Q1. 리터럴 표기법 이점

- A literal is a succinct and easily visible way to write a value

ex)

String literals :: "halo" , '12345'

Int literals :: 0,1,2,-1,-2

Long literals :: 89675L

Float literals :: 3.14

Complex literals :: 12j

Boolean literals :: True or False

Special literals :: None

Unicode literals :: u"hello"

List literals :: [], [5,6,7]

Tuple literals :: (), (9,),(8,9,0)

Dict literals :: {}, {'x':1}

Set literals :: {8,9,10}

reference : http://net-informations.com/python/iq/literals.htm

Q2. 리스트와 튜플의 차이점

- list : mutable, tuple : unmutable

Q3. 유니버셜 함수의 종류

- 유니버설함수의 뜻 : Universal functions in Numpy are simple mathematical functions.

ex) Trigonometric functions, Statistical functions, Bit-twiddling functions,