hw4

February 10, 2019

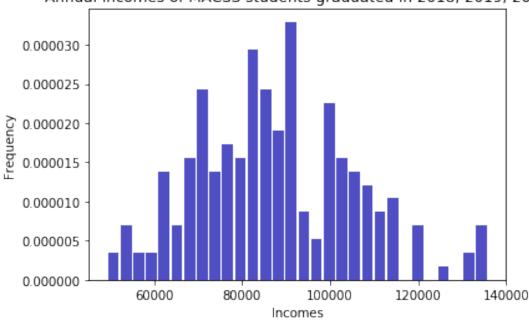
```
In [1]: import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import scipy.stats as sts
    from scipy.integrate import quad

0.1 1

0.1.1 a

In [2]: Incomes = np.loadtxt('data/incomes.txt')
    fig,ax = plt.subplots()
    ax.set_xlabel('Incomes')
    ax.set_ylabel('Frequency')
    ax.set_title('Annual incomes of MACSS students graduated in 2018, 2019, 2020')
    ax.hist(x=Incomes, bins=30, color='#0504aa', alpha=0.7, rwidth=0.85, normed = True)
    plt.show()
```

Annual incomes of MACSS students graduated in 2018, 2019, 2020

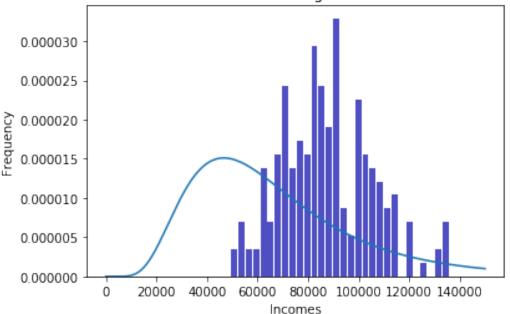


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0.1.2 b
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In [3]: def lognorm(x, mu=11, sigma=0.5):
            return 1/(x*sigma * np.sqrt(2 * np.pi))*np.e**(-(np.log(x) - mu)**2 / (2 * sigma**)
        def log_lik_truncnorm(x, mu=11, sigma=0.5):
           pdf_vals = lognorm(x, mu, sigma)
           polishedpdf = pdf_vals
            ln_pdf_vals = np.log(polishedpdf)
            log_lik_val = ln_pdf_vals.sum()
            return log_lik_val
        total = 1
        X = np.linspace(0, 150000, 150001)
        fig,ax = plt.subplots()
        ax.set_xlabel('Incomes')
        ax.set_ylabel('Frequency')
        ax.set_title('Annual incomes of MACSS students graduated in 2018, 2019, 2020')
        ax.plot(X, lognorm(X)/total)
        ax.hist(x=Incomes, bins=30, color='#0504aa', alpha=0.7, rwidth=0.85, normed = True)
       plt.show()
       LLV = log_lik_truncnorm(Incomes)
        print('The value of the log likelihood value is', LLV)
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:2: RuntimeWarning: divide by
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- C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:2: RuntimeWarning: invalid value.





The value of the log likelihood value is -2385.856997808558

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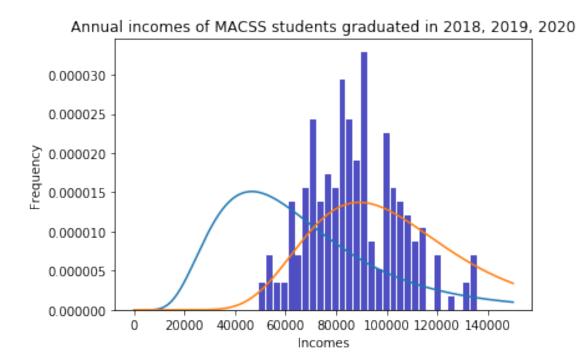
```
In [4]: def crit(params):
           mu, sigma = params
            log_lik_val = log_lik_truncnorm(Incomes, mu, sigma)
           neg_log_lik_val = -log_lik_val
            return neg_log_lik_val
In [5]: import scipy.optimize as opt
       mu init = 11
        sig_init = 0.5
       params_init = np.array([mu_init, sig_init])
       bnds = ((None, None), (1e-10, None))
       results = opt.minimize(crit, params_init, tol=1e-14, method='L-BFGS-B', bounds = bnds)
       mu_MLE, sig_MLE = results.x
        LLV_MLE = log_lik_truncnorm(Incomes, mu_MLE, sig_MLE)
        VCV_MLE = results.hess_inv
       print('mu_MLE=', mu_MLE, ' sig_MLE=', sig_MLE)
        print('The value of the log likelihood value is', LLV_MLE)
        print('The variance-covariance matrix is', VCV_MLE)
```

```
mu_MLE= 11.495016102470231 sig_MLE= 0.3108792150154579
The value of the log likelihood value is -2285.8999545081624
The variance-covariance matrix is <2x2 LbfgsInvHessProduct with dtype=float64>
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In [6]: X = np.linspace(0,150000, 150001)
    fig,ax = plt.subplots()
    ax.set_xlabel('Incomes')
    ax.set_ylabel('Frequency')
    ax.set_title('Annual incomes of MACSS students graduated in 2018, 2019, 2020')
    ax.plot(X, lognorm(X), label = 'initial guess')
    ax.plot(X, lognorm(X, mu=mu_MLE,sigma=sig_MLE), label = 'MLE result')
    ax.hist(x=Incomes, bins=30, color='#0504aa', alpha=0.7, rwidth=0.85, normed = True)
    plt.show()
```

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C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:2: RuntimeWarning: divide by :
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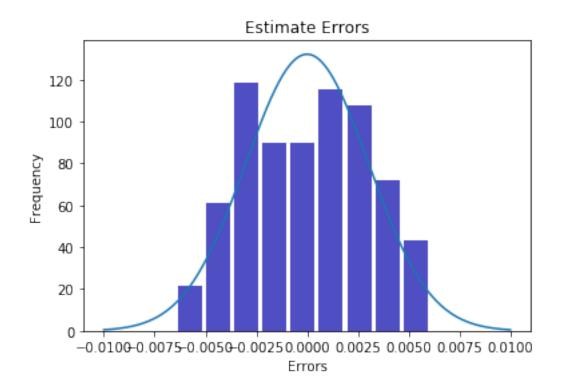


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0.1.4 d
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In [7]: mu_new, sig_new = np.array([11, 0.5])
        log_lik_h0 = log_lik_truncnorm(Incomes, mu_new, sig_new)
        print('hypothesis value log likelihood', log_lik_h0)
        log_lik_mle = log_lik_truncnorm(Incomes, mu_MLE, sig_MLE)
       print('MLE log likelihood', log_lik_mle)
       LR_val = 2 * (log_lik_mle - log_lik_h0)
        print('likelihood ratio value', LR_val)
        pval_h0 = 1.0 - sts.chi2.cdf(LR_val, 2)
       print('chi squared of HO with 2 degrees of freedom p-value = ', pval_hO)
hypothesis value log likelihood -2385.856997808558
MLE log likelihood -2285.8999545081624
likelihood ratio value 199.91408660079105
chi squared of HO with 2 degrees of freedom p-value = 0.0
0.1.5 e
In [8]: print("The probability that you will earn more than $100,000 is",
              quad(lambda x: lognorm(x, mu=mu MLE, sigma=sig MLE), 100000, np.inf)[0])
        print("The probability that you will earn less than $75,000 is",
              quad(lambda x: lognorm(x, mu=mu MLE, sigma=sig MLE), 0, 75000)[0])
The probability that you will earn more than $100,000 is 0.47703014049157744
The probability that you will earn less than $75,000 is 0.19275920035472388
0.2 2
0.2.1 a
In [9]: def norm_pdf(x, sigma):
            sigma = np.abs(sigma)
            pdf_vals = (1/(sigma * np.sqrt(2 * np.pi)) *
                            np.exp( - x**2 / (2 * sigma**2)))
            return pdf_vals
        def log_lik_norm(x, beta0, beta1, beta2, beta3, sigma):
            error = x[:,0] - beta0 - beta1*x[:,1] - beta2*x[:,2] - beta3*x[:,3]
            pdf_vals = norm_pdf(error, sigma)
            ln_pdf_vals = np.log(pdf_vals)
            log_lik_val = ln_pdf_vals.sum()
            return log_lik_val
        def new crit(params, *args):
            beta0, beta1, beta2, beta3, sigma = params
```

```
x = args[0]
            log_lik_val = log_lik_norm(x,beta0, beta1, beta2, beta3, sigma)
            neg_log_lik_val = -log_lik_val
            return neg_log_lik_val
        Data = []
        with open('data/sick.txt') as f:
            for line in f:
                line = line.strip()
                data = line.split(',')
                Data.append(data)
        Data.pop(0)
        for i in range(len(Data)):
            Data[i] = [float(x) for x in Data[i]]
        Data = np.array(Data)
        new_Data = np.ones_like(Data)
        new_Data[:,1:] = Data[:,1:]
        beta0_init, beta1_init, beta2_init, beta3_init = np.linalg.lstsq(new_Data,Data[:,0])[0]
        sigma_init = 0.01
        parameters_init = np.array([beta0_init, beta1_init, beta2_init, beta3_init, sigma_init,
        results2 = opt.minimize(new_crit, parameters_init, args=(Data),tol=1e-14, method='L-BF'
        beta0_MLE, beta1_MLE, beta2_MLE, beta3_MLE, sigma_MLE = results2.x
        new_LLV_MLE = log_lik_norm(Data, beta0_MLE, beta1_MLE, beta2_MLE, beta3_MLE, sigma_MLE
        new_VCV_MLE = results2.hess_inv
        print('beta0_MLE =',beta0_MLE,
              'beta1_MLE =',beta1_MLE,
              'beta2_MLE =',beta2_MLE,
              'beta3_MLE =',beta3_MLE,
              'sigma_MLE =',sigma_MLE)
        print('The value of the log likelihood value is', new_LLV_MLE)
        print('The variance-covariance matrix is', new_VCV_MLE)
        Error = Data[:,0] - beta0_MLE - beta1_MLE*Data[:,1] - beta2_MLE*Data[:,2] - beta3_MLE*
        X2 = np.linspace(-0.01, 0.01, 10001)
        fig,ax = plt.subplots()
        ax.set_xlabel('Errors')
        ax.set_ylabel('Frequency')
        ax.set_title('Estimate Errors')
        ax.plot(X2, norm_pdf(X2,sigma_MLE))
        ax.hist(x=Error, bins='auto', color='#0504aa', alpha=0.7, rwidth=0.85, normed = True)
        plt.show()
beta0_MLE = 0.25164168313073476 beta1_MLE = 0.01293361306625627 beta2_MLE = 0.4004998342959863
The value of the log likelihood value is 876.8650774281919
The variance-covariance matrix is <5x5 LbfgsInvHessProduct with dtype=float64>
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:30: FutureWarning: `rcond` par To use the future default and silence this warning we advise to pass `rcond=None`, to keep usi:



0.2.2 b

The results show that it's not likely that age, number of children, and average winter temperature have no effect on the number of sick days.