The University of British Columbia

Irving K. Barber Faculty of Science DATA 101 Assignment 1

Please submit your assignment as an R script file named with your last name, student number, assignment number and with the suffix R. For example, if Joe Smith, student number 87654321 hands in Assignment 2, he would name the file Smith87654321A2.R.

Within your answer file, include answers with your R code preceded by the # sign. For example, to answer the 5th question on an assignment which is "Perform the calculation 2 + 2", you would type

- # Question 5
 2 + 2 #coding
 # 4 (your answer her)
 - Due Date: September 25, 2020

In each question below, type the required lines of R code, together with the answer to the question.

- 1. Perform the following calculations and write out the results
 - (a) 11×11 . (1 point)
 - (b) 11×111 . (1 point)
 - (c) 11×1111 . (1 point)
 - (d) 11×11111 . (1 point)

 - (f) Using options(digits=15), attempt to perform the calculation in the previous part in R. Who is right you or R? (1 point)
- 2. The data in the rivers object are measured in miles.
 - (a) Use the fact that 1 mile is equal to 1760 yards to create an object called riversYards which contains the river lengths measured in yards. (2 points)
 - (b) Extract the first 10 observations in riversYards as a simple list of numbers. (2 points)
 - (c) Display the first 5 observations in rivers as a bar plot. Have the observations in rivers been recorded in decreasing order? (2 points)
 - (d) Use the command

```
Rivers <- sort(rivers, decreasing = TRUE)</pre>
```

to sort the observations in decreasing order. Now obtain a bar plot of the first 10 observations. How many rivers in North America are longer than 2000 miles? (2 points)

3. The function F2C from the first lecture was created by assigning a function object to F2C as in

$$F2C \leftarrow function(x) (x - 32)*5/9$$

(a) Create called C2F that converts Celsius temperatures to Fahrenheit temperatures, using the fact that you can convert from x degrees Fahrenheit to Celsius degrees using the formula (2 points)

$$F = 1.8 * x + 32.$$

- (b) Use your function to find the Fahrenheit equivalent to 150 degrees Celsius . (2 points)
- (c) Create a vector called Ctemps which contains the values -40, 0, 30, and 100, and write down the output from (2 points)

4. Based on the idea of question 3(a), write a new function called inch2cm which converts measurements in inches to measurements in centimeters. (4 points)