# Feedback-Directed Optimization for OCaml

Greta Yorsh

**Tools and Compilers Group** 



### list.mli

```
val map2_exn : 'a t -> 'b t -> f:('a -> 'b -> 'c) -> 'c t

val map2 : 'a t -> 'b t -> f:('a -> 'b -> 'c) -> 'c t Or_unequal_lengths.t
```

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```

### examples

```
map2_exn [1;2;3] [3;2;1] ~f:(fun x y -> x + y)

map2_exn [1;2;3] [] ~f:(fun x y -> x + y)

raise Invalid_argument

map2 [1;2;3] [] ~f:(fun x y -> x + y)

map2 [1;2;3] [3;2;1;] ~f:(fun x y -> x + y)

OK [4; 4; 4]
```

### list.mli

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examples
map2_exp_[1:2:31 [3:2:1] ~f:(fun_x x x -> x + x)
```

# map2\_exn [1;2;3] [3;2;1] ~f:(fun x y -> x + y) map2\_exn [1;2;3] [] ~f:(fun x y -> x + y) raise Invalid\_argument map2 [1;2;3] [] ~f:(fun x y -> x + y) map2 [1;2;3] [3;2;1;] ~f:(fun x y -> x + y) OK [4; 4; 4]

### list.mli

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val map2_exn : 'a t -> 'b t -> f:('a -> 'b -> 'c) -> 'c t

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```

### list.ml

```
let check_length2_exn name 11 12 =
  let n1 = length 11 in
  let n2 = length 12 in
  if n1 <> n2 then invalid_argf "length mismatch in %s: %d <> %d" name n1 n2 ()

let check_length2 11 12 ~f =
  if length 11 <> length 12 then Or_unequal_lengths.Unequal_lengths else Ok (f 11 12)

let map2 11 12 ~f = check_length2 11 12 ~f:(map2_ok ~f)

let map2_exn 11 12 ~f =
  check_length2_exn "map2_exn" 11 12;
  map2_ok 11 12 ~f
```

# How much noise?

### list.mli

```
val map2_exn : 'a t -> 'b t -> f:('a -> 'b -> 'c) -> 'c t

val map2 : 'a t -> 'b t -> f:('a -> 'b -> 'c) -> 'c t Or_unequal_lengths.t
```

- up to 1%
- up to 2%
- up to 5%
- up to 10%
- more than 10%

# How much noise?

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```

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- more than 10%

My benchmark says that map2 is 10% faster than map2\_exn and I have no idea why that might be. I'm not hitting the exception case.

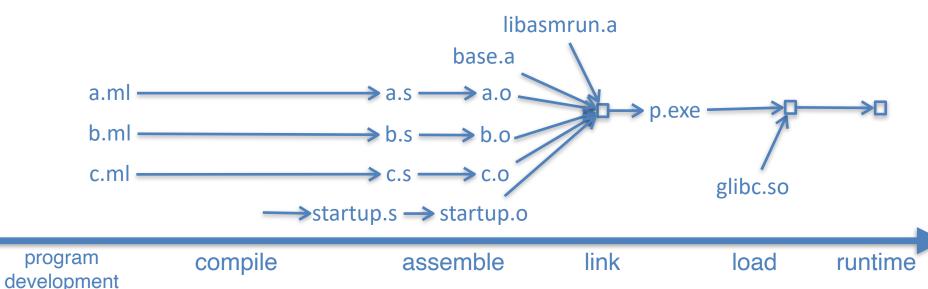
# Performance is sensitive to code layout

- order of functions
- order of basic blocks within a function
- alignment of branch targets
- density of branches
- page alignment

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### bench.ml

### base/list.ml

```
let check_length2 11 12 ~f =
  if length 11 <> length 12
  then Unequal_lengths
  else Ok (f 11 12)
let map2 11 12 ~f = ...
```

### stdlib/list.ml

```
let rev_map2 11 12 ~f =
   ...
```

### bench.s

```
.section .text
camlBench f 21:
camlBench test map2 45:
L149:
movq(%rsp), %rbx
 cmpg %rbx, %rax
 ie L148
movl $1, %eax
 addq $40, %rsp
 ret
 .align
           2
T.148:
movq 8(%rsp), %rax
movq 16(%rsp), %rbx
 movq 24(%rsp), %rdi
 call camlStdlib list rev map2 63
camlBench map2 exn 73:
.section .data
camlBench 11 47: ...
camlBench 12 57: ...
camlBench map2 45 closure: ...
```

program development

compile

assemble

link

load

runtime

### bench.ml

### base/list.ml

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### **ELF** file

```
header
text section
data section
symbol tables
debug info
...
```

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### bench.ml

### base/list.ml

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camlBench map2 exn 73:
.section .data
camlBench 11 47: ...
camlBench 12 57: ...
camlBench map2 45 closure: ...
```

### ELF file virtual memory

```
header

text section
data section
symbol tables
debug info
...
```

```
operating system
shared libraries

dynamic data

static data

text segment
...
```

program development

compile

assemble

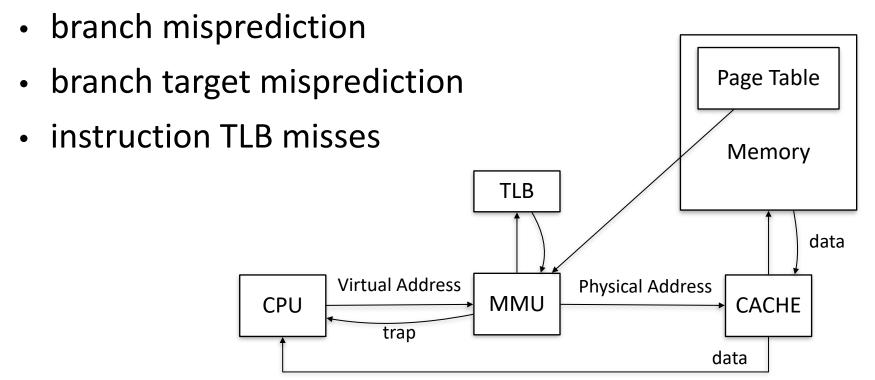
link

load

runtime

# Why code layout matters?

- How does the behavior of the underlying system and hardware depend on the layout of code in memory?
  - instruction cache misses and conflicts



# Order of functions

### nm -n bench\_list.exe

```
004022d0 T main
004022e6 T start
00402310 t deregister tm clones
00402340 t register tm clones
00402380 t do global dtors aux
004050f0 T caml apply2
004052e0 T camlBench list map2 65
00405430 T camlBench list anon fn...
00405440 T camlBench list init aux 968
004054a0 T camlBench list init aux 901
00405500 T camlBench list entry
0046efc0 T camlStdlib list aux 2667
0046efd0 T camlStdlib list aux 2677
0046efe0 T camlStdlib list aux 2699
0046f000 T camlStdlib list find 2651
0046f020 T camlStdlib list length aux 179
0046f040 T camlStdlib list length 193
0046f060 T camlStdlib list cons 203
0046f130 T camlStdlib list nth opt 286
0046f160 T camlStdlib list nth aux 296
```

```
0046f1c0 T camlStdlib list rev append 331
0046f210 T camlStdlib list rev 345
0046f260 T camlStdlib list init tailrec aux 355
0046f9e0 T camlStdlib list rev map2 637
0046fa30 T camlStdlib__list__rmap2_f 644
0046fad0 T camlStdlib list iter2 679
0046fb40 T camlStdlib list fold left2 708
004bbcc0 T caml oldify_local_roots
004bbff0 T caml darken all roots slice
004bd1d0 t sweep slice
004bd2e0 t clean slice
004bd500 t mark slice
004c06e0 T caml_alloc_shr_for_minor_gc
004da140 t bf insert sweep
004da1c0 t bf split
004da210 t bf allocate from tree
004da390 t bf init merge
004da640 t ff allocate
004daa90 t bf remove
004dab90 t bf merge block
004dad80 t bf allocate
004daf30 T caml set allocation policy
004db060 T caml fl reset and switch policy
```

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0046f060 T camlStdlib list cons 203
0046f130 T camlStdlib list nth opt 286
0046f160 T camlStdlib list nth aux 296
```

```
0046f1c0 T camlStdlib list rev_append_331
0046f210 T camlStdlib list rev 345
0046f260 T camlStdlib list init tailrec aux 355
0046f9e0 T camlStdlib list rev map2 637
0046fa30 T camlStdlib list rmap2 f 644
0046fad0 T camlStdlib list iter2 679
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004bbcc0 T caml oldify local roots
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004bd1d0 t sweep slice
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004bd500 t mark slice
004c06e0 T caml alloc shr for minor gc
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```

## Reorder functions to reduce iTLB misses

### nm -n bench\_list.fdo.exe

```
0000000002000000 T camlStdlib list length aux 179
0000000002000020 T camlStdlib list rmap2 f 644
00000000020000c0 T camlStdlib list rev append 331
0000000002000110 T caml apply2
0000000002000150 t mark slice
0000000002000940 t sweep slice
0000000002000a50 t bf allocate
0000000002000c00 T caml oldify one
0000000002000e20 T caml page table lookup
0000000002000ea0 t bf merge block
0000000002001090 T camlBench list anon fn...
0000000020010a0 T caml oldify mopup
000000002001260 T caml process pending signals exn
0000000002001330 T caml write fd
00000000020013b0 t bf split
0000000002001400 T caml alloc shr for minor qc
0000000002001510 T caml darken all roots slice
0000000002001640 T caml oldify local roots
000000000200224e T start
0000000002002280 t deregister tm clones
00000000020022b0 t register tm clones
00000000020022f0 t do global dtors aux
0000000002002310 t frame dummy
000000000200233d T caml startup code begin
0000000002002340 T caml program
0000000002002ac0 T caml curry11
0000000002002b10 T caml curry11 1 app
```

# Reorder functions to reduce iTLB misses

nm -n bench\_list.fdo.exe

page aligned

```
0000000002000000 T camlStdlib list length aux 179
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```
nm -n bench_list.fdo.exe
                                                                                functions from
page aligned
                0000000002000000 T camlStdlib list length aux 179
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                                                                                ocaml standard
                 00000000020000c0 T camlStdlib list rev append 331
                 0000000002000110 T caml apply2
                                                                                     library
                 0000000002000150 t mark slice
                 0000000002000940 t sweep slice
                 0000000002000a50 t bf allocate
                                                                                  C functions
                 0000000002000c00 T caml oldify one
                 0000000002000e20 T caml page table lookup
                                                                                  from ocaml
                 0000000002000ea0 t bf merge block
                 0000000002001090 T camlBench list anon fn
                                                                                    runtime
                 0000000020010a0 T caml oldify mopup
                 0000000002001260 T caml process pending signals ex
                 0000000002001330 T caml write fd
                 00000000020013b0 t bf split
                 0000000002001400 T caml alloc shr for minor qc
                                                                                  user-defined
                 0000000002001510 T caml darken all roots slice
                 0000000002001640 T caml_oldify_local roots
                                                                                     ocaml
                 0000000000200224e T start
                 0000000002002280 t deregister tm clones
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                 0000000002002ac0 T caml curry11
                 0000000002002b10 T caml curry11 1 app
                                                                                               10
```

# Link-time function reordering

- Compile each function into its own uniquely-named section
- Linker merges all input .text sections into a single output .text section
- Instruct the linker to place hot function sections first

### bench.ml

```
let 11 = .. in
let 12 = .. in
let f x y = x + y
let test_map2 () = ...
let test_map2_exn () = ...
```

```
gcc -ffunction-sections runtime/roots_nat.c ...
ocamlopt -function-sections bench.ml ...
```

### bench.s

```
.section .text.camlBench__f_21
camlBench__f_21:
...
.section .text.camlBench__test_map2_45
camlBench__test_map2_45:
...
.section .text.camlBench__test_map2_exn_73
camlBench__map2_exn_73:
...
.section .data
camlBench__l1_47: ...
camlBench__l2_57: ...
camlBench__l2_57: ...
camlBench__map2_45_closure: ...
```

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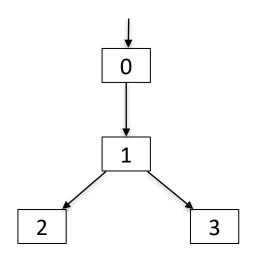
### bench.s

```
.section .text.camlBench__f_21
camlBench__f_21:
...
.section .text.camlBench__test_map2_45
camlBench__test_map2_45:
...
.section .text.camlBench__test_map2_exn_73
camlBench__map2_exn_73:
...
.section .data
camlBench__l1_47: ...
camlBench__l2_57: ...
camlBench__nap2_45_closure: ...
```

### gnu linker script

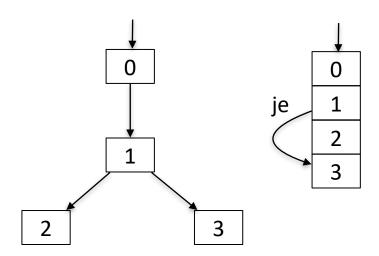
```
.text: {
    . = ALIGN(0x2000000);
    *(.text.camlStdlib__list__length_aux_179)
    *(.text.camlStdlib__list__rmap2_f_644)
    *(.text.camlStdlib__list__rev_append_331)
    *(.text.caml_apply2)
    *(.text.mark_slice)
    ...
    *(.text.text.*)
}
```

```
0: let check_length2 11 12 ~f =
1:    if length 11 <> length 12
2:    then Unequal_lengths
3:    else Ok (f 11 12)
```



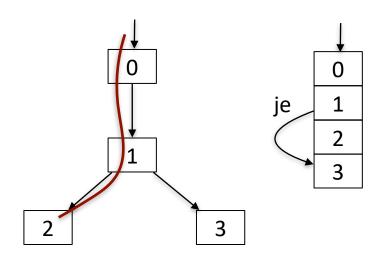
- conditional branches predicted as "not taken"
- hot path falls through is fastest

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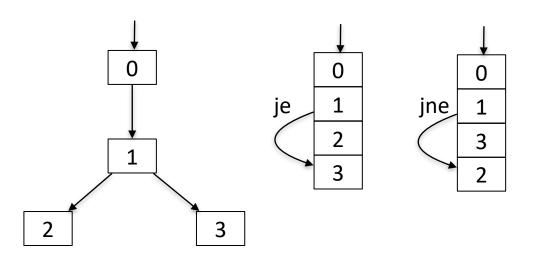
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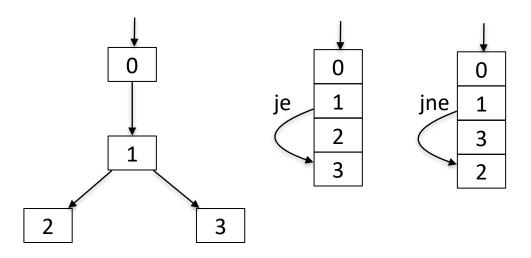
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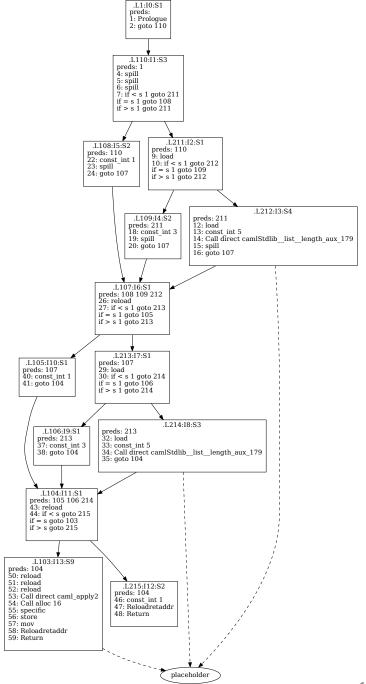
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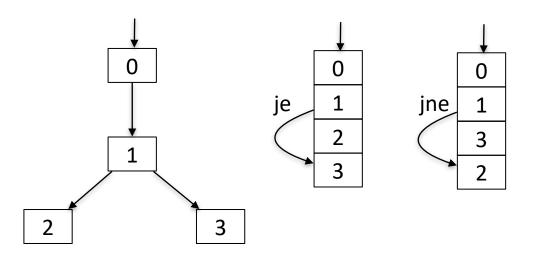


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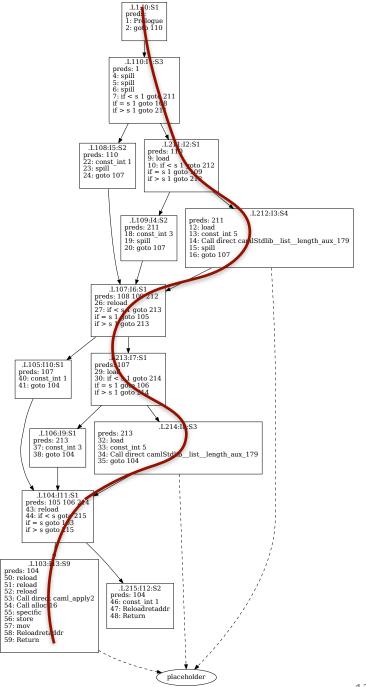


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# Performance is sensitive to code layout

Benchmarking: randomize layout

"STABILIZER: Statistically Sound Performance Evaluation" Charlie Curtsinger and Emery Berger (ASPLOS'13)

**UMassAmherst** 

https://github.com/ccurtsinger/stabilizer

Compilation: optimize code layout

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**UMass Amherst** 

Compilation: optimize code layout

What's hot and what's not?

# Profile-guided optimization

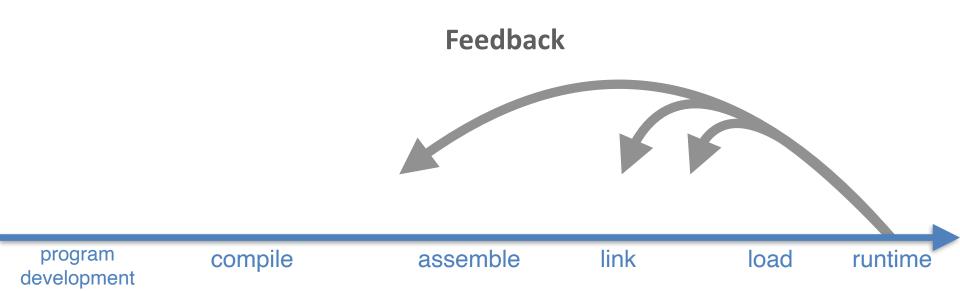
- Obtain execution profile
  - what code paths are hot
  - frequency of execution of code
- Use execution profile to guide optimization decisions
- Profile does not affect safety of transformations

# How does the compiler obtain program's execution profile?

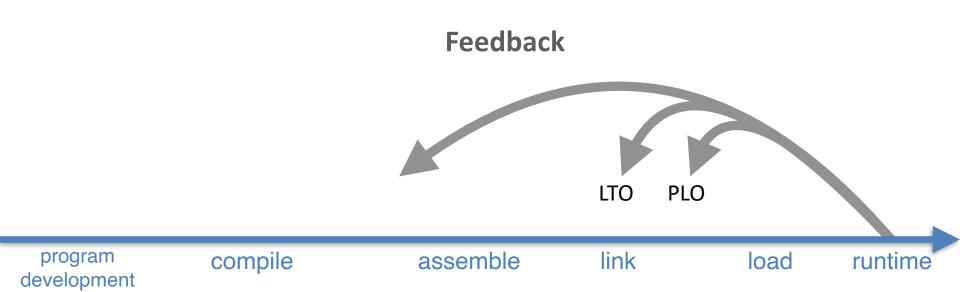
- Code patterns
  - exceptions are cold

- Source annotations
  - · @hot @cold
  - likely unlikely \_\_builtin\_expect

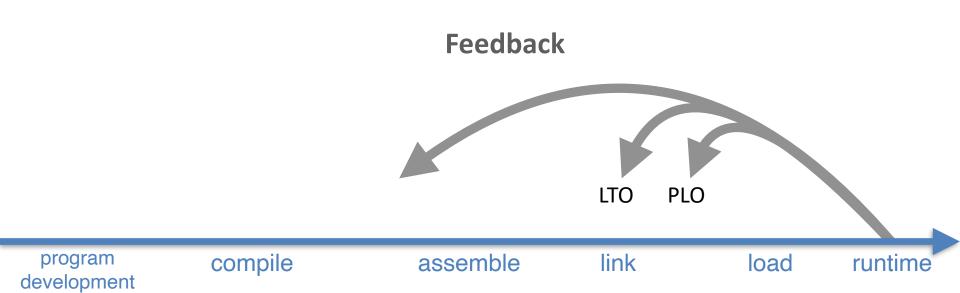
Data collected during program execution



- FDO: Feedback-Directed Optimization
- PGO: Profile-Guided Optimization

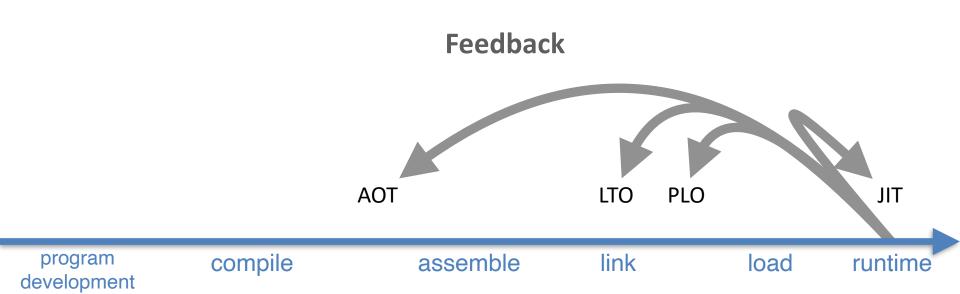


- FDO: Feedback-Directed Optimization
- PGO: Profile-Guided Optimization
- LTO: Link-Time Optimization
- PLO: Post-Link Optimization
- AOT: Ahead-of-time compilation
- JIT: Just-int-time compilation



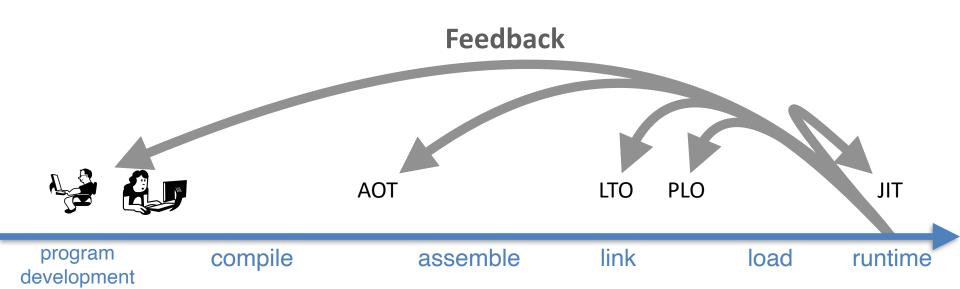
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- code layout
- inlining
- register allocation
- indirect branch/call promotion



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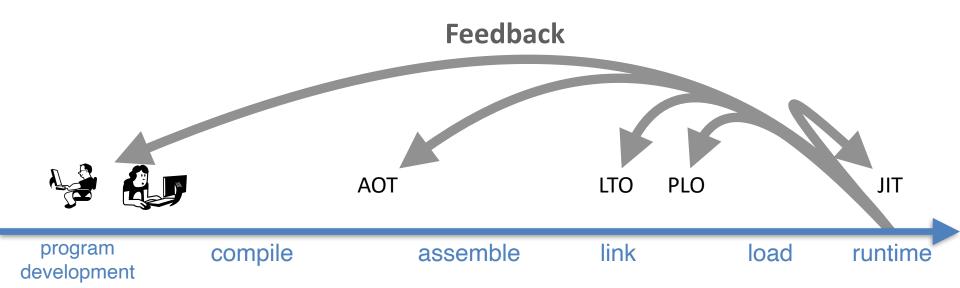
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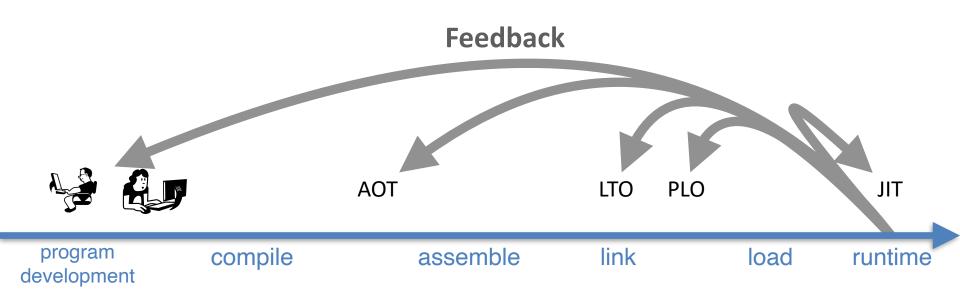
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## Feedback-directed optimization



- How to collect relevant data at runtime?
- How to relate dynamic data back to static representation used for optimizations?

# Feedback-directed optimization



#### overhead vs accuracy

- How to collect relevant data at runtime?
- How to relate dynamic data back to static representation used for optimizations?

- instrumentation
  - instrumented build
  - training run
  - optimized build

- instrumentation
  - instrumented build
- gcc -fprofile-generate ... -o p.with\_instr.exe

- training run
- optimized build

- instrumentation
  - instrumented build
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- training run
- optimized build

#### base/list.ml

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0: let check_length2 l1 l2 ~f =
1:    if length l1 <> length l2
2:    then Unequal_lengths
3:    else Ok (f l1 l2)
```

#### bench.ml

```
let () = main ();
```

- instrumentation
  - instrumented build
- gcc -fprofile-generate ... -o p.with\_instr.exe

- training run
- optimized build

#### base/list.ml

```
0: let check_length2 11 12 ~f =
1:    if length 11 <> length 12
2:    then Unequal_lengths
3:    else Ok (f 11 12)
```

#### bench.ml

```
let () = main ();
```

#### with instrumentation

```
val call_to_check_length2 = ref 0;
val cond_at_l1_true = ref 0;
val cond_at_l1_false = ref 0;
let check_length2 l1 l2 ~f =
   incr call_to_check_length2;
   if length l1 <> length l2
   then (incr cond_at_l1_true; Unequal_lengths)
   else (incr cond_at_l1_false; Ok (f l1 l2))
```

```
let () = main (); write_profile ()
```

- instrumentation
  - instrumented build
  - training run
  - optimized build

```
gcc -fprofile-generate ... -o p.with_instr.exe
```

./p.with\_instr.exe inputs

#### with instrumentation

```
val call_to_check_length2 = ref 0;
val cond_at_l1_true = ref 0;
val cond_at_l1_false = ref 0;
let check_length2 l1 l2 ~f =
   incr call_to_check_length2;
   if length l1 <> length l2
   then (incr cond_at_l1_true; Unequal_lengths)
   else (incr cond_at_l1_false; Ok (f l1 l2))
```

#### base/list.ml

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0: let check_length2 11 12 ~f =
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```

#### bench.ml

```
let () = main ();
```

```
let () = main (); write_profile ()
```

- instrumentation
  - instrumented build
  - training run
  - optimized build

```
gcc -fprofile-generate ... -o p.with_instr.exe
./p.with_instr.exe inputs
gcc -fprofile-use ... -o p.exe
```

#### base/list.ml

```
0: let check_length2 11 12 ~f =
1:    if length 11 <> length 12
2:    then Unequal_lengths
3:    else Ok (f 11 12)
```

#### bench.ml

```
let () = main ();
```

#### with instrumentation

```
val call_to_check_length2 = ref 0;
val cond_at_l1_true = ref 0;
val cond_at_l1_false = ref 0;
let check_length2 l1 l2 ~f =
   incr call_to_check_length2;
   if length l1 <> length l2
   then (incr cond_at_l1_true; Unequal_lengths)
   else (incr cond_at_l1_false; Ok (f l1 l2))
```

```
let () = main (); write_profile ()
```

- instrumentation
  - instrumented build
  - training run
  - optimized build
- sampling
  - normal build
  - run with sampling
  - decode raw data
  - build with profile

```
gcc -fprofile-generate ... -o p.with_instr.exe
./p.with_instr.exe inputs
gcc -fprofile-use ... -o p.exe
```

- instrumentation
  - instrumented build
  - training run
  - optimized build
- sampling
  - normal build
  - run with sampling
  - decode raw data
  - build with profile

```
gcc -fprofile-generate ... -o p.with_instr.exe
./p.with_instr.exe inputs
gcc -fprofile-use ... -o p.exe
```

qcc ... -o p.exe

- instrumentation
  - instrumented build
  - training run
  - optimized build
- sampling
  - normal build
  - run with sampling
  - decode raw data
  - build with profile

```
gcc -fprofile-generate ... -o p.with_instr.exe
./p.with_instr.exe inputs
gcc -fprofile-use ... -o p.exe
```

```
gcc ... -o p.exe
perf record -e cycles:u -j any,u ./p.exe inputs
```

- instrumentation
  - instrumented build
  - training run
  - optimized build
- sampling
  - normal build
  - run with sampling
  - decode raw data
  - build with profile

```
gcc -fprofile-generate ... -o p.with_instr.exe
./p.with_instr.exe inputs
gcc -fprofile-use ... -o p.exe
```

```
gcc ... -o p.exe
perf record -e cycles:u -j any,u ./p.exe inputs
create_gcov --profile=perf.data --binary=p.exe
```

- instrumentation
  - instrumented build
  - training run
  - optimized build
- sampling
  - normal build
  - run with sampling
  - decode raw data
  - build with profile

```
gcc -fprofile-generate ... -o p.with_instr.exe
./p.with_instr.exe inputs
gcc -fprofile-use ... -o p.exe
```

```
gcc ... -o p.exe

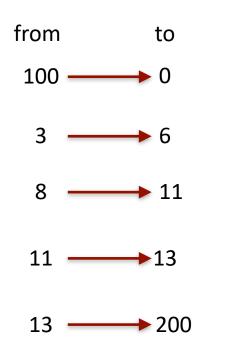
perf record -e cycles:u -j any,u ./p.exe inputs

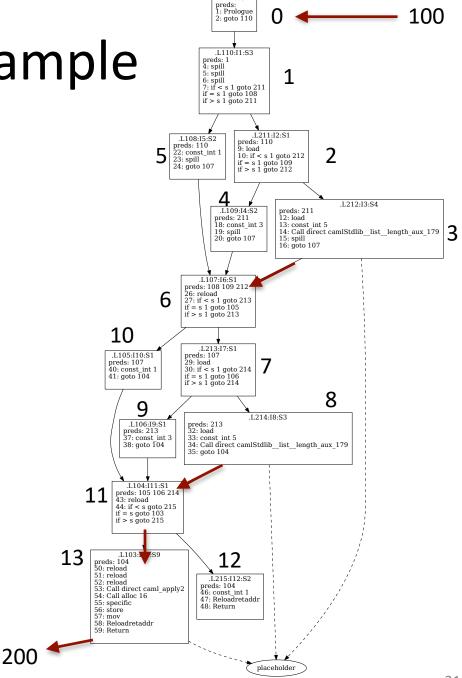
create_gcov --profile=perf.data --binary=p.exe

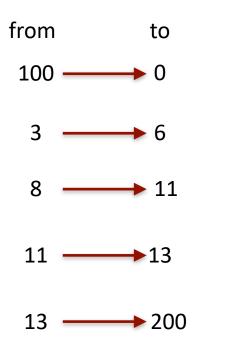
gcc ... -fauto-profile -o p.exe
```

## Sampling

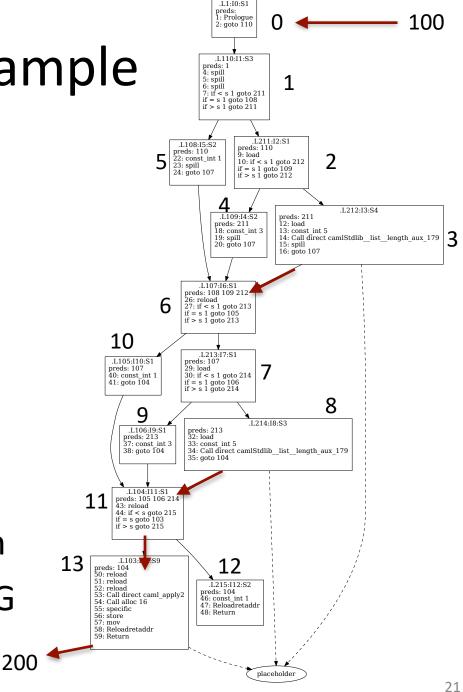
- Rely on hardware support
- Interrupt-based sampling
  - hardware execution counters (cycles, branches, etc)
  - interrupt when counter overflows
- Event-based sampling (PEBS)
  - hardware logs current state when counter overflows
- Sampling with last branch record (LBR)
  - hardware continuously records the last k branches taken
  - for example, k=32 in Skylake
  - hardware logs LBR when counter overflows

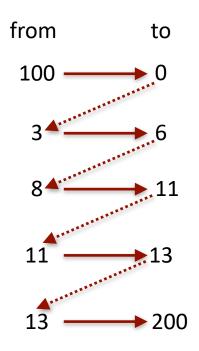




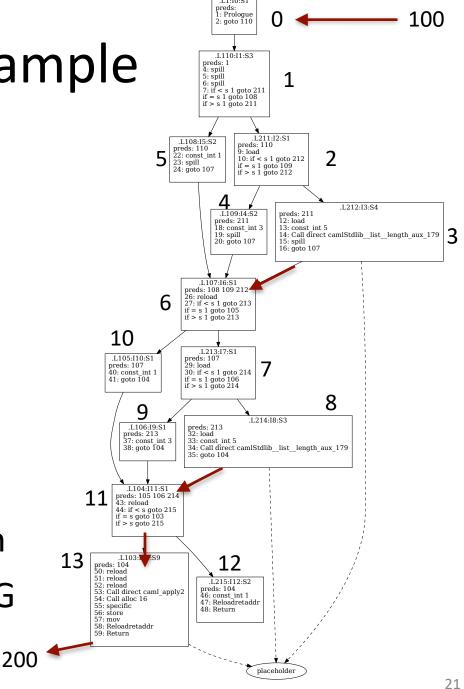


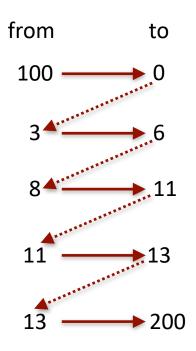
- all other blocks fall through
- connect the trace using CFG



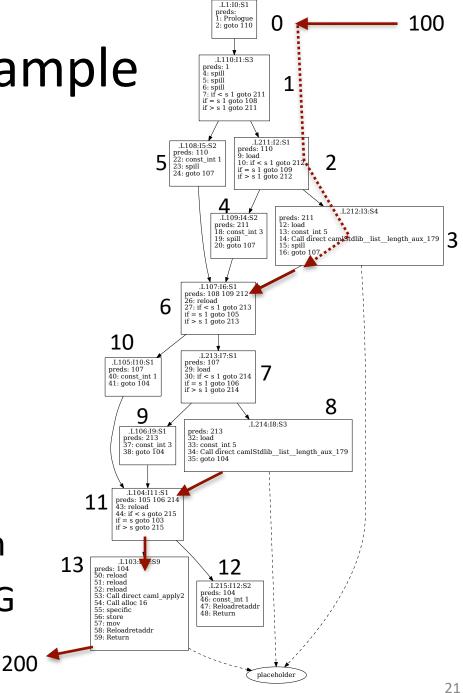


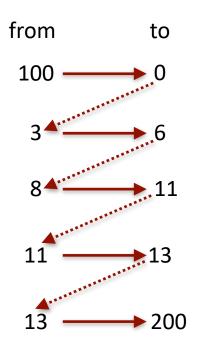
- all other blocks fall through
- connect the trace using CFG



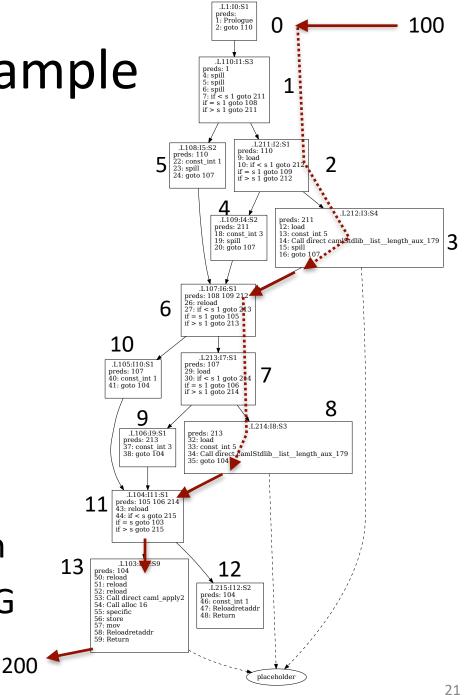


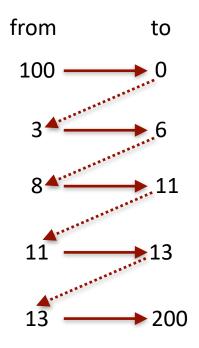
- all other blocks fall through
- connect the trace using CFG



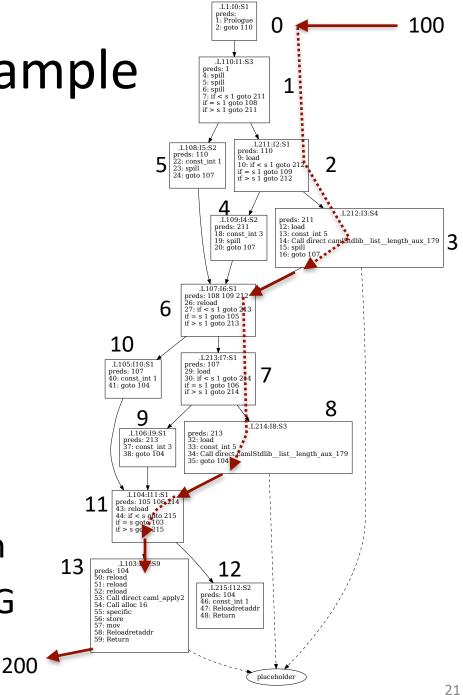


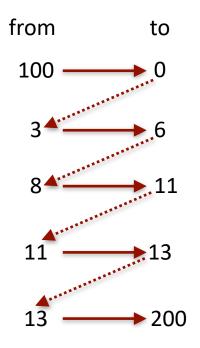
- all other blocks fall through
- connect the trace using CFG



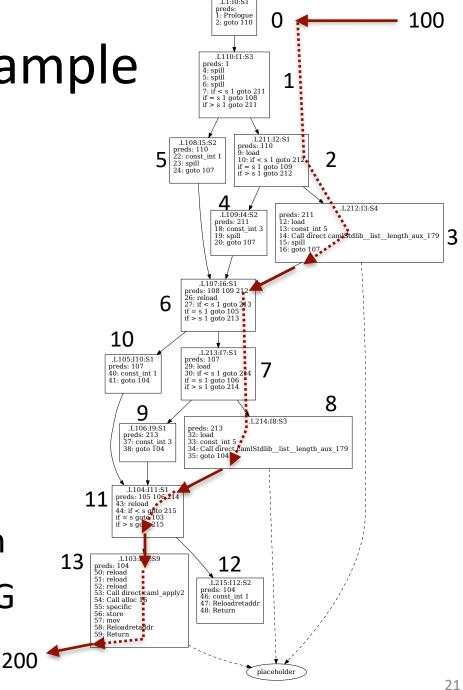


- all other blocks fall through
- connect the trace using CFG





- all other blocks fall through
- connect the trace using CFG



# Last Branch Record (LBR)

- Cheap way to gather partial context of a sample code address
- Recording does not incur overhead on the execution, only reading
- Overhead low enough to use in production
- More accurate than instruction and branch counters

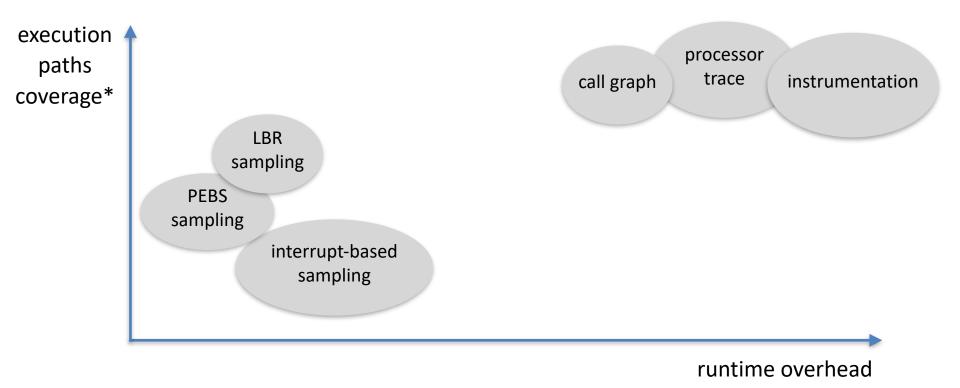
"Taming Hardware Event Samples for Precise and Versatile Feedback Directed Optimizations" Dehao Chen, Neil Vachharajani, Robert Hundt, Xinliang D. Li, Stéphane Eranian, Wenguang Chen, Weimin Zheng (IEEE Transactions on Computers, 2013)

## Instrumentation vs Sampling

- complete information
- source level mapping is easy

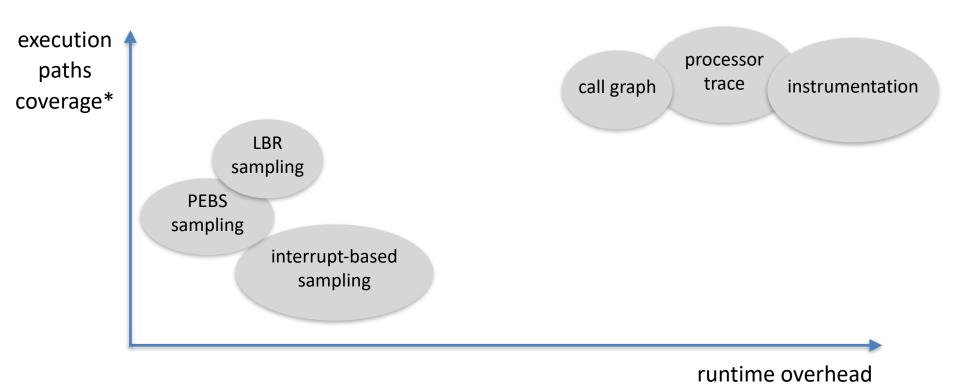
- profiling run is slow: instrumentation causes overhead and affects optimizations
- instrumentation can alter execution frequencies
- no timing information only frequency
- how to find representative inputs
- complicates workflow

### Profile collection



<sup>\*</sup> profile accuracy depends on where the data is used

## Profile collection



For the purpose of code layout, is LBR as accurate as full call graph or instrumentation, at least in practice?

<sup>\*</sup> profile accuracy depends on where the data is used

## Modern tools rely on sampling with LBR



"AutoFDO: automatic feedback-directed optimization for warehouse-scale applications" Dehao Chen, David Xinliang Li, and Tipp Moseley (CGO 2016) Google

https://github.com/google/autofdo

"BOLT: A Practical Binary Optimizer for Data Centers and Beyond" Maksim Panchenko, Rafael Auler, Bill Nell, and Guilherme Ottoni (CGO 2019)

https://github.com/facebookincubator/BOLT

facebook

## Modern tools rely on sampling with LBR



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Google

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facebook

"OCamIFDO: feedback-directed optimization for OCamI" work in progress, 2019-present



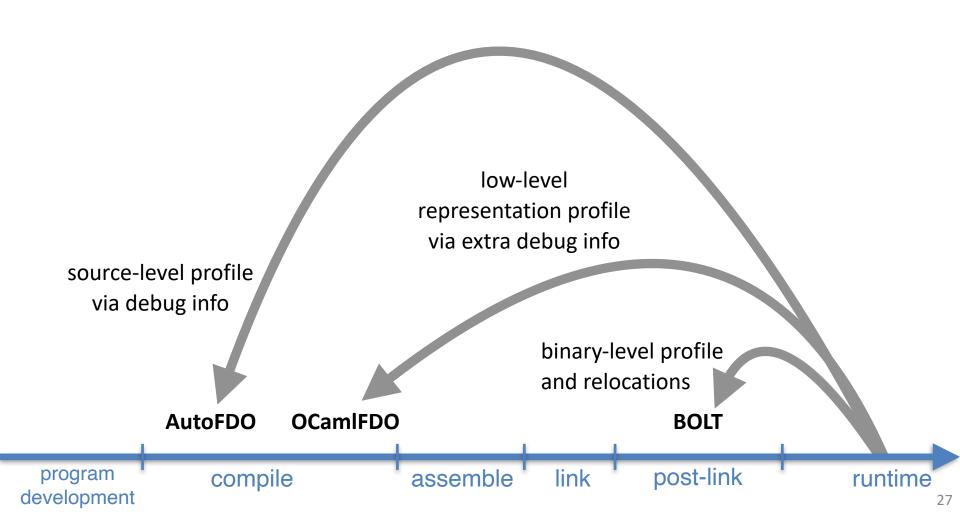
https://github.com/gretay-js/ocamlfdo

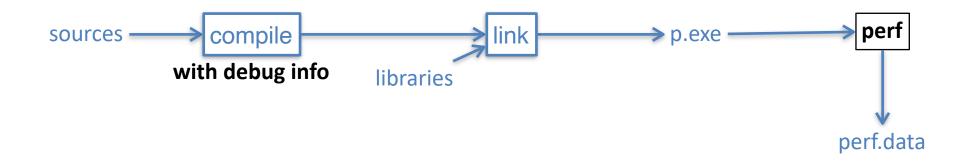
#### **OCamIFDO**

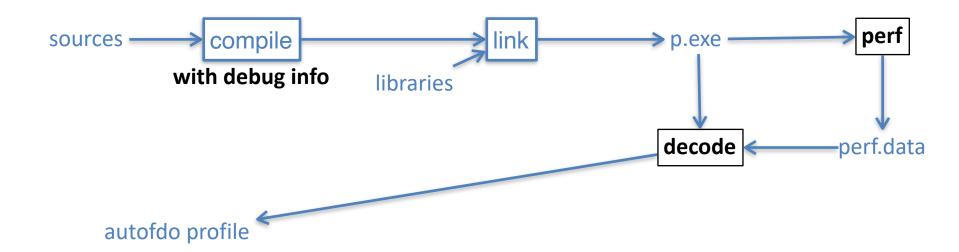
- First code-layout optimizations for ocaml compiler
- First sampling-based profile use in ocaml compiler
- Reduces noise in benchmarking
- Improves performance of large binaries

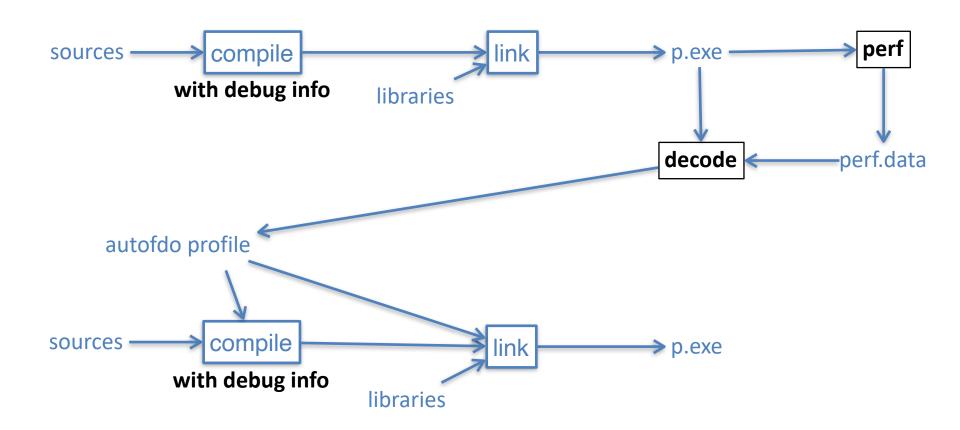
- New approach to execution profiles
- New internal representation for ocaml compiler backend
- Integration with build systems and workflows

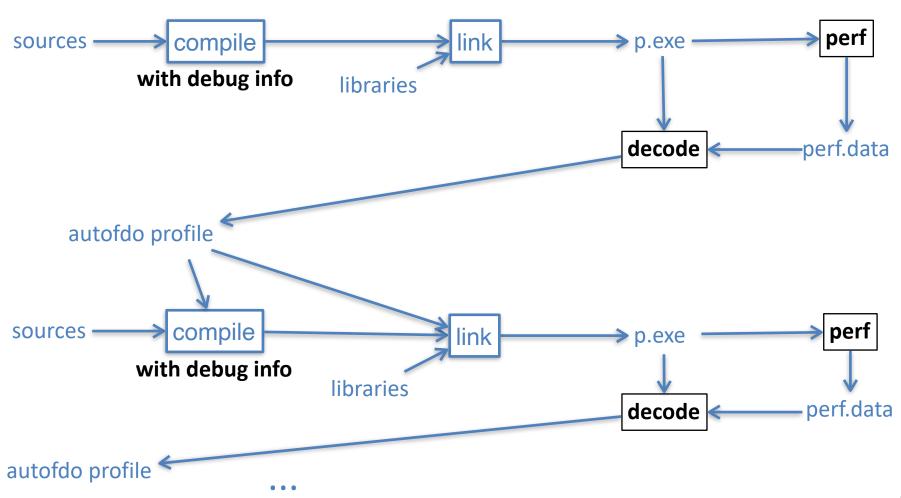
# Feedback-directed optimization



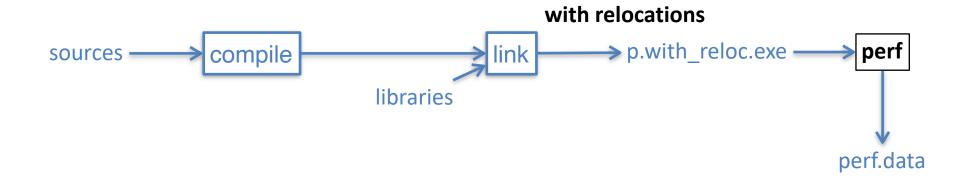




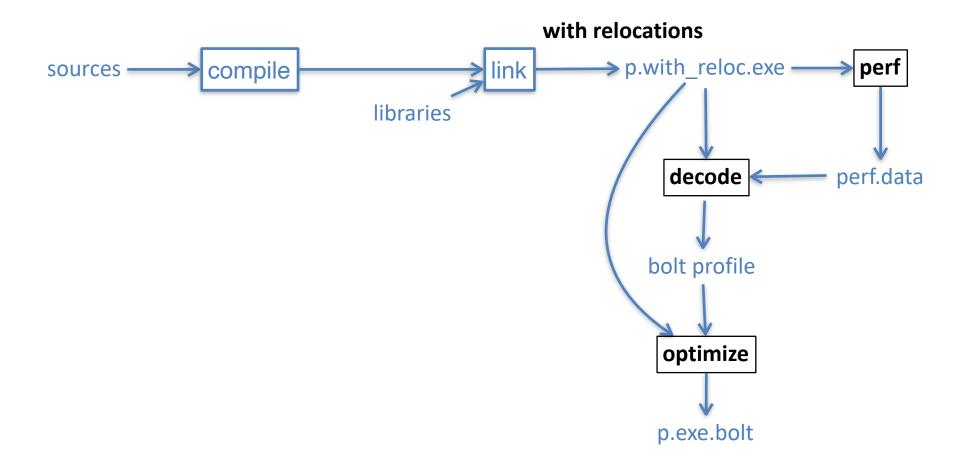




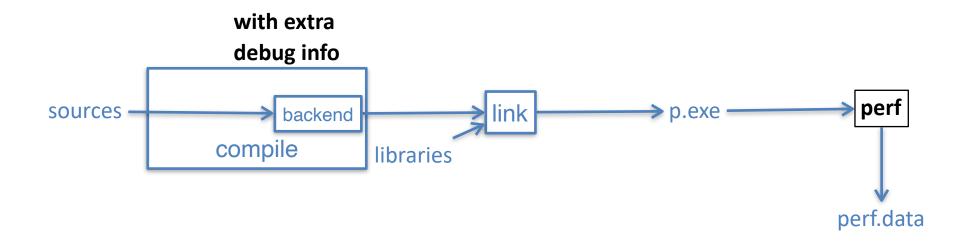
## **BOLT**



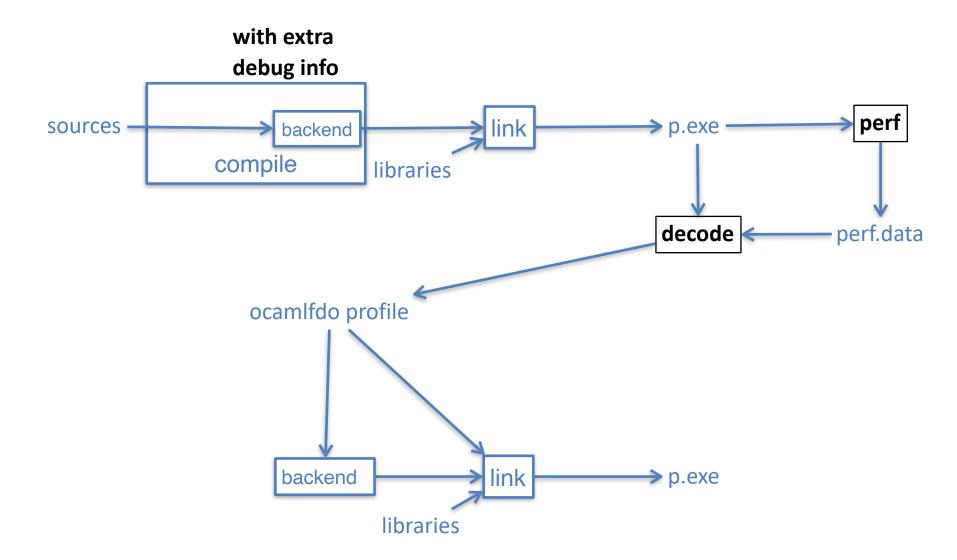
## **BOLT**



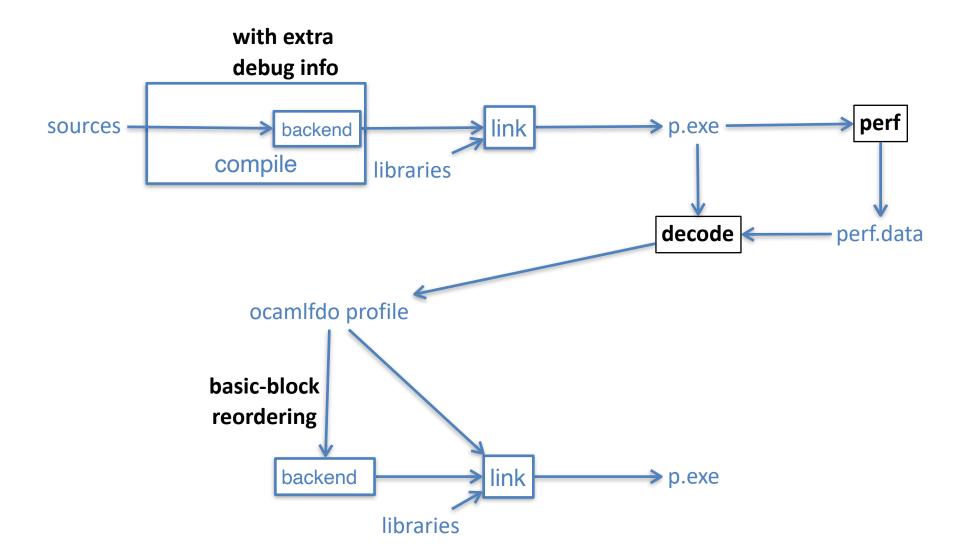
## **OCamIFDO**



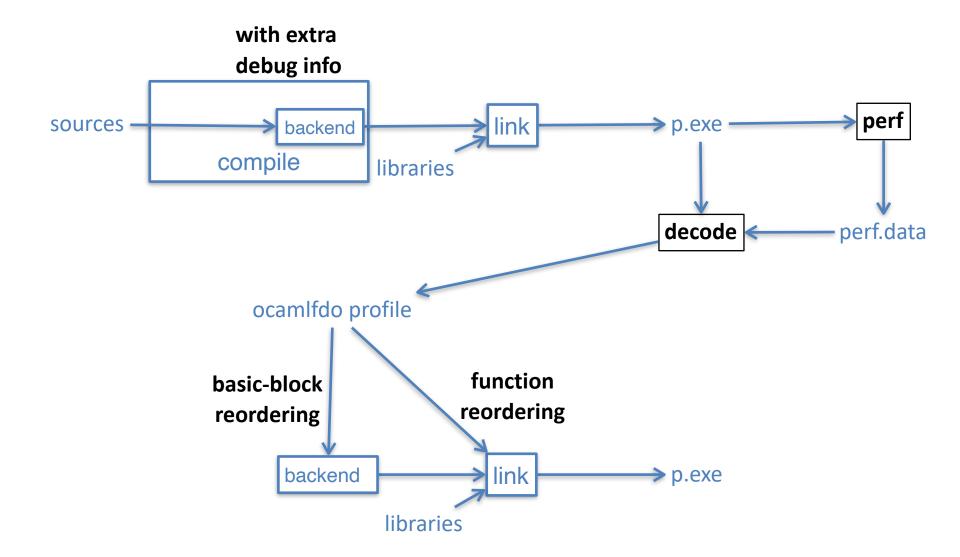
### **OCamIFDO**

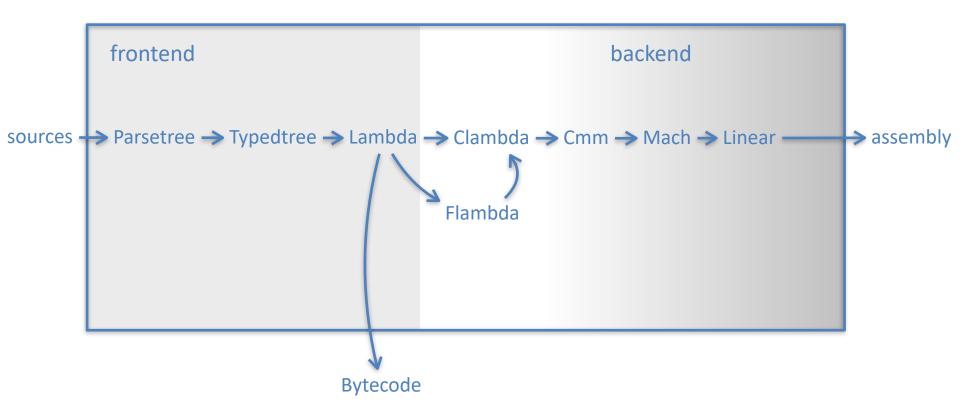


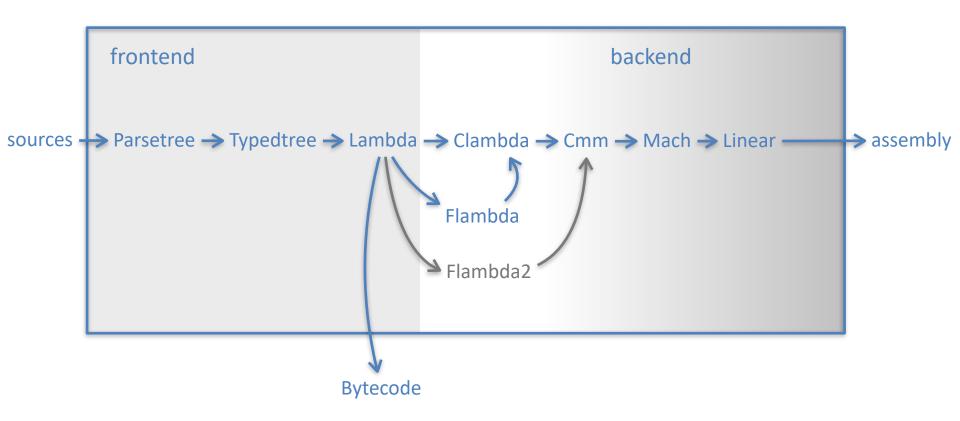
### **OCamIFDO**

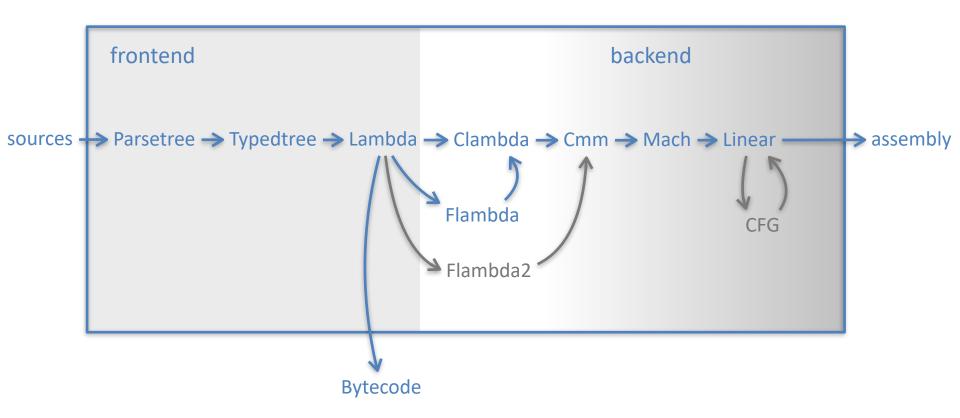


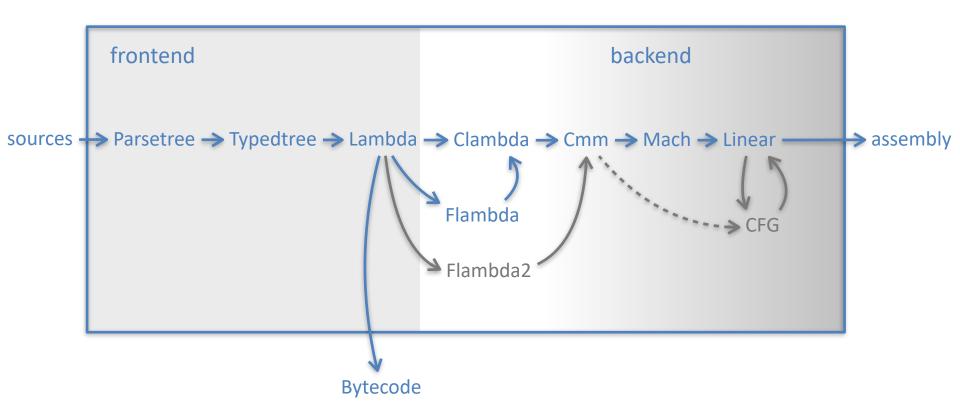
### **OCamIFDO**

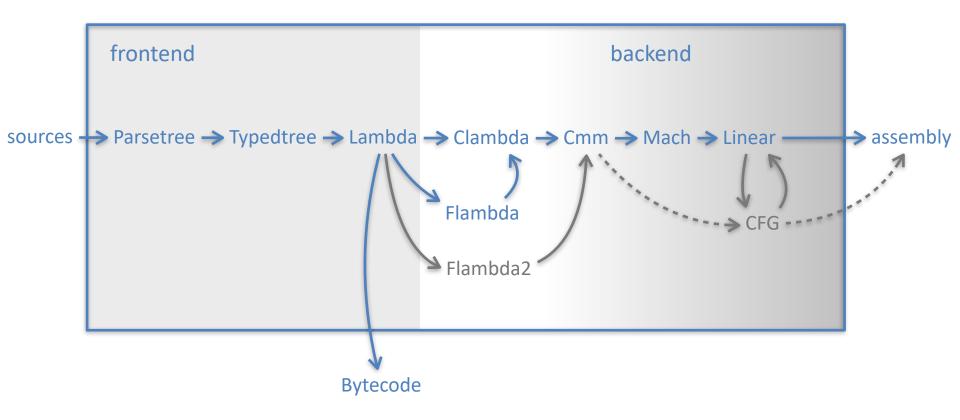


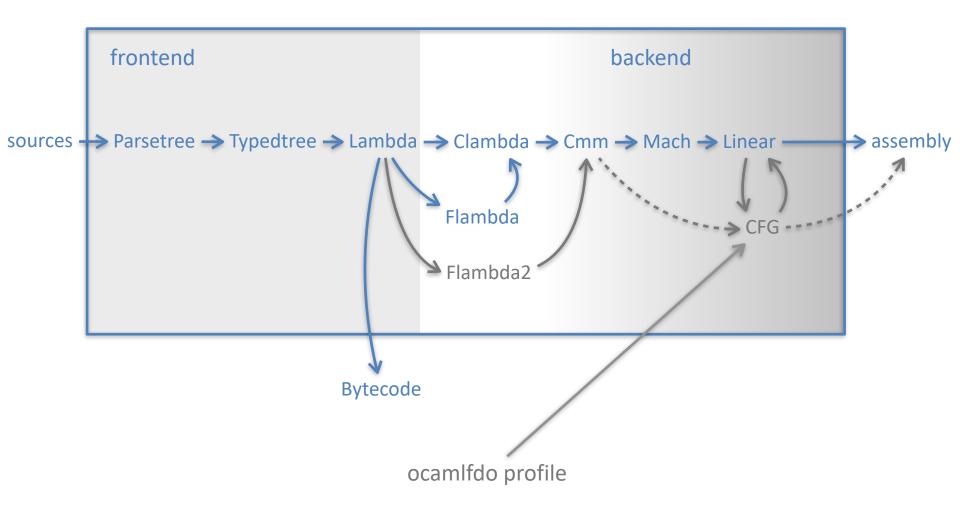


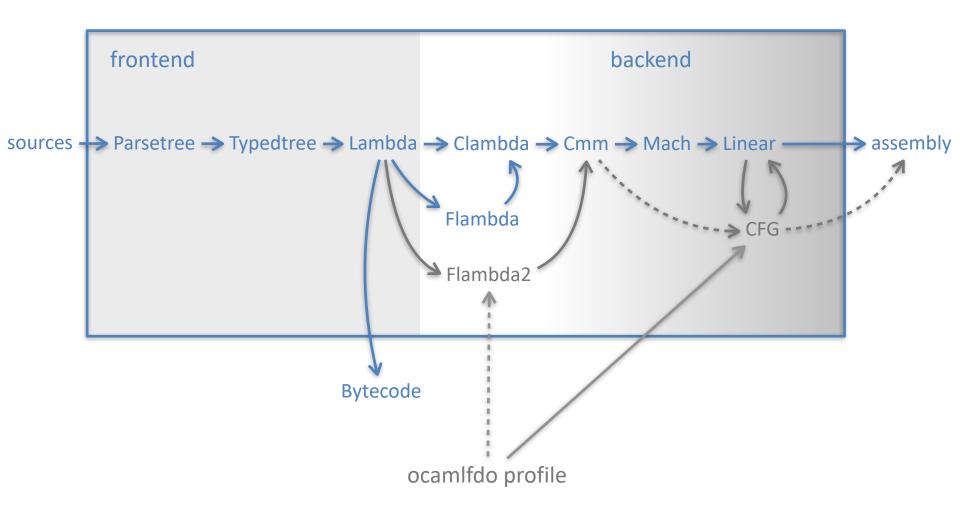




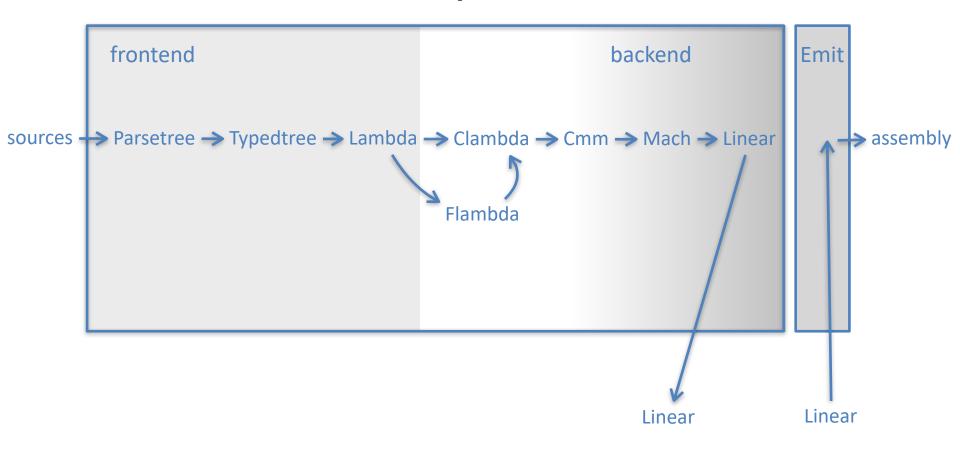




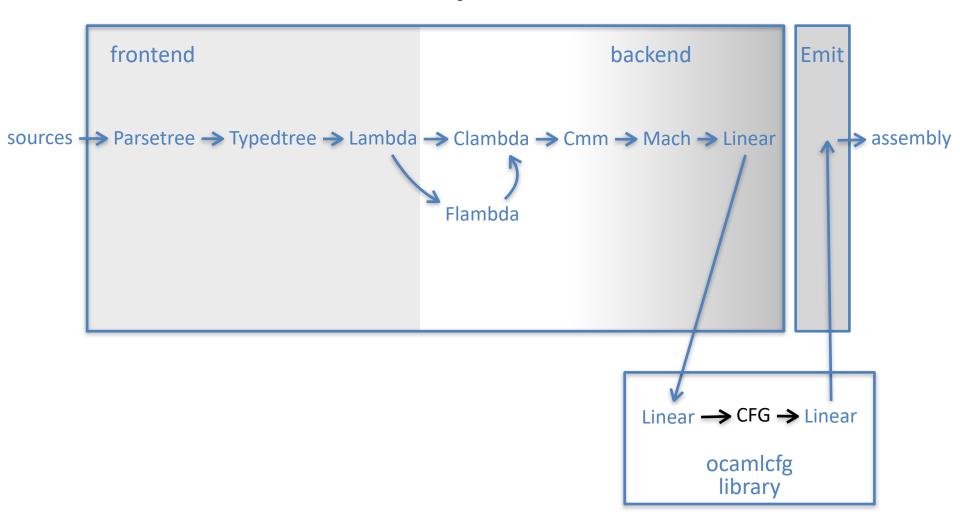




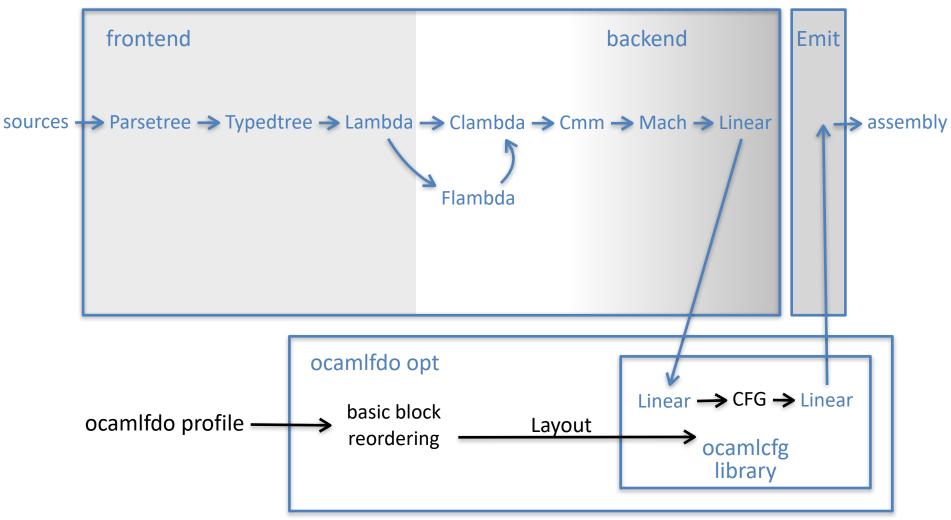
### current implementation



### current implementation



### current implementation



### Representation: CFG + Layout

- Layout is a sequence of labels of CFG nodes
- Any permutation that preserves entry is a legal layout
- Implemented in ocamlcfg library
  - depends only on ocaml compiler internals
  - from Linear to CFG involves reconstruction of exception flow
  - transformations: dead code elimination, jump threading
  - use Layout to transform CFG back to Linear representation
  - interface: CFG is read-only
- Testing
  - Linear --> CFG + Layout --> Linear is identity
  - random reorder basic blocks
  - large code base

## Basic-block reordering

- implemented in "ocamlfdo opt" command
- read Linear from file
- use ocamlcfg library to transform Linear to CFG
- if profile exists
  - read profile and check if stale
  - annotate CFG with execution counters from the profile including partial traces from LBR
  - choose layout of basic blocks using clustering heuristic
  - modifies the Layout, not the structure of the CFG
- if profile does not exist
  - add md5 at compilation unit or function level for stale profile detection
  - add extra debug info
- transforms back to Linear and write to file

- Map binary addresses to source locations
- Used by many tools
  - gdb ./p.exe
    - next
    - backtrace
  - perf annotate

not OCaml exceptions and backtraces

- source location
  - file name and line number
  - discriminator: distinguish multiple execution paths on the same source line
- inlined stack: source locations of inlined calls

#### base/list.ml

```
0: let check_length2 11 12 ~f =
1: if length 11 <> length 12 then Unequal_lengths else Ok (f 11 12)
```

- source location
  - file name and line number
  - discriminator: distinguish multiple execution paths on the same source line
- inlined stack: source locations of inlined calls

#### base/list.ml

```
0: let check_length2 11 12 ~f =
1: if length 11 <> length 12 then Unequal_lengths else Ok (f 11 12)
```

#### base/list.s

```
camlBase list check length2 606:
                 "base/list.ml"
     .file 1
     .loc 1
                       18
     .cfi startproc
     subq $40, %rsp
     .cfi adjust cfa offset 40
.L108:
     movq %rax, 8(%rsp)
     movq %rbx, 16(%rsp)
     movq %rdi, 24(%rsp)
     cmpq $1, %rbx
     je .L107
     .file 2
                 "stdlib/list.ml"
     .loc 2
                 23
     movq 8(%rbx), %rbx
     movl $3, %eax
     .loc 2
                 23
                       12
     call camlStdlib list length aux 83@PLT
.L100:
     movq %rax, (%rsp)
          .L106
     qmj
     .align
.L107:
     movl $1, %eax
     movq %rax, (%rsp)
.L106:
     movq 8(%rsp), %rax
     cmpq $1, %rax
     je .L105
     .loc 2
                 23
     movq 8(%rax), %rbx
     movl $3, %eax
     .loc 2
                 23
                       12
     call camlStdlib list length aux 83@PLT
```

#### base/list.s

```
camlBase list check length2 606:
                 "base/list.ml"
     .file 1
     .loc 1
                       18
     .cfi startproc
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     movq %rax, 8(%rsp)
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     cmpq $1, %rbx
     je .L107
     .file 2
                 "stdlib/list.ml"
     .loc 2
                 23
     movq 8(%rbx), %rbx
     movl $3, %eax
     .loc 2
                 23
                       12
     call camlStdlib list length aux 83@PLT
.L100:
     movq %rax, (%rsp)
           .L106
     qmj
     .align
.L107:
     movl $1, %eax
     movq %rax, (%rsp)
.L106:
     movq 8(%rsp), %rax
     cmpq $1, %rax
     je .L105
     .loc 2
                 23
     movq 8(%rax), %rbx
     movl $3, %eax
     .loc 2
                 23
                       12
     call camlStdlib list length aux 83@PLT
```

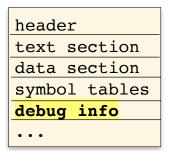
#### ELF file

header
text section
data section
symbol tables
debug info
• • •

#### base/list.s

```
camlBase list check length2 606:
                 "base/list.ml"
      .file 1
      .loc 1
                       18
     .cfi startproc
     subq $40, %rsp
      .cfi adjust cfa offset 40
.L108:
     movq %rax, 8(%rsp)
     movq %rbx, 16(%rsp)
     movq %rdi, 24(%rsp)
     cmpq $1, %rbx
      je .L107
                 "stdlib/list.ml"
      .loc 2
                 23
     movq 8(%rbx), %rbx
     movl $3, %eax
      .loc 2
                 23
     call camlStdlib list length aux 83@PLT
.L100:
     movq %rax, (%rsp)
      qmj
           .L106
      .aliqn
.L107:
     movl $1, %eax
     movq %rax, (%rsp)
.L106:
     movq 8(%rsp), %rax
     cmpq $1, %rax
      je .L105
                 23
     movq 8(%rax), %rbx
     movl $3, %eax
      .loc 2
     call camlStdlib list length aux 83@PLT
```

#### **ELF** file



 map binary address to source location

#### base/list.s

```
camlBase list check length2 606:
                "base/list.ml"
     .file 1
     .loc 1
                      18
     .cfi startproc
     subq $40, %rsp
     .cfi adjust cfa offset 40
.L108:
     movq %rax, 8(%rsp)
     movq %rbx, 16(%rsp)
     movq %rdi, 24(%rsp)
     cmpq $1, %rbx
     je .L107
                "stdlib/list.ml"
     .file 2
     .loc 2
                23
     movq 8(%rbx), %rbx
     movl $3, %eax
     .loc 2
                23
                      12
     call camlStdlib list length aux 83@PLT
.L100:
     movq %rax, (%rsp)
     jmp .L106
     .align 4
.L107:
     movl $1, %eax
     movq %rax, (%rsp)
.L106:
     movq 8(%rsp), %rax
     cmpq $1, %rax
     je .L105
     .loc 2
                23
     movq 8(%rax), %rbx
     movl $3, %eax
     .loc 2
     call camlStdlib list length aux 83@PLT
```

#### list.s with extra debug info

```
camlBase list check length2 24:
     .file 1    "base/list.ml"
     .loc 1
                     18
     .cfi startproc
                "camlBench check length2 24.cmir-linear"
     .file 2
     .loc 2
     subq $40, %rsp
     .cfi adjust cfa offset 40
     .loc 2 4
     movq %rax, 8(%rsp)
     .loc 2
                5
     movq %rbx, 16(%rsp)
     .loc 2
     movq %rdi, 24(%rsp)
     .loc 2
     cmpq $1, %rbx
     jе
          .L108
     .loc 2
     movq 8(%rbx), %rax
     .loc 2 10
     cmpq $1, %rax
           .L109
     .loc 2
               12
     movq 8(%rax), %rbx
     .loc 2 13
     movl $5, %eax
     .loc 2
                14
     call camlStdlib list length aux 179@PLT
.L100:
     .loc 2
     movq %rax, (%rsp)
     .loc 2
                16
     jmp .L107
     .aliqn
```

### Extra debug info

```
.L1:I0:S1
     preds:
                                                        bench.s with extra debug info
     1: Prologue
     2: goto 110
                                                       camlBase list check length2 24:
                                                                         "base/list.ml"
                                                             file 1
                                                              .loc 1
                                                                               18
                                                             .cfi startproc
     .L110:I1:S3
                                                                         "camlBench check length2 24.cmir-linear"
                                                             .file 2
 preds: 1
                                                              .loc 2
 4: spill
                                                             subq $40, %rsp
  5: spill
                                                             .cfi adjust cfa offset 40
 6: spill
                                                             .loc 2 4
 7: if < s 1 goto 211
                                                             movq %rax, 8(%rsp)
 if = s 1 goto 108
                                                             .loc 2
                                                                         5
 if > s 1 goto 211
                                                             movq %rbx, 16(%rsp)
                                                              .loc 2
                                                             movq %rdi, 24(%rsp)
                                                              .loc 2
                                                             cmpq $1, %rbx
               .I.211:I2:S1
:I5:S2
                                                                   .L108
                                                             jе
           preds: 110
110
           9: load
ist int 1
                                                             movq 8(%rbx), %rax
           10: if < s 1 goto 212
                                                             .loc 2 10
           if = s 1 goto 109
o 107
                                                             cmpq $1, %rax
           if > s 1 goto 212
                                                                   .L109
                                                              .loc 2 12
                                                             movq 8(%rax), %rbx
                                                              .loc 2
                                                                       13
                                        .L212:I3:S4
                                                             movl $5, %eax
                                                              .loc 2
                                                                         14
      .L109:I4:S2
                       preds: 211
     preds: 211
                       12: load
                                                             call camlStdlib list length aux 179@PLT
     18: const int 3
                       13: const int 5
                                                       .L100:
                       14: Call direct camlStdlib list le
     19: spill
                                                              .loc 2
                                                                         15
                       15: spill
     20: goto 107
                                                             movq %rax, (%rsp)
                       16: goto 107
                                                              .loc 2
                                                                         16
                                                                   .L107
                                                              qmj
```

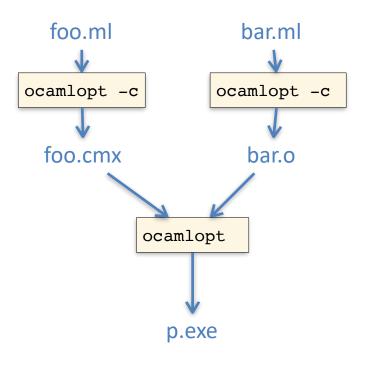
### Extra debug info

- Location in the intermediate representation
- Each function has a separate ".file"
- Currently instead of source location
- Incomplete toolchain support for debug info
- Do not use binary with extra debug info in prod

### Decode perf.data

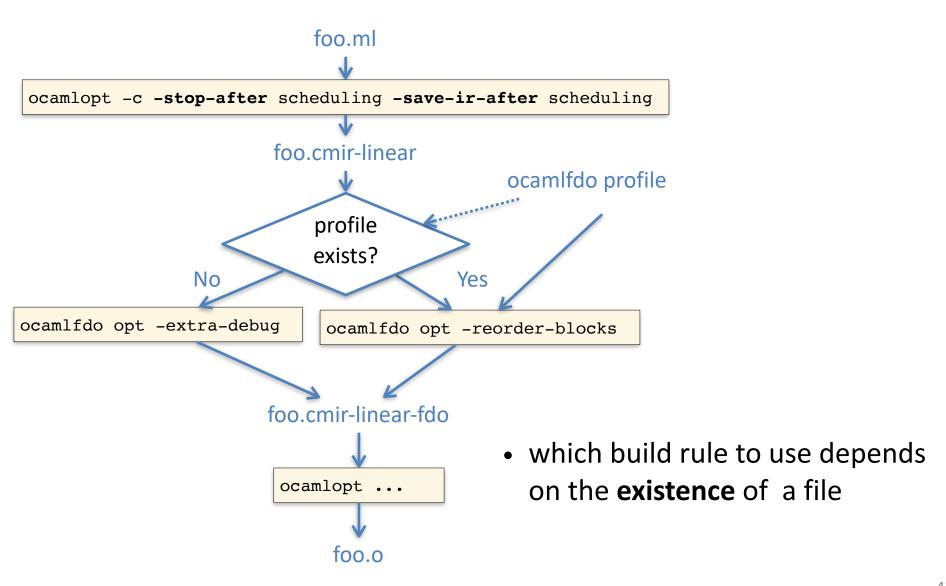
- Implementation
  - parse output of "perf script" to obtain and aggregate raw samples
  - use owee library to read debug info
  - use extra debug info to map dynamic data to Linear representation
  - merge multiple profiles
  - read md5 of compilation units/functions from the binary and save to profile for stale profiles detection
- Testing
  - use BOLT adapted for OCaml native code
    - handle missing frametable relocation
  - compare optimized layout produced by BOLT and OCamIFDO
  - convert BOLT profile to OCamIFDO profile and compare counters

## Build system integration

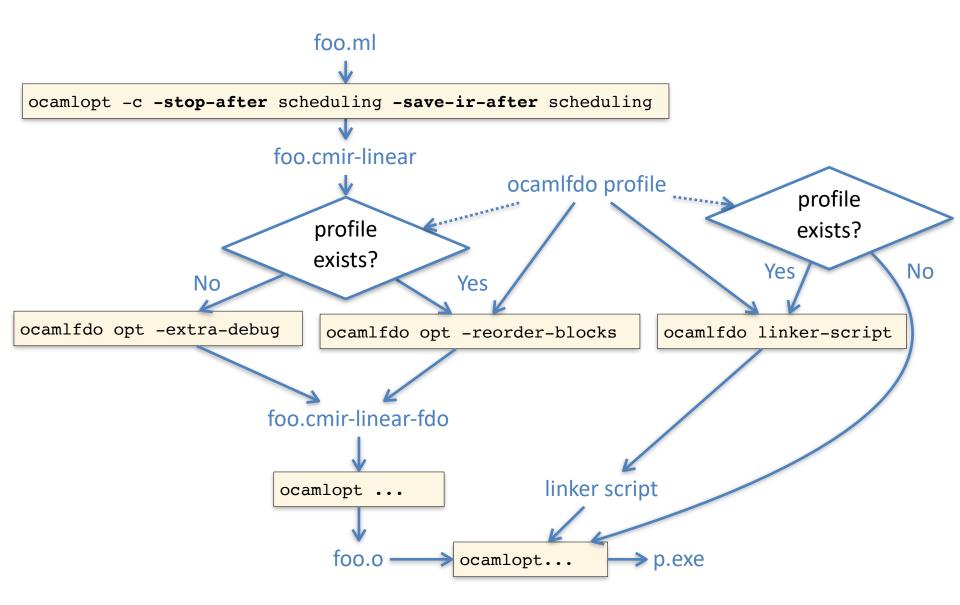


- · build rules and their dependencies are statically determined
- build rule fires when the content of a file it depends on changes

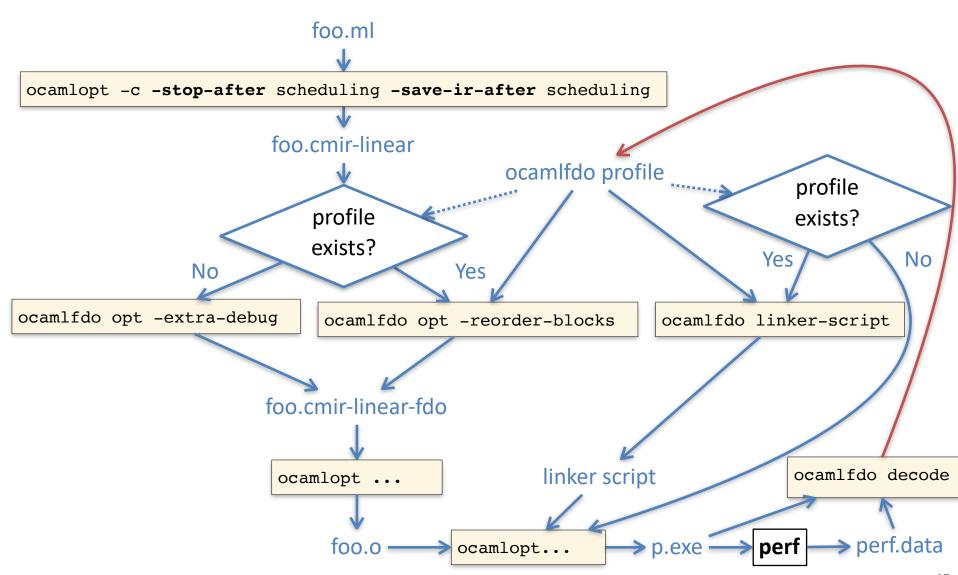
# Build system integration



## Build system integration



### Further automation?



### Practical considerations

- Production quality: safety and scale
- Fit into existing workflows: development and deployment
- Build systems integration: dune and jenga
- Build times and artifact sizes
- Profile storage
- Reuse profile when code changes
  - action on mismatch or missing profile
  - ppx rewriters and source code generators
  - embedded location information [%here]
  - linker-script refers to missing function sections
- Upstreaming compiler changes

### Profiles: low-level vs source-level

- map dynamic data directly to static representation where it is used
- approach transferrable to other compilers
- debug info is just an implementation detail
- more accurate for code layout and other low-level and machinespecific optimizations
- faster rebuild when profile changes
- more resilient to source formatting changes
- sensitive to compiler changes
- increase size of executable
- do not increase physical memory use

### Further work for OCamIFDO

- Use profile in other compiler transformations
  - inlining
  - spill code and register allocation
- Improve "debug info" encoding
  - reduce size overhead
  - co-exist with source-level debug info
  - formalize "lifting" via control flow dependencies
- Further automation of workflow
- Profile focus and normalization