Algorithms: CSE 202 — Homework 0

For each problem, provide a high-level description of your algorithm. Make sure to include details that are crucial to demonstrate the correctness and efficiency of the algorithm. Prove its correctness and analyze its time complexity.

Problem 1: Maximum sum among nonadjacent subsequences

Find an efficient algorithm for the following problem:

We are given an array of real numbers V[1..n]. We wish to find a subset of array positions, $S \subseteq [1...n]$ that maximizes $\sum_{i \in S} V[i]$ subject to no two consecutive array positions being in S. For example, say V = [10, 14, 12, 6, 13, 4], the best solution is to take elements 1, 3, 5 to get a total of 10 + 12 + 13 = 35. If instead, we try to take the 14 in position 2, we must exclude the 10 and 12 in positions 1 and 3, leaving us with the second best choice 2, 5 giving a total of 14 + 13 = 27.

Problem 2: Maximum difference in an array

Given an array A of integers of length n, find the maximum value of A(i) - A(j) over all choices of indexes such that j > i.

Problem 3: Maximum difference in a matrix

Given an $n \times n$ matrix M[i,j] of integers, find the maximum value of M[c,d] - M[a,b] over all choices of indexes such that both c > a and d > b.

Problem 4: Pond sizes

You have an integer matrix representing a plot of land, where the value at a location represents the height above sea level. A value of zero indicates water. A pond is a region of water connected vertically, horizontally, or diagonally. The size of a pond is the total number of connected water cells. Write a method to compute the sizes of all ponds in the matrix.

Problem 5: Perfect matching in a tree

Give a linear-time algorithm that takes as input a tree and determines whether it has a perfect matching: a set of edges that touches each node exactly once.