## LeetCode 283: Move Zeroes

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Here I presented a pseudo-code to solve the 283rd question of Leet Code: Move Zeroes.

The description of this question is that given an integer array nums, move all 0's to the end of it while maintaining the relative order of the non-zero elements.

One **note** of this question is that you must do this in-place without making a copy of the array.

The constranits of this question are as follows:

- (a)  $1 \le \text{nums.length} \le 10^4$ .
- (b)  $-2^{31} \le \text{nums}[i] \le 2^{31} 1$ .

One **follow up** question is that whether you could minimize the total number of operations done.

For more information about this question, click on the following link: Move Zeroes or go to the next url: https://leetcode.com/problems/move-zeroes/.

The pseudo-code is in the following page.

The time complexity of this algorithm is O(n).

The space complexity of this algorithm is O(1).

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## Algorithm 1: Move Zeroes

```
Input: int& nums
   Output: none
1 cursor \leftarrow 0;
\mathbf{z} size \leftarrow length(nums);
\mathbf{3} \ i \leftarrow 0;
4 while i < size do
      if nums[i] != 0 then
         nums[cursor] = nums[i];
 7
         cursor++; /* Cursor move to the next index waiting
          to be exchanged. */
8
      else
       continue;
 9
10
      \mathbf{end}
11 end
12 i \leftarrow cursor;
                  /* Cursor now at the index next to the final
    position of non-zero value, i.e. cursor now points at the
    index of the first zero value. */
13 while i < size do
     nums[i] = 0;
                       /* Starting from the cursor, all values
       would be 0s. */
15 end
```