Navigation

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1 Navigation

In this notebook, you will learn how to use the Unity ML-Agents environment for the first project of the Deep Reinforcement Learning Nanodegree.

1.0.1 1. Start the Environment

We begin by importing some necessary packages. If the code cell below returns an error, please revisit the project instructions to double-check that you have installed Unity ML-Agents and NumPy.

```
[1]: from unityagents import UnityEnvironment import numpy as np
```

Next, we will start the environment! **Before running the code cell below**, change the file_name parameter to match the location of the Unity environment that you downloaded.

- Mac: "path/to/Banana.app"
- Windows (x86): "path/to/Banana_Windows_x86/Banana.exe"
- Windows (x86 64): "path/to/Banana_Windows_x86_64/Banana.exe"
- Linux (x86): "path/to/Banana_Linux/Banana.x86"
- Linux (x86 64): "path/to/Banana_Linux/Banana.x86_64"
- Linux (x86, headless): "path/to/Banana_Linux_NoVis/Banana.x86"
- Linux (x86_64, headless): "path/to/Banana_Linux_NoVis/Banana.x86_64"

For instance, if you are using a Mac, then you downloaded Banana.app. If this file is in the same folder as the notebook, then the line below should appear as follows:

```
env = UnityEnvironment(file_name="Banana.app")
```

```
[2]: env = UnityEnvironment(file_name="./Banana_Linux/Banana.x86_64")
INFO:unityagents:
```

```
'Academy' started successfully!
Unity Academy name: Academy
Number of Brains: 1
Number of External Brains: 1
Lesson number: 0
Reset Parameters:
```

```
Unity brain name: BananaBrain

Number of Visual Observations (per agent): 0

Vector Observation space type: continuous

Vector Observation space size (per agent): 37

Number of stacked Vector Observation: 1

Vector Action space type: discrete

Vector Action space size (per agent): 4

Vector Action descriptions: , , ,
```

Environments contain *brains* which are responsible for deciding the actions of their associated agents. Here we check for the first brain available, and set it as the default brain we will be controlling from Python.

```
[3]: # get the default brain
brain_name = env.brain_names[0]
brain = env.brains[brain_name]
```

1.0.2 2. Examine the State and Action Spaces

The simulation contains a single agent that navigates a large environment. At each time step, it has four actions at its disposal: -0 - walk forward -1 - walk backward -2 - turn left -3 - turn right

The state space has 37 dimensions and contains the agent's velocity, along with ray-based perception of objects around agent's forward direction. A reward of +1 is provided for collecting a yellow banana, and a reward of -1 is provided for collecting a blue banana.

Run the code cell below to print some information about the environment.

```
[4]: # reset the environment
    env_info = env.reset(train_mode=True)[brain_name]

# number of agents in the environment
    print('Number of agents:', len(env_info.agents))

# number of actions
action_size = brain.vector_action_space_size
    print('Number of actions:', action_size)

# examine the state space
state = env_info.vector_observations[0]
    print('States look like:', state)
state_size = len(state)
    print('States have length:', state_size)
```

```
Number of agents: 1
Number of actions: 4
States look like: [1.
                               0.
                                           0.
                                                      0.
                                                                  0.84408134 0.
0.
            1.
                        0.
                                   0.0748472 0.
                                                           1.
 0.
            0.
                        0.25755
                                   1.
                                               0.
                                                           0.
 0.
            0.74177343 0.
                                   1.
                                               0.
                                                           0.
```

```
      0.25854847 0.
      0.
      1.
      0. 0.09355672

      0.
      1.
      0.
      0.31969345 0.

      0.
      ]
```

States have length: 37

1.0.3 3. Take Random Actions in the Environment

In the next code cell, you will learn how to use the Python API to control the agent and receive feedback from the environment.

Once this cell is executed, you will watch the agent's performance, if it selects an action (uniformly) at random with each time step. A window should pop up that allows you to observe the agent, as it moves through the environment.

Of course, as part of the project, you'll have to change the code so that the agent is able to use its experience to gradually choose better actions when interacting with the environment!

```
[5]: env_info = env.reset(train_mode=False)[brain_name] # reset the environment
     state = env_info.vector_observations[0]
                                                           # get the current state
     score = 0
                                                           # initialize the score
     while True:
         action = np.random.randint(action_size)
                                                           # select an action
         env_info = env.step(action)[brain_name]
                                                           # send the action to the
      \rightarrow environment
         next_state = env_info.vector_observations[0]
                                                           # get the next state
         reward = env_info.rewards[0]
                                                           # get the reward
         done = env info.local done[0]
                                                           # see if episode has finished
         score += reward
                                                           # update the score
                                                           # roll over the state tour
         state = next state
      \rightarrownext time step
         if done:
                                                           # exit loop if episode_
      \rightarrow finished
             break
     print("Score: {}".format(score))
```

Score: 0.0

When finished, you can close the environment.

```
[3]: env.close()
```

1.0.4 4. It's Your Turn!

Now it's your turn to train your own agent to solve the environment! When training the environment, set train_mode=True, so that the line for resetting the environment looks like the following:

```
env_info = env.reset(train_mode=True)[brain_name]
```

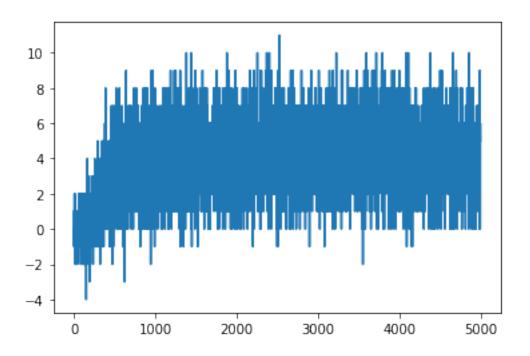
```
[10]: import torch
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from unityagents import UnityEnvironment
      from agent import Agent, QNet
 [2]: default_env_name = "./Banana_Linux/Banana.x86_64"
      default_episodes = 5000
 [3]: env = UnityEnvironment(file_name=default_env_name)
     INFO:unityagents:
     'Academy' started successfully!
     Unity Academy name: Academy
             Number of Brains: 1
             Number of External Brains: 1
             Lesson number: 0
             Reset Parameters :
     Unity brain name: BananaBrain
             Number of Visual Observations (per agent): 0
             Vector Observation space type: continuous
             Vector Observation space size (per agent): 37
             Number of stacked Vector Observation: 1
             Vector Action space type: discrete
             Vector Action space size (per agent): 4
             Vector Action descriptions: , , ,
 [4]: # get the default brain
      brain name = env.brain names[0]
      brain = env.brains[brain_name]
      brain_name
 [4]: 'BananaBrain'
 [5]: # obtain initial observation
      env_info = env.reset(train_mode=True)[brain_name]
      # number of agents in the environment
      print('Number of agents:', len(env_info.agents))
      # number of actions
      action_size = brain.vector_action_space_size
      print('Number of actions:', action_size)
      # observation space size
```

```
state = env_info.vector_observations[0]
      state_size = len(state)
      print('States have length:', state_size)
     Number of agents: 1
     Number of actions: 4
     States have length: 37
[11]: def train_dqn(agent, env, brain_name, n_episodes=2000, max_t=100, eps_start=1.
       \rightarrow0, eps_end=0.01, eps_decay=0.995):
          episode_scores = []
          total scores = []
          eps = eps_start
          for i_episode in range(1, n_episodes+1):
              env_info = env.reset(train_mode=True)[brain_name]
              state = env_info.vector_observations[0]
              score = 0
              for t in range(max_t):
                  action = int(agent.act(state, eps))
                  env info = env.step(action)[brain name]
                  next_state = env_info.vector_observations[0]
                  reward = env info.rewards[0]
                  done = env_info.local_done[0]
                  agent.step(state, action, reward, next_state, done)
                  score += reward
                  state = next_state
                  if done:
                      break
              episode_scores.append(score)
              total_scores.append(score)
              eps = max(eps_end, eps_decay*eps)
              print('\rEpisode {}\tAverage Score: {:.2f}'.format(i_episode, np.
       →mean(episode_scores)), end="")
              if i episode % 100 == 0:
                  print('\rEpisode {}\tAverage Episode Score: {:.2f}'.
       →format(i_episode, np.mean(episode_scores)))
              if i_episode % 1000 == 0:
                  print('\nSaving target net {:d} episodes!\tAverage Episode Score: {:
       →.2f}\tAverage Total Score: {:.2f}'.format(i episode, np.
       →mean(episode_scores), np.mean(total_scores)))
                  torch.save(agent.target_net.state_dict(), 'target_model.pth')
              if np.mean(episode_scores) >= 13.0:
                  print('\nEnvironment solved in {:d} episodes!\tAverage Episode_
```

Score: {:.2f}'.format(i_episode, np.mean(episode_scores)))

```
torch.save(agent.policy_net.state_dict(), 'policy_model.pth')
                  break
              episode_scores = []
          return total_scores
[12]: agent = Agent(state_size, action_size=action_size, batch_size=64,__
       →update every=4)
[13]: scores = train_dqn(agent, env, brain_name, 5000)
     Episode 100
                     Average Episode Score: 0.00
     Episode 200
                     Average Episode Score: 0.00
                     Average Episode Score: 0.00
     Episode 300
     Episode 400
                     Average Episode Score: 1.00
                     Average Episode Score: 1.00
     Episode 500
     Episode 600
                     Average Episode Score: 3.00
     Episode 700
                     Average Episode Score: 2.00
     Episode 800
                     Average Episode Score: 2.00
                     Average Episode Score: 2.00
     Episode 900
                     Average Episode Score: 5.00
     Episode 1000
     Saving target net 1000 episodes!
                                              Average Episode Score: 5.00
                                                                              Average
     Total Score: 2.23
     Episode 1100
                     Average Episode Score: 4.00
     Episode 1200
                     Average Episode Score: 0.00
     Episode 1300
                     Average Episode Score: 6.00
     Episode 1400
                     Average Episode Score: 2.00
     Episode 1500
                     Average Episode Score: 5.00
     Episode 1600
                     Average Episode Score: 6.00
                     Average Episode Score: 5.00
     Episode 1700
     Episode 1800
                     Average Episode Score: 5.00
                     Average Episode Score: 8.00
     Episode 1900
     Episode 2000
                     Average Episode Score: 3.00
     Saving target net 2000 episodes!
                                              Average Episode Score: 3.00
                                                                              Average
     Total Score: 3.18
     Episode 2100
                     Average Episode Score: 5.00
     Episode 2200
                     Average Episode Score: 6.00
                     Average Episode Score: 3.00
     Episode 2300
     Episode 2400
                     Average Episode Score: 6.00
                     Average Episode Score: 1.00
     Episode 2500
     Episode 2600
                     Average Episode Score: 5.00
     Episode 2700
                     Average Episode Score: 2.00
     Episode 2800
                     Average Episode Score: 4.00
                     Average Episode Score: 5.00
     Episode 2900
     Episode 3000
                     Average Episode Score: 5.00
```

```
Saving target net 3000 episodes!
                                             Average Episode Score: 5.00
                                                                              Average
     Total Score: 3.59
     Episode 3100
                     Average Episode Score: 6.00
     Episode 3200
                     Average Episode Score: 7.00
                     Average Episode Score: 4.00
     Episode 3300
     Episode 3400
                     Average Episode Score: 5.00
                     Average Episode Score: 7.00
     Episode 3500
     Episode 3600
                     Average Episode Score: 6.00
     Episode 3700
                     Average Episode Score: 6.00
                     Average Episode Score: 6.00
     Episode 3800
                     Average Episode Score: 8.00
     Episode 3900
     Episode 4000
                     Average Episode Score: 4.00
     Saving target net 4000 episodes!
                                             Average Episode Score: 4.00
                                                                              Average
     Total Score: 3.88
     Episode 4100
                     Average Episode Score: 2.00
     Episode 4200
                     Average Episode Score: 3.00
     Episode 4300
                     Average Episode Score: 4.00
     Episode 4400
                     Average Episode Score: 1.00
     Episode 4500
                     Average Episode Score: 5.00
                     Average Episode Score: 7.00
     Episode 4600
                     Average Episode Score: 2.00
     Episode 4700
     Episode 4800
                     Average Episode Score: 4.00
     Episode 4900
                     Average Episode Score: 4.00
     Episode 5000
                     Average Episode Score: 5.00
     Saving target net 5000 episodes!
                                             Average Episode Score: 5.00
                                                                              Average
     Total Score: 4.00
[14]: fig = plt.figure()
      ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
      plt.plot(np.arange(len(scores)), scores)
      plt.show()
```



1.1 Testing the Agent

```
[15]: agent = Agent(state_size, action_size=action_size, batch_size=64)
      agent.policy_net.load_state_dict(torch.load('target_model.pth'))
      for i in range(3):
          env_info = env.reset(train_mode=False)[brain_name]
          state = env_info.vector_observations[0]
          score = 0
          for j in range(200):
              action = agent.act(state)
              env_info = env.step(action)[brain_name]
              next_state = env_info.vector_observations[0]
              reward = env_info.rewards[0]
              done = env_info.local_done[0]
              agent.step(state, action, reward, next_state, done)
              score += reward
              state = next_state
              if done:
                  break
          print("Episode {} is done total score is {}".format(i+1, score))
```

```
Episode 1 is done total score is 8.0
Episode 2 is done total score is 2.0
Episode 3 is done total score is 1.0
```

[16]: env.close()

1.1.1 Ways to Improve

The Agent needs more training episodes, also giving it eyes :) like capturing the state visually and feeding it to the Agent neural network.