Assignment 3 Zeyad Ezzat 4492

1. Machine Learning and Neural Networks

a. Adam

- i. what equations means that the update step value will have 0.9 from the previous value +0.1 from the gradient, so this means that the update step get updated every step to the same direction but with a less value to avoid overshooting the minimum
- ii. adaptive learning rate
 this means when you have a huge gradient you will get a
 smaller learning rate and vice versa

b. Dropout

- i. 1/(1-p) because the output of the equation must equal to the original hidden layer
- ii. Using dropout during training means that you drop some of your feature vector, so it becomes more general because it doesn't depend on a certain feature but in the test you want to use all of your model power or features to get maximum performance

2. Neural Translation

a. Table

Stack	Buffer	New	Transition
		Dependency	
Root,	I ,parsed ,this		Initial
	,sentence		
	,correctly		
Root, I	Parsed, this,		Shift
	sentence,		
	correctly		
Root, I,	This,		Shift
parsed	sentence,		
	correctly		
Root, parsed	This,	Parsed->i	Left-arc
	sentence,		
	correctly		
Root, parsed,	Sentence		Shift
this	,correctly		
Root, parsed,	Correctly		Shift

this, sentence			
Root, parsed,	Correctly	Sentence->this	Left-arc
sentence			
Root, parsed	Correctly	Parsed-	Right-arc
		>sentence	
Root, parsed, correctly	Correctly		Shift
Root, parsed	[]	Parsed-	Right-arc
		>correctly	·
Root	[]	Root->parsed	Right-arc

b. 2N

in the case if all the words depend on the last word of the sentence

- c. Code
- d. Code
- e. Code
- f. Parsing errors
 - i. Propositional phrase error incorrect :weeding->fearing correct: disembarked->fearing
 - ii. Coordinate attachment error incorrect: makes->rescue correct: rush->rescue
 - iii. Verb phrase attachment error incorrect: named->midland correct: loan->midland
 - iv. Modifier attachment error incorrect: elements->most correct: crucial ->most