

Lab 06

AVL Tree, Priority Queue & Heaps

Q1 - A - Adding to minheap

Draw the tree state of the min-heaps after adding the following elements into the tree.

Check lecture11_Priority Queue_Heap.pdf - Page 14-20

- When an element is added to a heap, it should be initially placed as the rightmost leaf (to maintain the completeness property).
- bubble up: To restore heap ordering, the newly added element is shifted ("bubbled") up the tree until it reaches its proper place.

Q1 - B - Removing from min-heap

Show the state of the min-heaps after calling the remove() method(discussed in the class) 3 times.

Check lecture11_Priority Queue_Heap.pdf - Page 21-28

- When the root is removed from a heap, it should be initially replaced by the rightmost leaf (to maintain completeness).
- Bubble down: To restore heap ordering, the new improper root is shifted ("bubbled") down the tree until it reaches its proper place.

Q2 - (Balanced Trees): Is It Balanced?

Your task is to complete two methods in the BST.java file: `recIsBalanced()` and `height()`.

Check `lecture9_tree_part4.pdf` - Page 3

- Remember that a tree is balanced if and only if:
 - a) the difference between the heights of the right and left subtrees is zero or one,
 - b) AND each of the right and left subtrees are also balanced.

Height of each “node/subtree” is important.

Q3 - Priority Queue

Check lecture 11 - Slides 12-28