# t2\_예상3

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

```
df=pd.read_csv("data/adult/adult.csv")
```

#### df.head(2)

	age	workclass	fnlwgt	education	education.num	marital.status	occupation	relationship	race	sex	capit
0	90	?	77053	HS-grad	9	Widowed	?	Not-in- family	White	Female	0
1	82	Private	132870	HS-grad	9	Widowed	Exec- managerial	Not-in- family	White	Female	0

#### df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 32561 entries, 0 to 32560
Data columns (total 15 columns):
                Non-Null Count Dtype
    Column
#
                   -----
---
                 32561 non-null int64
0
                32561 non-null object
1
    workclass
                 32561 non-null int64
 2
    fnlwgt
3
    education
                 32561 non-null object
4
    education.num 32561 non-null int64
5
    marital.status 32561 non-null object
    occupation
                   32561 non-null object
 6
7
    relationship 32561 non-null object
8
    race
                   32561 non-null object
9
                 32561 non-null object
    sex
10 capital.gain 32561 non-null int64
11 capital.loss
                   32561 non-null int64
12 hours.per.week 32561 non-null int64
13 native.country 32561 non-null object
14 income
                   32561 non-null object
dtypes: int64(6), object(9)
memory usage: 3.7+ MB
```

### df.isnull().sum()

```
age 0
workclass 0
fnlwgt 0
education 0
education.num 0
marital.status 0
occupation 0
```

```
relationship 0
race 0
sex 0
capital.gain 0
capital.loss 0
hours.per.week 0
native.country 0
income 0
dtype: int64
```

```
# 시험환경 세팅 (코드 변경 X)
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
def exam_data_load(df, target, id_name="", null_name=""):
   if id_name == "":
        df = df.reset_index().rename(columns={"index": "id"})
       id_name = 'id'
   else:
       id_name = id_name
   if null_name != "":
       df[df == null_name] = np.nan
   X_train, X_test = train_test_split(df, test_size=0.2, random_state=2021)
   y_train = X_train[[id_name, target]]
   X_train = X_train.drop(columns=[target])
   y_test = X_test[[id_name, target]]
   X_test = X_test.drop(columns=[target])
    return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test
```

```
df=pd.read_csv("data/adult/adult.csv")
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = exam_data_load(df, target='income', null_name='?')
X_train.shape, X_test.shape, y_train.shape, y_test.shape
```

```
((26048, 15), (6513, 15), (26048, 2), (6513, 2))
```

```
X_train.isnull().sum()
```

```
id
                     0
age
                  1456
workclass
fnlwgt
                     0
education
                     0
education.num
marital.status
                     0
occupation
                  1463
relationship
                      0
                      0
race
                      0
sex
                     0
capital.gain
```

capital.loss 0
hours.per.week 0
native.country 461

dtype: int64

#### X\_test.isnull().sum()

id 0 0 age 380 workclass fnlwgt 0 education 0 education.num marital.status 0 occupation 380 relationship 0 race 0 0 sex 0 capital.gain capital.loss 0 hours.per.week native.country 122 dtype: int64

#### X\_train.head(2)

	id	age	workclass	fnlwgt	education	education.num	marital.status	occupation	relationship	race	sex
21851	21851	36	Private	241998	Bachelors	13	Married-civ- spouse	Craft- repair	Husband	White	Male
7632	7632	53	Private	103950	Masters	14	Divorced	Prof- specialty	Not-in- family	White	Fema

# y\_train.head()

	id	income	
21851	21851	>50K	
7632	7632	<=50K	
27878	27878	<=50K	
14121	14121	<=50K	
32345	32345	<=50K	

## X\_train['native.country'].value\_counts()

native.country	
United-States	23381
Mexico	516
Philippines	158
Germany	108
Canada	88
Puerto-Rico	87
El-Salvador	76

```
India
                                   73
Cuba
                                   73
England
                                   69
Italy
                                   63
South
                                   62
                                   59
Jamaica
Vietnam
                                   57
China
                                   57
Guatemala
                                   54
Dominican-Republic
                                   51
                                   49
Japan
                                   47
Poland
Columbia
                                   44
Taiwan
                                   37
Haiti
                                   37
Iran
                                   34
Portugal
                                   32
Peru
                                   29
                                   27
Nicaragua
                                   25
Ecuador
Greece
                                   24
France
                                   23
Ireland
                                   19
Cambodia
                                   18
Hong
                                   17
Trinadad&Tobago
                                   17
Thailand
                                   16
Laos
                                   13
Outlying-US(Guam-USVI-etc)
                                   11
Yugoslavia
                                   11
                                    9
Honduras
                                    8
Hungary
Scotland
                                    7
Holand-Netherlands
Name: count, dtype: int64
X_train['native.country'].isnull().sum()
461
```

```
# 결측치 카테고리형 빈도수 높은걸로 채우기
cols= ['native.country','workclass','occupation']
for col in cols:
   X_train[col]=X_train[col].fillna("UnKnown")
   X_test[col]=X_test[col].fillna("UnKnown")
```

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

```
X_train.pop('id')
X_test.pop('id')
```

```
20901
           20901
  14170
           14170
  1776
           1776
           30428
  30428
  8602
            8602
  31222
           31222
 10861
           10861
            8929
  8929
            2066
  2066
           25782
  25782
  Name: id, Length: 6513, dtype: int64
  # X_train.info()
  X_train= pd.get_dummies(X_train)
  X_test=pd.get_dummies(X_test)
  X_train.columns.equals(X_test.columns)
  False
  X_train, X_test= X_train.align(X_test,join='left',axis=1,fill_value=0)
 X_train.columns.equals(X_test.columns)
  True
  X_train.shape,X_test.shape
  ((26048, 108), (6513, 108))
  rf=RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42,n_estimators=500)
  rf.fit(X_train,y_train['income'])
  RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=500, random_state=42)
In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.
```

On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page with nbviewer.org.

```
pred=rf.predict(X_test)
```