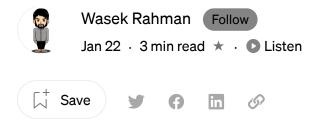


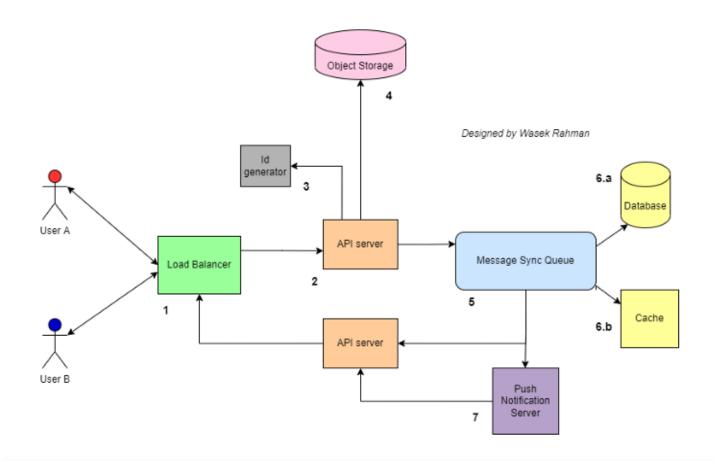


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System Design Interview Prep: Real-Time Chat Application











When you start designing a system you will need to ask a few clarifying questions to your interviewer and make some assumptions.

In our case, we will assume —

- 1. The user is already logged in.
- 2. We have over a million users.
- 3. The database is already designed.
- 4. We are only focusing on how User A sends a message to User B.

Okay then, let's get started. I have referenced every number with the numbers in the design for better understanding.

- 1. User A writes a message and hits enter. This message is retrieved by a **load balancer** which basically handles traffic to avoid overloading the server.
- 2. The message is then distributed to a suitable **API Server** that processes this message request. This is where the request is processed.
- 3. The **API Server** generates a **unique ID** if any **media files** are sent through the message. The reason for this is we want to store these media files in a cloud storage system with a unique ID and this unique ID will be stored in the database with the message details for reference.
- 4. The **Object Storage** is the cloud storage system where we would store all of these media files using a unique ID. The most popular cloud storage system would be **AWS S3**.
- 5. After the media files are stored, the message is sent to a message sync queue. Now, message queues consist of a publishing service and multiple consumer services that communicate via a queue. This communication is typically one way where the publisher will issue commands to the consumers. The publishing service will typically put a message on a queue or eychange and a single consumer service will consume this









But while the message is being sent, we make sure a couple of other things are achieved for better functionality and efficiency.

6 a. The message is stored along with the sender details such as time and the unique ID of the media file to a database system. For a chat application, it is preferred to have a **NoSQL database** due to scalability and efficiency.

6 b. We also make sure the message details are cached to a temporary memory like Redis. This is because when we want to load messages, it would be more efficient to get data from the cache rather than making requests over and over again to a database. This reduces the cost and makes loading faster.

7. Remember the pop-ups you get on your phone when someone sends you a text on a chat app? Well, the way we get that flowing is by using a **Push Notification Server.** A push notification server consists of two parts: storing device IDs and sending push notifications. To achieve this we create two endpoints: register and send.

That's it. This would be how a message is sent from **User A** to **User B**.

If you guys learnt something new, please drop a clap and follow me for more tutorials.

Recommendation: The most popular book that will help you ace any System Design interview —

System Design Interview - An Insider's Guide: Volume 2

System Design Interview - An Insider's Guide: Volume 2 [Xu, Alex, Lam, Sahn] on Amazon.com. *FREE* shipping on...

amzn.to

The tool I used for designing — https://app.diagrams.net/ Connect with me on LinkedIn — https://www.linkedin.com/in/wasek-rahman/



