External Threats, Linguistic Homogeneity, and Political Unification

Chen Zeng

Department of Political Science Renmin University of China

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Introduction



Niccolò Machiavelli, a Florentine in the 16th century, argued for the unification of Italy, which didn't happen until the *Risorgimento* in 19th century, citing the following reasons:

- Florentine lifestyle
- The Italian language, i.e. Tuscan dialect
- Women, god, and heroes
- External interference

Today we look at two key elements in the political unification of states — external security threats and linguistic homogeneity.

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Political Unification

Definition

Political unification occurs when two or more sovereign states merge into one.

- Political unification has been one of the most debated areas in the study of political science.
- Notable instances included the US (American Revolutionary War),
 Germany (Sonderweg), and Italy (Risorgimento).
- Does the unification happen incrementally, or is there a clear moment for such unification?
- Recent development of the EU, free trade areas, and customs unions has led political scientists to examine if there are limits to such political and economic integration. To which point do they stop being just "integration" and become unification?

Political Unification

- An operational definition of political unification used in this article is that two sovereign states voluntarily merge into a federation or unitary state. Conquests/accessions are excluded.
 - Unit of analysis Political unification (of a state dyad)
 Unit of observation Inter-state actions (dichotomous variable:
 unification, linguistic homogeneity); and individual
 states (continuous variable: threat levels)
- This research leverages datasets from the Correlates of War project.
 Qualifying states have to meet at least one of the following criteria.
 - Criterion 1 Before 1920, a population of at least 500,000 and establishment of diplomatic missions at or above the rank of *chargé d'affaires* by Britain and France.
 - Criterion 2 After 1920, membership in the League of Nations or United Nations *or* a population of at least 500,000 and establishment of diplomatic missions from any two major powers.

Research Hypotheses

Hypothesis 1 External threats are *necessary* for political unification.

Hypothesis 2 Linguistic homogeneity is *necessary* for political unification.

External Security Threats

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Selection bias

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Confounding factors – geographical proximity

$$x \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

Alternative research design - fsQCA

$$x \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$$



Alternative research design - Logistic Regression

$$x \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$$