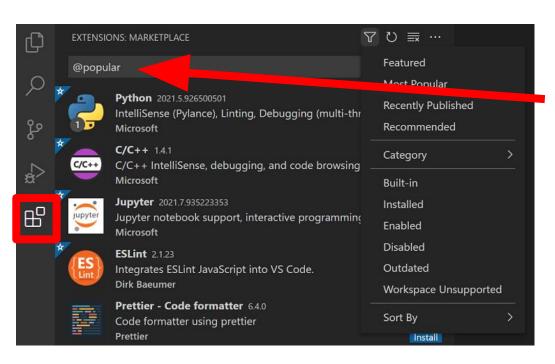
Setup



- Download VS Code
- 2. Add the Live Share extension
- Clone/copy all the files/code from here:

https://github.com/zeligsonbrett/Web-Development-Workshop

Front-end Web Development Workshop

Brett Zeligson

Topics we'll be Covering Today

- What is front-end web development?
- Front-end vs. backend web development
- HTML
- CSS
- JavaScript

What is Front-end Web Development

- Front-end web development is the development of the graphical user interface of a website, through the use of HTML, CSS, and JavaScript, so that users can view and interact with that website.
- Aka the stuff the user sees



Front-end vs. Backend WebDev



HTML

What is HTML?

- Hypertext Markup Language (HTML)
 is the standard markup language for
 creating web pages and web
 applications.
- Web browsers receive HTML
 documents from a web server or from
 local storage and render the
 documents into multimedia web
 pages. HTML describes the structure
 of a web page semantically

Tags

Tag	Description
<html> </html>	Declares the Web page to be written in HTML
<head> </head>	Delimits the page's head
<title> </title>	Defines the title (not displayed on the page)
<body> </body>	Delimits the page's body
<h n=""> </h>	Delimits a level <i>n</i> heading
 	Set in boldface
<i> </i>	Set in italics
<center> </center>	Center on the page horizontally
	Brackets an unordered (bulleted) list
 	Brackets a numbered list
: 	Brackets an item in an ordered or numbered list
 	Forces a line break here
<	Starts a paragraph
<hr/>	Inserts a horizontal rule
	Displays an image here
 	Defines a hyperlink

CSS

What is CSS?

- Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) is a style sheet language used for describing the presentation of a document written in a markup language like HTML.
- CSS is designed to enable the separation of presentation and content, including layout, colors, and fonts.
- Why is it cascading?

CSS Selectors



a few CSS selectors

div

matches div elements <div>

button

matches the class

a:hover

matches a elements that the cursor is hovering over

:checked

matches if a checkbox or radio button is checked

#welcome

matches the id <div id="welcome">

div.button

match divs with class "button" <div class="button">

ul li:first-child

match the first item of a list. there's last-child too.

tr:nth-child(odd)

match every other row of a table (make stripes!)

div .button

match any .button that's a child of a div

div > .but.t.on

match any .button that's a direct child of a div

a[href^="http"]

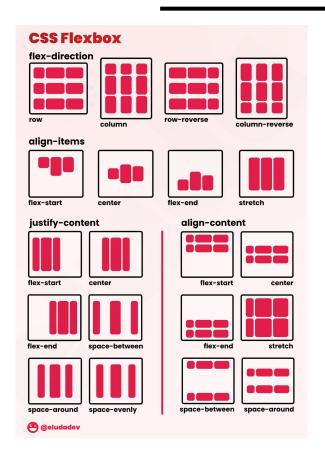
match links where the href attribute starts with "http" (external links)

div:not(#header)

match all divs except the one with id "header"

- **CSS Selectors** are patterns of elements and other terms that tell the browser which HTML elements should be selected to have the CSS **property values** inside the rule applied to them
- A more robust selectors list (scroll down):

AdamMarsden/css-cheat-sheet: CSS Cheat Sheet - A reference for CSS goodness. (github.com)



Flexbox

- Flexbox is a CSS web layout model that allows responsive elements with a container to be automatically arranged depending on viewport size.
 - Basically helps with making elements in your website responsive to viewport changes.

CSS Cheat Sheet

brought to you by pxleyes.com

Selectors

div all DIV tags
div, span all DIV tags and all SPAN tags
div span all SPAN tags inside DIVs
#content element with ID "content"
box all elements with CLASS "box"
ul#box UL tag with ID "box"
span.box all SPAN tags with CLASS "box"

* all elements

#box * all elements inside #box

artink, aractive. links in normal state, in clicked state, arvisited and in visited state

arhover link with mouse over it div > span all SPANs one-level deep in a DIV

Text

font-family font used, e.g. Helvetica, Arial text size, e.g. 60px, 3em font-size text color, e.g. #000, #abcdef color how bold the text is, e.g. bold font-weight font-style what style the text is, e.g. italic text-decoration sets a variety of effects on text, e.g. underline, overline, none text-align how text is aligned, e.g. center spacing between lines, e.g. 2em line-height letter-spacing spacing between letters, e.g. 5gx text-indent indent of the first line, e.g. 2em text-transform applies formatting to text, e.g. uppercase, lowercase, capitalize vertical-align relative to baseline, e.g. text-top

Box Model



border sets border style for all borders, in the format: border: (solid, dashed, dotted, double) (width) (color), e.g. border; solid 1px #000 border-too sets border style for a specific. border-bottom border (same property syntax used) border-left. for padding and margin, e.g. border-right margin-left) list-style-type sets style of bullets, e.g. square list-stylesets how text wraps when bulleted. position e.g. outside, inside list-style-image sets an image for a bullet, e.g. list-style-image:url(bullet.png)

Borders and Lists

Positioning

places elements on screen, e.g. costion absolute, fixed, relative stacks elements horizontally in a particular direction, e.g. left top, left, right. specifies the offsets used in absolute. fixed, and relative positions, e.g. bottom top:10px;left:10px sets how the element is placed in the display doc flow, e.g. block, inline, none z-index sets the stacking order of elements. e.g. z-index of 1 is below z-index of 2. sets what happens to content outside overflow of container, e.g. auto, hidden

Everything Else

beckground sets background of an element, in the format: background: (color) (mage) (repeat) (position), e.g. background: #000 urildg.png) repeat-x top left cursor sets shape of cursor, e.g. pointer a border drawn around an element that doesn't affect the box model border-collapse sets how borders within tables behave, e.g. collapse sets on what side a new line starts in relation to nearby floated elements, e.g. left, right, both

Always write <!doctype html> in your files!

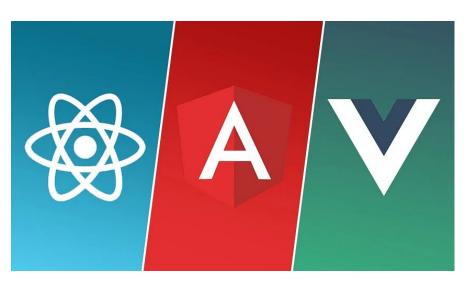
JavaScript

What is JavaScript?

```
const callAfterSomeTime = (callback, time) => afterSomeTime(time) then(callback)
     callAfterSomeTime(() => console.log('Hello after 1500ms'), summy,
     const getData = async (url) => fetch(url);
10
 12
         .querySelector('#submit')
          ,addEventListener('click', function() {
             const name = document.querySelector('#name').value;
  15
  16
               const user = await fetch('/users?name=${name}');
                      nosts = await fetch('/posts?userId=$(user.id)');
  17
                                        fetch('/comments?post=$(posts(*).id)');
```

 JavaScript (JS) is a programming language used in both front and backend web development to add functionality to otherwise static pages.

What are React, Angular, and Vue?



- JavaScript libraries for building dynamic user interfaces.
- React.js: Enables you to put HTML/CSS into components that you design.
 - Basically it allows you to create custom HTML tags that you can use to modularize and simplify your code.
- Each of these libraries are well-documented so there are resources to learn them.

Questions?

Thank you!

Additional Questions: zeligson@princeton.edu