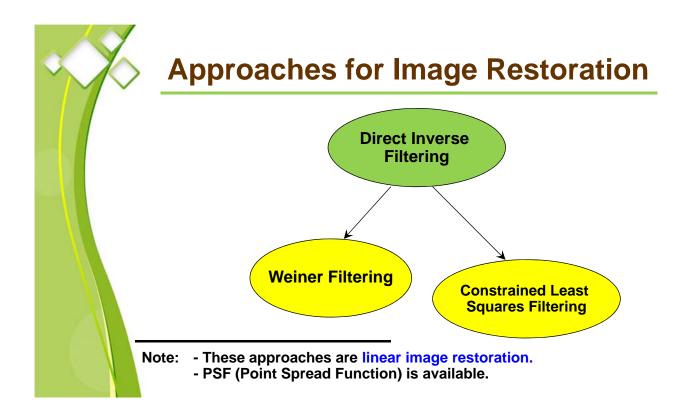


## **Image Processing**

Image Restoration (Part II)

Pattern Recognition and Image Processing Laboratory (Since 2012)





## **Approaches for Image Restoration**

Lucy-Richardson Algorithm Blind Deconvolution

Note: - These approaches are nonlinear image restoration.
- PSF is NOT available.



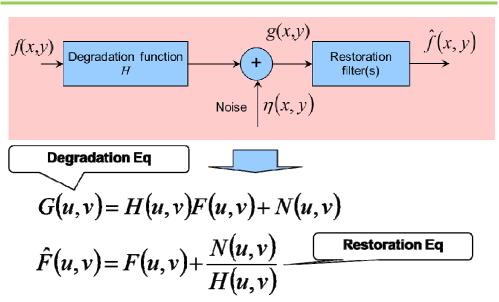
## **Direct Invert Filtering**

Degradation function
$$G(u,v) = H(u,v)F(u,v)$$

$$\hat{F}(u,v) = \frac{G(u,v)}{H(u,v)}$$
Restoration filter(s)
$$\hat{f}(x,y)$$
Restoration filter(s)
$$\hat{f}(x,y)$$
Restoration Eq



## **Direct Invert Filtering**





## **Wiener Filtering**

$$\hat{F}(u,v) = \left[\frac{1}{H(u,v)} \frac{|H(u,v)|^2}{|H(u,v)|^2 + S_{\eta}(u,v)/S_f(u,v)}\right] G(u,v)$$

$$\hat{F}(u,v) = \frac{G(u,v)}{H(u,v)}$$
Direct Inverse Filtering



## Wiener Filtering

>> fr = deconwnr(g, PSF) % Direct Inverse Filter

>> fr = deconwnr(g, PSF, NSPR) % Parametric Weiner Filter

>> fr = deconwnr(g, PSF, NACORR, FACORR) % Weiner Filter with % Autocorrelation

>> degrad5\_5 % See demonstration



## **Constrained Least Squares Filtering**

$$\hat{F}(u,v) = \left[\frac{H^*(u,v)}{|H(u,v)|^2 + \gamma |P(u,v)|^2}\right] G(u,v)$$

$$\hat{F}(u,v) = \frac{G(u,v)}{H(u,v)}$$
Direct Inverse F iltering



# **Iterative Nonlinear Restoration Using the Lucy-Richardson Algorithm**

>> degrad5\_9 % See demonstration



## **Blind Deconvolution**

One of the most difficult problems in image restoration is obtaining a suitable estimation of the PSF to use in restoration algorithm.



#### **Blind Deconvolution**

Image restoration methods that are NOT based on specific knowledge of the PSF are called "blind deconvolution" algorithm.



## **Blind Deconvolution**

>> degrad5\_10 % See demonstration

