

Nama : Andyan Yogawardhana

NIM : 21/482180/PA/21030

Kelas : KOMB1

Tugas 9 – Disjoint Set

Source Code

```
1 public class Disjoint {
2     public static void main(String[] args) {
3         DisjointSet disjointSet = new DisjointSet(5);
4         System.out.println("\nInitial set\n");
5         disjointSet.printResult();
6
7         disjointSet.union(3, 4);
8         System.out.println("\nAfter union 3 and 4\n");
9         disjointSet.printResult();
10
11        disjointSet.union(1, 2);
12        disjointSet.union(1, 3);
13        System.out.println("\nFinal result\n");
14        disjointSet.printResult();
15    }
16 }
17
18 class Set {
19     private int parent, rank;
20
21     public Set(int data) {
22         this.parent = data;
23         this.rank = 0;
24     }
25
26     public int getParent() {
27         return this.parent;
28     }
29
30     public void setParent(int data) {
31         this.parent = data;
32     }
33
34     public int getRank() {
35         return this.rank;
36     }
37
38     public void setRank(int data) {
```

```

39         this.rank = data;
40     }
41 }
42
43 class DisjointSet {
44     private Set[] sets;
45     private int[] elements;    // menyimpan jumlah anggota
    elemen masing-masing set
46     private int size, setCount; // setCount: menyimpan jumlah
    set yang terbentuk
47
48     public DisjointSet(int numItem) {
49         this.size = numItem;
50         this.setCount = numItem;    // jumlah set awal yang
    terbentuk sama dengan jumlah elemen awal
51         this.sets = new Set[size + 1];
52         this.elements = new int[size + 1];
53
54         for(int i = 1; i <= this.size; i++) {
55             this.sets[i] = new Set(i);
56             this.elements[i] = 1;    // setiap set baru yang
    terbentuk memiliki satu buah elemen
57         }
58     }
59
60     public int find(int item) {
61         int parent = this.sets[item].getParent();
62
63         if(item == parent) {
64             return item;
65         }
66
67         else {
68             parent = find(parent);
69             this.sets[item].setParent(parent); // path
    compression
70             return parent;
71         }
72     }
73
74     public boolean isSameSet(int firstItem, int secondItem) {
75         return find(firstItem) == find(secondItem);
76     }
77
78     public void union(int firstItem, int secondItem) {
79         int firstItemParent = find(firstItem);
80         int secondItemParent = find(secondItem);
81

```

```

82         if(firstItemParent != secondItemParent) {
83             int firstRank =
this.sets[firstItemParent].getRank();
84             int secondRank =
this.sets[secondItemParent].getRank();
85
86             if(firstRank < secondRank) {
87                 this.sets[firstItemParent].setParent(secondItemP
arent);
88                 this.elements[firstItemParent] +=
this.elements[secondItemParent]; // menambahkan jumlah elemen
pada set yang menjadi root dengan jumlah elemen dari set yang
bergabung
89             }
90             else if (firstRank > secondRank) {
91                 this.sets[secondItemParent].setParent(firstItemP
arent);
92                 this.elements[secondItemParent] +=
this.elements[firstItemParent]; // menambahkan jumlah elemen
pada set yang menjadi root dengan jumlah elemen dari set yang
bergabung
93             }
94             else {
95                 this.sets[secondItemParent].setParent(firstItemP
arent);
96                 this.sets[firstItemParent].setRank(firstRank +
1);
97                 this.elements[firstItemParent] +=
this.elements[secondItemParent]; // menambahkan jumlah elemen
pada set yang menjadi root dengan jumlah elemen dari set yang
bergabung
98                 this.elements[secondItemParent] = 0; // set
yang bergabung ke set lain tidak memiliki elemen lagi setelah
dilakukan union
99             }
100
101             setCount--; // jumlah tree yang terbentuk
berkurang setelah dua buah set bergabung menjadi satu
102         }
103     }
104
105     public void printResult() {
106         print();
107         printRank();
108         countElement();
109         countSet();
110         System.out.println("-----
");

```

```

111     }
112
113     public void print() {
114         for(int i = 1; i <= this.size; i++) {
115             System.out.println("- Parent of " + i + " = "
+ find(i));
116         }
117     }
118
119     public void printRank() {
120         for(int i = 1; i <= this.size; i++) {
121             System.out.println("> Rank of " + i + " = " +
this.sets[i].getRank());
122         }
123     }
124
125     public void countElement() {
126         for(int i = 1; i <= size; i++) {
127             System.out.println("- Set " + i + " has " +
elements[i] + " element(s)");
128         }
129     }
130
131     public void countSet() {
132         System.out.println("> Total sets created = " +
setCount + "\n");
133     }
134 }

```

Output Terminal

Initial set	After union 3 and 4	Final result
- Parent of 1 = 1	- Parent of 1 = 1	- Parent of 1 = 1
- Parent of 2 = 2	- Parent of 2 = 2	- Parent of 2 = 1
- Parent of 3 = 3	- Parent of 3 = 3	- Parent of 3 = 1
- Parent of 4 = 4	- Parent of 4 = 3	- Parent of 4 = 1
- Parent of 5 = 5	- Parent of 5 = 5	- Parent of 5 = 5
> Rank of 1 = 0	> Rank of 1 = 0	> Rank of 1 = 2
> Rank of 2 = 0	> Rank of 2 = 0	> Rank of 2 = 0
> Rank of 3 = 0	> Rank of 3 = 1	> Rank of 3 = 1
> Rank of 4 = 0	> Rank of 4 = 0	> Rank of 4 = 0
> Rank of 5 = 0	> Rank of 5 = 0	> Rank of 5 = 0
- Set 1 has 1 element(s)	- Set 1 has 1 element(s)	- Set 1 has 4 element(s)
- Set 2 has 1 element(s)	- Set 2 has 1 element(s)	- Set 2 has 0 element(s)
- Set 3 has 1 element(s)	- Set 3 has 2 element(s)	- Set 3 has 0 element(s)
- Set 4 has 1 element(s)	- Set 4 has 0 element(s)	- Set 4 has 0 element(s)
- Set 5 has 1 element(s)	- Set 5 has 1 element(s)	- Set 5 has 1 element(s)
> Total sets created = 5	> Total sets created = 4	> Total sets created = 2
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