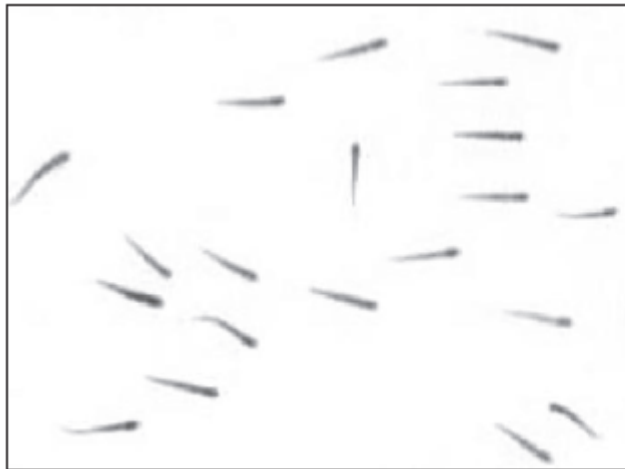


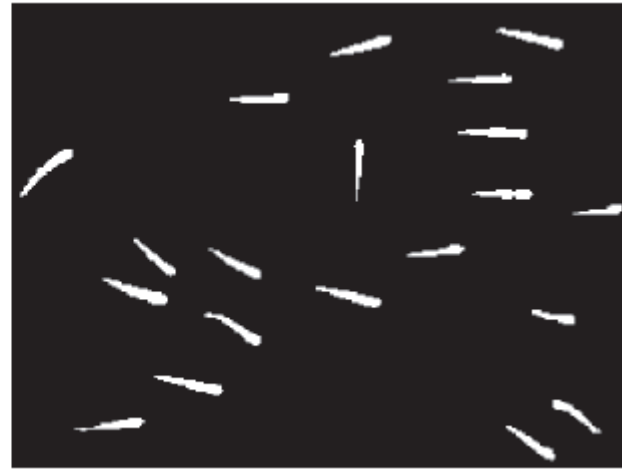
Region labeling and counting

How many fish in this picture?

- Which pixels belong to the same object (region labeling)?
- How large is each object (region counting)?



Original Fish image

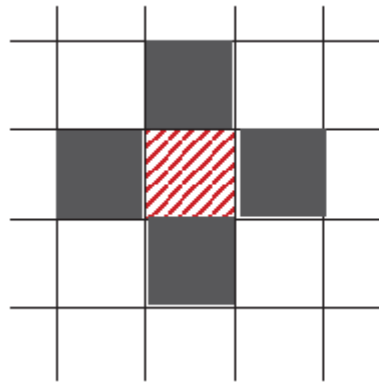


After thresholding

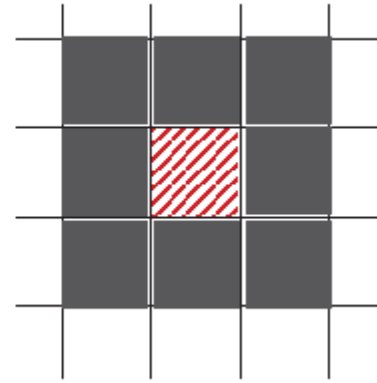
4-connected and 8-connected neighborhoods

- Definition: a region is a set of pixels, where each pixel can be reached from any other pixel in the region by a finite number of steps, with each step starting at a pixel and ending in the neighborhood of the pixel

4-neighborhood



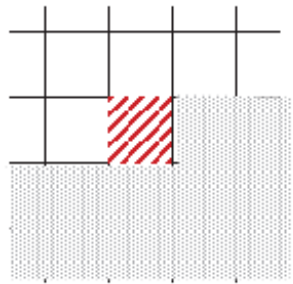
8-neighborhood



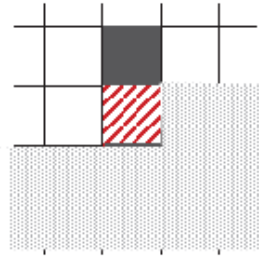
- Typically, either definition leads to the same regions, except when a region is only connected across diagonally adjacent pixels.

Region labeling algorithm (4-neighborhood)

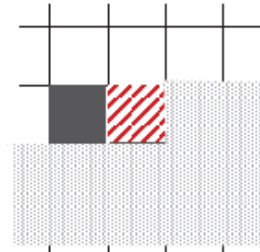
- Loop through all pixels $f[x,y]$, left to right, top to bottom
- If $f[x,y]=0$, do nothing.
- If $f[x,y]=1$, distinguish 4 cases



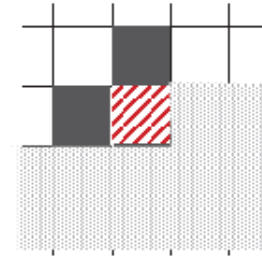
Generate new
region label



Copy label
from above



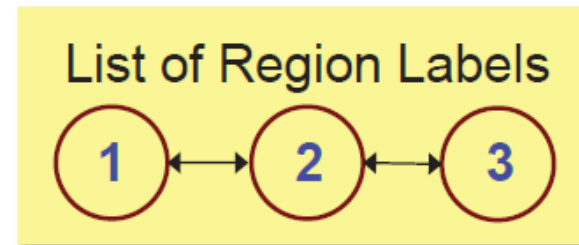
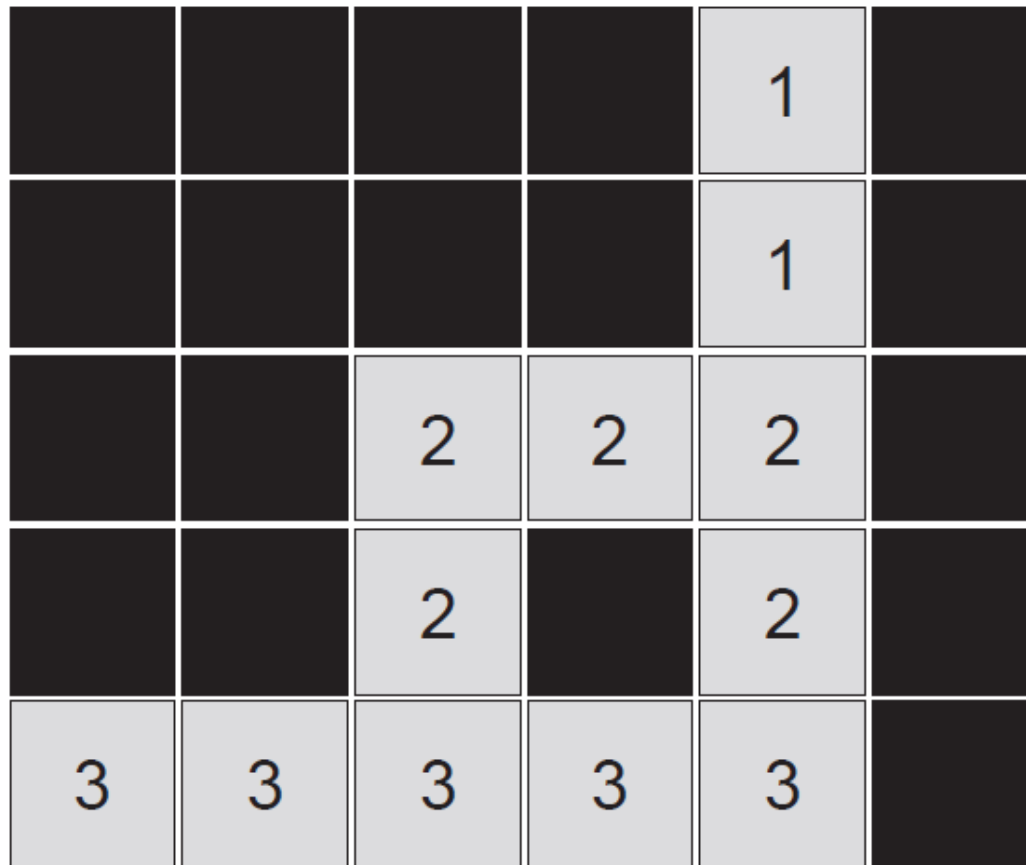
Copy label
from the left



Copy label from the left. If
labels above and to the left are
different, store equivalence.

- Second pass through image to replace equivalent label by the same label

Region labeling example (4-neighborhood)



All three labels are equivalent, so merge into single label.

Region labeling example (4-neighborhood)



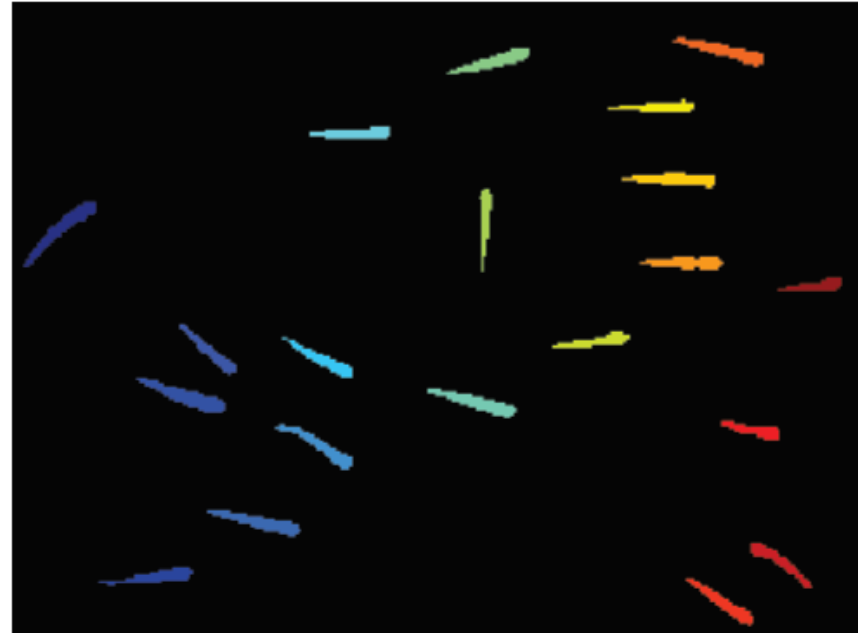
List of Region Labels

1

Example: region labeling



Thresholded image



20 labeled regions

Region counting algorithm

- Measures the size of each region
- Initialize $counter[label]=0$ for all label
- Loop through all pixels $f[x,y]$, left to right, top to bottom
 - If $f[x,y]=0$, do nothing.
 - If $f[x,y]=1$, increment $counter[label[x,y]]$