

# A large-scale comparison of cognitive task measures of self-regulation: raw measures vs. model parameters for individual difference analyses

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## Introduction

- Psychology is rich with behavioral tasks measuring of impulsivity, self-control, inhibition, delay discounting
- These measures are assumed to capture trait-like individual differences without evaluating their stability over time
- We compare two common measure types from a large battery of behavioral tasks to determine best trait measures and their features

## Methods

- 14 tasks from larger battery on reliability of self-regulation measures<sup>1,2</sup> (N=150): N-back, ANT, choice RT, directed forgetting, DPX, local global, recent, probes, shape matching, simon, stop signal (x3), stroop, cued task switching
- Raw measures: RT and accuracy
- 2 types of DDM: EZ and HDDM
- Non-contrast measures = use all trials; contrast variables = subtraction of two conditions; condition variables = subset of trials

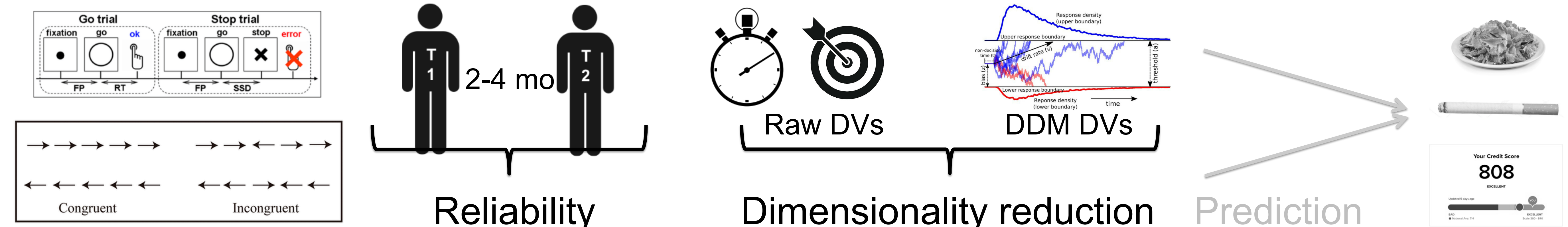
## Conclusions

- DDM parameters show similar reliability to RT and accuracy
- Reliability estimates stabilize  $n > 15$
- Hierarchical estimates do not change parameter value or reliability
- Applying the same model across tasks yields 1. interpretable measures that 2. reduce to lower and more reliable trait measures

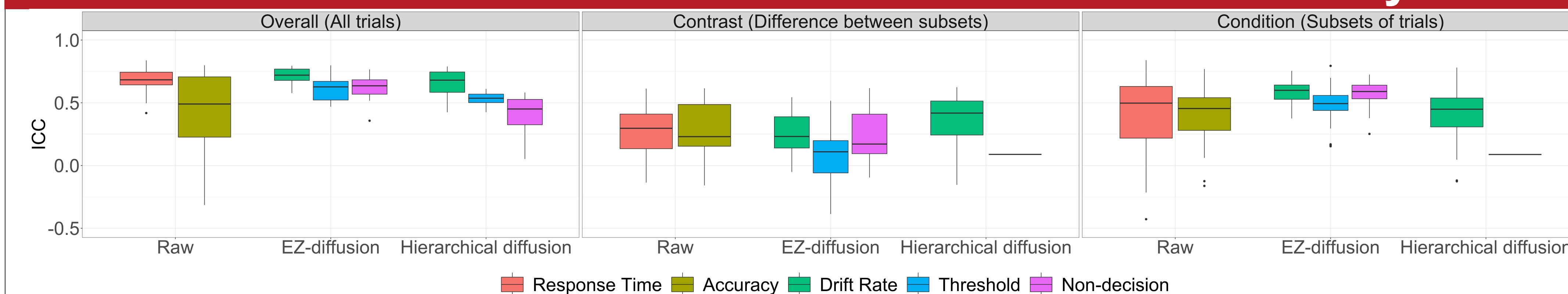
## References

Eisenberg, I., Bissett, P., Enkavi, A. Z., Li, J., MacKinnon, D., Marsch, L., & Poldrack, R. (2018). Uncovering mental structure through data-driven ontology discovery  
Enkavi, A. Z., Eisenberg, I., Bissett, P., Mazza, G. L., MacKinnon, D. P., Marsch, L. A., & Poldrack, R. (2018). A large-scale analysis of test-retest reliabilities of self-regulation measures.

## Overview of Procedure



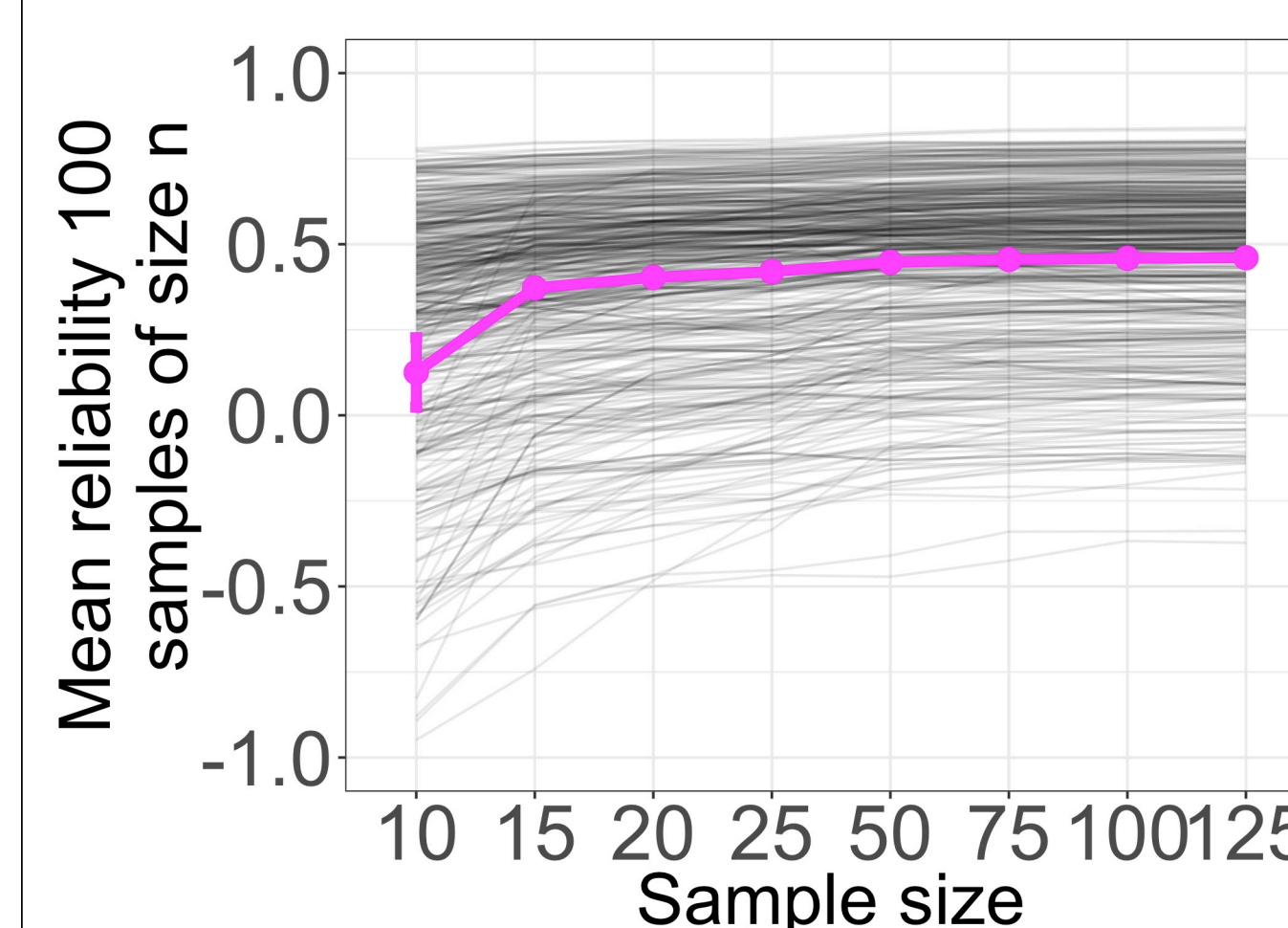
## DDM vs Raw measure reliability



- Raw measures are comparable in reliability to DDM parameters ( $b = -0.03$ ,  $t(512) = -0.83$ )

- Both contrast ( $b = -0.37$ ,  $t(512) = -9.99$ ) and condition ( $b = -0.09$ ,  $t(512) = -2.84$ ) measures are less reliable than measures that use all trials

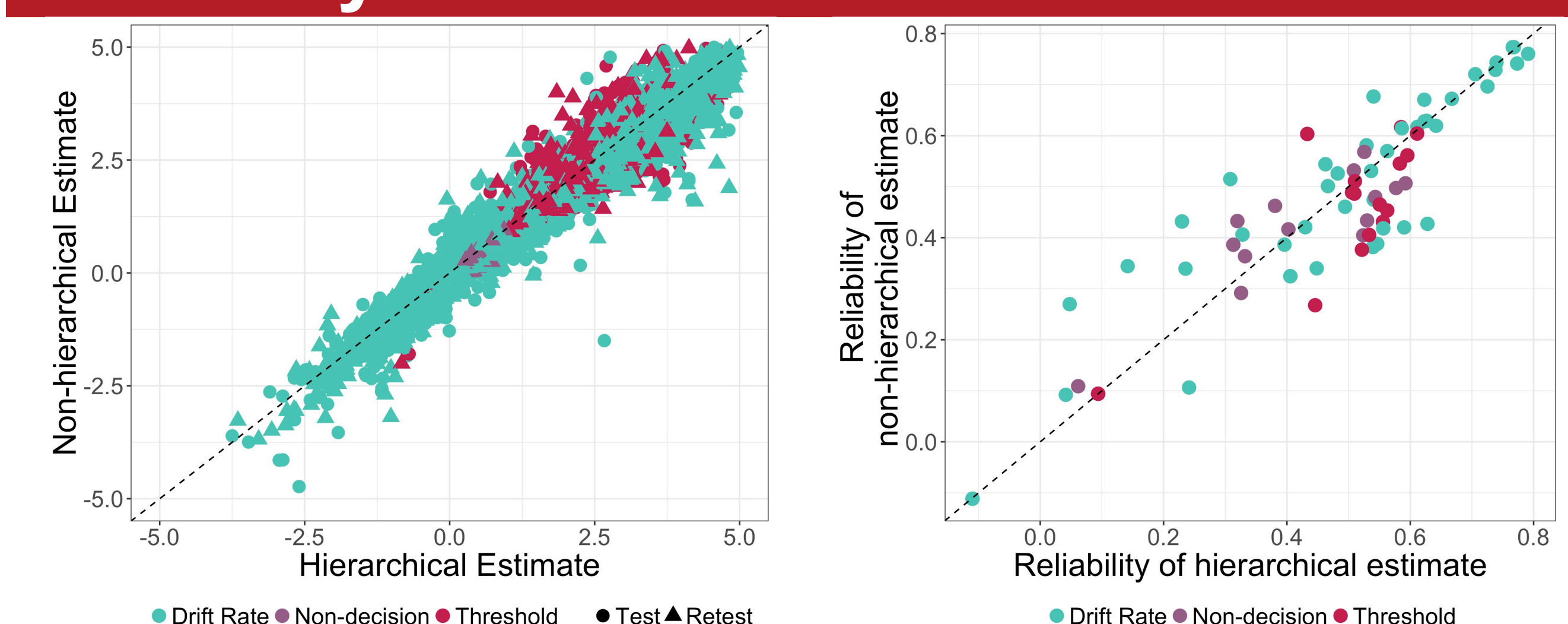
## Sample size effects on reliability



- Are pilot studies helpful in choosing trait variables?
- Yes, BUT samples  $< 15$  yield too variable and lower reliability estimates ( $b=0.001$ ,  $t(505)=4.92$ )

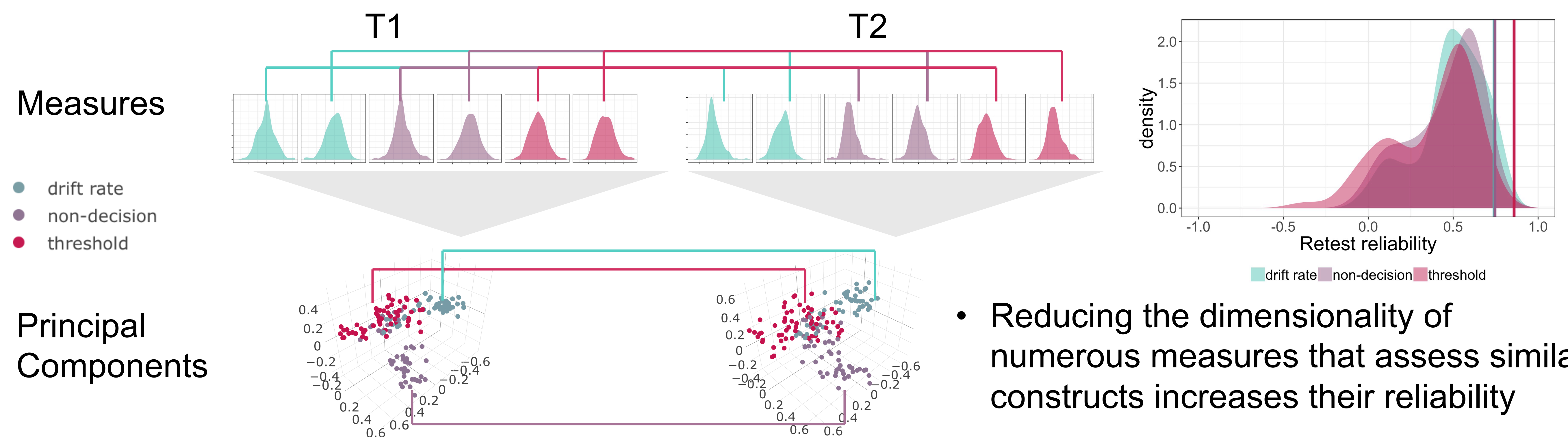
- Conclusion does not change depending on measure type (raw vs. ddm, all trials vs. contrasts)

## Analysis of hierarchical estimates



- No systematic difference in parameter estimate or reliability using hierarchical estimates

## Measures vs. lower dimensional projections as trait measures



- Reducing the dimensionality of numerous measures that assess similar constructs increases their reliability

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