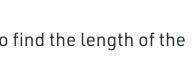


Array Matrix Strings Hashing Linked List Stack Queue Binary Tree Binary Search

Largest substring where all characters appear at least K times | Set 2

Difficulty Level: Hard • Last Updated: 26 Sep, 2021



Given a string **str** and an integer **K**, the task is to find the length of the longest sub-string **S** such that every character in **S** appears at least **K** times.

Examples:

Input: str = "aabbba", K = 3

Output: 6

Explanation:

In substring aabbba, each character repeats at least k times and its length is 6.

Input: str = "ababacb", K = 3

Output: 0

Explanation:

There is no substring where each character repeats at least k times.

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Got It!

Recommended: Please try your approach on *[IDE]* first, before moving on to the solution.

Naive Approach: We have discussed the Naive Approach in the <u>previous</u> <u>post</u>.

Approach: In this post, we will discuss the approach using <u>Divide and Conquer</u> technique and <u>Recursion</u>. Below are the steps:

- 1. Store the <u>frequency of each characters of the given string</u> in a frequency array of size **26**.
- 2. Initialize two variables *start* with 0 and *end* which is the length of the string **str**.
- 3. Iterate over the string from **start** to **end** and count the number of times each character repeats and store it in an array.
- 4. If any character repeats less than K times, then Divide the string into two halves. If i is the index of the string where we found that the string[i] repeats less than K times, then we divide the string into two halves from start to i and i + 1 to end.
- 5. Recursively call for the two halves in the above steps i.e., from **start to i** and **i + 1 to end** separately and repeat the **Step 2 and 3** and return the maximum of the two values returned by the above recursive call.
- If all the characters between **start** and **end** is repeated at least **K** times, then the answer is **end start**.

Below is the implementation of above approach:

C++

```
// C++ program for the above approach
```

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Got It!

```
string s, int k)
{
    int left, right;
    // Array for counting the number of
    // times each character repeats
    // count the number of times each
    // character repeats from start to end
    int count[26] = { 0 };
    // Store the frequency from s[start...end]
    for (int i = start; i < end; i++) {</pre>
        count[s[i] - 'a'] += 1;
    }
    // Iterate from [start, end]
    for (int i = start; i < end; i++) {</pre>
        if (count[s[i] - 'a'] < k) {</pre>
            // Recursive call for left subpart
            left = longestSubstring(start,
                                      s,
                                      k);
            // Recursive call for right subpart
            right = longestSubstring(i + 1,
                                      end,
                                      s,
                                      k);
            // Return maximum of left & right
            return max(left, right);
        }
    }
    // If all the characters are repeated
    // at least k times
    return end - start;
}
```

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Got It!

Java

```
// Java program for the above approach
import java.util.*;
class GFG{
// Function to find the longest subString
static int longestSubString(int start, int end,
                             String s, int k)
{
    int left, right;
    // Array for counting the number of
    // times each character repeats
    // count the number of times each
    // character repeats from start to end
    int count[] = new int[26];
    // Store the frequency from s[start...end]
    for(int i = start; i < end; i++)</pre>
    {
        count[s.charAt(i) - 'a'] += 1;
    }
    // Iterate from [start, end]
    for(int i = start; i < end; i++)</pre>
        if /count[c chanA+/i)
```

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Got It!

```
s, k);
            // Recursive call for right subpart
            right = longestSubString(i + 1, end,
                                     s, k);
            // Return maximum of left & right
            return Math.max(left, right);
        }
    }
    // If all the characters are repeated
    // at least k times
    return end - start;
}
// Driver Code
public static void main(String[] args)
    // Given String str
    String str = "aabbba";
    int k = 3;
    // Function Call
    System.out.print(longestSubString(0, str.length(),
                                         str, k) + "\n");
}
}
// This code is contributed by Amit Katiyar
```

Python3

```
# Python3 program for the above approach
# Function to find the longest substring
def longestSubString(start, end, s, k):
```

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Got It!

```
count = [0 for i in range(26)]
    # Store the frequency from s[start...end]
    for i in range(start, end):
        count[ord(s[i]) - ord('a')] += 1
    # Iterate from [start, end]
    for i in range(start, end):
        if(count[ ord(s[i]) - ord('a')] < k):</pre>
            # Recursive call for left subpart
            left = longestSubString(start, i,
                                         s, k)
            # Recursive call for right subpart
            right = longestSubString(i + 1, end,
                                         s, k)
            # Return maximum of left & right
            return max(left, right)
    # If all the characters are repeated
    # at least k times
    return end - start
# Driver Code
# Given String str
str = "aabbba"
k = 3
# Function call
print(longestSubString(0, len(str), str, k))
# This code is contributed by dadimadhav
C#
// C# program for the above approach
using System:
```

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Got It!

```
static int longestSubString(int start, int end,
                              string s, int k)
{
    int left, right;
    // Array for counting the number of
    // times each character repeats
    // count the number of times each
    // character repeats from start to end
    int []count = new int[26];
    // Store the frequency from s[start...end]
    for(int i = start; i < end; i++)</pre>
    {
        count[s[i] - 'a'] += 1;
    }
    // Iterate from [start, end]
    for(int i = start; i < end; i++)</pre>
    {
        if (count[s[i] - 'a'] < k)</pre>
        {
            // Recursive call for left subpart
            left = longestSubString(start, i,
                                      s, k);
            // Recursive call for right subpart
            right = longestSubString(i + 1, end,
                                      s, k);
            // Return maximum of left & right
            return Math.Max(left, right);
        }
    }
    // If all the characters are repeated
    // at least k times
    return end - start;
}
```

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Got It!

Javascript

```
<script>
// JavaScript program for the above approach
// Function to find the longest subString
function longestSubString(start, end, s, k)
{
    var left, right;
    // Array for counting the number of
    // times each character repeats
    // count the number of times each
    // character repeats from start to end
    var count = new Array(26);
    // Store the frequency from s[start...end]
    for(var i = start; i < end; i++)</pre>
    {
        count[s.charAt(i) - 'a'] += 1;
    }
    // Iterate from [start, end]
    for(var i = start; i < end; i++)</pre>
    {
        if (count[s.charAt(i) - 'a'] < k)</pre>
        {
```

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Got It!

```
// Recursive call for right subpart
            right = longestSubString(i + 1, end,
                                     s, k);
            // Return maximum of left & right
            return Math.max(left, right);
        }
    }
    // If all the characters are repeated
    // at least k times
    return end - start;
}
// Driver Code
// Given String str
var str = "aabbba";
var k = 3;
// Function Call
document.write(longestSubString(0, str.length, str, k) + "\n");
// this code is contributed by shivanisinghss2110
</script>
```

Output:

6

Time Complexity: $O(N*log_2N)$

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Got It!

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the characters appear at least K times

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