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Documentation for Longitudinal Property Assessment Database 2021

Overview

This document describes the structure and organization of the City of Boston Assessing Department's centralized database describing all uniquely identifiable parcels in the city (n = 179,392) for the years 2001-2021. Boston's Assessing Department is responsible for determining accurate values for all properties in the city. To this end the Department maintains parcel ownership and value information to ensure fair assessment of both taxable and non-taxable property in Boston. The data are released by the Assessing Department annually as part of the City of Boston's open data initiative, and the Boston Area Research Initiative accesses and cleans these data and merges them at the parcel level across years to create a longitudinal database. This database can be used to analyze trends in valuations and types of property.

The main dataset (*PADLong.Record.YEAR.csv*) contains a series of variables generated annually by the city related to parcel use and valuation information as well as a set of variables calculated by BARI to track changes in assessed value and land-use over time.

Aggregate files (e.g. *PADLong.CT.YEAR.csv*) track change in assessment and use over time for census geographies. These are also provided in the form of mappable shape files (.shp).

In past years, BARI has released these datasets using the name "Tax Assessor's Database" rather than "Property Assessment Database." We have changed names in order to match the names used by the City of Boston.

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1. Summary of Record-level Property Assessment Data (PADLong.Record.YEAR.csv)

The City of Boston's Assessing Department is responsible for determining accurate values for all properties in the city. To this end the Department maintains parcel ownership and value information to ensure fair assessment of both taxable and non-taxable property in Boston. Assessing records are compiled and reviewed annually to reflect changes to parcels as a result of new construction, remodeling, and changes in ownership. Upon annual review and re-assessment, parcel-specific data are updated and changes in calculated values are adjusted to reflect the up-to-date status for each parcel. BARI downloads these data and links them longitudinally at the parcel level. The resulting data capture valuation, land use, and owner-occupancy across years. More detail on properties can be accessed through the Cross-Sectional Property Assessment Data, which are released annually in wide form (i.e., containing many variables for a single year).

1.1. Description of Variables

Property assessment variables are split into three categories: identifying characteristics, property and building characteristics, and geographical information. Identifying characteristics include variables regarding the basic identity and attributes of the address. Property and building characteristics include information on the physical attributes, zoning, and valuations of the property. Geographical information provides further detail on the location of the property and the other geographies that contain it. In certain character names, (YYYY) indicates that the variable is repeated for each year between 2001 and 2021.

The following variables have been selected with regard to interest and relevance towards analyzing assessment data in the city of Boston before, during, and after the "Great Recession" economic crash of 2008.

1.1.1. Identifying Characteristics

- *PID* is the 10-digit property identification number, unique to each property. The first two digits indicate the Ward, digits 3 thru 7 are the parcel, and digits 8 thru 10 are the sub-parcel.
- *CM_ID* is the 10-digit parcel number of the main condo building parcel. All condo units in each building are related to this number.
- *ST NUM* is the street number of the property.
- *ST_NAME* is the street name of the property.
- *ST_NAME_SUF* is the suffix of the street name. This variable contains two-character short-forms of each type of suffix (St, Av, BL, PL, etc...).
- *ZIPCODE* is the zip code of the property.

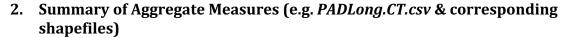
1.1.2. Property and Building Characteristics

- *FY(YYYY).LU*, the Land Use type for the property in a given year. Codes for land use can be found in Appendix A. For more information about land use codes, visit this <u>website</u> from the Boston Assessing Department.
- *FY(YYYY).AV*, the total assessed value for the property in a given year. It is a summation of the assessed values of the land and building. Values of \$0 are set to "NA".
- FY(YYYY).RESEX, a one character code that indicates if an owner received a residential exemption for the property in a given year. A "Y" indicates that the owner claims to live within the property (i.e., the property is "owner-occupied"), having applied for the associated tax exemption. "N" indicates that the owner has not applied for the owner-occupancy exemption.
- *DiffAV(YYYY)*, the difference in value between YYYY and the previous year
- *PercChangeAV(YYYY)*, the percent change in value between YYYY and the previous year as a percentage of the previous year.
- *LU(YYYY)FourCat* groups the 17 original land use codes into four broad categories.
 - Note: These categories are Res (consisting of original codes R1, R2, R3, R4, A, CD, CP, CM, and RL), Comm (original codes C, CC, RC, and CL), Ind (consisting of original codes I and AH), and Exem (original codes E and EA).
- *GrowthDiffAV* reflects the difference in value over the growth period before the Great Recession (defined here as 2001-2007).
- *GrowthPercChangeAV* reflects the percent change in value over the growth period before the Great Recession (defined here as 2001-2007).
- *CrashDiffAV* represents the difference in value over the crash period around the Great Recession (defined here at 2007-2011).
- *CrashPercChangeAV*, the difference in the percent change in value over the crash period around the Great Recession (defined here as 2007-2011).
- *RecoveryDiffAV* represents the difference in value over the recovery period around the Great Recession (defined here at 2011-2017).
- RecoveryPercChangeAV, the difference in the percent change in over the recovery

period after the Great Recession (defined here as 2011-2017).

1.1.3. Geographical information

- *X* is the longitude of the property.
 - o This is derived from the City of Boston's *Parcels* shapefile.
- *Y* is the latitude of the property.
 - o This is derived from the City of Boston's *Parcels* shapefile.
- *LAND_PARCEL_ID* is the unique ID of the land parcel containing the property.
 - For more information on this ID and the geography to which it corresponds, see BARI's Geographical Infrastructure for the current year.
- *TLID* is the identifier for the segment of road containing the property.
 - This is found by subsetting the 2013 TIGER lines street segments to only those that match the street name of the property, and then finding the one that is geographically closest to the property.
- Blk_ID_10 is the 2010 Census Block ID number.
 - This is found by spatially overlaying the longitude and latitude of the property onto the Census Blocks shapefile.
- *BG_ID_10* is the 2010 Census Group ID number.
- *CT_ID_10* is the 2010 Census Tract ID number.



The variables below describe recorded levels of change in assessed value and land use in a region. Aggregations are made at either the census tract level or census block group level. Variable suffixes (YYYY) indicate the year of measurement. Aggregate measures are provided in both standard format (.csv) and as mappable shape files (.shp). Truncated variable names for the latter format are included in brackets following the original variable names.

2.1. Description of Variables

- *CT ID 10* is the 2010 Census Tract ID number.
- *SumDiffAV(YYYY)* [*SDAV(YYYY)*] the sum of the difference in value between YYYY and the previous year for all parcels within the tract.
- *PercChangeAV(YYYY) [PCAV(YYYY)]* the median percent change in value between YYYY and the previous year as a percentage of the previous year for all parcels within the tract.
- *NewCondo(YYYY) [NwC(YYYY)]* reflects the number of new condo parcels between previous year and (YYYY) for a given census tract.
- *GrowthPercChangeAV [GrwPCAV]* reflects the median percentage change in assessed value from 2001 2007.
- *CrashPercChangeAV [CrsPCAV]* reflects the median percentage change in assessed value from 2007-2011.
- RecoveryPercChangeAV [RcvPCAV] reflects the median percentage change in assessed value from 2011 Current Year.

3. Appendix

3.1. Appendix A: Codes for Land Use

USE CODE	DESCRIPTION
А	Residential 7 or more units
AH	Agricultural/Horticultural
С	Commercial
СС	Commercial condominium
CD	Residential condominium unit
CL	Commercial land
СМ	Condominium main (physical structure housing all related condo units with no assessed value)
CP	Condo parking
E	Tax-exempt
EA	Tax-exempt (121A)
ı	Industrial
R1	Residential 1-family
R2	Residential 2-family
R3	Residential 3-family
R4	Residential 4 or more family
RC	Mixed use (res. and comm.)
RL	Residential land