# Math 2700.009 Problem Set 11

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#### Question 1

Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Find the characteristic polynomial of A
- (b) Find all eigenvalues of A
- (c) For each eigenvalue  $\lambda$  of A, what is the algebraic and geometric multiplicities of  $\lambda$ ?
- (d) For each eigenvalue  $\lambda$  of A, find a basis for the eigenspace  $E_{\lambda}(A)$ .
- (e) Is A diagonalizable? If so, give an eigenbasis for A.

### Note:-

#### Recall:

- If  $T: V \to V$  is a linear transformation with eigenvalues  $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \ldots, \lambda_n$ , then set  $d_i = \dim(E_{\lambda_i}(T))$ . T is diagonalizable exactly when  $d_1 + d_2 + \ldots + d_n = \dim(V)$
- An eigenvalues algebraic multiplicity is always ≥ geometric multiplicity

#### Solution:

(a) To find the characteristic polynimal we must solve  $\det(\lambda I_4 - A)$ 

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & & & \\ & \lambda & & \\ & & \lambda & \\ & & & \lambda \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \det \begin{bmatrix} \lambda - 1 & -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda + 2 & -2 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda + 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda + 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

In the previous homework, we found a unique property of the determinant of triangular matricies. In particular we found that the determinant of a triangular matrix is the product of the diagonal elements. We can quickly solve for the characteristic polynomial using this method.

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} \lambda - 1 & -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda + 2 & -2 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda + 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda + 2 \end{bmatrix} = (\lambda - 1)(\lambda + 1)(\lambda + 2)^2$$

Solving for the roots, we quickly see that the eigenvalues for this matrix A are:  $\lambda = 1, \lambda = -1, \lambda = -2$ 

#### Question 2

Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Find the characteristic polynomial of A and all eigenvalues of A.
- (b) What are the algebraic and geometric multiplicites of each eigenvalue. (Keep in mind the geometric multiplicity is always at least one and at most the algebraic multiplicity)

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(c) Is A diagonalizable?

## Question 3

Let

- (a) Find the characteristic polynomial of A and all eigenvalues of A.
- (b) What are the algebraic and geometric multiplicites of each eigenvalue. (Keep in mind the geometric multiplicity is always at least one and at most the algebraic multiplicity)
- (c) Is A diagonalizable?