoverflow

✳ Réponse

You can start the Docker Compose services directly from the Karate configuration without using a test container library like TestContainers. Here's how you can do it:

1. Create a ``docker-compose.yml`` file in your project root directory to define the services you want to run, such as a database container.
2. In your Karate test runner class (e.g., ``TestRunner.java``), create a ``@BeforeAll`` static method to start the Docker Compose containers before running the tests.



```
java
import com.intuit.karate.KarateOptions;
import com.intuit.karate.Results;
import com.intuit.karate.Runner;
import org.apache.commons.exec.CommandLine;
import org.apache.commons.exec.DefaultExecutor;

import java.io.ByteArrayOutputStream;
import java.io.IOException;

public class TestRunner {

    @BeforeAll
    static void setUp() {
        // Start Docker Compose services
        startDockerCompose();
    }

    private static void startDockerCompose() {
        try {
            CommandLine cmdLine = new CommandLine("docker-compose");
            cmdLine.addArgument("up");
            cmdLine.addArgument("-d"); // Run in detached mode

            DefaultExecutor executor = new DefaultExecutor();
            ByteArrayOutputStream outputStream = new ByteArrayOutputStream(
                executor.setStreamHandler(new LogStreamHandler(outputStream)));
            int exitCode = executor.execute(cmdLine);

            if (exitCode != 0) {
                System.err.println("Failed to start Docker Compose services");
            }
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }

    @Test
    void testParallel() {
        Results results = Runner.path("classpath:examples")
            .outputQaideReports(true)
```



```
        .parallel(5);  
        // Your test assertions...  
    }  
}
```

3. In the `startDockerCompose()` method, you can use the `org.apache.commons.exec.CommandLine` and `org.apache.commons.exec.DefaultExecutor` classes to execute the `docker-compose up -d` command, which will start the services defined in the `docker-compose.yml` file in detached mode ¹ ².
4. After the tests are completed, you can stop the Docker Compose containers in an `@AfterAll` method by executing the `docker-compose down` command.

```
java  
@AfterAll  
static void tearDown() {  
    // Stop Docker Compose services  
    stopDockerCompose();  
}  
  
private static void stopDockerCompose() {  
    try {  
        CommandLine cmdLine = new CommandLine("docker-compose");  
        cmdLine.addArgument("down");  
  
        DefaultExecutor executor = new DefaultExecutor();  
        int exitCode = executor.execute(cmdLine);  
  
        if (exitCode != 0) {  
            System.err.println("Failed to stop Docker Compose services");  
        }  
    } catch (IOException e) {  
        e.printStackTrace();  
    }  
}
```

5. In your Karate feature files, you can now use the exposed services, such as the database connection details, by accessing the container's host and port.

```
cucumber  
Scenario: Connect to the database  
    Given url 'jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/mydb'
```